



## Semester II Examinations 2021/2022

<b>Exam Codes</b>	1EM1, 1OA1, 2BA1, 2BCW1, 2BCT1, 2BPT1, 2BS1, 2EH1, 3BS9
<b>Exam</b>	Second Year Arts and Science Third Year Science
<b>Module</b>	LINEAR ALGEBRA
<b>Module Code</b>	MA203
<b>External Examiner</b>	Prof. Colva Roney-Dougal
<b>Internal Examiners</b>	Dr. Niall Madden Dr. John Burns

**Instructions**                      **Answer all questions.**

**Duration**                              2 hours  
**No. of Pages**                        4 pages including this page  
**School**                                 Mathematics, Statistics & Applied Mathematics

**Requirements:**

Release in Exam venue	Yes <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	No <input type="checkbox"/>
MCQ	Yes <input type="checkbox"/>	No <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
Statistical / Log Tables	Yes <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	No <input type="checkbox"/>

**Q1.** (a) [13 marks] Consider the following system of equations

$$\begin{array}{cccccccl} 2x_1 & - & x_2 & - & x_3 & + & x_4 & = & 0 \\ x_1 & - & x_2 & + & x_3 & - & x_4 & = & 3 \\ x_1 & & & & + & x_3 & + & x_4 & = & 2 \end{array}$$

- (i) Write down the augmented matrix for this system of equations.
  - (ii) Using elementary row operations, convert the augmented matrix to reduced row echelon form.
  - (iii) Write down the general solution of the system of equations.
- (b) [12 marks] For each of the following statements, declare whether the statement is true or false and justify your answer.
- (i) A system of four linear equations in three unknowns cannot have a solution.
  - (ii)  $3x + 3y - 2z = 0$  is the equation of a plane through the origin in  $\mathbb{R}^3$ , with normal vector  $(3, 3, -2)$
  - (iii) It is possible to determine if two lines in  $\mathbb{R}^3$  intersect by solving an appropriate system of linear equations.

**Q2.** (a) [8 marks] Let

$$A = \begin{pmatrix} 2 & 1 \\ 4 & 3 \end{pmatrix} \text{ and } B = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 2 & 1 \\ 4 & 5 & 2 \end{pmatrix}.$$

Of the products  $AB$ ,  $BA$ ,  $A^2$  and  $B^2$ , compute all those that are defined.

- (b) [11 marks] Use elementary row operations to find the inverse of the matrix  $A$  below, if it exists. Determine the rank of  $A$  and the dimension of the kernel of  $A$ .

$$A = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 2 & -1 \\ 1 & 1 & -4 \\ 2 & 1 & -11 \end{pmatrix}.$$

- (c) [6 marks] For each of the following statements, declare whether the statement is true or false and justify your answer.
- (i) Elementary row operations do not change the determinant of a matrix.
  - (ii) Any set of three linearly independent vectors in  $\mathbb{R}^3$  is a basis for  $\mathbb{R}^3$ .
  - (iii) If a square matrix  $A$  is invertible, then the rows of  $A$  are linearly independent.

**Q3.** (a) [10 marks] Express the vector  $(2, 1, 3)$  as a linear combination of the vectors  $(1, -1, 0)$ ,  $(1, 0, 2)$  and  $(0, 1, 1)$ . What is the span of the set of vectors  $\{(1, -1, 0), (1, 0, 2), (0, 1, 1)\}$ ?

(b) [6 marks] Let  $n = (n_1, n_2, n_3) \in \mathbb{R}^3$  and consider the linear map  $L : \mathbb{R}^3 \rightarrow \mathbb{R}^3$  defined by  $L(v) := n \times v$  (the cross product of  $n$  and  $v$ ). Find the second column of the matrix for  $L$  (w.r.t. the standard basis for  $\mathbb{R}^3$ ).

(c) [9 marks] For each of the following statements, declare whether the statement is true or false and justify your answer.

- (i) If 0 is an eigenvalue of a square matrix  $A$ , then  $A$  has no inverse matrix.
- (ii) If the characteristic polynomial of a  $3 \times 3$  matrix  $A$  is  $P(\lambda) = \lambda^3 - 6\lambda^2 + 11\lambda - 6$ , then 2 is an eigenvalue of  $A$ .
- (iii) Any non-zero multiple of an eigenvector of an  $n \times n$  matrix  $A$  is also an eigenvector of  $A$ .

**Q4.** A marketing company analysed customer switching behaviour between mobile phone providers ONE, TWO and THREE and observed that:

- Every year 10% of ONE customers switch to TWO and 10% switch to THREE (with 80% remaining with ONE).
- Every year 3% of TWO customers switch to ONE and 2% switch to THREE (with 95% remaining with TWO).
- Every year 20% of THREE customers switch to ONE and 5% switch to TWO (with 75% remaining with THREE).

- (a) [9 marks] Write down the transition matrix for this Markov process.
- (b) [6 marks] Explain why the transition matrix has 1 as an eigenvalue.
- (c) [10 marks] The marketing company predicts that TWO will (in the long term) have more than 60% of the market. Is this realistic if current trends continue? Currently ONE has 45% of the market, TWO has 25% and THREE has 30%.