Ansatz Schwarzschild metric

Based on Arindam Kumar Chatterjee Video Lecture 4 The Cartan formalism Application to spherically symmetric spacetimes

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```
(%i2) info:build_info()$info@version;
                                                                                     (\%o2)
5.38.1
(%i2) reset()$kill(all)$
(%i1) derivabbrev:true$
(%i2) ratprint:false$
(%i3) fpprintprec:5$
(%i4) if get('itensor,'version)=false then load(itensor)$
(%i5) if get('ctensor,'version)=false then load(ctensor)$
(%i11) ctrgsimp:true$
      ratchristof:true$
       ratriemann:true$
       rateinstein:true$
       ratweyl:true$
       ratfac:true$
(%i12) declare(trigsimp, evfun)$
```

1 Coordinate metric

```
  (\%i14) \  \, iframe\_flag:false\$ \\  \, cframe\_flag:false\$ \\  (\%i18) \  \, assume(0 \le r) \$ \\  \, assume(0 \le \theta, \theta \le \pi) \$ \\  \, assume(0 \le in(\theta)) \$ \\  \, assume(0 \le \phi, \phi \le 2*\pi) \$ \\  (\%i19) \  \, init\_ctensor() \$ \\  (\%i20) \  \, \xi:ct\_coords: [t,r,\theta,\phi] \$ \\  (\%i21) \  \, dim:length(ct\_coords) \$ \\  \, Line \  \, Element \\  (\%i22) \  \, depends([A,B,C],r) \$ \\  (\%i23) \  \, assume(A>0,B>0,C>0) \$ \\  (\%i24) \  \, ldisplay(ds^2=line\_element:A^2*del(t)^2-B^2*del(r)^2-C^2*sin(\theta)^2*del(\phi)^2) \$ \\  \, ds^2 = -C^2 \sin(\theta)^2 \operatorname{del}(\phi)^2 - C^2 \operatorname{del}(\theta)^2 + A^2 \operatorname{del}(r)^2 - B^2 \operatorname{del}(r)^2
```

Covariant Metric Tensor

$$\label{eq:condition} $$ for i thru dim do $$ lg[i,i]:factor(coeff(expand(line_element),del(\xi[i])^2))$$ for j thru dim do for k thru dim do $$ if j\neq k then lg[j,k]:factor(expand(ratsimp(\frac{1}{2}*coeff(coeff(expand(line_element),del(\xi[j])),del(\xi[k]ishow(g([\mu,\nu],[])=lg)$$$$

$$g_{\mu\nu} = \begin{pmatrix} A^2 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & -B^2 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & -C^2 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & -C^2 \sin(\theta)^2 \end{pmatrix}$$
 (%t28)

Sets up the package for further calculations

Contravariant Metric Tensor

(%i30) ishow(g([],[
$$\mu$$
, ν])=ug:invert(lg))\$

$$g^{\mu\nu} = \begin{pmatrix} \frac{1}{A^2} & 0 & 0 & 0\\ 0 & -\frac{1}{B^2} & 0 & 0\\ 0 & 0 & -\frac{1}{C^2} & 0\\ 0 & 0 & 0 & -\frac{1}{C^2 \sin(\theta)^2} \end{pmatrix}$$
 (%t30)

Line element

(%i31) $ldisplay(ds^2=diff(\xi).lg.transpose(diff(\xi)))$ \$

$$ds^{2} = -C^{2} \sin(\theta)^{2} \operatorname{del}(\phi)^{2} - C^{2} \operatorname{del}(\theta)^{2} + A^{2} \operatorname{del}(t)^{2} - B^{2} \operatorname{del}(r)^{2}$$
(%t31)

Christoffel Symbol of the first kind

(%i33) christof(false)\$

for i thru dim do for j:i thru dim do for k thru dim do if $lcs[i,j,k] \neq 0$ then

 $ishow(\Gamma([\xi[i],\xi[j],\xi[k]],[])=lcs[i,j,k])$ \$

$$\Gamma_{ttr} = -A \ (A_r) \tag{\%t33}$$

$$\Gamma_{trt} = A (A_r) \tag{\%t33}$$

$$\Gamma_{rrr} = -B \ (B_r) \tag{\%t33}$$

$$\Gamma_{r\theta\theta} = -C \ (C_r) \tag{\%t33}$$

$$\Gamma_{r\phi\phi} = -C \left(C_r \right) \sin \left(\theta \right)^2 \tag{\%t33}$$

$$\Gamma_{\theta\theta r} = C \ (C_r) \tag{\%t33}$$

$$\Gamma_{\theta\phi\phi} = -C^2 \cos\left(\theta\right) \sin\left(\theta\right) \tag{\%t33}$$

$$\Gamma_{\phi\phi r} = C \left(C_r \right) \sin \left(\theta \right)^2 \tag{\%t33}$$

$$\Gamma_{\phi\phi\theta} = C^2 \cos\left(\theta\right) \sin\left(\theta\right) \tag{\%t33}$$

Christoffel Symbol of the second kind

(%i35) christof(false)\$

for i thru dim do for j:i thru dim do for k thru dim do if $mcs[i,j,k]\neq 0$ then $ishow(\Gamma([\xi[i],\xi[j]],[\xi[k]])=mcs[i,j,k])$ \$

$$\Gamma_{tt}^{r} = \frac{A (A_r)}{B^2} \tag{\%t35}$$

$$\Gamma_{tr}^{t} = \frac{A_r}{A} \tag{\%t35}$$

$$\Gamma_{rr}^r = \frac{B_r}{B} \tag{\%t35}$$

$$\Gamma_{r\theta}^{\theta} = \frac{C_r}{C} \tag{\%t35}$$

$$\Gamma_{r\phi}^{\phi} = \frac{C_r}{C} \tag{\%t35}$$

$$\Gamma_{\theta\theta}^{r} = -\frac{C(C_r)}{B^2} \tag{\%t35}$$

$$\Gamma^{\phi}_{\theta\phi} = \frac{\cos\left(\theta\right)}{\sin\left(\theta\right)} \tag{\%t35}$$

$$\Gamma_{\phi\phi}^{r} = -\frac{C \left(C_{r}\right) \sin\left(\theta\right)^{2}}{B^{2}} \tag{\%t35}$$

$$\Gamma_{\phi\phi}^{\theta} = -\cos\left(\theta\right)\sin\left(\theta\right) \tag{\%t35}$$

Riemann Tensor

(%i39) riemann(false)\$
lriemann(false)\$
uriemann(false)\$
for a thru dim do for b thru dim do
for c thru (if symmetricp(lg,dim) then b else dim) do
for d thru (if symmetricp(lg,dim) then a else dim) do
if riem[a,b,c,d] \neq 0 then
ishow(R([ξ [a], ξ [b], ξ [c]],[ξ [d]])=riem[a,b,c,d])\$

$$R_{rrt}^{t} = \frac{(A_r) (B_r) - (A_{rr}) B}{AB}$$
 (%t39)

$$R_{\theta\theta t}^{t} = -\frac{(A_r)C(C_r)}{AR^2} \tag{\%t39}$$

$$R_{\theta\theta r}^{r} = -\frac{C \left(B \left(C_{rr}\right) - \left(B_{r}\right) \left(C_{r}\right)\right)}{B^{3}}$$
 (%t39)

$$R_{\phi\phi t}^{t} = -\frac{(A_r) C (C_r) \sin(\theta)^2}{A B^2}$$
 (%t39)

$$R_{\phi\phi r}^{r} = -\frac{C \left(B \left(C_{rr}\right) - \left(B_{r}\right) \left(C_{r}\right)\right) \sin\left(\theta\right)^{2}}{B^{3}}$$
 (%t39)

$$R_{\phi\phi\theta}^{\theta} = -\frac{(C_r - B) (C_r + B) \sin(\theta)^2}{B^2}$$
(%t39)

(%i40) for a thru dim do for b thru dim do for c thru (if symmetricp(lg,dim) then b else dim) do for d thru (if symmetricp(lg,dim) then a else dim) do if lriem[a,b,c,d] \neq 0 then ishow(R([ξ [d], ξ [a], ξ [b], ξ [c]],[])=lriem[a,b,c,d])\$

$$R_{trrt} = \frac{A ((A_r) (B_r) - (A_{rr}) B)}{B}$$
 (%t40)

$$R_{t\theta\theta t} = -\frac{A (A_r) C (C_r)}{B^2}$$
 (%t40)

$$R_{r\theta\theta r} = \frac{C \left(B \left(C_{rr}\right) - \left(B_{r}\right) \left(C_{r}\right)\right)}{B} \tag{\%t40}$$

$$R_{t\phi\phi t} = -\frac{A \left(A_r\right) C \left(C_r\right) \sin\left(\theta\right)^2}{B^2}$$
 (%t40)

$$R_{r\phi\phi r} = \frac{C \left(B \left(C_{rr}\right) - \left(B_{r}\right) \left(C_{r}\right)\right) \sin\left(\theta\right)^{2}}{B} \tag{\%t40}$$

$$R_{\theta\phi\phi\theta} = \frac{C^2 (C_r - B) (C_r + B) \sin(\theta)^2}{B^2}$$
 (%t40)

Ricci Tensor

(%i44) ric:zeromatrix(dim,dim)\$
ricci(false)\$
uricci(false)\$
for i thru dim do for j:i thru dim do
if ric[i,j]
$$\neq$$
0 then
ishow(R([ξ [i], ξ [j]])=ric[i,j])\$

$$R_{tt} = \frac{A (2 (A_r) B (C_r) - (A_r) (B_r) C + (A_{rr}) BC)}{B^3 C}$$
 (%t44)

$$R_{rr} = -\frac{2AB (C_{rr}) - 2A (B_r) (C_r) - (A_r) (B_r) C + (A_{rr}) BC}{ABC}$$
 (%t44)

$$R_{\theta\theta} = -\frac{ABC (C_{rr}) + AB (C_r)^2 - A (B_r) C (C_r) + (A_r) BC (C_r) - AB^3}{AB^3}$$
 (%t44)

$$R_{\phi\phi} = -\frac{\left(ABC (C_{rr}) + AB (C_r)^2 - A (B_r) C (C_r) + (A_r) BC (C_r) - A B^3\right) \sin(\theta)^2}{A B^3}$$
 (%t44)

Returns a list of the unique differential equations

(%i45) map(ldisp,efe:findde(ric,2))\$

$$2(A_r)B(C_r) - (A_r)(B_r)C + (A_{rr})BC$$
 (%t45)

$$2AB (C_{rr}) - 2A (B_r) (C_r) - (A_r) (B_r) C + (A_{rr}) BC$$
(%t46)

$$ABC(C_{rr}) + AB(C_r)^2 - A(B_r)C(C_r) + (A_r)BC(C_r) - AB^3$$
 (%t47)

(%i48) deindex;

$$[[1,1],[2,2],[3,3]]$$
 (%o48)

Scalar curvature

(%i49) scurvature();

$$(2(2ABC\ (C_{rr}) + AB\ (C_r)^2 - 2A\ (B_r)\ C\ (C_r) + 2\ (A_r)\ BC\ (C_r) - (A_r)\ (B_r)\ C^2 + (A_{rr})\ B\ C^2 - A\ B^3))/(A\ B^3\ C^2) \\ (\%o49)$$

Kretschmann invariant

(%i50) rinvariant();

$$\frac{8(B(C_{rr}) - (B_r)(C_r))^2}{B^6C^2} + \frac{4(C_r - B)^2(C_r + B)^2}{B^4C^4} + \frac{8(A_r)^2(C_r)^2}{A^2B^4C^2} + \frac{4((A_r)(B_r) - (A_{rr})B)^2}{A^2B^6}$$
 (%o50)

Einstein Tensor

(%i54) ein:zeromatrix(dim,dim)\$
einstein(false)\$
leinstein(false)\$
for i thru dim do for j:i thru dim do
if lein[i,j]
$$\neq$$
0 then
ishow(G([ξ [i]],[ξ [j]])=ein[i,j])\$

$$G_{t}^{t} = -\frac{2BC (C_{rr}) + B (C_{r})^{2} - 2 (B_{r}) C (C_{r}) - B^{3}}{B^{3} C^{2}}$$
(%t54)

$$G_r^r = -\frac{A(C_r)^2 + 2(A_r)C(C_r) - AB^2}{AB^2C^2}$$
 (%t54)

$$G_{\theta}^{\theta} = -\frac{AB (C_{rr}) - A (B_r) (C_r) + (A_r) B (C_r) - (A_r) (B_r) C + (A_{rr}) BC}{A B^3 C}$$
 (%t54)

$$G_{\phi}^{\phi} = -\frac{AB(C_{rr}) - A(B_r)(C_r) + (A_r)B(C_r) - (A_r)(B_r)C + (A_{rr})BC}{AB^3C}$$
 (%t54)

Returns a list of the unique differential equations

(%i55) map(ldisp,efe:findde(ein,2))\$

$$2BC (C_{rr}) + B (C_r)^2 - 2 (B_r) C (C_r) - B^3$$
(%t55)

$$A(C_r)^2 + 2(A_r)C(C_r) - AB^2$$
 (%t56)

$$AB(C_{rr}) - A(B_r)(C_r) + (A_r)B(C_r) - (A_r)(B_r)C + (A_{rr})BC$$
 (%t57)

(%i58) deindex;

$$[[1,1],[2,2],[3,3]]$$
 (%o58)

Clean up

(%i62) forget(
$$0 \le r$$
)\$
forget($0 \le \theta, \theta \le \pi$)\$
forget($0 \le \sin(\theta)$)\$
forget($0 \le \phi, \phi \le 2*\pi$)\$

(%i63) elapsed_real_time();

$$13.11$$
 (%o63)

(%i64) elapsed_run_time();

$$2.297$$
 (%o64)

2 Tetrad metric

Causes computations to be performed relative to a moving frame as opposed to a holonomic metric

```
(%i65) kill(labels)$
(%i2) iframe_flag:true$
        cframe_flag:true$
(\%i6) assume(0 < r)$
        \mathtt{assume}(0{\le}\theta\,,\theta{\le}\pi)\$
        assume(0 \le sin(\theta))$
        assume(0 \le \phi, \phi \le 2 \times \pi)$
(%i7) init_ctensor()$
(%i8) \xi:ct_coords:[t,r,\theta,\phi]$
(%i9) dim:length(ct_coords)$
Line Element
(\%i10) depends([A,B,C],r)$
(\%i11) assume(A>0,B>0,C>0)$
ds^{2} = -C^{2} \sin(\theta)^{2} \operatorname{del}(\phi)^{2} - C^{2} \operatorname{del}(\theta)^{2} + A^{2} \operatorname{del}(t)^{2} - B^{2} \operatorname{del}(r)^{2}
                                                                                                         (\%t12)
```

If cframe_flag is true, the function expects that the values of fri (the inverse frame matrix) and lfg (the frame metric) are defined. From these, the frame matrix fr and the inverse frame metric ufg are computed.

The covariant frame metric

The covariant frame metric lfg (background metric)

```
(%i13) lfg:matrix([1,0,0,0],[0,-1,0,0],[0,0,-1,0],[0,0,0,-1]);  \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & -1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & -1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & -1 \end{pmatrix}  (lfg)
```

The frame field inverse stored as a matrix The inverse frame matrix fri (coframe) (coframe covectors)

(%i14) fri:matrix([A,0,0,0],[0,B,0,0],[0,0,C,0],[0,0,0,C*sin(θ)]);

$$\begin{pmatrix}
A & 0 & 0 & 0 \\
0 & B & 0 & 0 \\
0 & 0 & C & 0 \\
0 & 0 & 0 & C \sin(\theta)
\end{pmatrix}$$
(fri)

Sets up the package for further calculations

(%i15) cmetric(false)\$

Covariant metric tensor

(%i16) ishow(g([μ, ν],[])=lg)\$

$$g_{\mu\nu} = \begin{pmatrix} A^2 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & -B^2 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & -C^2 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & -C^2 \sin(\theta)^2 \end{pmatrix}$$
 (%t16)

The inverse frame metric The inverse frame metric ufg

(%i17) ldisplay(ufg)\$

$$ufg = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & -1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & -1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & -1 \end{pmatrix} \tag{\%t17}$$

The frame field stored as a matrix The frame matrix fr (frame vectors)

(%i18) ldisplay(fr)\$

$$fr = \begin{pmatrix} \frac{1}{A} & 0 & 0 & 0\\ 0 & -\frac{1}{B} & 0 & 0\\ 0 & 0 & -\frac{1}{C} & 0\\ 0 & 0 & 0 & -\frac{1}{C\sin(\theta)} \end{pmatrix}$$
 (%t18)

Contravariant metric tensor

(%i19) ishow(g([],[μ , ν])=ug:invert(lg))\$

$$g^{\mu\nu} = \begin{pmatrix} \frac{1}{A^2} & 0 & 0 & 0\\ 0 & -\frac{1}{B^2} & 0 & 0\\ 0 & 0 & -\frac{1}{C^2} & 0\\ 0 & 0 & 0 & -\frac{1}{C^2 \sin(\theta)^2} \end{pmatrix}$$
 (%t19)

Line element

(%i20) ldisplay(ds²=diff(ξ).lg.transpose(diff(ξ)))\$

$$ds^{2} = -C^{2} \sin(\theta)^{2} \operatorname{del}(\phi)^{2} - C^{2} \operatorname{del}(\theta)^{2} + A^{2} \operatorname{del}(t)^{2} - B^{2} \operatorname{del}(r)^{2}$$
(%t20)

Christoffel Symbol of the first kind

(%i22) christof(false)\$

for i thru dim do for j:i thru dim do for k thru dim do if $lcs[i,j,k]\neq 0$ then $ishow('\Gamma([\xi[i],\xi[j],\xi[k]],[])=lcs[i,j,k])$ \$

$$\Gamma_{ttr} = -\frac{A_r}{AB} \tag{\%t22}$$

$$\Gamma_{trt} = \frac{A_r}{AB} \tag{\%t22}$$

$$\Gamma_{\theta\theta r} = \frac{C_r}{BC} \tag{\%t22}$$

$$\Gamma_{\phi\phi r} = \frac{C_r}{BC} \tag{\%t22}$$

$$\Gamma_{\phi\phi\theta} = \frac{\cos\left(\theta\right)}{C\,\sin\left(\theta\right)}\tag{\%t22}$$

Christoffel Symbol of the second kind

(%i24) christof(false)\$

for i thru dim do for j:i thru dim do for k thru dim do if $mcs[i,j,k]\neq 0$ then $ishow('\Gamma([\xi[i],\xi[j]],[\xi[k]])=mcs[i,j,k])$ \$

$$\Gamma_{tt}^r = \frac{A_r}{AB} \tag{\%t24}$$

$$\Gamma_{tr}^t = \frac{A_r}{AB} \tag{\%t24}$$

$$\Gamma_{\theta\theta}^r = -\frac{C_r}{BC} \tag{\%t24}$$

$$\Gamma_{\phi\phi}^r = -\frac{C_r}{BC} \tag{\%t24}$$

$$\Gamma^{\theta}_{\phi\phi} = -\frac{\cos\left(\theta\right)}{C\sin\left(\theta\right)} \tag{\%t24}$$

Riemann Tensor all up

(%i26) uriemann(false)\$

for a thru dim do for b thru dim do for c thru (if symmetricp(lg,dim) then b else dim) do for d thru (if symmetricp(lg,dim) then a else dim) do if uriem[a,b,c,d] \neq 0 then ishow('R([],[ξ [a], ξ [b], ξ [c], ξ [d]])=uriem[a,b,c,d])\$

$$R^{rrtt} = \frac{(A_r) (B_r) - (A_{rr}) B}{A B^3}$$
 (%t26)

$$R^{\theta\theta tt} = -\frac{(A_r) (C_r)}{A B^2 C} \tag{\%t26}$$

$$R^{\theta\theta rr} = \frac{B \left(C_{rr} \right) - \left(B_r \right) \left(C_r \right)}{B^3 C} \tag{\%t26}$$

$$R^{\phi\phi tt} = -\frac{(A_r) (C_r)}{A B^2 C} \tag{\%t26}$$

$$R^{\phi\phi rr} = \frac{B (C_{rr}) - (B_r) (C_r)}{B^3 C}$$
 (%t26)

$$R^{\phi\phi\theta\theta} = \frac{(C_r - B) (C_r + B)}{B^2 C^2}$$
 (%t26)

Riemann Tensor

(%i28) riemann(false)\$

for a thru dim do for b thru dim do for c thru (if symmetricp(lg,dim) then b else dim) do for d thru (if symmetricp(lg,dim) then a else dim) do if riem[a,b,c,d] \neq 0 then ishow('R([" ", ξ [b], ξ [c], ξ [d]],[ξ [a]])=riem[a,b,c,d])\$

$$R_{rtt}^{r} = \frac{(A_r) (B_r) - (A_{rr}) B}{A B^3}$$
 (%t28)

$$R_{\theta tt}^{\theta} = -\frac{(A_r) (C_r)}{A B^2 C} \tag{\%t28}$$

$$R_{\theta rr}^{\theta} = -\frac{B (C_{rr}) - (B_r) (C_r)}{B^3 C}$$
 (%t28)

$$R_{\phi tt}^{\phi} = -\frac{(A_r) (C_r)}{A B^2 C}$$
 (%t28)

$$R_{\phi rr}^{\phi} = -\frac{B (C_{rr}) - (B_r) (C_r)}{B^3 C}$$
 (%t28)

$$R_{\phi\theta\theta}^{\phi} = -\frac{(C_r - B) (C_r + B)}{B^2 C^2}$$
 (%t28)

Riemann Tensor all down

(%i30) lriemann(false)\$

for a thru dim do for b thru dim do for c thru (if symmetricp(lg,dim) then b else dim) do for d thru (if symmetricp(lg,dim) then a else dim) do if lriem[a,b,c,d] \neq 0 then ishow('R([ξ [d], ξ [a], ξ [b], ξ [c]],[])=lriem[a,b,c,d])\$

$$R_{trrt} = \frac{(A_r) (B_r) - (A_{rr}) B}{A B^3}$$
 (%t30)

$$R_{t\theta\theta t} = -\frac{(A_r) (C_r)}{A B^2 C} \tag{\%t30}$$

$$R_{r\theta\theta r} = \frac{B \left(C_{rr} \right) - \left(B_r \right) \left(C_r \right)}{B^3 C} \tag{\%t30}$$

$$R_{t\phi\phi t} = -\frac{(A_r) (C_r)}{A B^2 C} \tag{\%t30}$$

$$R_{r\phi\phi r} = \frac{B (C_{rr}) - (B_r) (C_r)}{B^3 C}$$
 (%t30)

$$R_{\theta\phi\phi\theta} = \frac{(C_r - B) (C_r + B)}{B^2 C^2}$$
 (%t30)

Ricci Tensor

(%i33) ric:zeromatrix(dim,dim)\$
ricci(false)\$
for i thru dim do for j:i thru dim do
if ric[i,j]
$$\neq$$
0 then
ishow('R([ξ [i], ξ [j]])=ric[i,j])\$

$$R_{tt} = \frac{2(A_r)B(C_r) + ((A_{rr})B - (A_r)(B_r))C}{AB^3C}$$
 (%t33)

$$R_{rr} = -\frac{2AB (C_{rr}) - 2A (B_r) (C_r) + ((A_{rr}) B - (A_r) (B_r)) C}{A B^3 C}$$
 (%t33)

$$R_{\theta\theta} = -\frac{ABC (C_{rr}) + AB (C_r)^2 + ((A_r)B - A (B_r))C (C_r) - AB^3}{AB^3 C^2}$$
 (%t33)

$$R_{\phi\phi} = -\frac{ABC (C_{rr}) + AB (C_r)^2 + ((A_r) B - A (B_r)) C (C_r) - AB^3}{AB^3 C^2}$$
 (%t33)

Ricci Tensor all up

(%i36) uric:zeromatrix(dim,dim)\$ uricci(false)\$ for i thru dim do for j:i thru dim do if uric[i,j] \neq 0 then ishow('R([],[ξ [i], ξ [j]])=uric[i,j])\$

$$R^{tt} = \frac{2(A_r)B(C_r) - (A_r)(B_r)C + (A_{rr})BC}{AB^3C}$$
 (%t36)

$$R^{rr} = \frac{2AB (C_{rr}) - 2A (B_r) (C_r) - (A_r) (B_r) C + (A_{rr}) BC}{A B^3 C}$$
 (%t36)

$$R^{\theta\theta} = \frac{ABC (C_{rr}) + AB (C_r)^2 - A (B_r) C (C_r) + (A_r) BC (C_r) - AB^3}{AB^3 C^2}$$
 (%t36)

$$R^{\phi\phi} = \frac{ABC (C_{rr}) + AB (C_r)^2 - A (B_r) C (C_r) + (A_r) BC (C_r) - A B^3}{A B^3 C^2}$$
 (%t36)

Returns a list of the unique differential equations

(%i37) map(ldisp,efe:findde(ric,2))\$

$$2(A_r)B(C_r) - (A_r)(B_r)C + (A_{rr})BC$$
 (%t37)

$$2AB (C_{rr}) - 2A (B_r) (C_r) - (A_r) (B_r) C + (A_{rr}) BC$$
(%t38)

$$ABC(C_{rr}) + AB(C_r)^2 - A(B_r)C(C_r) + (A_r)BC(C_r) - AB^3$$
 (%t39)

(%i40) deindex;

$$[[1,1],[2,2],[3,3]]$$
 (%o40)

Scalar curvature

(%i41) scurvature();

$$(2(2ABC\ (C_{rr})+AB\ (C_{r})^{2}-2A\ (B_{r})\ C\ (C_{r})+2\ (A_{r})\ BC\ (C_{r})-(A_{r})\ (B_{r})\ C^{2}+(A_{rr})\ B\ C^{2}-A\ B^{3}))/(A\ B^{3}\ C^{2})$$

$$(\%o41)$$

Kretschmann invariant

(%i42) rinvariant();

$$\frac{8(B(C_{rr}) - (B_r)(C_r))^2}{B^6C^2} + \frac{4(C_r - B)^2(C_r + B)^2}{B^4C^4} + \frac{8(A_r)^2(C_r)^2}{A^2B^4C^2} + \frac{4((A_r)(B_r) - (A_{rr})B)^2}{A^2B^6}$$
 (%o42)

Einstein Tensor

(%i45) ein:zeromatrix(dim,dim)\$ einstein(false)\$ for i thru dim do for j:i thru dim do if ein[i,j] \neq 0 then ishow('G([ξ [i]],[ξ [j]])=ein[i,j])\$

$$G_t^t = -\frac{2BC (C_{rr}) + B (C_r)^2 - 2 (B_r) C (C_r) - B^3}{B^3 C^2}$$
 (%t45)

$$G_r^r = -\frac{A(C_r)^2 + 2(A_r)C(C_r) - AB^2}{AB^2C^2}$$
 (%t45)

$$G_{\theta}^{\theta} = -\frac{AB (C_{rr}) - A (B_r) (C_r) + (A_r) B (C_r) - (A_r) (B_r) C + (A_{rr}) BC}{A B^3 C}$$
 (%t45)

$$G_{\phi}^{\phi} = -\frac{AB(C_{rr}) - A(B_r)(C_r) + (A_r)B(C_r) - (A_r)(B_r)C + (A_{rr})BC}{AB^3C}$$
(%t45)

Einstein Tensor all down

(%i48) lein:zeromatrix(dim,dim)\$ leinstein(false)\$ for i thru dim do for j:i thru dim do if lein[i,j] \neq 0 then ishow('G([ξ [i], ξ [j]],[])=lein[i,j])\$

$$G_{tt} = -\frac{A^2 \left(2BC \left(C_{rr}\right) + B \left(C_r\right)^2 - 2 \left(B_r\right) C \left(C_r\right) - B^3\right)}{B^3 C^2}$$
 (%t48)

$$G_{rr} = \frac{A(C_r)^2 + 2(A_r)C(C_r) - AB^2}{AC^2}$$
 (%t48)

$$G_{\theta\theta} = \frac{C (AB (C_{rr}) - A (B_r) (C_r) + (A_r) B (C_r) - (A_r) (B_r) C + (A_{rr}) BC)}{A B^3}$$
 (%t48)

$$G_{\phi\phi} = \frac{C \left(AB \left(C_{rr}\right) - A \left(B_{r}\right) \left(C_{r}\right) + \left(A_{r}\right) B \left(C_{r}\right) - \left(A_{r}\right) \left(B_{r}\right) C + \left(A_{rr}\right) B C\right) \sin\left(\theta\right)^{2}}{A B^{3}}$$
 (%t48)

Returns a list of the unique differential equations

(%i49) map(ldisp,efe:findde(ein,2))\$

$$2BC(C_{rr}) + B(C_r)^2 - 2(B_r)C(C_r) - B^3$$
(%t49)

$$A(C_r)^2 + 2(A_r)C(C_r) - AB^2$$
 (%t50)

$$AB(C_{rr}) - A(B_r)(C_r) + (A_r)B(C_r) - (A_r)(B_r)C + (A_{rr})BC$$
 (%t51)

(%i52) deindex;

$$[[1,1],[2,2],[3,3]]$$
 (%o52)

Based on Wikipedia Article Spin connection

Verify $g_{\mu\nu} = e_{\mu}{}^{a} e_{\nu}{}^{b} \eta_{ab}$

(%i53) kill(labels,I,O,M)\$

(%i1) imetric(g)\$

(%i3) decsym(g,2,0,[sym(all)],[])\$ decsym(g,0,2,[],[sym(all)])\$

(%i4) metricconvert:true\$

(%i5) ishow(Eq:0([μ , ν])=I([μ],[a])*I([ν],[b])*M([a,b]))\$

$$O_{\mu\nu} = M_{ab} I^a_{\mu} I^b_{\nu} \tag{\%t5}$$

(%i6) indices(Eq);

$$[[\nu, \mu], [b, a]] \tag{\%06}$$

(%i7) Ver:ic_convert(Eq)\$

(%i10) 0:zeromatrix(dim,dim)\$
 I:fri\$
 M:lfg\$

(%i11) ev(Ver)\$

(%i12) ldisplay(0)\$

$$O = \begin{pmatrix} A^2 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & -B^2 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & -C^2 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & -C^2 \sin(\theta)^2 \end{pmatrix}$$
 (%t12)

(%i13) is (0=lg);

Raise coordinate index

```
(%i14) kill(I,0)$
(%i15) ishow(Eq:0([],[\mu,a])=g([],[\mu,\nu])*I([\nu],[a]))$
                                                      O^{\mu a} = q^{\mu \nu} I^a_{\nu}
                                                                                                                    (\%t15)
(\%i16) indices(Eq);
                                                        [[a, \mu], [\nu]]
                                                                                                                    (\%o16)
(%i17) Raise:ic_convert(Eq)$
(%i19) 0:zeromatrix(dim,dim)$
         I:fri$
(%i20) ev(Raise)$
(%i21) ldisplay(0)$
                                        O = \begin{pmatrix} \frac{1}{A} & 0 & 0 & 0\\ 0 & -\frac{1}{B} & 0 & 0\\ 0 & 0 & -\frac{1}{C} & 0\\ 0 & 0 & 0 & -\frac{1}{C\sin(\theta)} \end{pmatrix}
                                                                                                                    (\%t21)
Save for later
(%i22) Raised:0$
Lower tetrad index
(%i23) kill(I,0,M)$
(\%i24) ishow(Eq:0([\nu,a],[])=M([a,b])*I([\nu],[b]))$
                                                      O_{\nu a} = M_{ab} I_{\nu}^b
                                                                                                                    (\%t24)
(\%i25) indices(Eq);
                                                        [[a, \nu], [b]]
                                                                                                                    (\%o25)
(%i26) Lower:ic_convert(Eq)$
(%i29) 0:zeromatrix(dim,dim)$
         I:fri$
         M:lfg$
(%i30) ev(Lower)$
(%i31) ldisplay(0)$
```

Spin Connection 1

```
(%i32) kill(I,J,\omega)$
(%i33) ishow(Eq:\omega([\mu],[a,b])=I([\nu],[a])*ichr2([\sigma,\mu],[\nu])*
          J([], [\sigma,b])+I([\nu], [a])*idiff(J([], [\nu,b]), \mu))$
                             \omega_{\mu}^{ab} = \frac{g^{\nu\%1} J^{\sigma b} I_{\nu}^{a} \left( -g_{\sigma\mu,\%1} + g_{\sigma\%1,\mu} + g_{\mu\%1,\sigma} \right)}{2} + J_{,\mu}^{\nu b} I_{\nu}^{a}
                                                                                                                      (\%t33)
(\%i34) indices(Eq);
                                                    [[a, b, \mu], [\sigma, \%1, \nu]]
                                                                                                                      (\%o34)
(%i35) SC1:ic_convert(Eq)$
(%i39) kill(\omega)$
          array(\omega, dim, dim, dim)$
          I:fri$
          J:Raised$
(%i40) ev(SC1)$
(%i41) cdisplay(\omega)$
Spin Connection 2
(%i42) kill(I,J,\omega)$
(%i43) ishow(Eq:\omega([\mu],[a,b])=I([\nu],[a])*ichr2([\sigma,\mu],[\nu])*
          J([], [\sigma,b])-J([], [\nu,b])*idiff(I([\nu], [a]), \mu))$
                           \omega_{\mu}^{ab} = \frac{g^{\nu\%2} J^{\sigma b} I_{\nu}^{a} \left( -g_{\sigma\mu,\%2} + g_{\sigma\%2,\mu} + g_{\mu\%2,\sigma} \right)}{2} - J^{\nu b} I_{\nu,\mu}^{a}
                                                                                                                      (\%t43)
(\%i44) indices(Eq);
                                                    [[a, b, \mu], [\sigma, \%2, \nu]]
                                                                                                                      (\%o44)
(%i45) SC2:ic_convert(Eq)$
 (%i49) kill(\omega)$
          array(\omega, dim, dim, dim)$
          I:fri$
          J:Raised$
(\%i50) \text{ ev}(SC2)$
```

(%i51) cdisplay(ω)\$

Connection 1-form Θ

(%i52) kill (Θ) \$

(%i53) ishow(Eq:
$$\Theta([],[a,b])=\omega([\mu],[a,b])*d\xi([],[\mu]))$$
\$

$$\Theta^{ab} = d\xi^{\mu} \omega_{\mu}^{ab} \tag{\%t53}$$

(%i54) indices(Eq);

$$[[b,a],[\mu]] \tag{\%o54}$$

(%i55) SC3:ic_convert(Eq)\$

3 Use Cartan package

```
(%i2) reset()\$kill(allbut(\xi,dim,\omega,\Theta,SC3))\$
(%i1) derivabbrev:true$
(%i2) ratprint:false$
(%i3) fpprintprec:5$
(%i4) if get('cartan,'version)=false then load(cartan)$
(%i5) if get('format,'version)=false then load(format)$
(\%i6) depends([A,B,C],r)$
(\%i7) assume(A>0,B>0,C>0)$
Initialize Cartan package
(%i8) init_cartan(\xi)$
(%i9) cartan_basis;
                                                          [dt, dr, d\theta, d\phi]
                                                                                                                               (\%09)
(%i10) cartan_coords;
                                                             [t, r, \theta, \phi]
                                                                                                                             (\%o10)
(%i11) cartan_dim;
                                                                  4
                                                                                                                              (\%o11)
(%i12) extdim;
                                                                  4
                                                                                                                              (\%o12)
Connection 1-form \Theta
(\%i14) \Theta: zeromatrix(dim, dim)$
          d\xi:cartan_basis$
(\%i15) ev(SC3)$
(%i16) ldisplay(\Theta)$
                            \Theta = \begin{pmatrix} 0 & -\frac{(A_r) dt}{B} & 0 & 0\\ \frac{(A_r) dt}{B} & 0 & \frac{(C_r) d\theta}{B} & \frac{(C_r) d\phi \sin(\theta)}{B} \\ 0 & -\frac{(C_r) d\theta}{B} & 0 & d\phi \cos(\theta) \\ 0 & -\frac{(C_r) d\phi \sin(\theta)}{B} & -d\phi \cos(\theta) & 0 \end{pmatrix}
                                                                                                                              (\%t16)
```

Exterior derivative of Connection 1-form $d\Theta$

(%i17) ldisplay(d Θ :fullratsimp(trigsimp(matrixmap(edit,ext_diff(Θ)))))\$

$$d\theta = \begin{pmatrix} 0 & -\frac{((A_r)(B_r) - (A_{rr})B) dr dt}{B^2} & 0 \\ \frac{((A_r)(B_r) - (A_{rr})B) dr dt}{B^2} & 0 & \frac{(B(C_{rr}) - (B_r)(C_r)) dr d\theta}{B^2} & \frac{d\phi ((B(C_{rr}) - (B_r)(C_r)) dr d\theta}{B^2} \\ 0 & -\frac{(B(C_{rr}) - (B_r)(C_r)) dr d\theta}{B^2} & 0 & -d\theta \\ 0 & -\frac{d\phi ((B(C_{rr}) - (B_r)(C_r)) dr \sin(\theta) + B(C_r) d\theta \cos(\theta))}{B^2} & d\theta d\phi \sin(\theta) \end{pmatrix}$$

$$(\%t17)$$

Curvature 2-form Ω

(%i18) matrix_element_mult:"~"\$

(%i19) $ldisplay(\Omega:fullratsimp(matrixmap(edit,d\Theta+\Theta.\Theta)))$ \$

$$\Omega = \begin{pmatrix} 0 & -\frac{((A_r)(B_r) - (A_{rr})B) dr dt}{B^2} & -\frac{(A_r)(C_r) dt d\theta}{B^2} & -\frac{(A_r)(C_r) dt d\theta}{B^2} & -\frac{(A_r)(C_r) dt d\theta}{B^2} \\ \frac{(A_r)(C_r) dt d\theta}{B^2} & 0 & \frac{(B(C_{rr}) - (B_r)(C_r)) dr d\theta}{B^2} & \frac{d\phi((B(C_{rr}) - (B_r)(C_r)) dr d\theta}{B^2} \\ \frac{(A_r)(C_r) dt d\phi \sin(\theta)}{B^2} & -\frac{d\phi((B(C_{rr}) - (B_r)(C_r)) dr \sin(\theta) + 2B(C_r) d\theta \cos(\theta))}{B^2} & \frac{((C_r)^2 + B^2) d\theta d\phi \sin(\theta)}{B^2} \\ \frac{(\%t19)}{B^2} & -\frac{(\%t19)}{B^2} & -\frac{(A_r)(C_r) dr dr}{B^2} & -\frac{(A_r)(C_r) dt d\theta}{B^2} & -\frac{(C_r)(C_r) dr d\theta}{B^2}$$

(%i20) matrix_element_mult:"."\$

(%i21) block([matrix_element_mult:"~"], Ω :fullratsimp(matrixmap(edit,d Θ + Θ . Θ)

$$\begin{pmatrix} 0 & -\frac{((A_r)(B_r) - (A_{rr})B) dr dt}{B^2} & \frac{(A_r)(C_r) dt d\theta}{B^2} & -\frac{(A_r)(C_r) dt d\theta}{B^2} \\ \frac{((A_r)(B_r) - (A_{rr})B) dr dt}{B^2} & 0 & \frac{(B(C_{rr}) - (B_r)(C_r)) dr d\theta}{B^2} & \frac{d\phi((B(C_{rr}) - (B_r)(C_r)) dr sin}{B^2} \\ \frac{(A_r)(C_r) dt d\theta}{B^2} & -\frac{(B(C_{rr}) - (B_r)(C_r)) dr d\theta}{B^2} & 0 & -\frac{((C_r)^2 + B^2) d\theta}{B^2} \\ \frac{(A_r)(C_r) dt d\phi \sin(\theta)}{B^2} & -\frac{d\phi((B(C_{rr}) - (B_r)(C_r)) dr \sin(\theta) + 2B(C_r) d\theta \cos(\theta))}{B^2} & \frac{((C_r)^2 + B^2) d\theta d\phi \sin(\theta)}{B^2} & 0 \\ \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} (\% 021) \end{pmatrix}$$

(%i22) for i thru dim do for j:i thru dim do if $\Omega[i,j]\neq 0$ then $ldisplay(\Omega[\xi[i],\xi[j]]=fullratsimp(\Omega[i,j]))$

$$\Omega_{t,r} = -\frac{((A_r) (B_r) - (A_{rr}) B) dr dt}{B^2}$$
 (%t22)

$$\Omega_{t,\theta} = -\frac{(A_r) (C_r) dt d\theta}{B^2}$$
 (%t23)

$$\Omega_{t,\phi} = -\frac{(A_r) (C_r) dt d\phi \sin(\theta)}{B^2}$$
(%t24)

$$\Omega_{r,\theta} = \frac{\left(B\left(C_{rr}\right) - \left(B_{r}\right)\left(C_{r}\right)\right) dr d\theta}{B^{2}} \tag{\%t25}$$

$$\Omega_{r,\phi} = \frac{d\phi \left((B (C_{rr}) - (B_r) (C_r)) dr \sin(\theta) + 2B (C_r) d\theta \cos(\theta) \right)}{B^2}$$
 (%t26)

$$\Omega_{r,\phi} = \frac{d\phi \left((B (C_{rr}) - (B_r) (C_r)) dr \sin(\theta) + 2B (C_r) d\theta \cos(\theta) \right)}{B^2}$$

$$\Omega_{\theta,\phi} = -\frac{\left((C_r)^2 + B^2 \right) d\theta d\phi \sin(\theta)}{B^2}$$
(%t26)

Clean up