











MC33063A, MC34063A

SLLS636N - DECEMBER 2004-REVISED JANUARY 2015

# MC3x063A 1.5-A Peak Boost/Buck/Inverting Switching Regulators

#### **Features**

- Wide Input Voltage Range: 3 V to 40 V
- High Output Switch Current: Up to 1.5 A
- Adjustable Output Voltage
- Oscillator Frequency Up to 100 kHz
- Precision Internal Reference: 2%
- **Short-Circuit Current Limiting**
- Low Standby Current

# **Applications**

- Blood Gas Analyzers: Portable
- Cable Solutions
- HMIs (Human Machine Interfaces)
- **Telecommunications**
- Portable Devices
- Consumer & Computing
- Test & Measurement

# 3 Description

The MC33063A and MC34063A devices are easy-touse ICs containing all the primary circuitry needed for building simple DC-DC converters. These devices primarily consist of an internal temperaturecompensated reference, a comparator, an oscillator, a PWM controller with active current limiting, a driver, and a high-current output switch. Thus, the devices require minimal external components to build converters in the boost, buck, and inverting topologies.

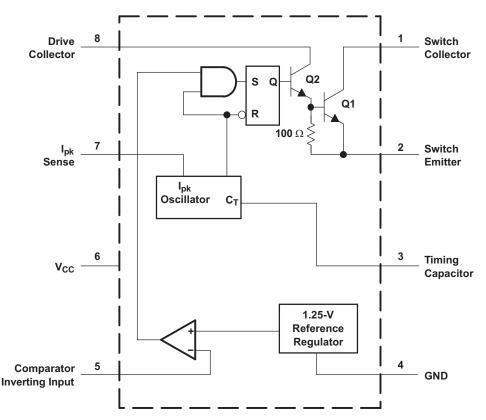
The MC33063A device is characterized for operation from -40°C to 85°C, while the MC34063A device is characterized for operation from 0°C to 70°C.

#### Device Information<sup>(1)</sup>

PART NUMBER	PACKAGE (PIN)	BODY SIZE	
	SOIC (8)	4.90 mm × 3.91 mm	
MC3x063A	SON (8)	4.00 mm × 4.00 mm	
	PDIP (8)	9.81 mm × 6.35 mm	

(1) For all available packages, see the orderable addendum at the end of the data sheet.

# Simplified Schematic





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# **5** Revision History

# Changes from Revision M (January 2011) to Revision N

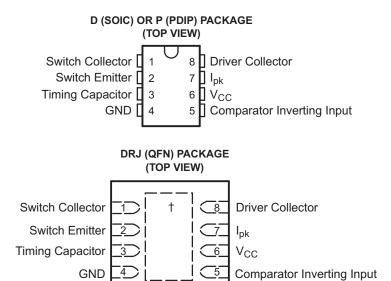
**Page** 

Added Applications, Device Information table, Pin Functions table, ESD Ratings table, Thermal Information table,
Feature Description section, Device Functional Modes, Application and Implementation section, Power Supply
Recommendations section, Layout section, Device and Documentation Support section, and Mechanical,
Packaging, and Orderable Information section.

Deleted Ordering Information table.



# 6 Pin Configuration and Functions



 $<sup>^{\</sup>dagger}$  The exposed thermal pad is electrically bonded internally to pin 4 (GND) .

### **Pin Functions**

PIN		TYPE	DESCRIPTION
NAME	NO.	TTPE	DESCRIPTION
Switch Collector	1	I/O	High-current internal switch collector input.
Switch Emitter	2	I/O	High-current internal switch emitter output.
Timing Capacitor	3	_	Attach a timing capacitor to change the switching frequency.
GND	4	_	Ground
Comparator Inverting Input	5	I	Attach to a resistor divider network to create a feedback loop.
V <sub>CC</sub>	6	1	Logic supply voltage. Tie to V <sub>IN</sub> .
I <sub>PK</sub>	7	I	Current-limit sense input.
Driver Collector	8	I/O	Darlington pair driving transistor collector input.

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# 7 Specifications

# 7.1 Absolute Maximum Ratings

over operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted)<sup>(1)</sup>

			MIN	MAX	UNIT
V <sub>CC</sub>	Supply voltage			40	V
V <sub>IR</sub>	Comparator inverting input voltage range		-0.3	40	V
V <sub>C(switch)</sub>	Switch collector voltage			40	V
V <sub>E(switch)</sub>	Switch emitter voltage	V <sub>PIN1</sub> = 40 V		40	V
V <sub>CE(switch)</sub>	Switch collector to switch emitter voltage			40	V
V <sub>C(driver)</sub>	Driver collector voltage			40	V
I <sub>C(driver)</sub>	Driver collector current			100	mA
I <sub>SW</sub>	Switch current			1.5	Α
TJ	Operating virtual junction temperature			150	°C
T <sub>stg</sub>	Storage temperature range		-65	150	°C

<sup>(1)</sup> Stresses beyond those listed under Absolute Maximum Ratings may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only, and functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those indicated under Recommended Operating Conditions is not implied. Exposure to absolute-maximum-rated conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.

7.2 ESD Ratings

			VALUE	UNIT
		Human body model (HBM), per ANSI/ESDA/JEDEC JS-001, all pins (1)	2500	
V <sub>(ESD)</sub>	Electrostatic discharge	Charged device model (CDM), per JEDEC specification JESD22-C101, all pins (2)	1500	V

<sup>(1)</sup> JEDEC document JEP155 states that 500-V HBM allows safe manufacturing with a standard ESD control process.

# 7.3 Recommended Operating Conditions

		MIN	MAX	UNIT
$V_{CC}$	Supply voltage	3	40	V
T <sub>A</sub>	MC33063A	-40	85	°C
	Operating free-air temperature MC34063A	0	70	C

# 7.4 Thermal Information

THERMAL METRIC <sup>(1)</sup>					
		D	DRJ	Р	UNIT
			8 PINS		
$R_{\theta JA}$ Jur	nction-to-ambient thermal resistance	97	41	85	°C/W

<sup>(1)</sup> For more information about traditional and new thermal metrics, see the IC Package Thermal Metrics application report (SPRA953).

# 7.5 Electrical Characteristics—Oscillator

V<sub>CC</sub> = 5 V, T<sub>A</sub> = full operating range (unless otherwise noted) (see block diagram)

,	PARAMETER	TEST CONDITIONS	T <sub>A</sub>	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT
f <sub>osc</sub>	Oscillator frequency	V <sub>PIN5</sub> = 0 V, C <sub>T</sub> = 1 nF	25°C	24	33	42	kHz
I <sub>chg</sub>	Charge current	V <sub>CC</sub> = 5 V to 40 V	25°C	24	35	42	μΑ
I <sub>dischg</sub>	Discharge current	V <sub>CC</sub> = 5 V to 40 V	25°C	140	220	260	μΑ
I <sub>dischg</sub> /I <sub>chg</sub>	Discharge-to-charge current ratio	$V_{PIN7} = V_{CC}$	25°C	5.2	6.5	7.5	_
V <sub>lpk</sub>	Current-limit sense voltage	I <sub>dischg</sub> = I <sub>chg</sub>	25°C	250	300	350	mV

Product Folder Links: MC33063A MC34063A

<sup>(2)</sup> JEDEC document JEP157 states that 250-V CDM allows safe manufacturing with a standard ESD control process.



# 7.6 Electrical Characteristics—Output Switch

 $V_{CC}$  = 5 V,  $T_A$  = full operating range (unless otherwise noted) (see block diagram)<sup>(1)</sup>

	PARAMETER	TEST CONDITIONS	T <sub>A</sub>	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT
V <sub>CE(sat)</sub>	Saturation voltage – Darlington connection	I <sub>SW</sub> = 1 A, pins 1 and 8 connected	Full range		1	1.3	V
V <sub>CE(sat)</sub>	Saturation voltage – non-Darlington connection (2)	$I_{SW}$ = 1 A, $R_{PIN8}$ = 82 $\Omega$ to $V_{CC}$ , forced $\beta \sim 20$	Full range		0.45	0.7	V
h <sub>FE</sub>	DC current gain	I <sub>SW</sub> = 1 A, V <sub>CE</sub> = 5 V	25°C	50	75		_
I <sub>C(off)</sub>	Collector off-state current	V <sub>CE</sub> = 40 V	Full range		0.01	100	μΑ

(1) Low duty-cycle pulse testing is used to maintain junction temperature as close to ambient temperature as possible.

Forced  $\beta$  of output switch =  $I_{C,SW}$  / ( $I_{C,driver}$  - 7 mA)  $\geq$  10, where ~7 mA is required by the 100- $\Omega$  resistor in the emitter of the driver to forward bias the  $V_{be}$  of the switch.

# 7.7 Electrical Characteristics—Comparator

 $V_{CC}$  = 5 V,  $T_A$  = full operating range (unless otherwise noted) (see block diagram)

	PARAMETER	TEST CONDITIONS	T <sub>A</sub>	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT
V <sub>th</sub> Threshold voltage		25°C	1.225	1.25	1.275		
	Threshold voltage		Full range	1.21		1.29	V
$\Delta V_{th}$	Threshold-voltage line regulation	V <sub>CC</sub> = 5 V to 40 V	Full range		1.4	5	mV
I <sub>IB</sub>	Input bias current	V <sub>IN</sub> = 0 V	Full range		-20	-400	nA

#### 7.8 Electrical Characteristics—Total Device

 $V_{CC}$  = 5 V,  $T_A$  = full operating range (unless otherwise noted) (see block diagram)

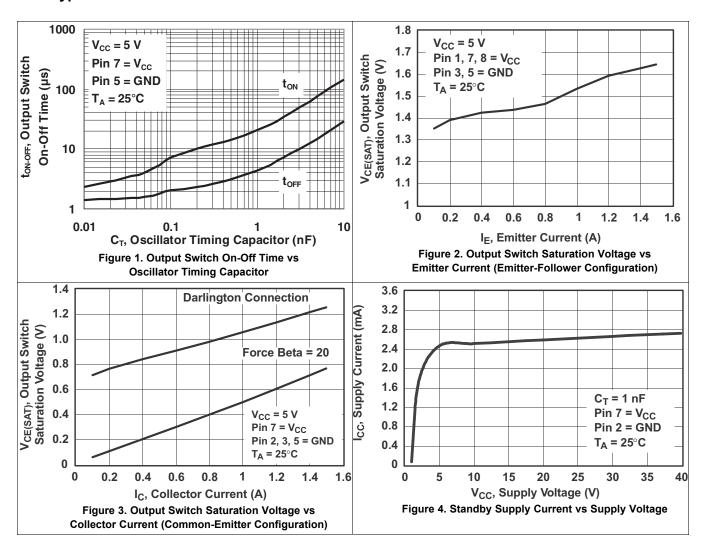
PARAMETER	TEST CONDITIONS	T <sub>A</sub>	MIN MAX	UNIT
I <sub>CC</sub> Supply current	$V_{CC}$ = 5 V to 40 V, $C_T$ = 1 nF, $V_{PIN7}$ = $V_{CC}$ , $V_{PIN5}$ > $V_{th}$ , $V_{PIN2}$ = GND, All other pins open	Full range	4	mA

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<sup>(2)</sup> In the non-Darlington configuration, if the output switch is driven into hard saturation at low switch currents (≤300 mA) and high driver currents (≥30 mA), it may take up to 2 µs for the switch to come out of saturation. This condition effectively shortens the off time at frequencies ≥30 kHz, becoming magnified as temperature increases. The following output drive condition is recommended in the non-Darlington configuration:



# 7.9 Typical Characteristics





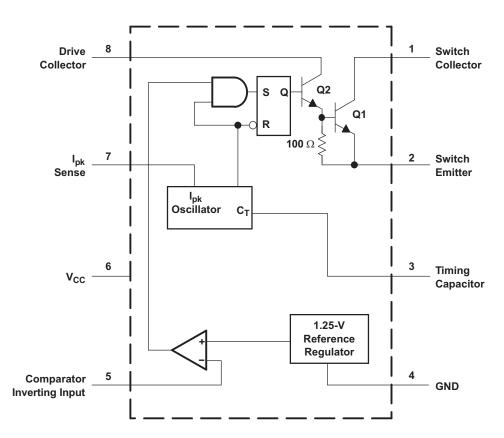
# 8 Detailed Description

#### 8.1 Overview

The MC33063A and MC34063A devices are easy-to-use ICs containing all the primary circuitry needed for building simple DC-DC converters. These devices primarily consist of an internal temperature-compensated reference, a comparator, an oscillator, a PWM controller with active current limiting, a driver, and a high-current output switch. Thus, the devices require minimal external components to build converters in the boost, buck, and inverting topologies.

The MC33063A device is characterized for operation from -40°C to 85°C, while the MC34063A device is characterized for operation from 0°C to 70°C.

# 8.2 Functional Block Diagram



### 8.3 Feature Description

- Wide Input Voltage Range: 3 V to 40 V
  High Output Switch Current: Up to 1.5 A
- · Adjustable Output Voltage
- Oscillator Frequency Up to 100 kHz
- Precision Internal Reference: 2%
- Short-Circuit Current Limiting
- Low Standby Current

#### 8.4 Device Functional Modes

#### 8.4.1 Standard operation

Based on the application, the device can be configured in multiple different topologies. See the *Application and Implementation* section for how to configure the device in several different operating modes.



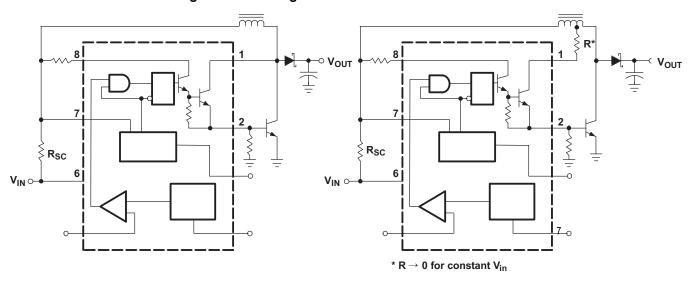
# 9 Application and Implementation

#### **NOTE**

Information in the following applications sections is not part of the TI component specification, and TI does not warrant its accuracy or completeness. TI's customers are responsible for determining suitability of components for their purposes. Customers should validate and test their design implementation to confirm system functionality.

# 9.1 Application Information

# 9.1.1 External Switch Configurations for Higher Peak Current



a) EXTERNAL npn SWITCH

b) EXTERNAL npn SATURATED SWITCH (see Note A)

A. If the output switch is driven into hard saturation (non-Darlington configuration) at low switch currents (≤300 mA) and high driver currents (≥30 mA), it may take up to 2 μs to come out of saturation. This condition will shorten the off time at frequencies ≥30 kHz and is magnified at high temperatures. This condition does not occur with a Darlington configuration because the output switch cannot saturate. If a non-Darlington configuration is used, the output drive configuration in Figure 7b is recommended.

Figure 5. Boost Regulator Connections for I<sub>C</sub> Peak Greater Than 1.5 A



# **Application Information (continued)**

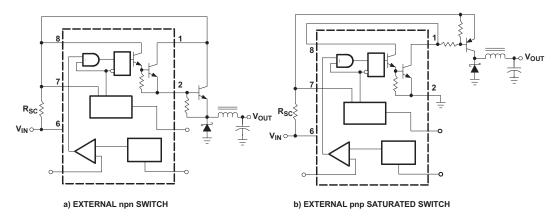


Figure 6. Buck Regulator Connections for I<sub>C</sub> Peak Greater Than 1.5 A

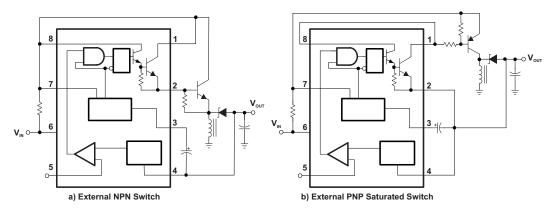
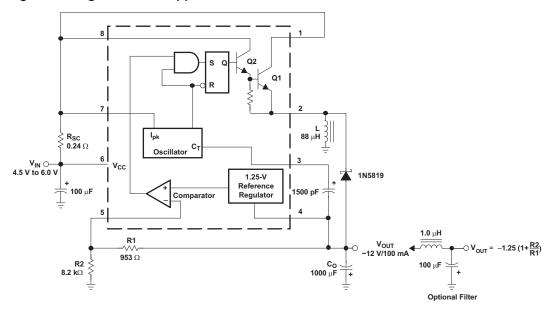


Figure 7. Inverting Regulator Connections for I<sub>C</sub> Peak Greater Than 1.5 A

# 9.2 Typical Application

# 9.2.1 Voltage-Inverting Converter Application



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# **Typical Application (continued)**

Figure 8. Voltage-Inverting Converter

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# **Typical Application (continued)**

#### 9.2.1.1 Design Requirements

The user must determine the following desired parameters:

 $V_{sat}$  = Saturation voltage of the output switch

V<sub>F</sub> = Forward voltage drop of the chosen output rectifier

The following power-supply parameters are set by the user:

V<sub>in</sub> = Nominal input voltage

Vout = Desired output voltage

I<sub>out</sub> = Desired output current

f<sub>min</sub> = Minimum desired output switching frequency at the selected values of V<sub>in</sub> and I<sub>out</sub>

 $V_{ripple}$  = Desired peak-to-peak output ripple voltage. The ripple voltage directly affects the line and load regulation and, thus, must be considered. In practice, the actual capacitor value should be larger than the calculated value, to account for the capacitor's equivalent series resistance and board layout.

# 9.2.1.2 Detailed Design Procedure

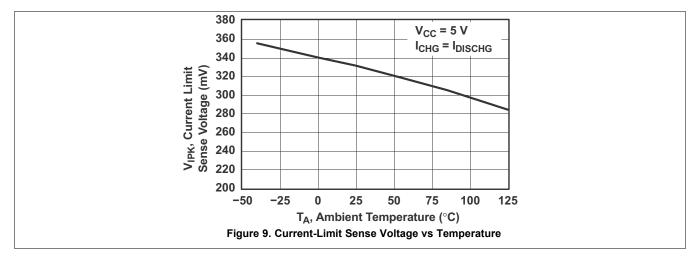
CALCULATION	VOLTAGE INVERTING
t <sub>on</sub> /t <sub>off</sub>	$\frac{\left V_{out}\right +V_{F}}{V_{in}-V_{sat}}$
(t <sub>on</sub> + t <sub>off</sub> )	$\frac{1}{f}$
t <sub>off</sub>	$\frac{t_{\text{on}} + t_{\text{off}}}{\frac{t_{\text{on}}}{t_{\text{off}}} + 1}$
t <sub>on</sub>	$ (t_{on} + t_{off}) - t_{off} $ $ 4 \times 10^{-5} t_{on} $
C <sub>T</sub>	$4 \times 10^{-5} t_{on}$
I <sub>pk(switch)</sub>	$2l_{out(max)} \left(\frac{t_{on}}{t_{off}} + 1\right)$
R <sub>SC</sub>	$\frac{0.3}{I_{pk(switch)}}$
L <sub>(min)</sub>	$\left(\frac{\left(V_{in(min)} - V_{sat}\right)}{I_{pk(switch)}}\right) t_{on(max)}$
Co	$9\frac{I_{\text{out}}t_{\text{on}}}{V_{\text{ripple(pp)}}}$
V <sub>out</sub>	$-1.25 \left(1 + \frac{R2}{R1}\right)$ See Figure 8

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# 9.2.1.3 Application Performance



TEST	CONDITIONS	RESULTS		
Line regulation	$V_{IN}$ = 4.5 V to 6 V, $I_{O}$ = 100 mA	3 mV ± 0.12%		
Load regulation	$V_{IN}$ = 5 V, $I_{O}$ = 10 mA to 100 mA	0.022 V ± 0.09%		
Output ripple	V <sub>IN</sub> = 5 V, I <sub>O</sub> = 100 mA	500 mV <sub>PP</sub>		
Short-circuit current	$V_{IN} = 5 \text{ V}, R_L = 0.1 \Omega$	910 mA		
Efficiency	V <sub>IN</sub> = 5 V, I <sub>O</sub> = 100 mA	62.2%		
Output ripple with optional filter	V <sub>IN</sub> = 5 V, I <sub>O</sub> = 100 mA	70 mV <sub>PP</sub>		



### 9.2.2 Step-Up Converter Application

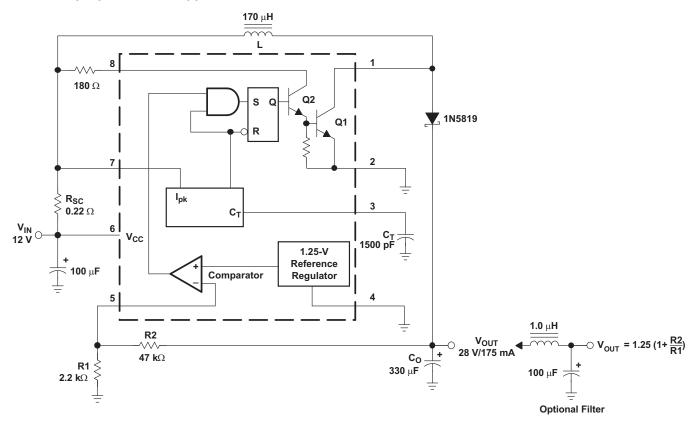


Figure 10. Step-Up Converter

#### 9.2.2.1 Design Requirements

The user must determine the following desired parameters:

V<sub>sat</sub> = Saturation voltage of the output switch

V<sub>F</sub> = Forward voltage drop of the chosen output rectifier

The following power-supply parameters are set by the user:

V<sub>in</sub> = Nominal input voltage

V<sub>out</sub> = Desired output voltage

I<sub>out</sub> = Desired output current

f<sub>min</sub> = Minimum desired output switching frequency at the selected values of V<sub>in</sub> and I<sub>out</sub>

 $V_{ripple}$  = Desired peak-to-peak output ripple voltage. The ripple voltage directly affects the line and load regulation and, thus, must be considered. In practice, the actual capacitor value should be larger than the calculated value, to account for the capacitor's equivalent series resistance and board layout.



# 9.2.2.2 Detailed Design Procedure

CALCULATION	STEP UP
t <sub>on</sub> /t <sub>off</sub>	$\frac{V_{out} + V_{F-Vin(min)}}{V_{in(min)} - V_{sat}}$
(t <sub>on</sub> + t <sub>off</sub> )	1 f
t <sub>off</sub>	$\frac{t_{\text{on}} + t_{\text{off}}}{\frac{t_{\text{on}}}{t_{\text{off}}} + 1}$
t <sub>on</sub>	$(t_{on} + t_{off}) - t_{off}$
C <sub>T</sub>	$4 \times 10^{-5} t_{on}$
I <sub>pk</sub> (switch)	$2I_{out(max)}\left(\frac{t_{on}}{t_{off}}+1\right)$
R <sub>SC</sub>	$\frac{0.3}{I_{pk(switch)}}$
L <sub>(min)</sub>	$\left(\frac{\left(V_{\text{in(min)}} - V_{\text{sat}}\right)}{I_{\text{pk(switch)}}}\right) t_{\text{on(max)}}$
Co	$9\frac{I_{\text{out}}t_{\text{on}}}{V_{\text{ripple(pp)}}}$
V <sub>out</sub>	$1.25 \left(1 + \frac{R2}{R1}\right)$ See Figure 10

# 9.2.2.3 Application Performance

TEST	CONDITIONS	RESULTS
Line regulation	V <sub>IN</sub> = 8 V to 16 V, I <sub>O</sub> = 175 mA	30 mV ± 0.05%
Load regulation	V <sub>IN</sub> = 12 V, I <sub>O</sub> = 75 mA to 175 mA	10 mV ± 0.017%
Output ripple	V <sub>IN</sub> = 12 V, I <sub>O</sub> = 175 mA	400 mV <sub>PP</sub>
Efficiency	V <sub>IN</sub> = 12 V, I <sub>O</sub> = 175 mA	87.7%
Output ripple with optional filter	V <sub>IN</sub> = 12 V, I <sub>O</sub> = 175 mA	40 mV <sub>PP</sub>



#### 9.2.3 Step-Down Converter Application

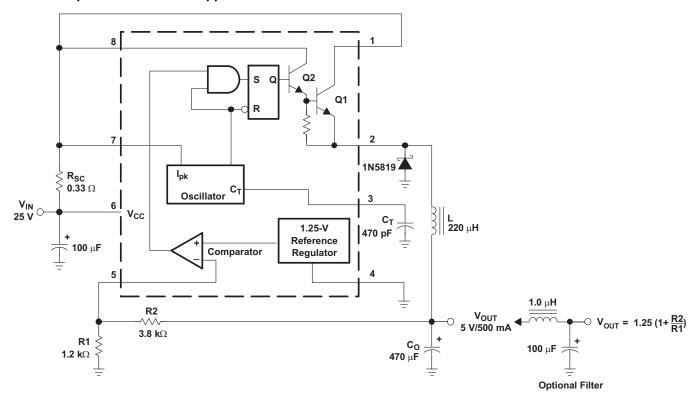


Figure 11. Step-Down Converter

#### 9.2.3.1 Design Requirements

The user must determine the following desired parameters:

V<sub>sat</sub> = Saturation voltage of the output switch

V<sub>F</sub> = Forward voltage drop of the chosen output rectifier

The following power-supply parameters are set by the user:

V<sub>in</sub> = Nominal input voltage

V<sub>out</sub> = Desired output voltage

I<sub>out</sub> = Desired output current

 $f_{min}$  = Minimum desired output switching frequency at the selected values of  $V_{in}$  and  $I_{out}$ 

 $V_{ripple}$  = Desired peak-to-peak output ripple voltage. The ripple voltage directly affects the line and load regulation and, thus, must be considered. In practice, the actual capacitor value should be larger than the calculated value, to account for the capacitor's equivalent series resistance and board layout.



# 9.2.3.2 Detailed Design Procedure

CALCULATION	STEP DOWN
t <sub>on</sub> /t <sub>off</sub>	$\frac{V_{out} + V_{F}}{V_{in(min)} - V_{sat} - V_{out}}$
(t <sub>on</sub> + t <sub>off</sub> )	$\frac{1}{f}$
t <sub>off</sub>	$\frac{t_{\text{on}} + t_{\text{off}}}{\frac{t_{\text{on}}}{t_{\text{off}}} + 1}$
t <sub>on</sub>	$(t_{on} + t_{off}) - t_{off}$
C <sub>T</sub>	$4 \times 10^{-5} t_{on}$
I <sub>pk(switch)</sub>	2I <sub>out(max)</sub>
R <sub>SC</sub>	$\frac{0.3}{I_{pk(switch)}}$
L <sub>(min)</sub>	$\left(\frac{\left(V_{\text{in(min)}} - V_{\text{sat}} - V_{\text{out}}\right)}{I_{\text{pk(switch)}}}\right) t_{\text{on(max)}}$
C <sub>O</sub>	$\frac{I_{pk(switch)}(t_{on} + t_{off})}{8V_{ripple(pp)}}$
V <sub>out</sub>	$1.25 \left(1 + \frac{R2}{R1}\right)$ See Figure 11

# 9.2.3.3 Application Performance

TEST	CONDITIONS	RESULTS
Line regulation	V <sub>IN</sub> = 15 V to 25 V, I <sub>O</sub> = 500 mA	12 mV ± 0.12%
Load regulation	$V_{IN}$ = 25 V, $I_{O}$ = 50 mA to 500 mA	3 mV ± 0.03%
Output ripple	V <sub>IN</sub> = 25 V, I <sub>O</sub> = 500 mA	120 mV <sub>PP</sub>
Short-circuit current	$V_{IN} = 25 \text{ V}, R_L = 0.1 \Omega$	1.1 A
Efficiency	V <sub>IN</sub> = 25 V, I <sub>O</sub> = 500 mA	83.7%
Output ripple with optional filter	V <sub>IN</sub> = 25 V, I <sub>O</sub> = 500 mA	40 mV <sub>PP</sub>

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# 10 Power Supply Recommendations

This device accepts 3 V to 40 V on the input. It is recommended to have a 1000-µF decoupling capacitor on the input.

# 11 Layout

# 11.1 Layout Guidelines

Keep feedback loop layout trace lengths to a minimum to avoid unnecessary IR drop. In addition, the loop for the decoupling capacitor at the input should be as small as possible. The trace from  $V_{IN}$  to pin 1 of the device should be thicker to handle the higher current.

# 11.2 Layout Example

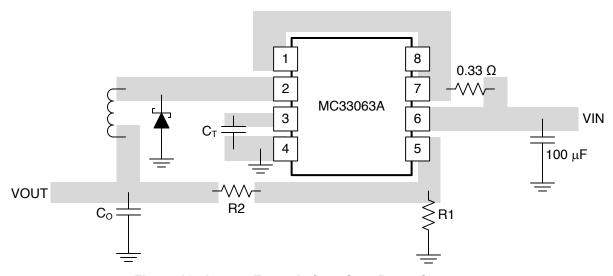


Figure 12. Layout Example for a Step-Down Converter



# 12 Device and Documentation Support

#### 12.1 Related Links

The table below lists quick access links. Categories include technical documents, support and community resources, tools and software, and quick access to sample or buy.

Table 1. Related Links

PARTS	PRODUCT FOLDER	SAMPLE & BUY	TECHNICAL DOCUMENTS	TOOLS & SOFTWARE	SUPPORT & COMMUNITY
MC33063A	Click here	Click here	Click here	Click here	Click here
MC34063A	Click here	Click here	Click here	Click here	Click here

### 12.2 Trademarks

All trademarks are the property of their respective owners.

# 12.3 Electrostatic Discharge Caution



These devices have limited built-in ESD protection. The leads should be shorted together or the device placed in conductive foam during storage or handling to prevent electrostatic damage to the MOS gates.

# 12.4 Glossary

SLYZ022 — TI Glossary.

This glossary lists and explains terms, acronyms, and definitions.

# 13 Mechanical, Packaging, and Orderable Information

The following pages include mechanical, packaging, and orderable information. This information is the most current data available for the designated devices. This data is subject to change without notice and revision of this document. For browser-based versions of this data sheet, refer to the left-hand navigation.

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# PACKAGING INFORMATION

Sample	Sampl	Sampl	Sampl	Sampl	Sampl	Sampl	Sampl	Sampl	Sampl	Sampl	Sampl						
Device Marking (4/5)	M33063A	M33063A	M33063A	M33063A	M33063A	M33063A	ZYF	MC33063AP	MC33063AP	M34063A	M34063A	M34063A	M34063A	ZYF	ZYF	MC34063AP	MC34063AP
Op Temp (°C)	-40 to 85	-40 to 85	-40 to 85	0 to 70	0 to 70	0 to 70	0 to 70										
MSL Peak Temp	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	Level-3-260C-168 HR	N / A for Pkg Type	N / A for Pkg Type	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	Level-3-260C-168 HR	Level-3-260C-168 HR	N / A for Pkg Type	N / A for Pkg Type
Lead finish/ Ball material	NIPDAU	NIPDAU	NIPDAU	NIPDAU	NIPDAU	NIPDAU	NIPDAU	NIPDAU	NIPDAU	NIPDAU	NIPDAU						
Eco Plan (2)	RoHS & Green	RoHS & Green	RoHS & Green	RoHS & Green	RoHS & Green	RoHS & Green	RoHS & Green	RoHS & Green	RoHS & Green	RoHS & Green	RoHS & Green						
Pins Package Qty	22	75	75	2500	2500	2500	1000	20	20	75	75	75	2500	1000	1000	20	20
	8	8	80	8	8	œ	8	8	8	8	æ	8	8	8	8	8	8
Package Drawing	Q	٥	۵	D	D	۵	DRJ	Ь	Ь	Q	۵	٥	D	DRJ	DRJ	Ь	Д
Package Type Package Drawing	SOIC	SOIC	SOIC	SOIC	SOIC	SOIC	NOS	PDIP	PDIP	SOIC	SOIC	SOIC	SOIC	SON	SON	PDIP	PDIP
Status (1)	ACTIVE	ACTIVE	ACTIVE	ACTIVE	ACTIVE	ACTIVE	ACTIVE	ACTIVE	ACTIVE	ACTIVE	ACTIVE						
Orderable Device	MC33063AD	MC33063ADE4	MC33063ADG4	MC33063ADR	MC33063ADRE4	MC33063ADRG4	MC33063ADRJR	MC33063AP	MC33063APE4	MC34063AD	MC34063ADE4	MC34063ADG4	MC34063ADR	MC34063ADRJR	MC34063ADRJRG4	MC34063AP	MC34063APE4

<sup>(1)</sup> The marketing status values are defined as follows:

ACTIVE: Product device recommended for new designs.

LIFEBUY: TI has announced that the device will be discontinued, and a lifetime-buy period is in effect.

NRND: Not recommended for new designs. Device is in production to support existing customers, but TI does not recommend using this part in a new design.

PREVIEW: Device has been announced but is not in production. Samples may or may not be available.



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**OBSOLETE:** TI has discontinued the production of the device.

(2) RoHS: TI defines "RoHS" to mean semiconductor products that are compliant with the current EU RoHS requirements for all 10 RoHS substances, including the requirement that RoHS substance do not exceed 0.1% by weight in homogeneous materials. Where designed to be soldered at high temperatures, "RoHS" products are suitable for use in specified lead-free processes. TI may reference these types of products as "Pb-Free".

RoHS Exempt: TI defines "RoHS Exempt" to mean products that contain lead but are compliant with EU RoHS pursuant to a specific EU RoHS exemption.

Green: Il defines "Green" to mean the content of Chlorine (Cl) and Bromine (Br) based flame retardants meet JS709B low halogen requirements of <=1000ppm threshold. Antimony trioxide based flame retardants must also meet the <=1000ppm threshold requirement.

(3) MSL, Peak Temp. - The Moisture Sensitivity Level rating according to the JEDEC industry standard classifications, and peak solder temperature.

(4) There may be additional marking, which relates to the logo, the lot trace code information, or the environmental category on the device.

(5) Multiple Device Markings will be inside parentheses. Only one Device Marking contained in parentheses and separated by a "~" will appear on a device. If a line is indented then it is a continuation of the previous line and the two combined represent the entire Device Marking for that device. (6) Lead finish/Ball material - Orderable Devices may have multiple material finish options. Finish options are separated by a vertical ruled line. Lead finish/Ball material values may wrap to two lines if the finish value exceeds the maximum column width Important Information and Disclaimer: The information provided on this page represents TI's knowledge and belief as of the date that it is provided. TI bases its knowledge and belief on information provided by third parties, and makes no representation or warranty as to the accuracy of such information. Efforts are underway to better information from third parties. TI has taken and continues to take reasonable steps to provide representative and accurate information but may not have conducted destructive testing or chemical analysis on incoming materials and chemicals. Il and II suppliers consider certain information to be proprietary, and thus CAS numbers and other limited information may not be available for release.

In no event shall TI's liability arising out of such information exceed the total purchase price of the TI part(s) at issue in this document sold by TI to Customer on an annual basis.

# OTHER QUALIFIED VERSIONS OF MC33063A:

• Automotive : MC33063A-Q1

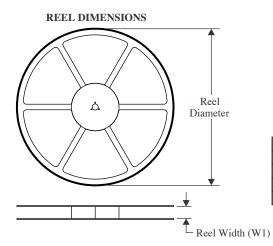
NOTE: Qualified Version Definitions:

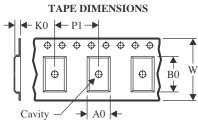
Automotive - Q100 devices qualified for high-reliability automotive applications targeting zero defects

# **PACKAGE MATERIALS INFORMATION**

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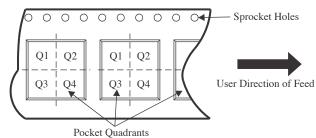
# TAPE AND REEL INFORMATION





A0	Dimension designed to accommodate the component width
В0	Dimension designed to accommodate the component length
K0	Dimension designed to accommodate the component thickness
W	Overall width of the carrier tape
P1	Pitch between successive cavity centers

#### QUADRANT ASSIGNMENTS FOR PIN 1 ORIENTATION IN TAPE

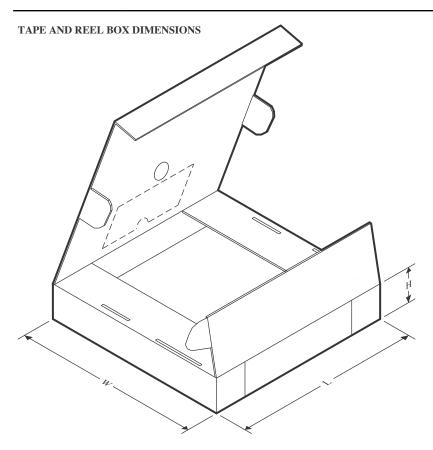


#### \*All dimensions are nominal

Device	Package Type	Package Drawing		SPQ	Reel Diameter (mm)	Reel Width W1 (mm)	A0 (mm)	B0 (mm)	K0 (mm)	P1 (mm)	W (mm)	Pin1 Quadrant
MC33063ADR	SOIC	D	8	2500	330.0	12.4	6.4	5.2	2.1	8.0	12.0	Q1
MC33063ADRJR	SON	DRJ	8	1000	330.0	12.4	4.25	4.25	1.15	8.0	12.0	Q2
MC34063ADR	SOIC	D	8	2500	330.0	12.4	6.4	5.2	2.1	8.0	12.0	Q1
MC34063ADRJR	SON	DRJ	8	1000	180.0	12.4	4.25	4.25	1.15	8.0	12.0	Q2



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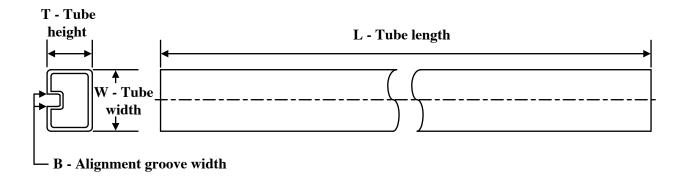


# \*All dimensions are nominal

Device	Package Type	Package Drawing	Pins	SPQ	Length (mm)	Width (mm)	Height (mm)
MC33063ADR	SOIC	D	8	2500	340.5	336.1	25.0
MC33063ADRJR	SON	DRJ	8	1000	367.0	367.0	35.0
MC34063ADR	SOIC	D	8	2500	340.5	336.1	25.0
MC34063ADRJR	SON	DRJ	8	1000	210.0	185.0	35.0

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# **TUBE**



\*All dimensions are nominal

Device	Package Name	Package Type	Pins	SPQ	L (mm)	W (mm)	T (µm)	B (mm)
MC33063AD	D	SOIC	8	75	506.6	8	3940	4.32
MC33063AD	D	SOIC	8	75	507	8	3940	4.32
MC33063ADE4	D	SOIC	8	75	507	8	3940	4.32
MC33063ADE4	D	SOIC	8	75	506.6	8	3940	4.32
MC33063ADG4	D	SOIC	8	75	507	8	3940	4.32
MC33063ADG4	D	SOIC	8	75	506.6	8	3940	4.32
MC33063AP	Р	PDIP	8	50	506	13.97	11230	4.32
MC33063APE4	Р	PDIP	8	50	506	13.97	11230	4.32
MC34063AD	D	SOIC	8	75	507	8	3940	4.32
MC34063ADE4	D	SOIC	8	75	507	8	3940	4.32
MC34063ADG4	D	SOIC	8	75	507	8	3940	4.32
MC34063AP	Р	PDIP	8	50	506	13.97	11230	4.32
MC34063APE4	Р	PDIP	8	50	506	13.97	11230	4.32

# DRJ (S-PWSON-N8)

# PLASTIC SMALL OUTLINE NO-LEAD



NOTES: A. All linear dimensions are in millimeters. Dimensioning and tolerancing per ASME Y14.5M—1994.

- B. This drawing is subject to change without notice.
- C. SON (Small Outline No-Lead) package configuration.

The package thermal pad must be soldered to the board for thermal and mechanical performance. See the Product Data Sheet for details regarding the exposed thermal pad dimensions.

E. Package complies to JEDEC MO-229 variation WGGB.



# DRJ (S-PWSON-N8)

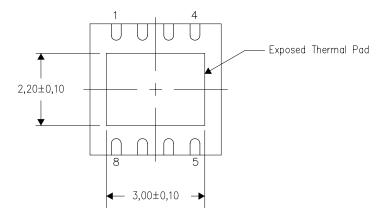
PLASTIC SMALL OUTLINE NO-LEAD

#### THERMAL INFORMATION

This package incorporates an exposed thermal pad that is designed to be attached directly to an external heatsink. The thermal pad must be soldered directly to the printed circuit board (PCB). After soldering, the PCB can be used as a heatsink. In addition, through the use of thermal vias, the thermal pad can be attached directly to the appropriate copper plane shown in the electrical schematic for the device, or alternatively, can be attached to a special heatsink structure designed into the PCB. This design optimizes the heat transfer from the integrated circuit (IC).

For information on the Quad Flatpack No—Lead (QFN) package and its advantages, refer to Application Report, QFN/SON PCB Attachment, Texas Instruments Literature No. SLUA271. This document is available at www.ti.com.

The exposed thermal pad dimensions for this package are shown in the following illustration.



Bottom View

Exposed Thermal Pad Dimensions

4206882/F 01/11

NOTE: All linear dimensions are in millimeters



# DRJ (S-PWSON-N8)

# SMALL PACKAGE OUTLINE NO-LEAD



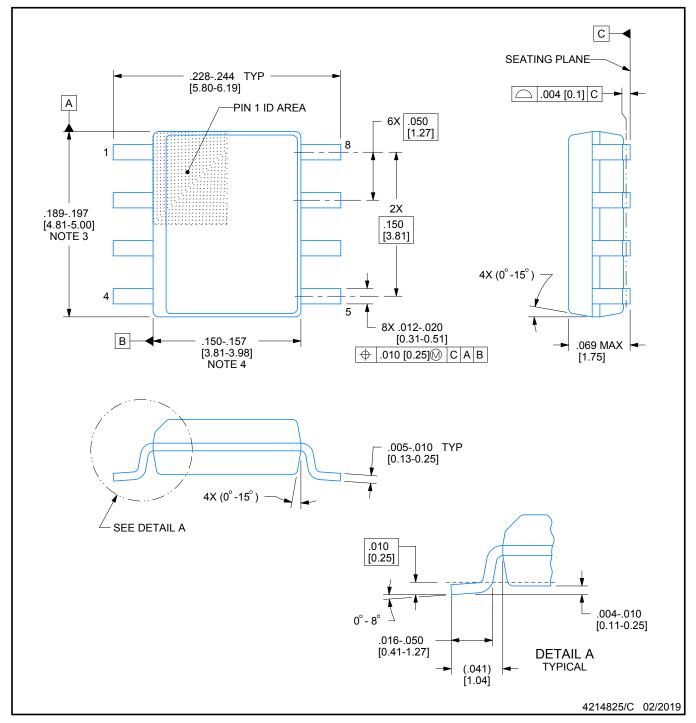
NOTES: A. All linear dimensions are in millimeters.

- B. This drawing is subject to change without notice.
- C. Publication IPC-7351 is recommended for alternate designs.
- D. This package is designed to be soldered to a thermal pad on the board. Refer to Application Note, Quad Flat—Pack Packages, Texas Instruments Literature No. SLUA271 and also the Product Data Sheets for specific thermal information, via requirements, and recommended board layout. These documents are available at www.ti.com <a href="https://www.ti.com">http://www.ti.com</a>>.
- E. Laser cutting apertures with electropolish and also rounding corners will offer better paste release. Customers should contact their board assembly site for stencil design recommendations. Refer to IPC 7525 for stencil design considerations.
- F. Customers should contact their board fabrication site for solder mask tolerances and vias tenting recommendations for vias placed in the thermal pad.





SMALL OUTLINE INTEGRATED CIRCUIT

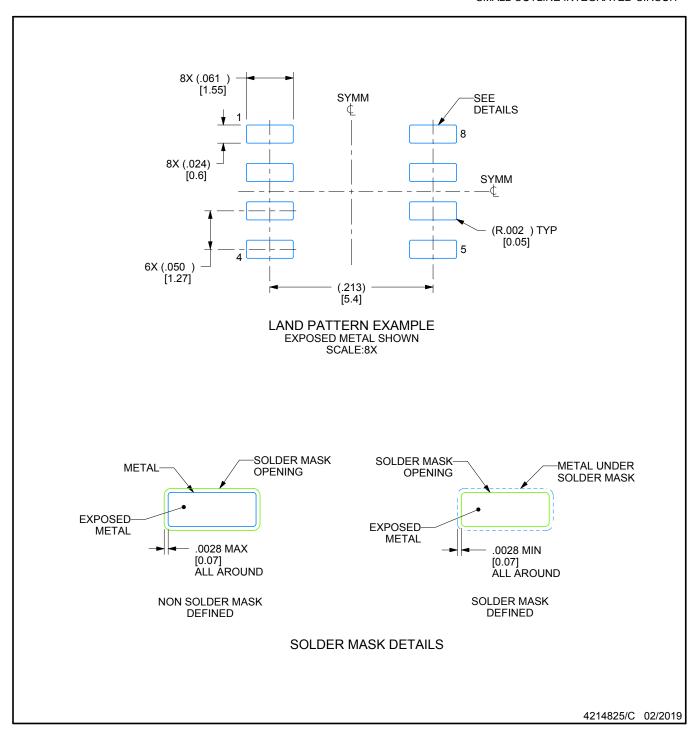


# NOTES:

- 1. Linear dimensions are in inches [millimeters]. Dimensions in parenthesis are for reference only. Controlling dimensions are in inches. Dimensioning and tolerancing per ASME Y14.5M.
- 2. This drawing is subject to change without notice.
- 3. This dimension does not include mold flash, protrusions, or gate burrs. Mold flash, protrusions, or gate burrs shall not exceed .006 [0.15] per side.
- 4. This dimension does not include interlead flash.5. Reference JEDEC registration MS-012, variation AA.



SMALL OUTLINE INTEGRATED CIRCUIT



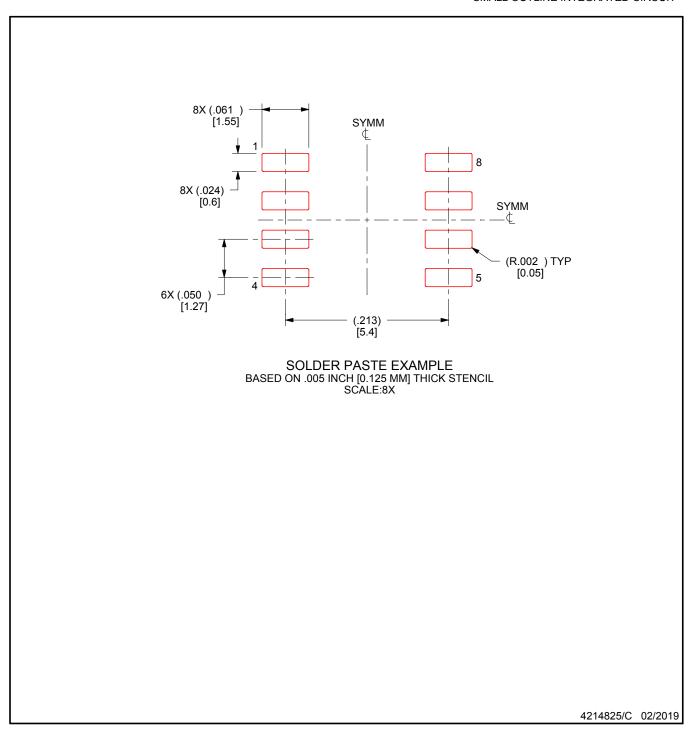
NOTES: (continued)

6. Publication IPC-7351 may have alternate designs.

7. Solder mask tolerances between and around signal pads can vary based on board fabrication site.



SMALL OUTLINE INTEGRATED CIRCUIT



NOTES: (continued)

- 8. Laser cutting apertures with trapezoidal walls and rounded corners may offer better paste release. IPC-7525 may have alternate design recommendations.
- 9. Board assembly site may have different recommendations for stencil design.



# P (R-PDIP-T8)

# PLASTIC DUAL-IN-LINE PACKAGE



NOTES:

- A. All linear dimensions are in inches (millimeters).
- B. This drawing is subject to change without notice.
- C. Falls within JEDEC MS-001 variation BA.



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