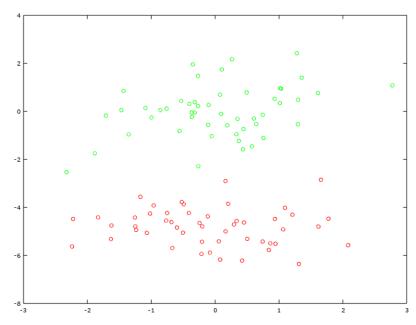
EXERCISE 2

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1. Binary Classification through Logistic Regression



(1) Download the data file "data.mat" (or "data.txt" if you are not using matlab) which contains a matrix of size 100×3 . The first 50 rows are positive examples (label 1) of points in 2 dimensions. The last 50 rows are negative examples (label 0) also in 2 dimensions.

The first 5 rows of the file contains the following values (with precision 2):

- 1.3 0.54 1
- -2.3 2.5 1
- -0.37 -0.047 1
- $0.49\ 0.79\ 1$
- $1\ 0.95\ 1$

where the first two columns correspond to points in 2 dimensions, and the last column is the corresponding label.

- (2) Implement in your favorite programming language the Logistic Regression algorithm, so that you classify correctly both types of data.
- (3) Initialize the parameters of your model with random values in the interval (-0.01, 0.01).

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- (4) Plot the data points using one color for each class of data. Also, plot the classifier line that you found using logistic regression.
- (5) Prepare a report containing your final model (including parameters), your final α value, and your graph.

2. Exercise Submission

- Send your report to cetina@informatik.uni-hamburg.de with the email title string: MLEX2 Lastname1-Lastname3
- Deadline: A day before your next exercise session.
- Note: Do not forget to include your names in the report!

3. Hints

- Use a linear model of the form $z = \theta_0 + \theta_1 x_1 + \theta_2 x_2$. Don't use a polynomial!
- This model should be evaluated in the sigmoid function $g(\mathbf{x}) = \frac{1}{1+e^{-z}}$.
- Once your algorithm has estimated the correct vector of parameters θ , you can plot such model (the black line) using the function $x_2 = (\theta_0 + \theta_1 x_1) + (-1/\theta_2)$.
- The solution should looks like the following plot, where the blue line is the initial model (with random parameters) and the black line is the final answer, after 100 iterations.

