

# INFINITE RUNNER

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Introduction to Computer Graphics – 2021/2022 - Project 1

# MAIN IDEAS

What is the project about?

1. Infinite Runner
2. Avoid Obstacles
3. Get Lives
4. Levels

# MAIN IDEAS

What can the user do?

## INFINITE RUNNER

START GAME

### CONTROLS



Move Player



Move Camera



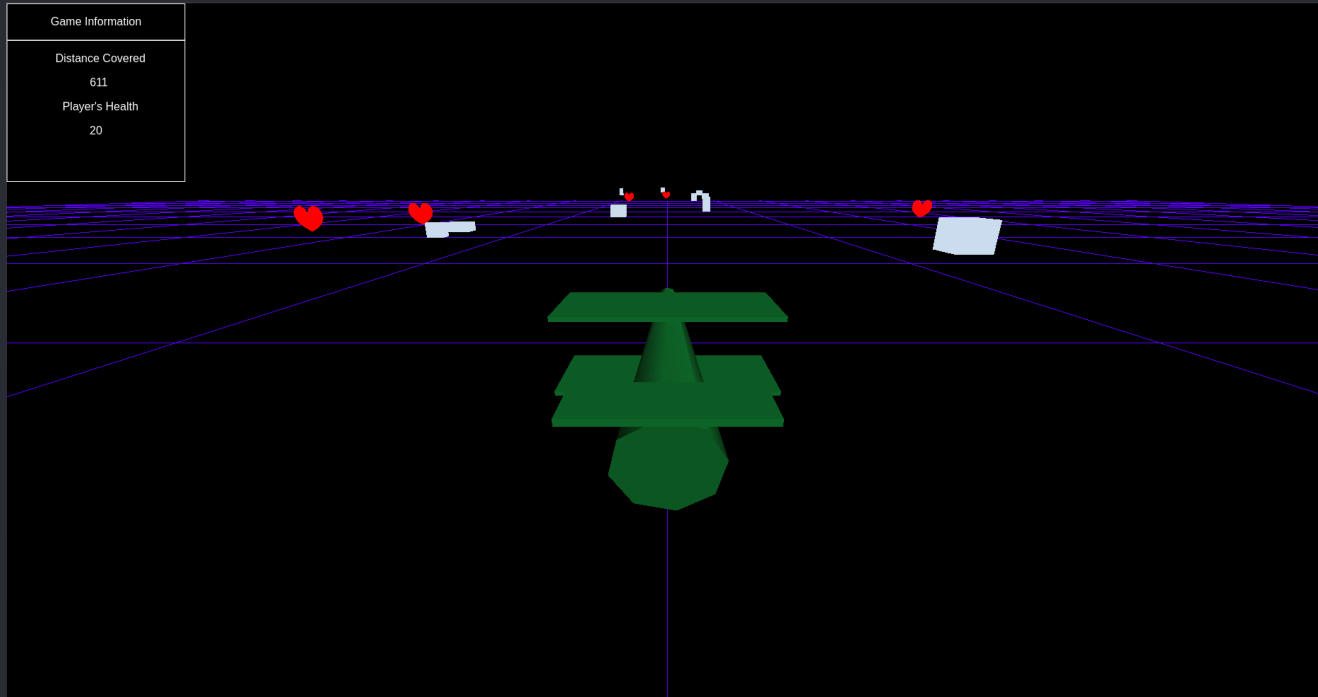
Restart Camera



Restart Game

# MAIN IDEAS

What modules were used?



# MAIN IDEAS

## Deployment

- Deployed on GitHub Pages  
[https://daniff15.github.io/icg\\_1project/](https://daniff15.github.io/icg_1project/)

# ANIMATION

1. Field Moving

4. Level Increase

2. Obstacles Approaching

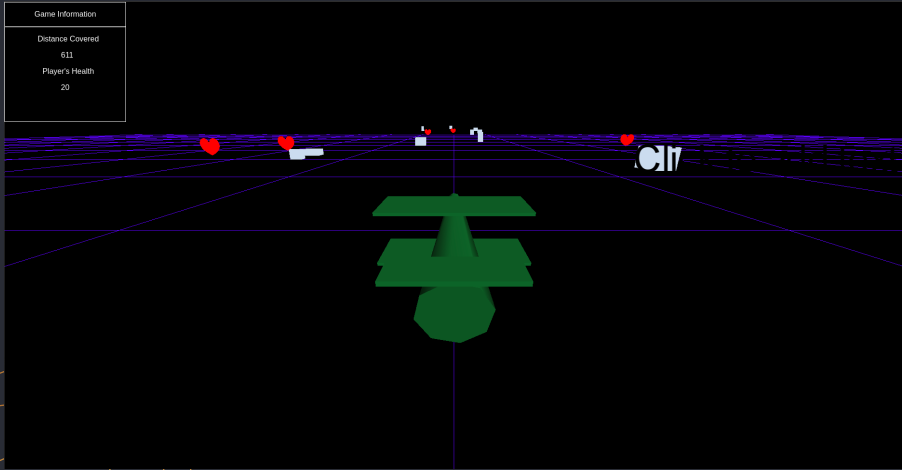
5. Player Moving

3. Lifes Approaching

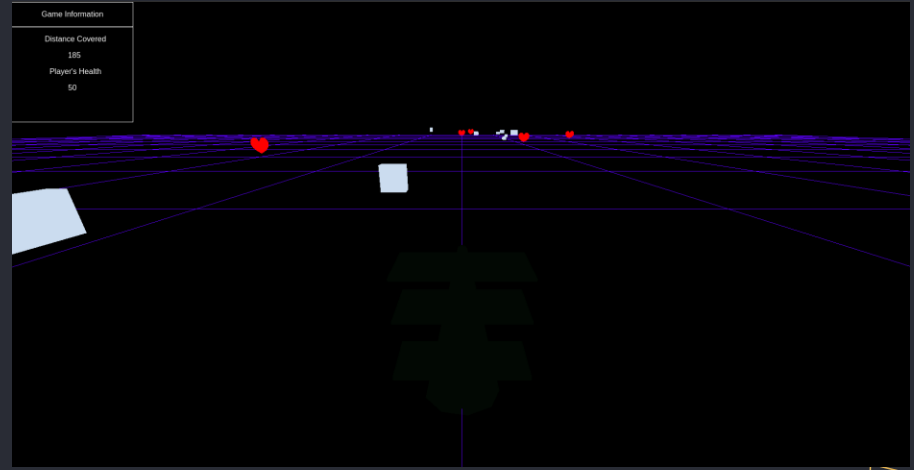
# ILLUMINATION

1. Ambient Light on Scene

2. Directional Light



With Directional Light

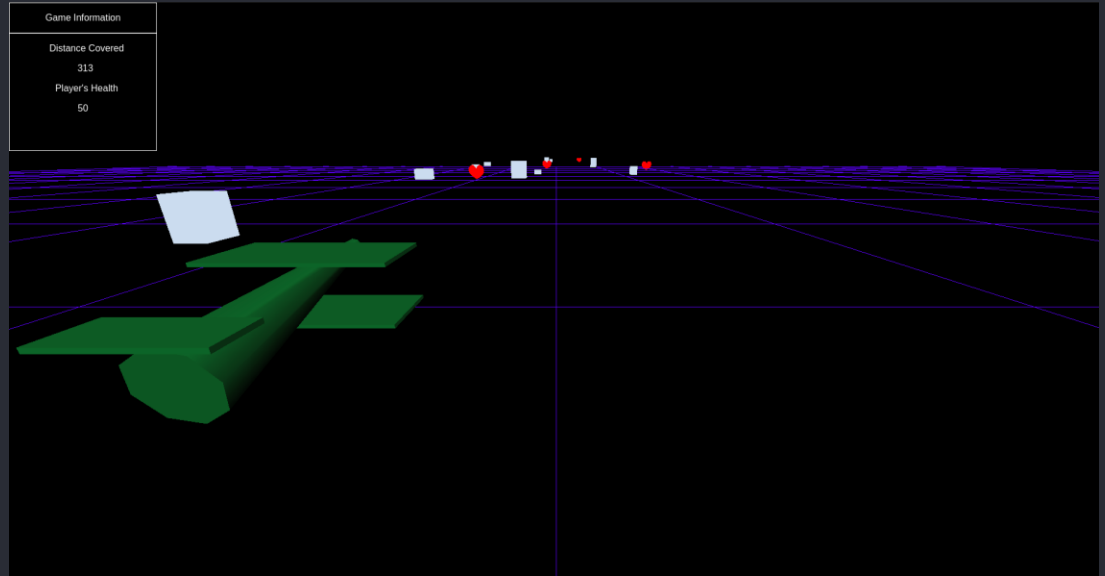


Without Directional Light

# USER INTERACTION

## ARROW KEYS

Move plane alongside X  
and Y axis

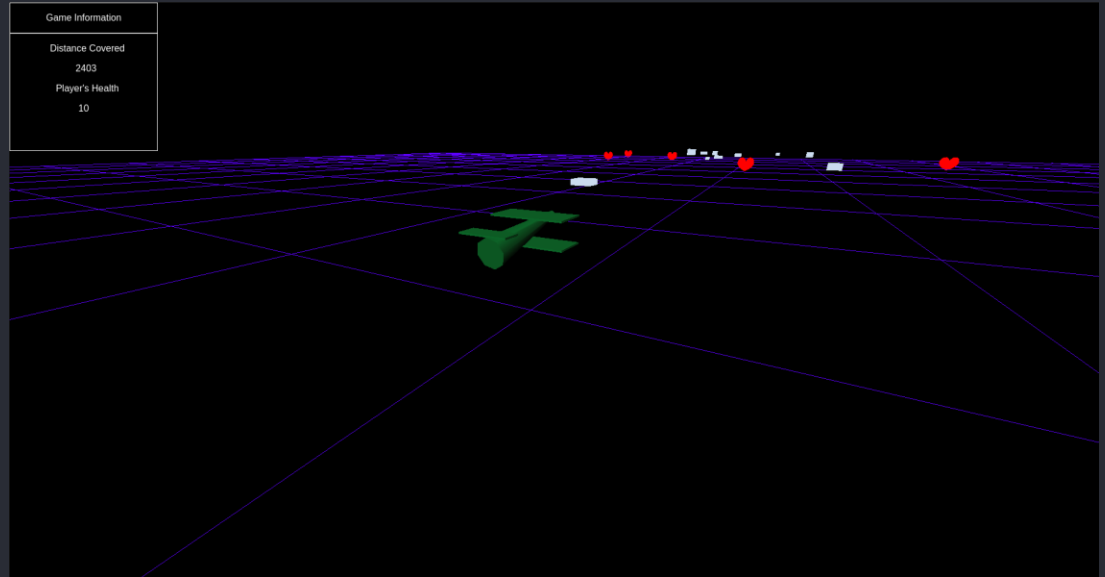




# USER INTERACTION

## MOUSE INPUT

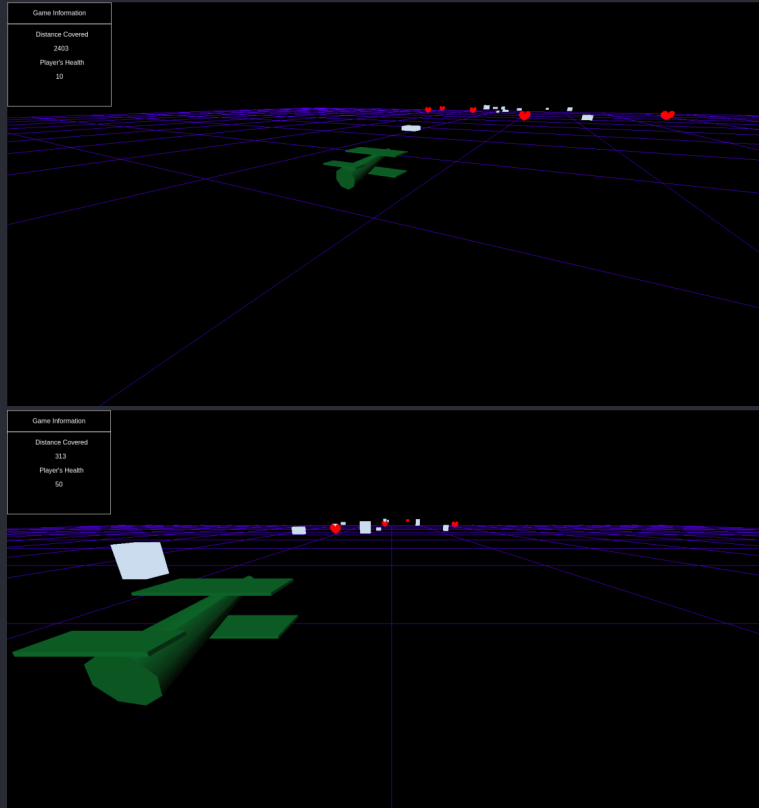
Move camera around  
the plane



# USER INTERACTION

## ENTER KEY

Reset camera to initial position



Before clicking  
ENTER

After clicking  
ENTER

# USER INTERACTION

ESCAPE KEY  
Reset the game



Before clicking  
ESCAPE

After clicking  
ESCAPE

# DEVELOPMENT

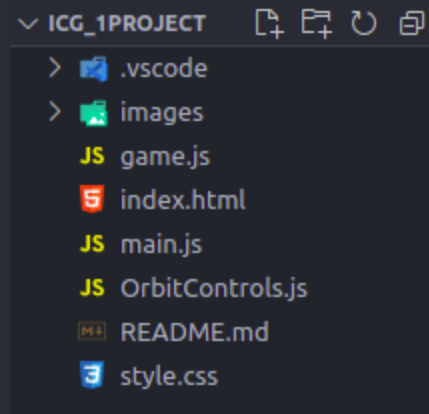
## Code Organization

main.js

game.js

OrbitControls.js

index.html



# DEVELOPMENT

## main.js

```
window.onload = () => {
  const scene = new THREE.Scene();
  const camera = new THREE.PerspectiveCamera(
    75,
    window.innerWidth / window.innerHeight,
    0.1,
    1000
  );

  const renderer = new THREE.WebGLRenderer();
  renderer.setSize(window.innerWidth, window.innerHeight);

  document.body.appendChild(renderer.domElement);

  //GET ORBIT CONTROLS FILE FROM https://gist.github.com/jonathanlurie/bcedf6153a33ec64ab0f7c45e4e6fb70
  const controls = new THREE.OrbitControls(camera, renderer.domElement);
  controls.rotateSpeed = 0.25;
  controls.enableDamping = true;
  controls.dampingFactor = 0.05;
  controls.screenSpacePanning = false;
  controls.minDistance = 10;
  controls.maxDistance = 12;
  controls.maxPolarAngle = Math.PI / 2;

  const game = new Game(scene, camera);

  function animate() {
    requestAnimationFrame(animate);
    game.update();
    renderer.render(scene, camera);
  }

  animate();

  window.addEventListener("resize", onResize, false);

  function onResize() {
    camera.aspect = window.innerWidth / window.innerHeight;
    camera.updateProjectionMatrix();
    renderer.setSize(window.innerWidth, window.innerHeight);
  }
};
```

# DEVELOPMENT

## game.js

```
class Game {
  constructor(scene, camera) {
    this.speed = 20;
    this._initializeScene(scene, camera, false);

    this.scene = scene;
    this.camera = camera;

    //initial vars in the game
    this.health = 50;
    this.score = 0;

    this.healthHTML = document.getElementById("health");
    this.scoreHTML = document.getElementById("score");

    this.running = false;

    this.gameover = document.getElementById("gameover");
    this.finalscore = document.getElementById("finalscore");

    //start the game
    document.getElementById("start_button").onclick = () => {
      this.running = true;
      document.getElementById("initial_page").style.display = "none";
    };

    //levelling up the game
    this.firstLevel = true;
    this.distanceOnLevel = 0;

    this.levelUp = document.getElementById("levelUp");

    //restart the game
    document.getElementById("replay_button").onclick = () => {
      document.location.reload(true);
    };

    //input event
    //https://threejs.org/docs/#api/en/animation/PropertyBinding
    document.addEventListener("keydown", this._onDocumentKeyDown.bind(this));
  }
}
```

```
//animate(), called in main.js
update() {
  if (this.running) {
    //in every animation time is increased and works as a method to make the sensation of the field moving
    this.time += this.clock.getDelta();

    //sensation of move field
    this._moveField();

    //check if player collided with any obstacle or life
    this._checkCollision();

    //score
    this._distanceCovered();

    //check if time to appear the message that the level will increase
    this._checkBiggerLevel();

    //display message that the level will increase
    if (this.levelUp.style.display === "grid") {
      setTimeout(() => {
        this.levelUp.style.display = "none";
      }, 1000);
    }
  }
}

// all of this code to create the grid field (infinite) was taken from : https://stackoverflow.com/questions/51470369/ti
createField(scene) {
  var division = 20;
  var limit = 100;

  this.grid = new THREE.GridHelper(limit * 2, division, "blue", "blue");

  var moveable = [];
  for (let i = 0; i <= division; i++) {
    moveable.push(1, 1, 0, 0); // move horizontal lines only (1 - point is moveable)
  }
  this.grid.geometry.addAttribute(
    "moveable",
    new THREE.BufferAttribute(new Uint8Array(moveable), 1)
  );
}
```

# DEVELOPMENT

index.html

## INFINITE RUNNER

START GAME

### CONTROLS



Move Player



Move Camera



Restart Camera



Restart Game

## Game Over

Score:1293

RESTART GAME

### Clone Information

Distance Covered

1004

Player's Health

50

## LEVEL UP!



# DEVELOPMENT

## Major Difficulties

Make the field and give it the sensation of it moving

Make the objects collide with the player



# CONCLUSION

Three.js is not a game engine (and never will be).  
However I find it to be in a really sweet spot of abstraction where you can build one on top of it.

Three.js is a good documented framework that has a lot of example code in the web.

# REFERENCES

## Books

- Learning Three.js - the JavaScript 3D Library for WebGL

## Sites

- <https://gameprogrammingpatterns.com/object-pool.html>
- <https://threejs.org/>
- <https://threejs.org/docs/#api/en/animation/PropertyBinding>
- <https://threejs.org/docs/#api/en/extras/core/Shape>
- <https://stackoverflow.com/questions/51470309/three-js-and-infinite-forward-grid-movement>