## **Installing your Oracle Software**

#### **Objectives**

After completing this lesson, you should be able to:

- Describe your role as a database administrator (DBA) and explain typical tasks and tools
- Plan an Oracle software installation
- Install Oracle Grid Infrastructure for a standalone server
- Install the Oracle database software

#### Tasks of an Oracle Database Administrator

The approach for designing, implementing, and maintaining an Oracle database involves the following tasks:

- 1. Evaluating the database server hardware
- 2. Installing the Oracle software
- 3. Planning the database and security strategy
- 4. Creating, migrating, and opening the database
- 5. Backing up the database
- Enrolling system users and planning for their Oracle Network access
- 7. Implementing the database design
- 8. Recovering from database failure
- 9. Monitoring database performance



## Tools for Administering an Oracle Database

- Oracle Universal Installer
- Database Configuration Assistant
- Database Upgrade Assistant
- Oracle Net Manager
- Oracle Net Configuration Assistant
- Oracle Enterprise Manager
- Server Control Utility
- SQL\*Plus
- Recovery Manager
- Data Pump
- SQL\*Loader

#### **Planning Your Installation**

- What Oracle software are you installing?
- Does the hardware involved meet the minimum required specifications?
- Is there a recommended order of installation when multiple products are involved?
- Are there prerequisite steps that must be performed by someone other than the DBA?



# Oracle Grid Infrastructure and Oracle Database Installation: System Requirements

- Memory requirements:
  - 1 GB for the database instance with Oracle Enterprise Manager Database Control
  - 1.5 GB for the ASM instance and Oracle Restart
- Disk space requirements:
  - 3 GB of swap space (based on 2 GB RAM)
  - 1 GB of disk space in the /tmp directory
  - 3.8 GB for the Oracle Database software
  - 4.5 GB for the Grid Infrastructure software
  - 1.7 GB for the preconfigured database (optional)
  - 3.4 GB for the fast recovery area (optional)
- Operating system (see documentation)



#### **Preparing the Operating System**

Create the required operating system users and groups:

- Groups:
  - oinstall
  - dba
  - Optional groups (if doing separation of duty across multiple users):
    - oper
    - asmdba
    - asmoper
    - asmadmin
- Users:
  - Software owner, usually oracle
  - Can create multiple users for multiple product installations

#### **Setting Environment Variables**

#### Oracle environment variables:

- ORACLE\_BASE: Base of the Oracle directory structure.
   Recommended to set this before installation.
- ORACLE\_HOME: The environment in which Oracle products run. Not required before installation if ORACLE\_BASE is set.
- ORACLE\_SID: Not required before installation, but useful afterwards for ease of interaction with a particular instance
- NLS\_LANG: Optional environment variable that controls language, territory, and client character set settings

#### **Checking the System Requirements**

- Adequate temporary space
- 64-bit versus
- 32-bit issues

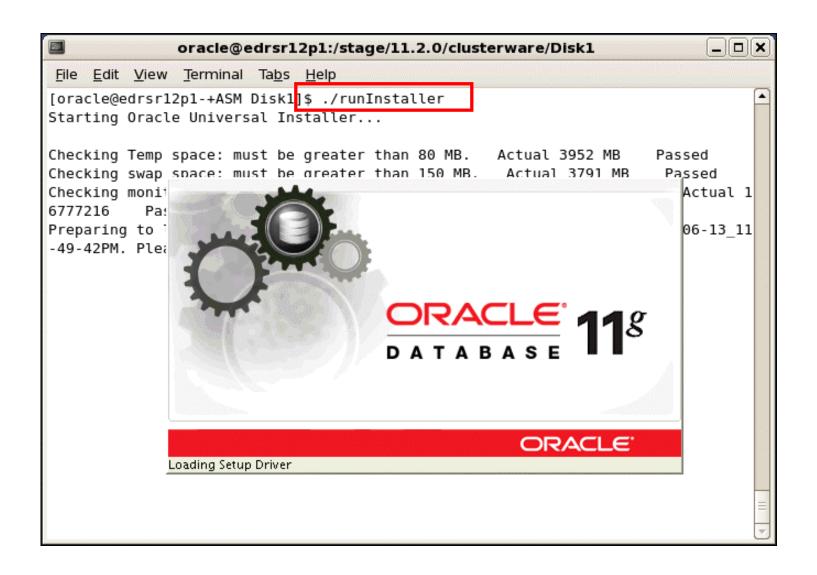
[oracle@edrsr12p1-+ASM Disk1]\$ ./runInstaller
Starting Oracle Universal Installer...

Checking Temp space: must be greater than 80 MB. Actual 15067 MB Passed Checking swap space: must be greater than 150 MB. Actual 4000 MB Passed Checking monitor: must be configured to display at least 256 colors. Actual 6 5536 Passed

Preparing to launch Oracle Universal Installer from /tmp/OraInstall2009-05-15\_12 -04-10AM. Please wait ...

- Correct operating system (OS)
- OS patch level
- System packages
- System and kernel parameters
- X Server permissions
- Sufficient swapping
- ORACLE\_HOME status

#### **Oracle Universal Installer (OUI)**

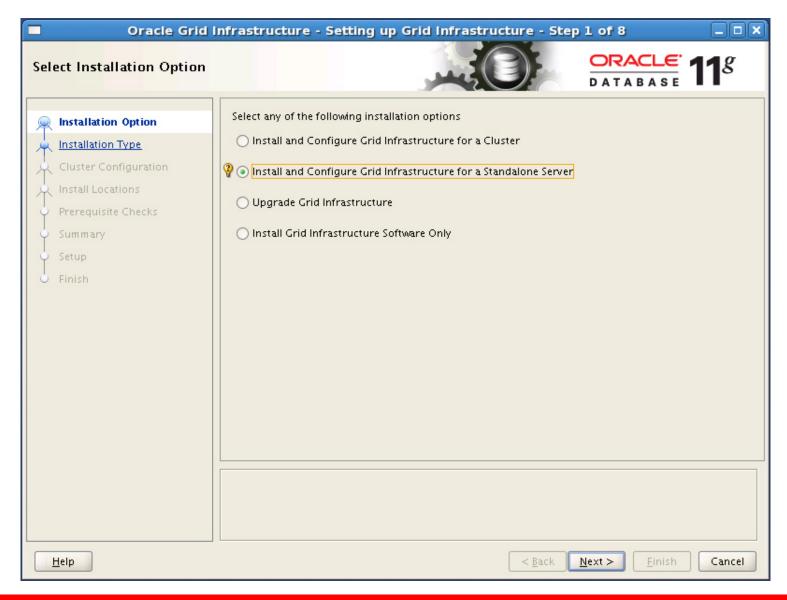


#### **Example: Installation Scenario**

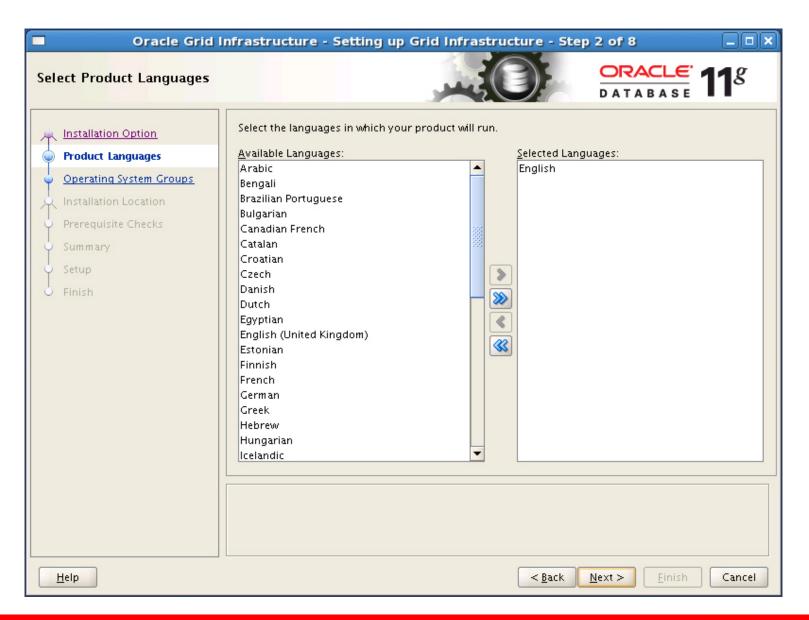
The installation scenario being presented in this lesson is divided into two parts:

- Part One: Install Oracle Grid Infrastructure for standalone server
- Part Two: Install Oracle Database software

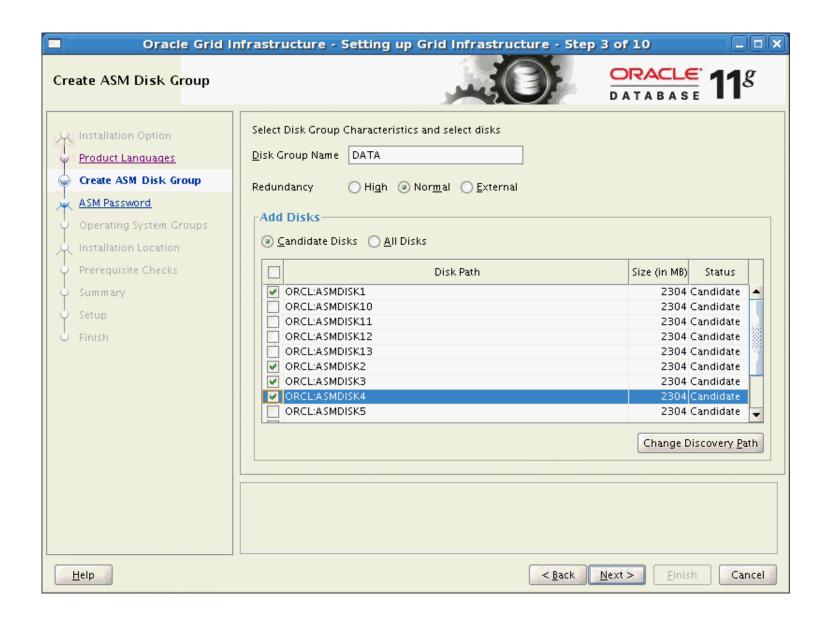
## Part One: Installing the Oracle Grid Infrastructure for Standalone Server



#### **Selecting Product Languages**



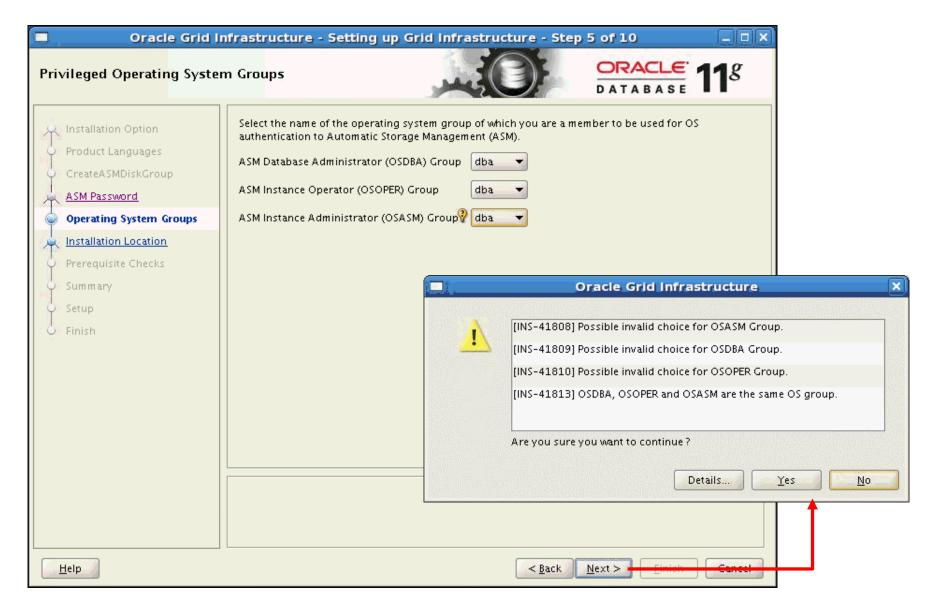
#### **Creating an ASM Disk Group**



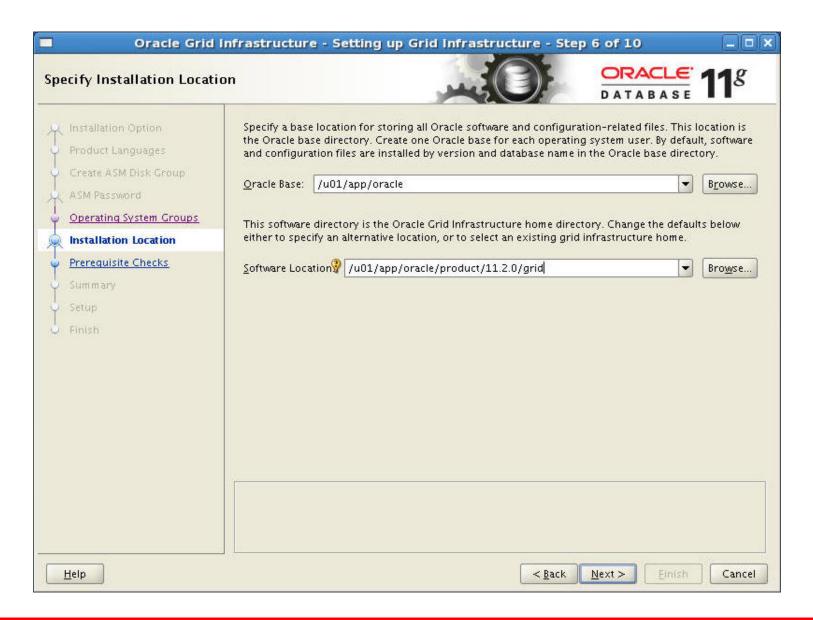
## **Defining ASM Passwords**

| ■ Oracle Grid Infrastructure - Setting up Grid Infrastructure - Step 4 of 10 |   |                             |  |                        |
|--|---|-----------------------------|--|------------------------|
| Specify ASM Password   |   | 4                           | DATABASE                                     | <b>11</b> <sup>g</sup> |
| Installation Option Product Languages  | The new Automatic Storage Management (ASM) instance requires its own SYS user with SYSASM privileges for administration. Oracle recommends that you create a less privileged ASMSNMP user with SYSDBA privileges to monitor the ASM instance. |                             |  |                        |
| <u>CreateASMDiskGroup</u>  | Specify the password for these user accounts.   |                             |  |                        |
| ASM Password   | Use different passwords for these accounts  |                             |  |                        |
| Operating System Groups  |   |                             |  |                        |
| Installation Location  |   | Password                    | Confirm Password                             |                        |
| Prerequisite Checks  | SYS   | ****                        | *****  |                        |
| Summary  | ASMSNMP   | *****                       | *****  |                        |
| Setup  |   |                             |  |                        |
| Finish   | O Use same p  | asswords for these accounts |  |                        |
|  | Specify Pa  | ssword:                     | Confirm Password:                            |                        |
| <u>H</u> elp   |   |                             | < <u>B</u> ack <u>N</u> ext > <u>F</u> inish | Cancel                 |

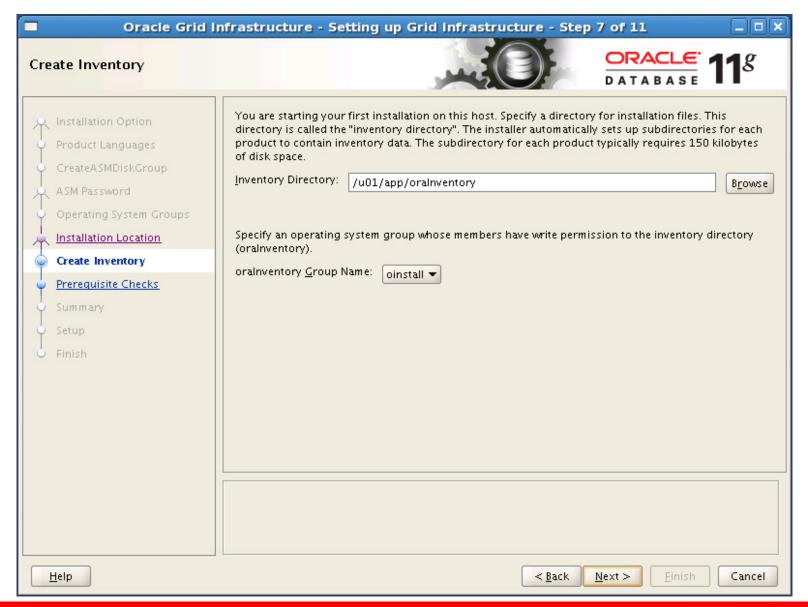
## **Defining Privileged Operating System Groups**



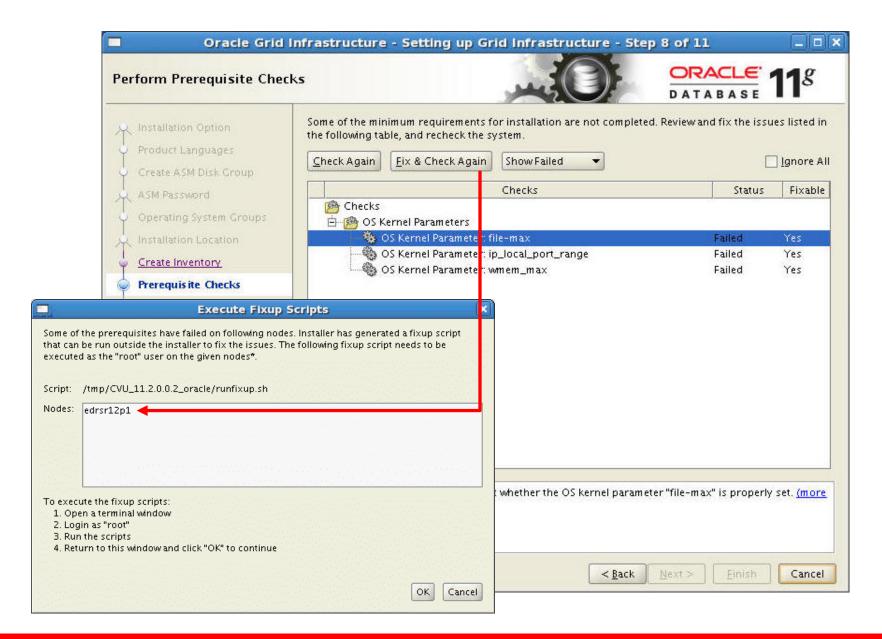
#### **Specifying Installation Location**



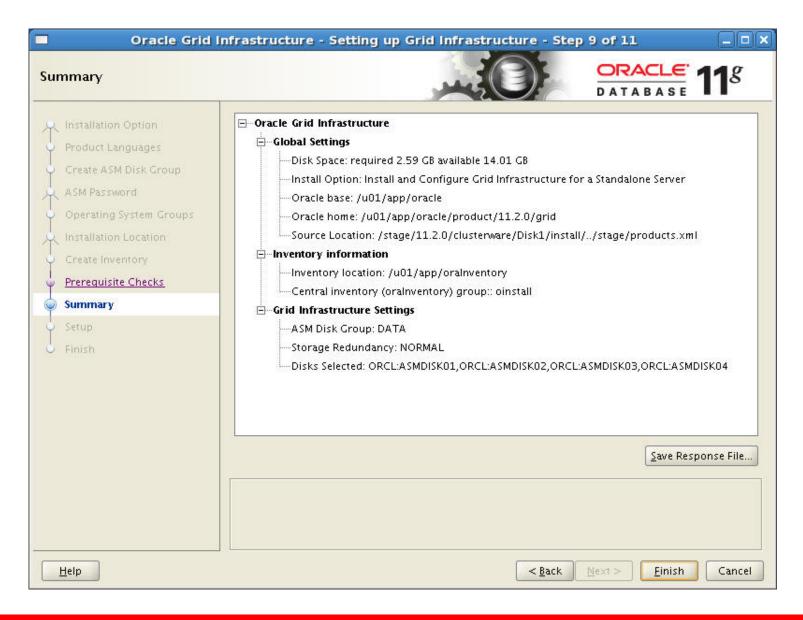
#### **Creating Inventory**



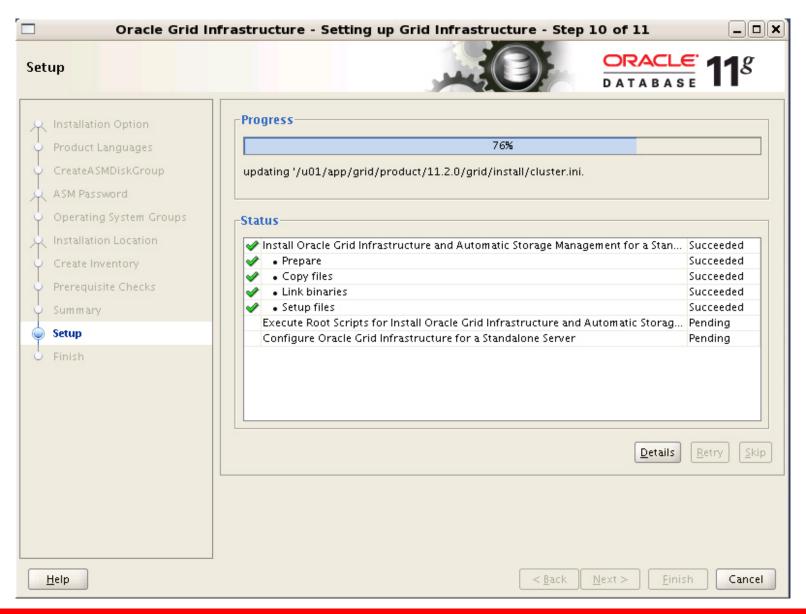
## **Performing Prerequisite Checks**



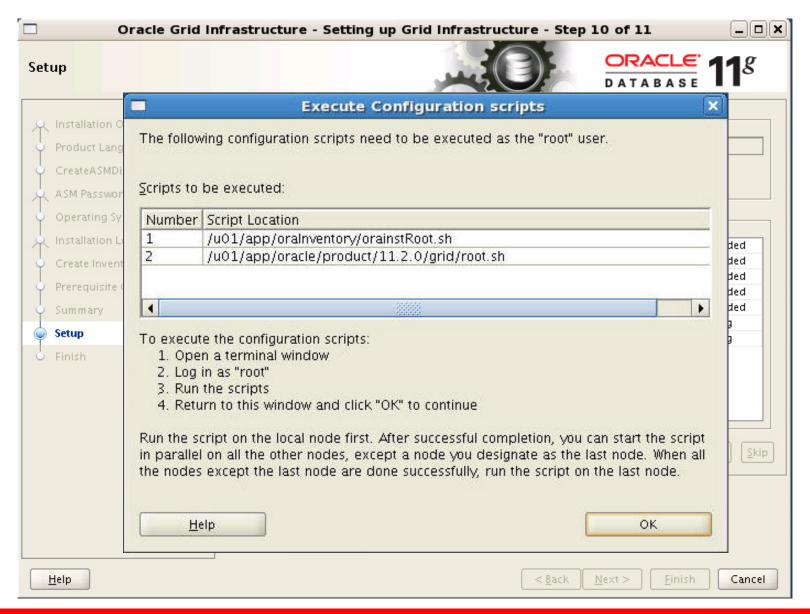
#### **Verifying Installation Summary Data**



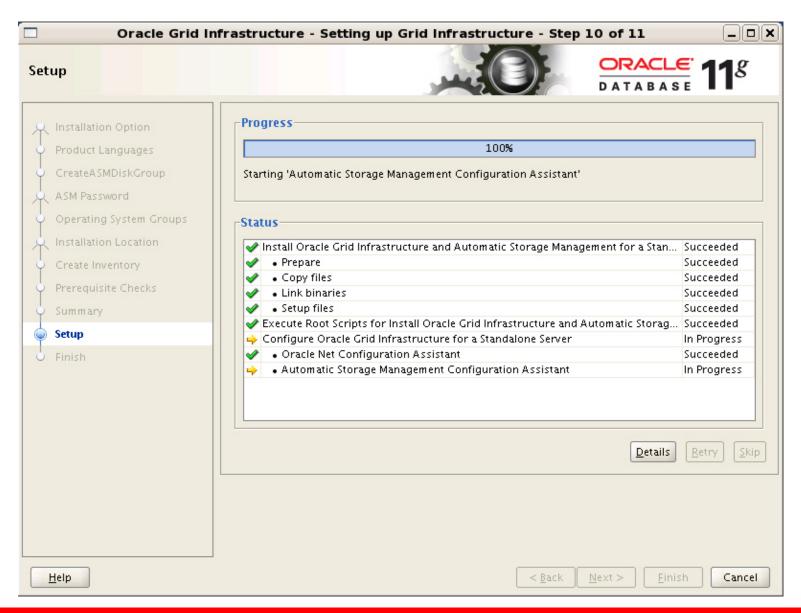
#### **Monitoring Installation Progress**



#### **Executing root Configuration Scripts**



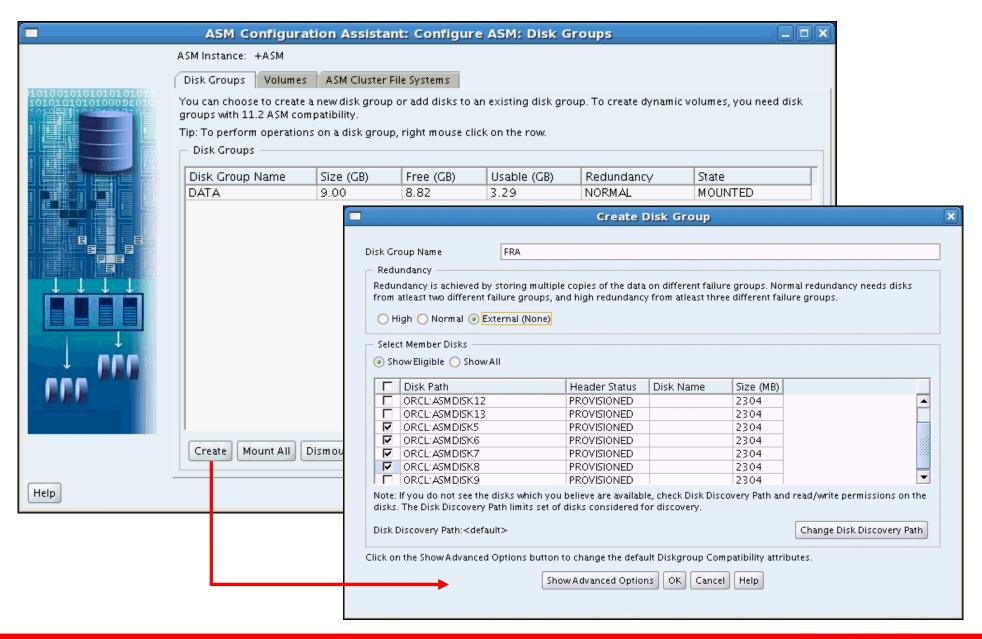
## **Executing Configuration Assistants**



## **Finishing Installation**



#### Configuring the FRA Disk Group



#### Quiz

The universal installer performs all required configuration for installing Oracle software.

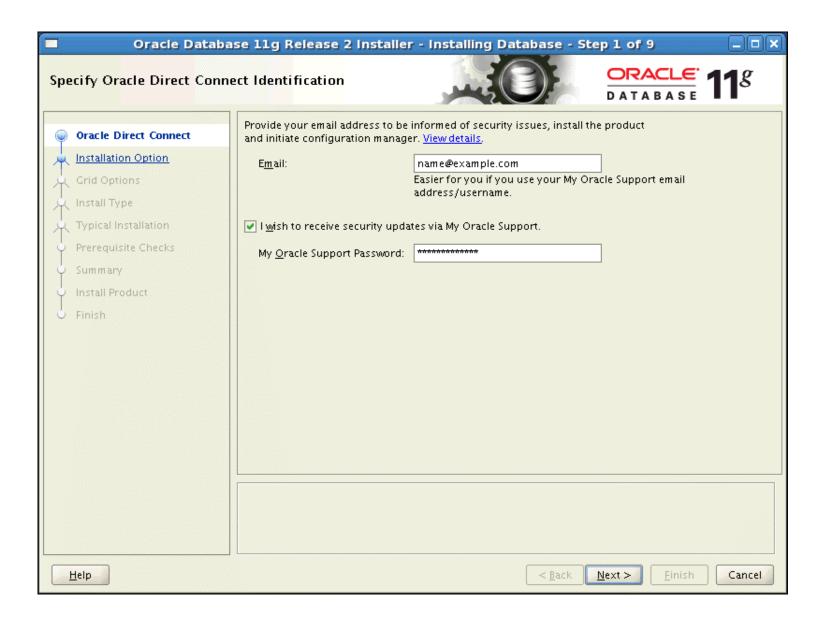
- 1. True
- 2. False

#### Quiz

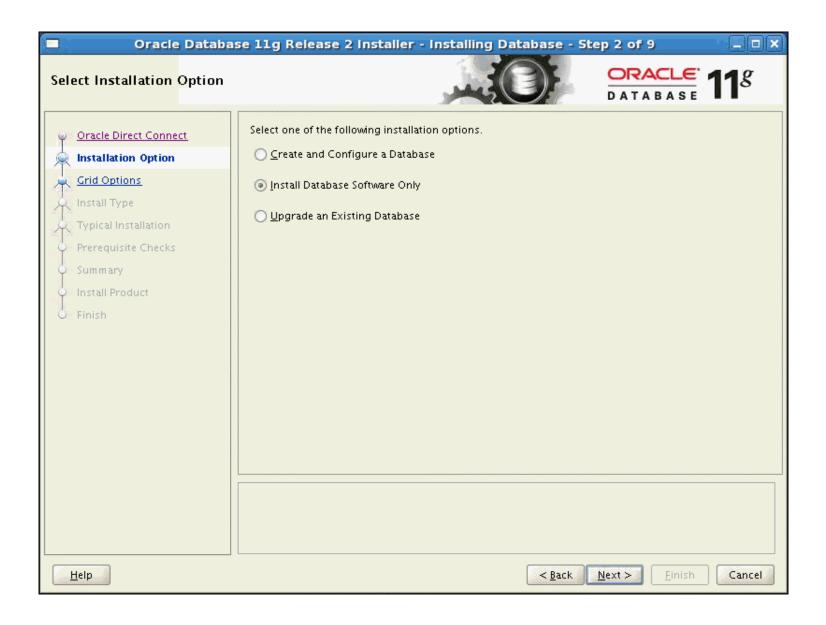
During Grid infrastructure setup it is a possible to:

- 1. Specify exact location of datafiles for ASM instance
- 2. Create only one DISKGROUP
- 3. Specify size of SGA for ASM instance
- 4. Create several DISKGROUPS

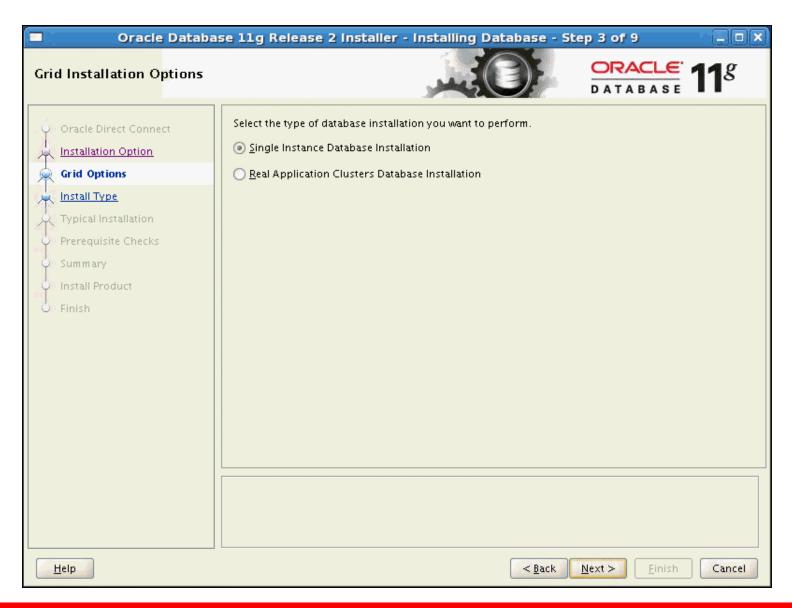
#### Part Two: Installing the Oracle Database Software



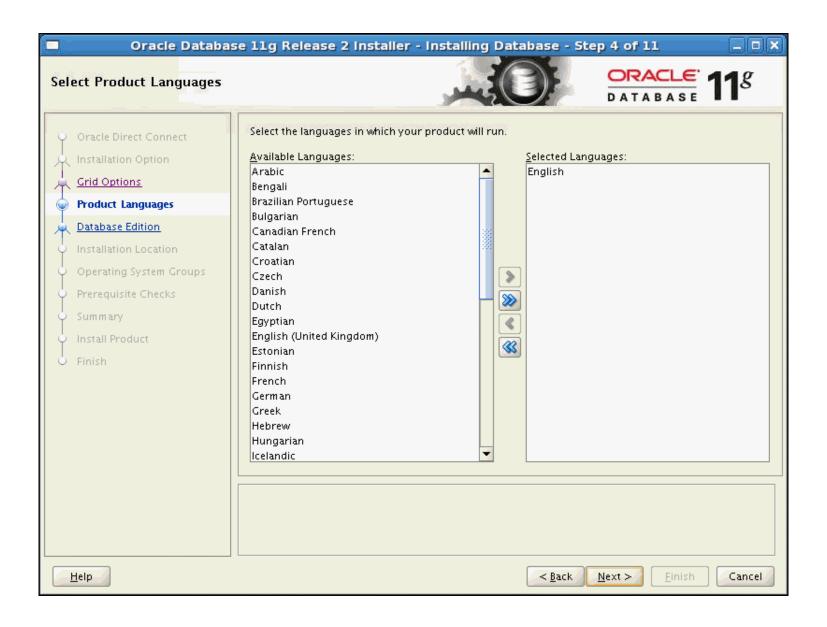
## **Choosing the Type of Installation**



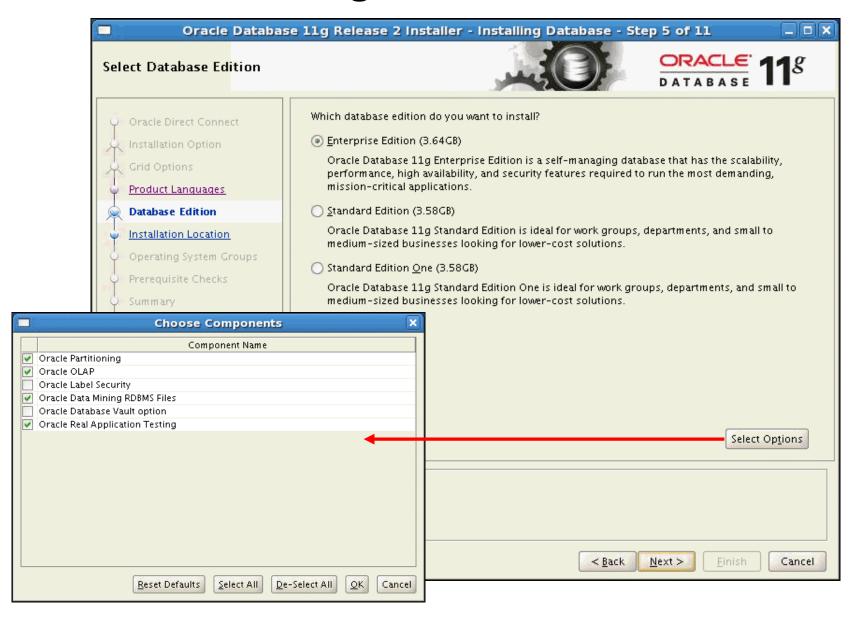
#### **Choosing Grid Installation Options**



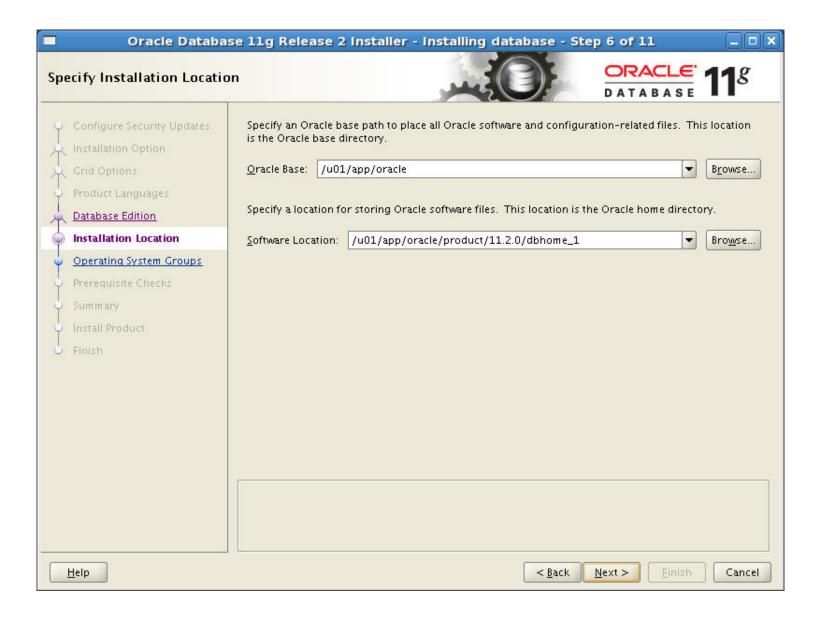
## **Choosing Language Settings**



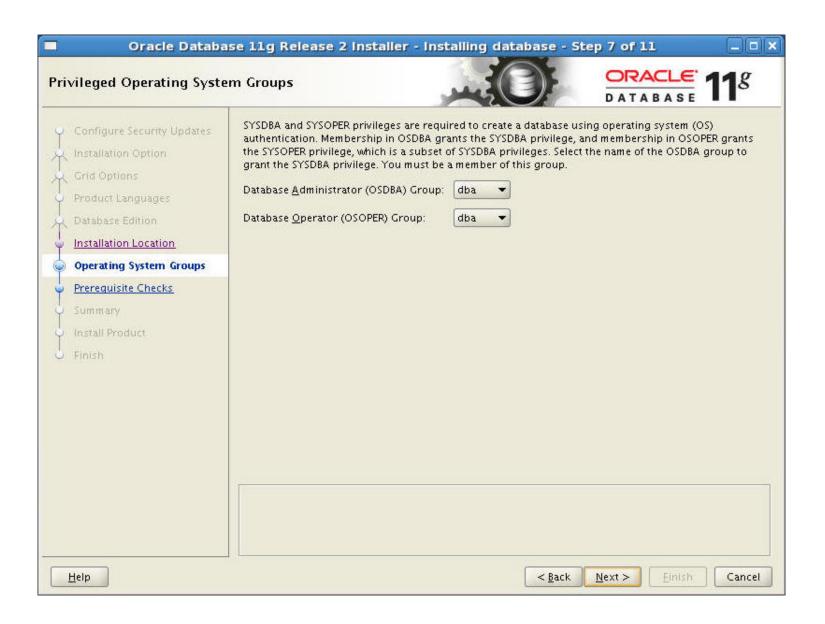
#### **Choosing the Database Edition**



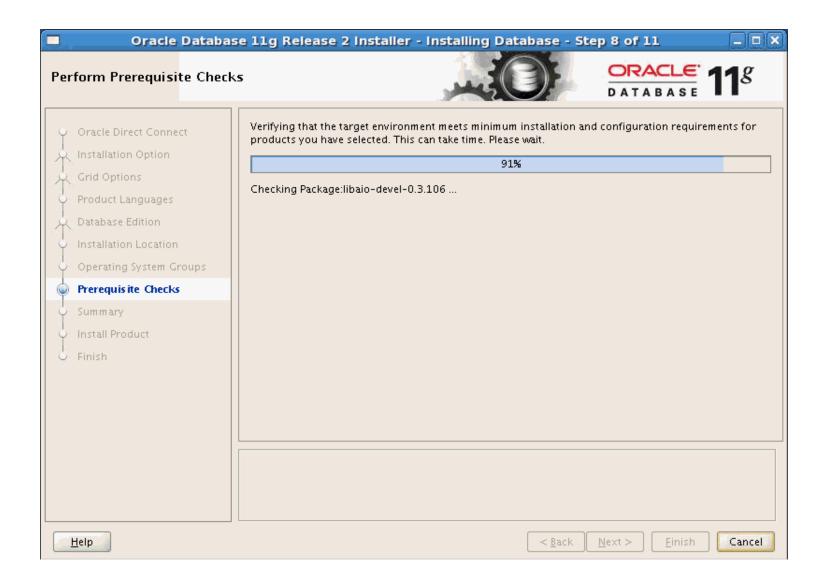
#### **Specifying Installation Location**



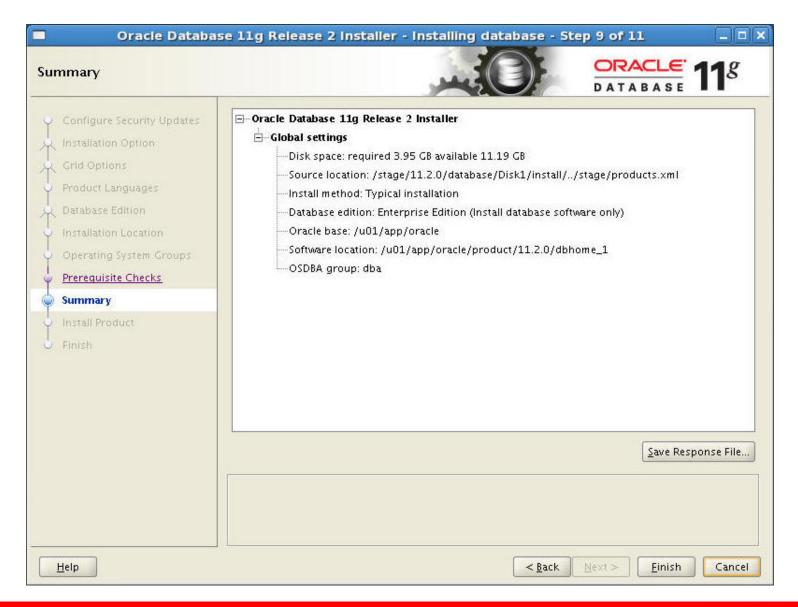
#### **Choosing Operating System Groups**



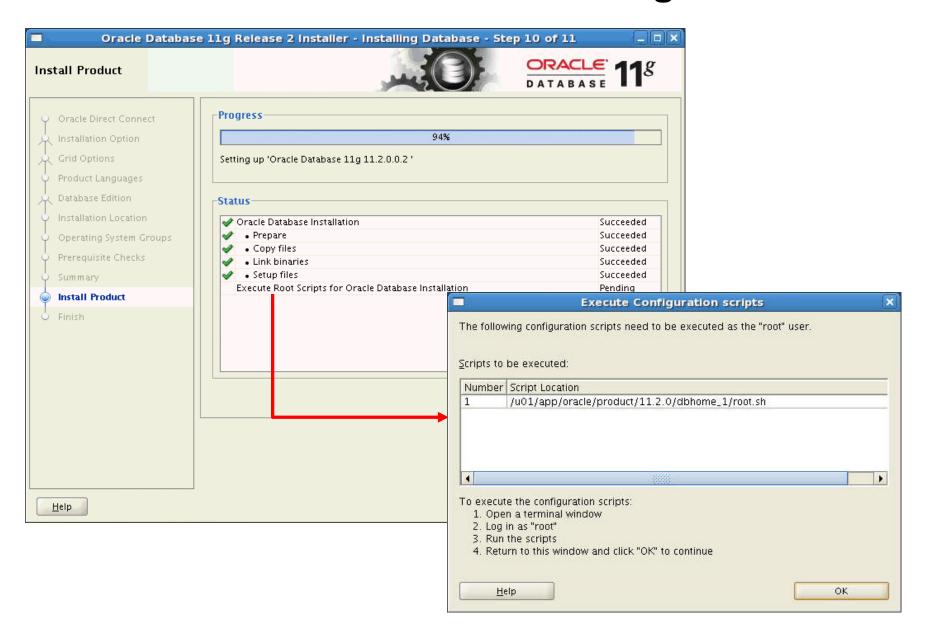
#### **Performing Prerequisite Checks**



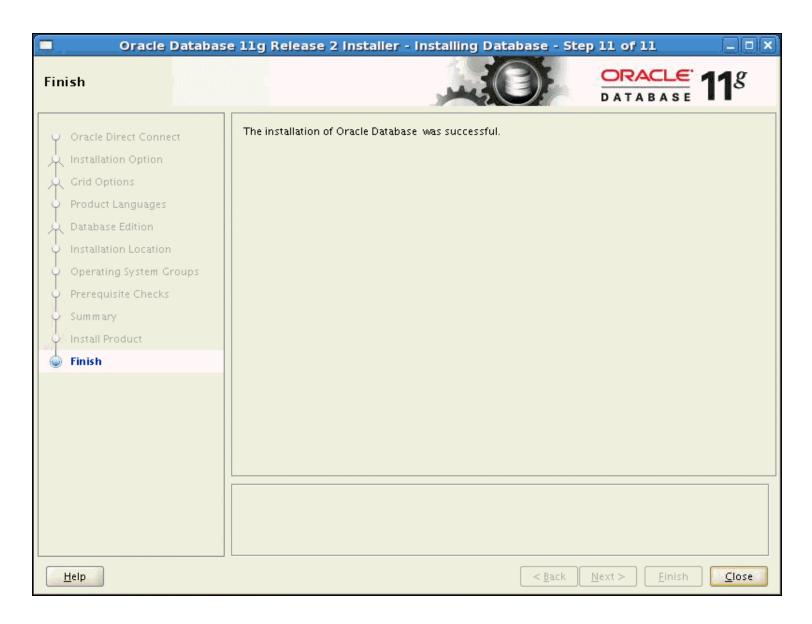
#### **Installation Summary Page**



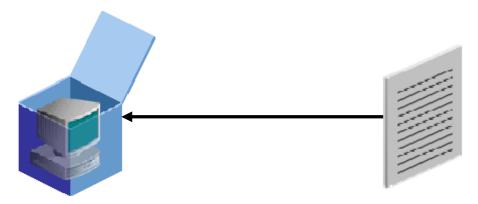
#### The Install Product Page



#### **Installation Finished**



#### **Installation Option: Silent Mode**



To install and configure Oracle products with OUI in silent mode, perform the following steps:

- 1. Prepare a response file:
  - Using one of the file templates that are delivered with the Oracle software
  - By recording a response file during an installation process using the OUI by clicking Save Response File on the summary page
- 2. Run OUI in silent or suppressed mode.
  - ./runInstaller -silent -responsefile <filename>
    If required, run NetCA and the DBCA in silent mode.

#### Quiz

#### A response file is:

- A binary file that can be edited using a binary editing program
- 2. A binary file that can be created by the installer program
- A text file that cannot be edited, but can be created by the installer program
- 4. A text file that can be edited with a text editor

#### Quiz

During Database software installation you can specify groups for:

- 1. the osoper group
- 2. the osasm group
- 3. the osdba group
- 4. the osadmin group

#### **Summary**

In this lesson, you should have learned how to:

- Describe your role as a database administrator (DBA) and explain typical tasks and tools
- Plan an Oracle software installation
- Install Oracle Grid Infrastructure for a standalone server
- Install the Oracle database software

# Practice 2 Overview: Preparing the Database Environment

This practice covers installing the Oracle software by using Oracle Universal Installer.

Note: Completing this practice is critical for all subsequent practices.