

## **Art of Problem Solving** 1994 Balkan MO

## Balkan MO 1994

_	May 10th
1	An acute angle $XAY$ and a point $P$ inside the angle are given. Construct (using a ruler and a compass) a line that passes through $P$ and intersects the rays $AX$ and $AY$ at $B$ and $C$ such that the area of the triangle $ABC$ equals $AP^2$ .
	Greece
2	Let $n$ be an integer. Prove that the polynomial $f(x)$ has at most one zero, where
	$f(x) = x^4 - 1994x^3 + (1993 + n)x^2 - 11x + n.$
	Greece
3	Let $a_1, a_2, \ldots, a_n$ be a permutation of the numbers $1, 2, \ldots, n$ , with $n \geq 2$ . Determine the largest possible value of the sum
	$S(n) =  a_2 - a_1  +  a_3 - a_2  + \dots +  a_n - a_{n-1} .$
	Romania
4	Find the smallest number $n \geq 5$ for which there can exist a set of $n$ people, such that any two people who are acquainted have no common acquaintances, and any two people who are not acquainted have exactly two common acquaintances. Bulgaria

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