PRODUCT INFORMATION



L-(-)-Sorbose

Item No. 26812

CAS Registry No.: 87-79-6 Formal Name: L-sorbose NSC 97195 Synonym: MF: $C_6H_{12}O_6$ FW: 180.2 **Purity:** ≥95%

Supplied as: A crystalline solid

Storage: -20°C Stability: ≥4 years

Information represents the product specifications. Batch specific analytical results are provided on each certificate of analysis.

Laboratory Procedures

L-(-)-Sorbose is supplied as a crystalline solid. A stock solution may be made by dissolving the L-(-)-sorbose in the solvent of choice, which should be purged with an inert gas. L-(-)-Sorbose is soluble in organic solvents such as ethanol, DMSO, and dimethyl formamide. The solubility of L-(-)-sorbose in these solvents is approximately 0.3, 30, and 20 mg/ml, respectively.

Further dilutions of the stock solution into aqueous buffers or isotonic saline should be made prior to performing biological experiments. Ensure that the residual amount of organic solvent is insignificant, since organic solvents may have physiological effects at low concentrations. Organic solvent-free aqueous solutions of L-(-)-sorbose can be prepared by directly dissolving the crystalline solid in aqueous buffers. The solubility of L-(-)-sorbose in PBS, pH 7.2, is approximately 10 mg/ml. We do not recommend storing the aqueous solution for more than one day.

Description

L-(-)-Sorbose is a monosaccharide and an intermediate in the biosynthesis of L-ascorbic acid (Item No. 14656) in bacteria. 1,2 It is formed via dehydrogenation of D-sorbitol by D-sorbitol dehydrogenase (SLDH).² L-(-)-Sorbose has commonly been used as a starting material in the commercial biosynthesis of L-ascorbic acid.

References

- 1. Kang, J.-P., Kim, Y.-J., Nguyen, N.-L., et al. Phycicoccus ginsengisoli sp. nov., isolated from cultivated ginseng soil. Int. J. Syst. Evol. Microbiol. 66(12), 5320-5327 (2016).
- 2. Saito, Y., Ishii, Y., Hayashi, H., et al. Cloning of genes coding for L-sorbose and L-sorbosone dehydrogenases from Gluconobacter oxydans and microbial production of 2-keto-L-gulonate, a precursor of L-ascorbic acid, in a recombinant G. oxydans strain. Appl. Environ. Microbiol. 63(2), 454-460 (1997).

WARNING
THIS PRODUCT IS FOR RESEARCH ONLY - NOT FOR HUMAN OR VETERINARY DIAGNOSTIC OR THERAPEUTIC USE.

This material should be considered hazardous until further information becomes available. Do not ingest, inhale, get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing. Wash thoroughly after handling. Before use, the user must review the complete Safety Data Sheet, which has been sent via email to your institution.

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