Track\_hw1

Generated by Doxygen 1.8.17

# **Chapter 1**

# File Index

# 1.1 File List

Here is a list of all files with brief descriptions:

Const_Typ	oe.	h			 										 								 	 	. ?'
functions.d	0				 										 								 	 	. ?'
Functions.	.h				 					 					 								 	 	. ?'
hw1.c .					 										 								 	 	. ?'
test.c .					 										 								 	 	. ?'
Test.h .					 					 					 								 	 	. ?'

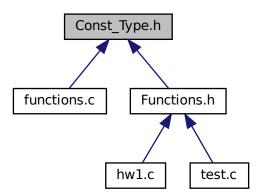
2 File Index

# Chapter 2

# **File Documentation**

# 2.1 Const\_Type.h File Reference

This graph shows which files directly or indirectly include this file:



# **Typedefs**

• typedef enum Bool Bool

## **Enumerations**

• enum Bool { FALSE, TRUE }

## **Variables**

• const int SS\_INF\_ROOTS

# 2.1.1 Typedef Documentation

#### 2.1.1.1 Bool

typedef enum Bool Bool

# 2.1.2 Enumeration Type Documentation

### 2.1.2.1 Bool

enum Bool

#### Enumerator

FALSE	
TRUE	

## 2.1.3 Variable Documentation

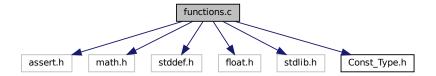
# 2.1.3.1 SS\_INF\_ROOTS

const int SS\_INF\_ROOTS

# 2.2 functions.c File Reference

```
#include <assert.h>
#include <math.h>
#include <stddef.h>
#include <float.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
```

#include "Const\_Type.h"
Include dependency graph for functions.c:



#### **Functions**

• double checkDoubleOverflow (double d1, double d2, int x)

Check for correctness of the result of multiplying two double numbers.

• Bool EqualZero (double d)

Checks that a floating point number is zero.

• Bool EqualDouble (double d1, double d2)

Checks that floating point numbers are equal.

• void LinSolve (double a, double b, double \*x1)

Solve a linear equation ax = b.

void nCheckDouble (double a, double b, double c, double \*x1, double \*x2)

Check the correctness of the entered data.

• int SquareSolve (double a, double b, double c, double \*x1, double \*x2)

Solve a quadratic equation ax  $^{\wedge}$  2 + bx + c = 0.

void Sort (double \*x1, double \*x2)

Sorts two variables. Puts a larger number in the first.

### **Variables**

const int SS\_INF\_ROOTS = -1

## 2.2.1 Function Documentation

## 2.2.1.1 checkDoubleOverflow()

```
double checkDoubleOverflow ( double d1, double d2, int x)
```

Check for correctness of the result of multiplying two double numbers.

### **Parameters**

	in	d1	is the first number.
ſ	in	d2	second number.
	in	Х	(optional) the number by which to multiply the result of the multiplication.

## Returns

res result of multiplication: res = x \* d1 \* d2.

## 2.2.1.2 EqualDouble()

```
Bool EqualDouble ( \label{eq:double d1, double d2, double d2}
```

Checks that floating point numbers are equal.

#### **Parameters**

in	d1	Number to check.
in	d2	The number to check.

### Returns

True / False if number is / is not equal to zero.

## 2.2.1.3 EqualZero()

```
Bool EqualZero ( \mbox{double } d \mbox{ )}
```

Checks that a floating point number is zero.

### **Parameters**

in d	The number to check.
------	----------------------

## Returns

True / False if number is / is not equal to zero.

## 2.2.1.4 LinSolve()

```
void LinSolve ( \label{eq:constraint} \mbox{double $a$,} \\ \mbox{double $b$,} \\ \mbox{double * $x1$ )}
```

Solve a linear equation ax = b.

#### **Parameters**

in	а	coefficient a.
in	b	coefficient b.
out	x1	Pointer to the first root.

### Returns

Void

#### Note

check for a! = 0 is enabled. When testing, the function sets

## 2.2.1.5 nCheckDouble()

Check the correctness of the entered data.

### **Parameters**

in	а	coefficient a.
in	b	coefficient b.
in	С	coefficient c.
out	x1	Pointer to the first root.
out	x2	Pointer to the second root.

## Returns

void function

### Note

Does not check data type out of bounds.

## 2.2.1.6 Sort()

```
void Sort ( \label{eq:condition} \operatorname{double} \ * \ x1, \operatorname{double} \ * \ x2 \ )
```

Sorts two variables. Puts a larger number in the first.

#### **Parameters**

in	x1	- pointer to the first variable
in	x2	- pointer to the first variable
out	x1	- large variable
out	x2	- smaller variable

#### Returns

void

## 2.2.1.7 SquareSolve()

Solve a quadratic equation ax  $^{\wedge}$  2 + bx + c = 0.

#### **Parameters**

in	а	coefficient a.
in	b	coefficient b.
in	С	coefficient c.
out	x1	Pointer to the first root.
out	x2	Pointer to the second root.

### Returns

Number of roots of the equation

#### Note

in cases where the equation has no roots returns SS\_INF\_ROOTS

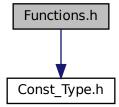
## 2.2.2 Variable Documentation

## 2.2.2.1 SS\_INF\_ROOTS

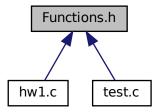
```
const int SS_INF_ROOTS = -1
```

# 2.3 Functions.h File Reference

#include "Const\_Type.h"
Include dependency graph for Functions.h:



This graph shows which files directly or indirectly include this file:



#### **Functions**

- double checkDoubleOverflow (double d1, double d2, int x)
  - Check for correctness of the result of multiplying two double numbers.
- void nCheckDouble (double a, double b, double c, double \*x1, double \*x2)
  - Check the correctness of the entered data.
- Bool EqualZero (double d)
  - Checks that a floating point number is zero.
- Bool EqualDouble (double d1, double d2)
  - Checks that floating point numbers are equal.

```
    void LinSolve (double a, double b, double *x1)
        Solve a linear equation ax = b.
    int SquareSolve (double a, double b, double c, double *x1, double *x2)
        Solve a quadratic equation ax ^ 2 + bx + c = 0.
    void Sort (double *x1, double *x2)
```

Sorts two variables. Puts a larger number in the first.

## 2.3.1 Function Documentation

## 2.3.1.1 checkDoubleOverflow()

```
double checkDoubleOverflow ( double d1, double d2, int x)
```

Check for correctness of the result of multiplying two double numbers.

#### **Parameters**

in	d1	is the first number.
in	d2	second number.
in	X	(optional) the number by which to multiply the result of the multiplication.

## Returns

res result of multiplication: res = x \* d1 \* d2.

### 2.3.1.2 EqualDouble()

```
Bool EqualDouble ( \label{eq:double d1, double d2, double d2}
```

Checks that floating point numbers are equal.

## **Parameters**

in	d1	Number to check.
in	d2	The number to check.

### Returns

True / False if number is / is not equal to zero.

## 2.3.1.3 EqualZero()

```
Bool EqualZero ( \mbox{double } d \mbox{ )} \label{eq:constraint}
```

Checks that a floating point number is zero.

#### **Parameters**

in	d	The number to check.
----	---	----------------------

#### Returns

True / False if number is / is not equal to zero.

## 2.3.1.4 LinSolve()

```
void LinSolve ( \label{eq:constraint} \mbox{double $a$,} \\ \mbox{double $b$,} \\ \mbox{double * $x1$ )}
```

Solve a linear equation ax = b.

#### **Parameters**

in	а	coefficient a.
in	b	coefficient b.
out	x1	Pointer to the first root.

#### Returns

Void

## Note

check for a! = 0 is enabled. When testing, the function sets

## 2.3.1.5 nCheckDouble()

Check the correctness of the entered data.

### **Parameters**

in	а	coefficient a.
in	b	coefficient b.
in	С	coefficient c.
out	x1	Pointer to the first root.
out	x2	Pointer to the second root.

#### Returns

void function

## Note

Does not check data type out of bounds.

## 2.3.1.6 Sort()

```
void Sort ( \label{eq:condition} \mbox{double} \, * \, x1, \\ \mbox{double} \, * \, x2 \; )
```

Sorts two variables. Puts a larger number in the first.

## **Parameters**

in	x1	- pointer to the first variable
in	x2	- pointer to the first variable
out	x1	- large variable
out	x2	- smaller variable

## Returns

void

2.4 hw1.c File Reference

## 2.3.1.7 SquareSolve()

Solve a quadratic equation ax  $^{\land}$  2 + bx + c = 0.

#### **Parameters**

in	а	coefficient a.
in	b	coefficient b.
in	С	coefficient c.
out	x1	Pointer to the first root.
out	x2	Pointer to the second root.

#### Returns

Number of roots of the equation

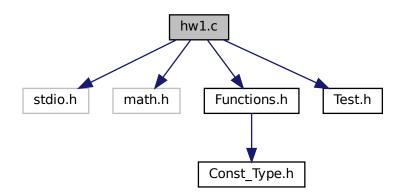
#### Note

in cases where the equation has no roots returns SS\_INF\_ROOTS

# 2.4 hw1.c File Reference

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <math.h>
#include "Functions.h"
#include "Test.h"
```

Include dependency graph for hw1.c:



## **Functions**

• int main ()

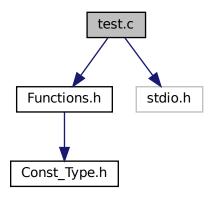
### 2.4.1 Function Documentation

## 2.4.1.1 main()

int main ( )

## 2.5 test.c File Reference

```
#include "Functions.h"
#include <stdio.h>
Include dependency graph for test.c:
```



#### **Functions**

- void Unit\_LinSolve (double a, double b, double correct\_value, int line)
   Tests the LinSolve function solution ax + b = 0.
- void Unit\_SquareSolve\_roots\_exist (double a, double b, double c, double correct\_root1, double correct\_root2, int correct\_n, int line)

Tests the SquareSolve function - solution ax  $^{\wedge}$  2 + bx + c = 0 if there is at least one root.

• void Unit\_SquareSolve\_roots\_no\_exist (double a, double b, double c, int correct\_n, int line)

Tests the SquareSolve function - the solution ax  $^{\wedge}$  2 + bx + c = 0, if there are no roots or it is any number.

- void Unit\_EqualZero (double d, Bool correct\_equal, int line)
- void test\_LinSolve ()

Tests the LinSolve function - solution ax + b = 0.

void test\_SquareSolve ()

Tests the SquareSolve function - solution ax  $^{\wedge}$  2 + bx + c = 0.

void Test\_EqualZero ()

2.5 test.c File Reference

## 2.5.1 Function Documentation

### 2.5.1.1 Test\_EqualZero()

```
void Test_EqualZero ( )
```

### 2.5.1.2 test\_LinSolve()

```
void test_LinSolve ( )
```

Tests the LinSolve function - solution ax + b = 0.

Returns

Void

Note

Calls Unit\_LinSolve multiple times.

## 2.5.1.3 test\_SquareSolve()

```
void test_SquareSolve ( )
```

Tests the SquareSolve function - solution ax  $^{\wedge}$  2 + bx + c = 0.

Returns

void

Note

The function calls Unit\_SquareSolve several times

## 2.5.1.4 Unit\_EqualZero()

## 2.5.1.5 Unit\_LinSolve()

Tests the LinSolve function - solution ax + b = 0.

### **Parameters**

in	а	coefficient a.
in	b	coefficient b.
in	correct_value	is the correct function value.
in	line	- line number with error.

### Returns

Void

## Note

Validation checks are made before, a! = 0 whenever the function is called.

## 2.5.1.6 Unit\_SquareSolve\_roots\_exist()

Tests the SquareSolve function - solution ax  $^{\wedge}$  2 + bx + c = 0 if there is at least one root.

## **Parameters**

in	а	coefficient a.
in	b	coefficient b.
in	С	coefficient c.
in	correct_root1	is the first correct root.
in	correct_root2	second correct root.
in	correct_n	number of roots.
in	line	- line number with error.

## Returns

Void

### Note

The function passed the validation against the data entered earlier. If the roots are the same, then it is necessary to put in the two variables are the same root.

2.6 Test.h File Reference

# 2.5.1.7 Unit\_SquareSolve\_roots\_no\_exist()

Tests the SquareSolve function - the solution ax  $^{\wedge}$  2 + bx + c = 0, if there are no roots or it is any number.

#### **Parameters**

in	а	coefficient a.
in	b	coefficient b.
in	С	coefficient c.
in	correct←	number of roots.
	_n	
in	line	- line number with error.

#### Returns

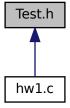
Void

#### Note

The function passed the validation against the data entered earlier. If the roots are the same, then it is necessary to put in the two variables are the same root.

## 2.6 Test.h File Reference

This graph shows which files directly or indirectly include this file:



## **Functions**

```
• void test_LinSolve ()
```

Tests the LinSolve function - solution ax + b = 0.

• void test\_SquareSolve ()

Tests the SquareSolve function - solution ax  $^{\wedge}$  2 + bx + c = 0.

void Test\_EqualZero ()

## 2.6.1 Function Documentation

## 2.6.1.1 Test\_EqualZero()

```
void Test_EqualZero ( )
```

## 2.6.1.2 test\_LinSolve()

```
void test_LinSolve ( )
```

Tests the LinSolve function - solution ax + b = 0.

Returns

Void

Note

Calls Unit\_LinSolve multiple times.

## 2.6.1.3 test\_SquareSolve()

```
void test_SquareSolve ( )
```

Tests the SquareSolve function - solution ax  $^{\wedge}$  2 + bx + c = 0.

Returns

void

Note

The function calls Unit\_SquareSolve several times