Monday, 20 February 2023 Sequential Probability ratio test (SPRT)

Myers ecro 2 benjopa peraveu

Mr 15 - breune po noverweu M2 = 20

Продпает коробка с ретальнии. Мушно опререлить, от какого они ветрора. 1 petrobanus :

1) Li = 0.01, i.e. eau l'enpop A, TO P. TO TOO, TO US Chancelle B & 0.01

2) L2 = 0.05, 7. l. eau 370 lengop B, To b-75 1000, 20 wor cuanteur A ≤ 0.05

Torpa Hall Hymno 2 ietra (i.u. znaem, 200 M2>M1, 500 ognocorponime) 11 Due bengapa A

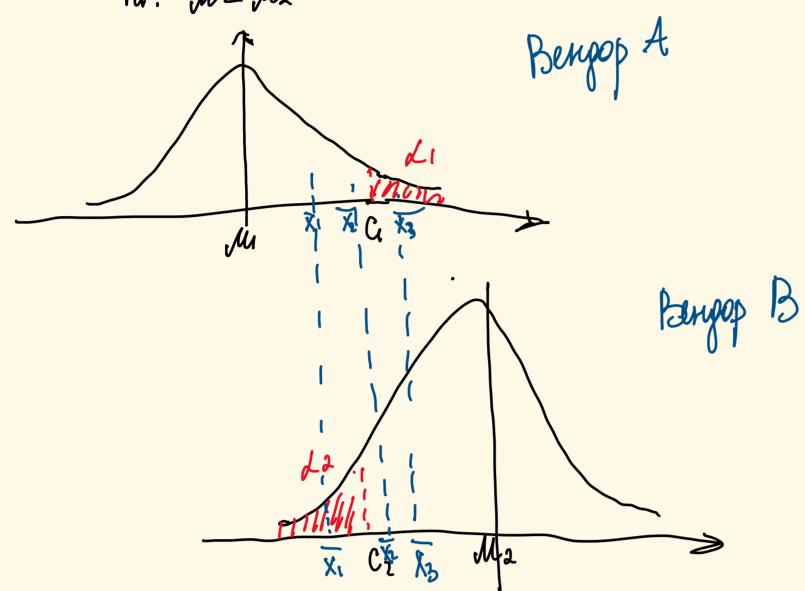
Mo: Mz Mi npu L= 0.01

Hi: M7M1

2) Due benjoga B

Ho: M=M2 C /2=0.05

Hi: M < Me



Due bengapa A bepna Ho => M= M Due bergopa B VI CC2 = > Bepria Hi; M < M2 bor: betigop A

A: Ho othepraen => bergoop B

3) A: Mo munumaun

=> re nouveu genate borbog. Dance posabuseu cennico B: Ho aparamala

C pocrou n X Typer chaquitoce k E(x) = > nouyreuepeuleure opusynarno: benjoj A mue B

Weibull Distribution
$$f(t) = \frac{b}{1} \left(\frac{t}{1}\right)^{b-1} e^{-\left(\frac{t}{1}\right)^{b}}$$

· n - onucorbaer Scale (pacrendaer mothoch) · 6 - onucorbaer gropmy pacrets.

Mo: 7 = 11

$$\frac{\mu_{i} \cdot \eta^{2} \eta_{2}}{L(t_{i}...t_{n}|\eta_{i})^{2}} \frac{\eta_{i}}{\eta_{i}} f_{\eta_{i}}(t_{i})^{2} = \left(\frac{b}{\eta_{i}}\right)^{n} \prod_{i \geq i} \left[\left(t_{i}\right)^{b_{i}} e^{-\left(\frac{t_{i}}{\eta_{i}}\right)^{b}}\right]$$

$$L(t_1-t_1)\eta_2) = \iint_{\mathbb{R}^2} f_{12}(t_i) \cdot \left(\frac{b}{2}\right) \cdot \int_{\mathbb{R}^2} \left[ (t_i)^{b-1} e^{-\left(\frac{t_i}{2}\right)^b} \right]$$

$$R = \ln \left( \frac{L(t_1, t_n | n_2)}{L(t_1, t_n | n_2)} \right) = \ln \left( \frac{\prod f_{n_2}(t_i)}{\prod f_{n_1}(t_i)} \right)$$

$$R_{2} - nb \left( n \frac{1^{2}}{1^{2}} + \frac{(2x^{5} - 1^{5})}{(2^{2}l^{5})^{5}} \right) = ti$$

L(t.tn/n) > L(t...tn/nz)2> In decercie Ecu R < L = > Repris Ho 1=11 Ecm R>V=> bepna H1 (1=12)

Eau LLRZV, 10 gobablieur eige ceminob  $L=\ln\left(\frac{\lambda^2}{1-\lambda_1}\right) \qquad \qquad V=\ln\left(\frac{1-\lambda^2}{\lambda_1}\right)$ 

The perabuse b (\*) a bropague  $\geq t^{b}$   $-\frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{1-\lambda_{2}}{\lambda_{1}}\right) + nb \ln \frac{12}{2!} \left(\frac{1-\lambda_{2}}{\lambda_{1}}\right) + nb \ln \frac{12}{2!} \right)$ 

N21. Rogerabum, noormann

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