



GNU Toolchain for Atmel AVR8 Embedded Processors

Introduction

The Atmel AVR 8-bit GNU Toolchain (3.6.1.1752) supports all AVR 8-bit devices. The AVR 8-bit Toolchain is based on the free and open-source GCC compiler. The toolchain includes compiler, assembler, linker and binutils (GCC and Binutils), Standard C library (AVR-libc) and GNU Debugger (GDB).

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1. Installation Instructions

1.1 System requirements

1.1.1 Hardware requirements

- Minimum processor Pentium 4, 1GHz
- Minimum 512 MB RAM
- Minimum 500 MB free disk space

AVR 8-bit GNU Toolchain has not been tested on computers with less resources, but may run satisfactorily depending on the number and size of the projects and the user's patience.

1.1.2 Software Requirements

- Windows 2000, Windows XP, Windows Vista, Windows 7 (x86 or x86-64) or Windows 8 (x86 or x86-64)
- AVR 8-bit GNU Toolchain is not supported on Windows 98, NT or ME.
- The toolchain should work on the Linux distributions Fedora, RedHat Enterprise, Arch Linux and Ubuntu for both 32-bits and 64-bits architecture. AVR 8-bit GNU Toolchain may very well work on other distributions. However those are untested and unsupported.

1.2 Downloading, Installing and Upgrading

The AVR8 GNU toolchain provided by Atmel is available for download and install in one of the following ways.

1.2.1 Downloading/Installing on Windows

- If you want to try the Atmel AVR8 GNU toolchain alone, you can download it from here¹
- If you want to try the Atmel AVR8 GNU Toolchain along with Atmel Studio, you can download and install Atmel Studio 7 or (newer) which will also install the Atmel AVR8 GNU toolchain. See Atmel Studio release notes for more details.

1.2.2 Downloading/Installing on Linux

For Linux, the Atmel AVR8 GNU Toolchain is available as a tar.gz archive which can be extracted using the tar utility. In order to install, simply extract to the location from where you want to run it from. Linux builds are available from here².

1.2.3 Upgrading from previous versions

If the Atmel AVR8 GNU Toolchain is installed by Atmel Studio installation, refer Atmel Studio documentation to upgrade.

If the toolchain is installed separately using one of the (Windows, Linux, Mac) installers, upgrading is not supported. You can install the new package side-by-side of the old package and use it.

1.3 Layout

Listed below are some directories you might want to know about.

`<install_dir>` = The directory where you installed AVR 8-bit GNU Toolchain.

<install_dir>\bin

The AVR software development programs. This directory should be in your `PATH` environment variable. This includes:

- GNU Binutils
- GCC

http://www.atmel.com/tools/ATMELAVRTOOLCHAINFORLINUX.aspx



¹ http://www.atmel.com/tools/ATMELAVRTOOLCHAINFORWINDOWS.aspx

- GDB
- <install_dir>\avr\lib avr-libc libraries, startup files, linker scripts,and stuff.
- <install_dir>\avr\include avr-libc header files for AVR 8-bit.
- <install_dir>\avr\include\avr header files specific to the AVR 8-bit MCU. This is where, for example, #include <avr/io.h> comes from.
- <install_dir>\lib
 GCC libraries, other libraries, headers and stuff.
- <install_dir>\libexecGCC program components
- <install_dir>\doc Various documentation.



2. Toolset Background

AVR 8-bit GNU Toolchain is a collection of executable, open source software development tools for the Atmel AVR 8-bit series of microcontrollers. It includes the GNU GCC compiler for C and C++.

2.1 Component Versions

GCC: 5.4.0

binutils: 2.26.20160125

avr-libc: "2.0.0"

gdb:

2.2 Compiler

The compiler is the GNU Compiler Collection, or GCC. This compiler is incredibly flexible and can be hosted on many platforms, it can target many different processors/operating systems (back-ends), and can be configured for multiple different languages (front-ends).

The GCC included in AVR 8-bit GNU Toolchain is targeted for the AVR 8-bit microcontroller and is configured to compile C or C++.

CAUTION: There are caveats on using C++. See the avr-libc FAQ. C++ language is not fully supported and has some limitations. libstdc++ is unsupported.

Because this GCC is targeted for the AVR 8-bit MCUs, the main executable that is created is prefixed with the target name: `avr-gcc` (with '.exe' extension on MS Windows). It is also referred to as AVR GCC.

`avr-gcc` is just a "driver" program only. The compiler itself is called `cc1.exe` for C, or `cc1plus.exe` for C+ +. Also, the preprocessor `cpp.exe` will usually automatically be prepended with the target name: `avr-cpp`. The actual set of component programs called is usually derived from the suffix of each source code file being processed.

GCC compiles a high-level computer language into assembly, and that is all. It cannot work alone. GCC is coupled with another project, GNU Binutils, which provides the assembler, linker, librarian and more. Since 'gcc' is just a "driver" program, it can automatically call the assembler and linker directly to build the final program.

2.3 Assembler, Linker, Librarian and More

GNU Binutils is a collection of binary utilities. This also includes the assembler, as. Sometimes you will see it referenced as GNU as or gas. Binutils includes the linker, ld; the librarian or archiver, ar. There are many other programs included that provide various functionality.

Note that while the assembler uses the same mnemonics as proposed by Atmel, the "glue" (pseudo-ops, operators, expression syntax) is derived from the common assembler syntax used in Unix assemblers, so it is not directly compatible to Atmel assembler source files.

Binutils is configured for the AVR target and each of the programs is prefixed with the target name. So you have programs such as:

- avr-as: The Assembler.
- avr-ld: The Linker.
- avr-ar: Create, modify, and extract from archives (libraries).
- avr-ranlib: Generate index to archive (library) contents.
- avr-objcopy: Copy and translate object files.
- avr-objdump: Display information from object files including disassembly.
- avr-size: List section sizes and total size.
- avr-nm: List symbols from object files.
- avr-strings: List printable strings from files.
- avr-strip: Discard symbols.



- avr-readelf: Display the contents of ELF format files.
- avr-addr2line: Convert addresses to file and line.
- avr-c++filt: Filter to demangle encoded C++ symbols.
- avr-gdb: GDB, the GNU debugger, allows you to see what is going on `inside' another program targeted to AVR, while it executes.

See the binutils user manual for more information on what each program can do.

2.4 C Library

avr-libc is the Standard C Library for AVR 8-bit GCC. It contains many of the standard C routines, and many non-standard routines that are specific and useful for the AVR 8-bit MCUs.

In addition to avr-libc libraries, Host IO library (libhostio.a) is integrated to this toolchain. This Host IO library allows allows the target to use the host's file system and console I/O to perform various avr I/O operations.

NOTE: The actual library is currently split into two main parts, libc.a and libm.a, where the latter contains mathematical functions (everything mentioned in <math.h>, and a bit more). Also, there are additional libraries which allow a customization of the printf and scanf function families. avr-libc contains documentation on how to use (and build) the entire toolset, including code examples. The avr-libc user manual also contains the FAQ on using the toolset.

2.5 Debugging

Atmel Studio provides a debugger and also provides simulators for the parts that can be used for debugging as well. Note that `Atmel Studio` is currently free to the public, but it is not Open Source. The GNU debugger is now shipped along with the toolchain.

2.6 Source Code

Atmel AVR 8-bit GNU Toolchain uses modified source code from GCC, Binutils and AVR-LibC. The source code and the build scripts used for building the packaged binaries are available here¹.

Please refer to the README for the instructions on how to use the supplied script to build the toolchain.

¹ http://distribute.atmel.no/tools/opensource/Atmel-AVR-GNU-Toolchain/3.6.1



3. Bugs and New Features

3.1 Notable Bugs Fixed

Issue #AVRTC-856:

Fix broken source line to address mapping DWARF info when linker relaxation is enabled.

Issue #AVRTC-857:

Improve const data handling for devices that see flash memory in data address space (memory mapped flash) e.g, tiny40, tiny416 Backport of gcc's PR 78093, 81072 and respective binutils patches

Issue #AVRTC-861:

Enabled clock_prescale_set function in power.h for missed devices (e.g. tiny87, 88, mega88A, 88PA etc)

3.2 Known Issues

Issue #AVRTC-731:

For AVRTINY architecture, libgcc implementation has some known limitations. Standard C / Math library implementation is very limited or not present.

Issue #AVRTC-732:

Program memory images beyond 128KBytes are supported by the toolchain, subject to the limitations mentioned in "3.17.4.1 EIND and Devices with more than 128 Ki Bytes of Flash" at http://gcc.gnu.org/onlinedocs/gcc/AVR-Options.html

Issue #AVRTC-733:

Named address spaces are supported by the toolchain, subject to the limitations mentioned in "6.16.1 AVR Named Address Spaces" at http://gcc.gnu.org/onlinedocs/gcc/Named-Address-Spaces.html#AVR%20Named %20Address%20Spaces



4. Supported Devices

avr2

Most of the AVR8 devices are supported by this toolchain. Users can get new devices support from Atmel Device Family Packs (DFP). Download DFPs from here¹.

Using DFPs with this toolchain:

- Download DFP which has required device support. (e.g. ATmega328PB is part of Atmel ATmega Series DFP.)
- Unzip downloaded *.atpack file to packs directory (e.g. /home/packs/).
- Invoke avr-gcc with additional option -B to tell gcc where to look for device specific information and -I for device header include path.

e.g. avr-gcc -mmcu=atmega328pb -B /home/packs/Atmel.ATmega_DFP.1.0.86/gcc/dev/atmega328pb/ -I / home/packs/Atmel.ATmega_DFP.1.0.86/include/

at90s2313 at90s2323 at90s2333	at90s2343 attiny22 attiny26	at90s4414 at90s4433 at90s4434	at90s8515 at90c8534 at90s8535
avr25 ata5272 ata6616c attiny13 attiny13a attiny2313 attiny2313a attiny24 attiny24a	attiny4313 attiny44 attiny44a attiny441 attiny84 attiny84a attiny25 attiny45	attiny85 attiny261 attiny261a attiny461 attiny461a attiny861 attiny861a attiny43u	attiny87 attiny48 attiny88 attiny828 attiny841 at86rf401
avr3			
at43usb355	at76c711		
avr31	at42uah220		
atmega103 avr35	at43usb320		
ata5505 ata6617c ata664251	at90usb82 at90usb162 atmega8u2	atmega16u2 atmega32u2 attiny167	attiny1634
avr4	-	•	
ata6285 ata6286 ata6289 ata6612c atmega8 atmega8a atmega48	atmega48a atmega48p atmega48pa atmega48pb atmega88 atmega88a atmega88p	atmega88pa atmega88pb atmega8515 atmega8535 atmega8hva at90pwm1 at90pwm2	at90pwm2b at90pwm3 at90pwm3b at90pwm81
avr5			
ata5702m322 ata5782 ata8210 ata5790 ata5790n ata5791 ata5795 ata5831 ata8510 ata6613c ata6614q	atmega168pb atmega169 atmega169a atmega169p atmega16hvb atmega16hvbrevb atmega16m1 atmega16u4 atmega32a atmega32	atmega329a atmega329pa atmega3290a atmega3290a atmega3290p atmega3290pa atmega32c1 atmega32m1 atmega32u4 atmega32u6	atmega649p atmega16hva atmega16hva2 atmega32hvb atmega6490a atmega64e01 atmega64m1 atmega64hve atmega64hve2

¹ http://packs.download.atmel.com/



atmega16 atmega16a atmega161 atmega162 atmega163 atmega164p atmega164pa atmega165a atmega165p atmega165p atmega165pa atmega168a atmega168p atmega168pa	atmega323 atmega324a atmega324p atmega324pa atmega325 atmega325a atmega325p atmega325pa atmega3250a atmega3250p atmega3250pa atmega3250pa atmega328 atmega328p atmega328p atmega328p	atmega406 atmega64 atmega64a atmega640 atmega644 atmega644a atmega644p atmega645a atmega645a atmega645p atmega6450 atmega6450a atmega6450p atmega649a	atmega64rfr2 atmega644rfr2 atmega32hvbrevb at90can32 at90can64 at90pwm161 at90pwm216 at90pwm316 at90scr100 at90usb646 at90usb647 at94k m3000
	4.004	100 (1	100 100
atmega128 atmega128a atmega1280 avr6	atmega1281 atmega1284 atmega1284p	atmega128rfa1 atmega128rfr2 atmega1284rfr2	at90can128 at90usb1286 at90usb1287
	otmogoQF61	atma as 2F Crfr2	otmogo2F64rfr2
atmega2560 avrxmega2	atmega2561	atmega256rfr2	atmega2564rfr2
atxmega8e5 atxmega16a4 atxmega16d4 atxmega16e5	atxmega32a4 atxmega32c3 atxmega32d3 atxmega32d4	atxmega16a4u atxmega16c4 atxmega32a4u atxmega32c4	atxmega32e5
avrxmega3			
attiny212 attiny214 attiny412 attiny414	attiny416 attiny417 attiny814 attiny816	attiny817 attiny1614 attiny1616 attiny1617	attiny3214 attiny3216 attiny3217
avrxmega4			
atxmega64a3 atxmega64d3	atxmega64a3u atxmega64a4u	atxmega64b1 atxmega64b3	atxmega64c3 atxmega64d4
avrxmega5			
atxmega64a1	atxmega64a1u		
avrxmega6			
atxmega128d3 atxmega128d3 atxmega192a3 atxmega192d3 atxmega256a3	atxmega256a3b atxmega256a3bu atxmega256d3 atxmega128a3u atxmega128b1	atxmega128b3 atxmega128c3 atxmega128d4 atxmega192a3u atxmega192c3	atxmega256a3u atxmega256c3 atxmega384c3 atxmega384d3
avrxmega7			
atxmega128a1	atxmega128a1u	atxmega128a4u	
avrtiny			
attiny4 attiny5	attiny9 attiny10	attiny20 attiny40	
avr1			
at90s1200 attiny11	attiny12 attiny15	attiny28	



5. Contact Information and Disclaimer

For support on Atmel AVR 8-bit GNU Toolchain, visit design support¹.

Users of AVR 8-bit GNU Toolchain are also welcome to discuss on the AVRFreaks website forum for AVR Software Tools.

5.1 Disclaimer

AVR 8-bit GNU Toolchain is distributed free of charge for the purpose of developing applications for Atmel AVR processors. AVR 8-bit GNU Toolchain comes without any warranty.

¹ http://www.atmel.com/design-support/





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