ImagesToLARModel, a tool for creation of three-dimensional models from a stack of images

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November 1, 2015

Abstract

This is the abstract (we will use LAR [CL13])

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1 Introduction

2 Exporting the library

```
"src/ImagesToLARModel.jl" 3=
     module ImagesToLARModel
     Main module for the library. It starts conversion
     taking configuration parameters
     require(string(Pkg.dir("ImagesToLARModel/src"), "/imagesConvertion.jl"))
     import JSON
     import ImagesConvertion
     using Logging
     export convertImagesToLARModel
     function loadConfiguration(configurationFile)
       load parameters from JSON file
       configurationFile: Path of the configuration file
       configuration = JSON.parse(configurationFile)
       DEBUG_LEVELS = [DEBUG, INFO, WARNING, ERROR, CRITICAL]
       try
         if configuration["parallelMerge"] == "true"
           parallelMerge = true
           parallelMerge = false
         end
       catch
         parallelMerge = false
       end
       return configuration["inputDirectory"], configuration["outputDirectory"], configuration["bes
             configuration["nx"], configuration["ny"], configuration["nz"],
             DEBUG_LEVELS[configuration["DEBUG_LEVEL"]]
```

```
function convertImagesToLARModel(configurationFile)
       Start convertion of a stack of images into a 3D model
       loading parameters from a JSON configuration file
       configurationFile: Path of the configuration file
       inputDirectory, outputDirectory, bestImage, nx, ny, nz, DEBUG_LEVEL = loadConfiguration(open
       convertImagesToLARModel(inputDirectory, outputDirectory, bestImage, nx, ny, nz, DEBUG_LEVEL)
     end
     function convertImagesToLARModel(inputDirectory, outputDirectory, bestImage,
                                      nx, ny, nz, DEBUG_LEVEL = INFO, parallelMerge = false)
       Start convertion of a stack of images into a 3D model
       inputDirectory: Directory containing the stack of images
       outputDirectory: Directory containing the output
       bestImage: Image chosen for centroids computation
       nx, ny, nz: Border dimensions (Possibly the biggest power of two of images dimensions)
       DEBUG_LEVEL: Debug level for Julia logger. It can be one of the following:
         - DEBUG
         - INFO
         - WARNING
         - ERROR
         - CRITICAL
       11 11 11
       # Create output directory
         mkpath(outputDirectory)
       catch
       end
       Logging.configure(level=DEBUG_LEVEL)
       ImagesConvertion.images2LARModel(nx, ny, nz, bestImage, inputDirectory, outputDirectory, par
     end
     end
     \Diamond
"src/imagesConvertion.jl" 4=
     module ImagesConvertion
     require(string(Pkg.dir("ImagesToLARModel/src"), "/generateBorderMatrix.jl"))
```

```
require(string(Pkg.dir("ImagesToLARModel/src"), "/pngStack2Array3dJulia.jl"))
require(string(Pkg.dir("ImagesToLARModel/src"), "/lar2Julia.jl"))
require(string(Pkg.dir("ImagesToLARModel/src"), "/model20bj.jl"))
require(string(Pkg.dir("ImagesToLARModel/src"), "/larUtils.jl"))
import GenerateBorderMatrix
{\tt import\ PngStack2Array3dJulia}
import Lar2Julia
import Model20bj
import LARUtils
import JSON
using PyCall
Opyimport scipy.sparse as Pysparse
using Logging
export images2LARModel
This is main module for converting a stack
of images into a 3d model
function images2LARModel(nx, ny, nz, bestImage, inputDirectory, outputDirectory, parallelMerge
  Convert a stack of images into a 3d model
  info("Starting model creation")
  numberOfClusters = 2 # Number of clusters for
                       # images segmentation
  info("Moving images into temp directory")
  try
    mkdir(string(outputDirectory, "TEMP"))
  catch
  end
  tempDirectory = string(outputDirectory, "TEMP/")
  newBestImage = PngStack2Array3dJulia.convertImages(inputDirectory, tempDirectory, bestImage)
  imageWidth, imageHeight = PngStack2Array3dJulia.getImageData(string(tempDirectory,newBestIma
```

```
imageDepth = length(readdir(tempDirectory))
 # Computing border matrix
  info("Computing border matrix")
   mkdir(string(outputDirectory, "BORDERS"))
 catch
  end
 borderFilename = GenerateBorderMatrix.getOriented3BorderPath(string(outputDirectory, "BORDER
 # Starting images convertion and border computation
  info("Starting images convertion")
  startImageConvertion(tempDirectory, newBestImage, outputDirectory, borderFilename,
                       imageHeight, imageWidth, imageDepth,
                       nx, ny, nz,
                       numberOfClusters, parallelMerge)
end
function startImageConvertion(sliceDirectory, bestImage, outputDirectory, borderFilename,
                              imageHeight, imageWidth, imageDepth,
                              imageDx, imageDz,
                              numberOfClusters, parallelMerge)
  11 11 11
 Support function for converting a stack of images into a model
 sliceDirectory: directory containing the image stack
  imageForCentroids: image chosen for centroid computation
 # Create clusters for image segmentation
  info("Computing image centroids")
 debug("Best image = ", bestImage)
  centroidsCalc = PngStack2Array3dJulia.calculateClusterCentroids(sliceDirectory, bestImage, n
 debug(string("centroids = ", centroidsCalc))
 try
   mkdir(string(outputDirectory, "BORDERS"))
 catch
  end
 debug(string("Opening border file: ", "border_", imageDx, "-", imageDy, "-", imageDz, ".json
 boundaryMat = getBorderMatrix(string(outputDirectory, "BORDERS/", "border_", imageDx, "-",
                                       imageDy, "-", imageDz, ".json"))
 beginImageStack = 0
  endImage = beginImageStack
```

```
info("Converting images into a 3d model")
 tasks = Array(RemoteRef, 0)
 for zBlock in 0:(imageDepth / imageDz - 1)
   startImage = endImage
   endImage = startImage + imageDz
   info("StartImage = ", startImage)
   info("endImage = ", endImage)
   #=
   task = @spawn imageConvertionProcess(sliceDirectory, outputDirectory,
                           beginImageStack, startImage, endImage,
                           imageDx, imageDy, imageDz,
                           imageHeight, imageWidth,
                           centroidsCalc, boundaryMat)
   push!(tasks, task)
   =#
   imageConvertionProcess(sliceDirectory, outputDirectory,
                           beginImageStack, startImage, endImage,
                           imageDx, imageDy, imageDz,
                           imageHeight, imageWidth,
                           centroidsCalc, boundaryMat)
 end
 # Waiting for tasks completion
 for task in tasks
   wait(task)
  end
  info("Merging boundaries")
 # Merge Boundaries files
 Model20bj.mergeBoundaries(string(outputDirectory, "MODELS"),
                            imageHeight, imageWidth, imageDepth,
                            imageDx, imageDy, imageDz)
  info("Merging obj models")
  if parallelMerge
   Model2Obj.mergeObjParallel(string(outputDirectory, "MODELS"))
   Model2Obj.mergeObj(string(outputDirectory, "MODELS"))
  end
end
function imageConvertionProcess(sliceDirectory, outputDirectory,
```

```
beginImageStack, startImage, endImage,
                              imageDx, imageDy, imageDz,
                              imageHeight, imageWidth,
                              centroids, boundaryMat)
Support function for converting a stack of image on a single
independent process
info("Transforming png data into 3d array")
theImage = PngStack2Array3dJulia.pngstack2array3d(sliceDirectory, startImage, endImage, cent
centroidsSorted = sort(vec(reshape(centroids, 1, 2)))
foreground = centroidsSorted[2]
background = centroidsSorted[1]
debug(string("background = ", background, " foreground = ", foreground))
for xBlock in 0:(imageHeight / imageDx - 1)
  for yBlock in 0:(imageWidth / imageDy - 1)
    yStart = xBlock * imageDx
   xStart = yBlock * imageDy
    \#xEnd = xStart + imageDx
    #yEnd = yStart + imageDy
    xEnd = xStart + imageDy
    yEnd = yStart + imageDx
    debug("********")
    debug(string("xStart = ", xStart, " xEnd = ", xEnd))
    debug(string("yStart = ", yStart, " yEnd = ", yEnd))
    debug("theImage dimensions: ", size(theImage)[1], " ", size(theImage[1])[1], " ", size(ti
    # Getting a slice of the Image array
    image = Array(Uint8, (convert(Int, length(theImage)), convert(Int, xEnd - xStart), conve
    debug("image size: ", size(image))
    for z in 1:length(theImage)
      for x in 1 : (xEnd - xStart)
        for y in 1 : (yEnd - yStart)
          image[z, x, y] = theImage[z][x + xStart, y + yStart]
      end
    end
   nx, ny, nz = size(image)
    chains3D = Array(Uint8, 0)
    zStart = startImage - beginImageStack
```

for y in 0:(nx - 1)

```
push!(chains3D, y + ny * (x + nx * z))
      end
    end
  end
end
if(length(chains3D) != 0)
  # Computing boundary chain
  debug("chains3d = ", chains3D)
  debug("Computing boundary chain")
  objectBoundaryChain = Lar2Julia.larBoundaryChain(boundaryMat, chains3D)
  debug("Converting models into obj")
  try
   mkdir(string(outputDirectory, "MODELS"))
  catch
  end
  # IMPORTANT: inverting xStart and yStart for obtaining correct rotation of the model
 models = LARUtils.computeModelAndBoundaries(imageDx, imageDy, imageDz, yStart, xStart,
 V, FV = models[1][1] # inside model
 V_left, FV_left = models[2][1]
 V_right, FV_right = models[3][1] # right boundary
 V_top, FV_top = models[4][1] # top boundary
 V_bottom, FV_bottom = models[5][1] # bottom boundary
 V_front, FV_front = models[6][1] # front boundary
 V_back, FV_back = models[7][1] # back boundary
  # Writing all models on disk
 model_outputFilename = string(outputDirectory, "MODELS/model_output_", xBlock, "-", yB
 Model2Obj.writeToObj(V, FV, model_outputFilename)
  left_outputFilename = string(outputDirectory, "MODELS/left_output_", xBlock, "-", yBlo
 Model20bj.writeToObj(V_left, FV_left, left_outputFilename)
  right_outputFilename = string(outputDirectory, "MODELS/right_output_", xBlock, "-", yB
 Model2Obj.writeToObj(V_right, FV_right, right_outputFilename)
  top_outputFilename = string(outputDirectory, "MODELS/top_output_", xBlock, "-", yBlock
 Model2Obj.writeToObj(V_top, FV_top, top_outputFilename)
```

bottom_outputFilename = string(outputDirectory, "MODELS/bottom_output_", xBlock, "-",

Model2Obj.writeToObj(V_bottom, FV_bottom, bottom_outputFilename)

for x in 0:(ny - 1) for z in 0:(nz - 1)

if(image[z + 1, x + 1, y + 1] == foreground)

```
front_outputFilename = string(outputDirectory, "MODELS/front_output_", xBlock, "-", yB
        Model2Obj.writeToObj(V_front, FV_front, front_outputFilename)
        back_outputFilename = string(outputDirectory, "MODELS/back_output_", xBlock, "-", yBlo
        Model20bj.writeToObj(V_back, FV_back, back_outputFilename)
        debug("Model is empty")
      end
   end
  end
end
function getBorderMatrix(borderFilename)
 TO REMOVE WHEN PORTING OF LARCC IN JULIA IS COMPLETED
 Get the border matrix from json file and convert it in
 CSC format
 # Loading borderMatrix from json file
 borderData = JSON.parsefile(borderFilename)
 row = Array(Int64, length(borderData["ROW"]))
 col = Array(Int64, length(borderData["COL"]))
 data = Array(Int64, length(borderData["DATA"]))
 for i in 1: length(borderData["ROW"])
   row[i] = borderData["ROW"][i]
 end
 for i in 1: length(borderData["COL"])
   col[i] = borderData["COL"][i]
  end
 for i in 1: length(borderData["DATA"])
   data[i] = borderData["DATA"][i]
 end
 # Converting csr matrix to csc
 csrBorderMatrix = Pysparse.csr_matrix((data,col,row), shape=(borderData["ROWCOUNT"],borderDa
 denseMatrix = pycall(csrBorderMatrix["toarray"],PyAny)
 cscBoundaryMat = sparse(denseMatrix)
 return cscBoundaryMat
```

end

```
end
```

```
"src/generateBorderMatrix.jl" 11≡
     module GenerateBorderMatrix
     Module for generation of the boundary matrix
     type MatrixObject
       ROWCOUNT
       COLCOUNT
       ROW
       COL
       DATA
     end
     export computeOriented3Border, writeBorder, getOriented3BorderPath
     require(string(Pkg.dir("ImagesToLARModel/src"), "/larUtils.jl"))
     import LARUtils
     using PyCall
     import JSON
     @pyimport sys
     unshift!(PyVector(pyimport("sys")["path"]), "") # Search for python modules in folder
     # Search for python modules in package folder
     unshift!(PyVector(pyimport("sys")["path"]), Pkg.dir("ImagesToLARModel/src"))
     Opyimport larcc # Importing larcc from local folder
     # Compute the 3-border operator
     function computeOriented3Border(nx, ny, nz)
       Compute the 3-border matrix using a modified
       version of larcc
       V, bases = LARUtils.getBases(nx, ny, nz)
       boundaryMat = larcc.signedCellularBoundary(V, bases)
       return boundaryMat
```

```
end
```

```
function writeBorder(boundaryMatrix, outputFile)
 Write 3-border matrix on json file
 boundaryMatrix: matrix to write on file
 outputFile: path of the outputFile
 11 11 11
 rowcount = boundaryMatrix[:shape][1]
 colcount = boundaryMatrix[:shape][2]
 row = boundaryMatrix[:indptr]
 col = boundaryMatrix[:indices]
 data = boundaryMatrix[:data]
 # Writing informations on file
 outfile = open(outputFile, "w")
 matrixObj = MatrixObject(rowcount, colcount, row, col, data)
 JSON.print(outfile, matrixObj)
 close(outfile)
end
function getOriented3BorderPath(borderPath, nx, ny, nz)
 Try reading 3-border matrix from file. If it fails matrix
 is computed and saved on disk in JSON format
 borderPath: path of border directory
 nx, ny, nz: image dimensions
 filename = string(borderPath, "/border_", nx, "-", ny, "-", nz, ".json")
 if !isfile(filename)
   border = computeOriented3Border(nx, ny, nz)
   writeBorder(border, filename)
 end
 return filename
end
end
```

```
"src/lar2Julia.jl" 13≡
     module Lar2Julia
     larcc functions for Julia
     export larBoundaryChain, cscChainToCellList
     import JSON
     using Logging
     function larBoundaryChain(cscBoundaryMat, brcCellList)
       Compute boundary chains
       # Computing boundary chains
       n = size(cscBoundaryMat)[1]
       m = size(cscBoundaryMat)[2]
       debug("Boundary matrix size: ", n, "\t", m)
       data = ones(Int64, length(brcCellList))
       i = Array(Int64, length(brcCellList))
       for k in 1:length(brcCellList)
         i[k] = brcCellList[k] + 1
       end
       j = ones(Int64, length(brcCellList))
       debug("cscChain rows length: ", length(i))
       debug("cscChain columns length: ", length(j))
       debug("cscChain data length: ", length(brcCellList))
       debug("rows ", i)
       debug("columns ", j)
       debug("data ", data)
       cscChain = sparse(i, j, data, m, 1)
       cscmat = cscBoundaryMat * cscChain
       out = cscBinFilter(cscmat)
       return out
     end
     function cscBinFilter(CSCm)
```

```
k = 1
  data = nonzeros(CSCm)
  sgArray = copysign(1, data)
  while k <= nnz(CSCm)</pre>
    if data[k] % 2 == 1 || data[k] % 2 == -1
      data[k] = 1 * sgArray[k]
    else
      data[k] = 0
    end
   k += 1
  end
  return CSCm
end
function cscChainToCellList(CSCm)
  Get a csc containing a chain and returns
  the cell list of the "+1" oriented faces
  data = nonzeros(CSCm)
  # Now I need to remove zero element (problem with Julia nonzeros)
  nonzeroData = Array(Int64, 0)
  for n in data
   if n != 0
      push!(nonzeroData, n)
    end
  end
  cellList = Array(Int64,0)
  for (k, theRow) in enumerate(findn(CSCm)[1])
    if nonzeroData[k] == 1
      push!(cellList, theRow)
    end
  end
  return cellList
end
end
```

```
"src/larUtils.jl" 14\equiv module LARUtils
```

```
11 11 11
Utility functions for extracting 3d models from images
using Logging
export ind, invertIndex, getBases, removeDoubleVerticesAndFaces, computeModel, computeModelAnd
function ind(x, y, z, nx, ny)
    Transform coordinates into linearized matrix indexes
    return x + (nx + 1) * (y + (ny + 1) * (z))
  end
function invertIndex(nx,ny,nz)
  Invert indexes
  nx, ny, nz = nx + 1, ny + 1, nz + 1
  function invertIndexO(offset)
      a0, b0 = trunc(offset / nx), offset % nx
      a1, b1 = trunc(a0 / ny), a0 % ny
      a2, b2 = trunc(a1 / nz), a1 \% nz
      return b0, b1, b2
  end
  return invertIndex0
end
function getBases(nx, ny, nz)
  Compute all LAR relations
  11 11 11
  function the3Dcell(coords)
    x,y,z = coords
    return [ind(x,y,z,nx,ny),ind(x+1,y,z,nx,ny),ind(x,y+1,z,nx,ny),ind(x,y,z+1,nx,ny),ind(x+1,y,z,nx,ny)
            ind(x+1,y,z+1,nx,ny), ind(x,y+1,z+1,nx,ny), ind(x+1,y+1,z+1,nx,ny)]
  end
  # Calculating vertex coordinates (nx * ny * nz)
  V = Array{Int64}[]
  for z in 0:nz
    for y in 0:ny
```

```
for x in 0:nx
      push!(V,[x,y,z])
  end
end
# Building CV relationship
CV = Array{Int64}[]
for z in 0:nz-1
  for y in 0:ny-1
    for x in 0:nx-1
      push!(CV,the3Dcell([x,y,z]))
    end
  end
\quad \text{end} \quad
# Building FV relationship
FV = Array{Int64}[]
v2coords = invertIndex(nx,ny,nz)
for h in 0:(length(V)-1)
  x,y,z = v2coords(h)
  if (x < nx) && (y < ny)
    push!(FV, [h,ind(x+1,y,z,nx,ny),ind(x,y+1,z,nx,ny),ind(x+1,y+1,z,nx,ny)])
  end
  if (x < nx) && (z < nz)
    push!(FV, [h,ind(x+1,y,z,nx,ny),ind(x,y,z+1,nx,ny),ind(x+1,y,z+1,nx,ny)])
  end
  if (y < ny) && (z < nz)
    push!(FV,[h,ind(x,y+1,z,nx,ny),ind(x,y,z+1,nx,ny),ind(x,y+1,z+1,nx,ny)])
  \quad \text{end} \quad
end
# Building VV relationship
VV = map((x) \rightarrow [x], 0:length(V)-1)
# Building EV relationship
EV = Array{Int64}[]
for h in 0:length(V)-1
  x,y,z = v2coords(h)
  if (x < nx)
    push!(EV, [h,ind(x+1,y,z,nx,ny)])
```

```
end
   if (y < ny)
     push! (EV, [h,ind(x,y+1,z,nx,ny)])
   if (z < nz)
     push! (EV, [h,ind(x,y,z+1,nx,ny)])
   end
 end
 # return all basis
 return V, (VV, EV, FV, CV)
end
function lessThanVertices(v1, v2)
 Utility function for comparing vertices coordinates
 if v1[1] == v2[1]
   if v1[2] == v2[2]
     return v1[3] < v2[3]
   return v1[2] < v2[2]
 end
 return v1[1] < v2[1]
end
function removeDoubleVerticesAndFaces(V, FV, facesOffset)
 Removes double vertices and faces from a LAR model
 V: Array containing all vertices
 FV: Array containing all faces
 facesOffset: offset for faces indices
 newV, indices = removeDoubleVertices(V)
 reindexedFaces = reindexVerticesInFaces(FV, indices, facesOffset)
 newFV = unique(FV)
 return newV, newFV
end
function removeDoubleVertices(V)
```

```
V: Array containing all vertices of the model
 # Sort the vertices list and returns the ordered indices
 orderedIndices = sortperm(V, lt = lessThanVertices, alg=MergeSort)
 orderedVerticesAndIndices = collect(zip(sort(V, lt = lessThanVertices),
                                          orderedIndices))
 newVertices = Array(Array{Int}, 0)
 indices = zeros(Int, length(V))
 prevv = Nothing
 i = 1
 for (v, ind) in orderedVerticesAndIndices
   if v == prevv
     indices[ind] = i - 1
     push!(newVertices, v)
     indices[ind] = i
     i += 1
     prevv = v
   end
 end
 return newVertices, indices
end
function reindexVerticesInFaces(FV, indices, offset)
 Reindex vertices indices in faces array
 FV: Faces array of the LAR model
 indices: new Indices for faces
 offset: offset for faces indices
 for f in FV
   for i in 1: length(f)
     f[i] = indices[f[i] - offset] + offset
   end
 end
 return FV
end
function removeVerticesAndFacesFromBoundaries(V, FV)
```

Remove double vertices from a LAR model

```
Remove vertices and faces duplicates on
boundaries models
V,FV: lar model of two merged boundaries
11 11 11
newV, indices = removeDoubleVertices(V)
uniqueIndices = unique(indices)
# Removing double faces on both boundaries
FV_reindexed = reindexVerticesInFaces(FV, indices, 0)
FV_unique = unique(FV_reindexed)
FV_cleaned = Array(Array{Int}, 0)
for f in FV_unique
  if(count((x) \rightarrow x == f, FV\_reindexed) == 1)
    push!(FV_cleaned, f)
  end
\quad \text{end} \quad
# Creating an array of faces with explicit vertices
FV_vertices = Array(Array{Array{Int}}, 0)
for i in 1 : length(FV_cleaned)
  push!(FV_vertices, Array(Array{Int}, 0))
  for vtx in FV_cleaned[i]
    push!(FV_vertices[i], newV[vtx])
  end
end
V_final = Array(Array{Int}, 0)
FV_final = Array(Array{Int}, 0)
# Saving only used vertices
for face in FV_vertices
  for vtx in face
    push!(V_final, vtx)
  end
end
V_final = unique(V_final)
# Renumbering FV
for face in FV_vertices
  tmp = Array(Int, 0)
  for vtx in face
```

```
push!(tmp, ind)
   push!(FV_final, tmp)
 end
 return V_final, FV_final
end
function computeModel(imageDx, imageDy, imageDz,
                      xStart, yStart, zStart,
                      facesOffset, objectBoundaryChain)
  11 11 11
 Takes the boundary chain of a part of the entire model
 and returns a LAR model
 imageDx, imageDy, imageDz: Boundary dimensions
 xStart, yStart, zStart: Offset of this part of the model
 facesOffset: Offset for the faces
 objectBoundaryChain: Sparse csc matrix containing the cells
 V, bases = getBases(imageDx, imageDy, imageDz)
 FV = bases[3]
 V_model = Array(Array{Int}, 0)
 FV_model = Array(Array{Int}, 0)
 vertex_count = 1
 #b2cells = Lar2Julia.cscChainToCellList(objectBoundaryChain)
 # Get all cells (independently from orientation)
 b2cells = findn(objectBoundaryChain)[1]
 debug("b2cells = ", b2cells)
 for f in b2cells
   old_vertex_count = vertex_count
   for vtx in FV[f]
      push!(V_model, [convert(Int, V[vtx + 1][1] + xStart),
                    convert(Int, V[vtx + 1][2] + yStart),
                    convert(Int, V[vtx + 1][3] + zStart)])
      vertex_count += 1
   end
   push!(FV_model, [old_vertex_count + facesOffset, old_vertex_count + 1 + facesOffset, old_v
```

ind = findfirst(V_final, vtx)

```
push!(FV_model, [old_vertex_count + facesOffset, old_vertex_count + 3 + facesOffset, old_v
  end
  # Removing double vertices
  return removeDoubleVerticesAndFaces(V_model, FV_model, facesOffset)
end
function isOnLeft(face, V, nx, ny, nz)
  Check if face is on left boundary
  for(vtx in face)
    if(V[vtx + 1][2] != 0)
      return false
    end
  end
  return true
end
function isOnRight(face, V, nx, ny, nz)
  Check if face is on right boundary
  11 11 11
  for(vtx in face)
    if(V[vtx + 1][2] != ny)
      return false
    end
  end
  return true
end
function isOnTop(face, V, nx, ny, nz)
  Check if face is on top boundary
  for(vtx in face)
    if(V[vtx + 1][3] != nz)
      return false
    end
  end
```

```
return true
end
function isOnBottom(face, V, nx, ny, nz)
  Check if face is on bottom boundary
  for(vtx in face)
    if(V[vtx + 1][3] != 0)
     return false
    end
  end
  return true
end
function isOnFront(face, V, nx, ny, nz)
  Check if face is on front boundary
  for(vtx in face)
    if(V[vtx + 1][1] != nx)
     return false
    end
  end
  return true
end
function isOnBack(face, V, nx, ny, nz)
  Check if face is on back boundary
  for(vtx in face)
    if(V[vtx + 1][1] != 0)
     return false
    end
  end
 return true
end
function computeModelAndBoundaries(imageDx, imageDz,
                      xStart, yStart, zStart,
                      objectBoundaryChain)
  11 11 11
```

```
and returns a LAR model splitting the boundaries
imageDx, imageDy, imageDz: Boundary dimensions
xStart, yStart, zStart: Offset of this part of the model
objectBoundaryChain: Sparse csc matrix containing the cells
11 11 11
function addFaceToModel(V_base, FV_base, V, FV, face, vertex_count)
  Insert a face into a LAR model
  V_base, FV_base: LAR model of the base
  V, FV: LAR model
  face: Face that will be added to the model
  vertex_count: Indices for faces vertices
  new_vertex_count = vertex_count
  for vtx in FV_base[face]
   push!(V, [convert(Int, V_base[vtx + 1][1] + xStart),
                    convert(Int, V_base[vtx + 1][2] + yStart),
                    convert(Int, V_base[vtx + 1][3] + zStart)])
   new_vertex_count += 1
  push!(FV, [vertex_count, vertex_count + 1, vertex_count + 3])
  push!(FV, [vertex_count, vertex_count + 3, vertex_count + 2])
  return new_vertex_count
end
V, bases = getBases(imageDx, imageDy, imageDz)
FV = bases[3]
V_model = Array(Array{Int}, 0)
FV_model = Array(Array{Int}, 0)
V_left = Array(Array{Int},0)
FV_left = Array(Array{Int},0)
V_right = Array(Array{Int},0)
FV_right = Array(Array{Int},0)
V_top = Array(Array{Int},0)
FV_top = Array(Array{Int},0)
V_bottom = Array(Array{Int},0)
```

Takes the boundary chain of a part of the entire model

```
FV_bottom = Array(Array{Int},0)
V_front = Array(Array{Int},0)
FV_front = Array(Array{Int},0)
V_back = Array(Array{Int},0)
FV_back = Array(Array{Int},0)
vertex_count_model = 1
vertex_count_left = 1
vertex_count_right = 1
vertex_count_top = 1
vertex_count_bottom = 1
vertex_count_front = 1
vertex_count_back = 1
#b2cells = Lar2Julia.cscChainToCellList(objectBoundaryChain)
# Get all cells (independently from orientation)
b2cells = findn(objectBoundaryChain)[1]
debug("b2cells = ", b2cells)
for f in b2cells
  old_vertex_count_model = vertex_count_model
  old_vertex_count_left = vertex_count_left
  old_vertex_count_right = vertex_count_right
  old_vertex_count_top = vertex_count_top
  old_vertex_count_bottom = vertex_count_bottom
  old_vertex_count_front = vertex_count_front
  old_vertex_count_back = vertex_count_back
  # Choosing the right model for vertex
  if(isOnLeft(FV[f], V, imageDx, imageDy, imageDz))
    vertex_count_left = addFaceToModel(V, FV, V_left, FV_left, f, old_vertex_count_left)
  elseif(isOnRight(FV[f], V, imageDx, imageDy, imageDz))
    vertex_count_right = addFaceToModel(V, FV, V_right, FV_right, f, old_vertex_count_right)
  elseif(isOnTop(FV[f], V, imageDx, imageDy, imageDz))
    vertex_count_top = addFaceToModel(V, FV, V_top, FV_top, f, old_vertex_count_top)
  elseif(isOnBottom(FV[f], V, imageDx, imageDy, imageDz))
    vertex_count_bottom = addFaceToModel(V, FV, V_bottom, FV_bottom, f, old_vertex_count_bot
  elseif(isOnFront(FV[f], V, imageDx, imageDy, imageDz))
    vertex_count_front = addFaceToModel(V, FV, V_front, FV_front, f, old_vertex_count_front)
  elseif(isOnBack(FV[f], V, imageDx, imageDy, imageDz))
    vertex_count_back = addFaceToModel(V, FV, V_back, FV_back, f, old_vertex_count_back)
  else
    vertex_count_model = addFaceToModel(V, FV, V_model, FV_model, f, old_vertex_count_model)
```

```
end
       end
       # Removing double vertices
       return [removeDoubleVerticesAndFaces(V_model, FV_model, 0)],
       [removeDoubleVerticesAndFaces(V_left, FV_left, 0)],
       [removeDoubleVerticesAndFaces(V_right, FV_right, 0)],
       [removeDoubleVerticesAndFaces(V_top, FV_top, 0)],
       [removeDoubleVerticesAndFaces(V_bottom, FV_bottom, 0)],
       [removeDoubleVerticesAndFaces(V_front, FV_front, 0)],
       [removeDoubleVerticesAndFaces(V_back, FV_back, 0)]
     end
     end
"src/model20bj.jl" 25 \equiv
     module Model20bj
     Module that takes a 3d model and write it on
     obj files
     require(string(Pkg.dir("ImagesToLARModel/src"), "/larUtils.jl"))
     import LARUtils
     using Logging
     export writeToObj, mergeObj, mergeObjParallel
     function writeToObj(V, FV, outputFilename)
       Take a LAR model and write it on obj file
       V: array containing vertices coordinates
       FV: array containing faces
       outputFilename: prefix for the output files
       11 11 11
```

outputVtx = string(outputFilename, "_vtx.stl")

if (length(V) != 0)

```
outputFaces = string(outputFilename, "_faces.stl")
   fileVertex = open(outputVtx, "w")
   fileFaces = open(outputFaces, "w")
   for v in V
     write(fileVertex, "v ")
     write(fileVertex, string(v[1], " "))
     write(fileVertex, string(v[2], " "))
     write(fileVertex, string(v[3], "\n"))
   end
   for f in FV
     write(fileFaces, "f ")
     write(fileFaces, string(f[1], " "))
     write(fileFaces, string(f[2], " "))
     write(fileFaces, string(f[3], "\n"))
   end
   close(fileVertex)
   close(fileFaces)
 end
end
function mergeObj(modelDirectory)
 Merge stl files in a single obj file
 modelDirectory: directory containing models
 11 11 11
 files = readdir(modelDirectory)
 vertices_files = files[find(s -> contains(s,string("_vtx.stl")), files)]
 faces_files = files[find(s -> contains(s,string("_faces.stl")), files)]
 obj_file = open(string(modelDirectory,"/","model.obj"),"w") # Output file
 vertices_counts = Array(Int64, length(vertices_files))
 number_of_vertices = 0
 for i in 1:length(vertices_files)
   vtx_file = vertices_files[i]
   f = open(string(modelDirectory, "/", vtx_file))
   debug("Opening ", vtx_file)
```

```
# Writing vertices on the obj file
   for ln in eachline(f)
     write(obj_file, ln)
     number_of_vertices += 1
   # Saving number of vertices
   vertices_counts[i] = number_of_vertices
   close(f)
  end
 for i in 1 : length(faces_files)
   faces_file = faces_files[i]
   f = open(string(modelDirectory, "/", faces_file))
   debug("Opening ", faces_file)
   for ln in eachline(f)
      splitted = split(ln)
     write(obj_file, "f ")
      if i > 1
        write(obj_file, string(parse(splitted[2]) + vertices_counts[i - 1], " "))
        write(obj_file, string(parse(splitted[3]) + vertices_counts[i - 1], " "))
        write(obj_file, string(parse(splitted[4]) + vertices_counts[i - 1]))
        write(obj_file, string(splitted[2], " "))
        write(obj_file, string(splitted[3], " "))
        write(obj_file, splitted[4])
     write(obj_file, "\n")
   end
   close(f)
  end
  close(obj_file)
 # Removing all tmp files
 for vtx_file in vertices_files
   #rm(string(modelDirectory, "/", vtx_file))
 end
 for fcs_file in faces_files
   #rm(string(modelDirectory, "/", fcs_file))
 end
end
function assignTasks(startInd, endInd, taskArray)
 This function choose the first files to merge
```

```
creating a tree where number of processes is maximized
 startInd: starting index for array subdivision
 endInd: end index for array subdivision
 taskArray: array containing indices of files to merge for first
 if (endInd - startInd == 2)
   push!(taskArray, startInd)
 elseif (endInd - startInd < 2)</pre>
   if (endInd % 4 != 0 && startInd != endInd)
      # Stop recursion on this branch
     push!(taskArray, startInd)
   # Stop recursion doing nothing
   assignTasks(startInd, startInd + trunc((endInd - startInd) / 2), taskArray)
   assignTasks(startInd + trunc((endInd - startInd) / 2) + 1, endInd, taskArray)
end
function mergeVerticesFiles(file1, file2, startOffset)
 Support function for merging two vertices files.
 Returns the number of vertices of the merged file
 file1: path of the first file
 file2: path of the second file
 startOffset: starting face offset for second file
 f1 = open(file1, "a")
 f2 = open(file2)
 debug("Merging ", file2)
 number_of_vertices = startOffset
 for ln in eachline(f2)
   write(f1, ln)
   number_of_vertices += 1
 close(f2)
 close(f1)
 return number_of_vertices
end
```

```
function mergeFacesFiles(file1, file2, facesOffset)
 Support function for merging two faces files
 file1: path of the first file
 file2: path of the second file
 facesOffset: offset for faces
 f1 = open(file1, "a")
 f2 = open(file2)
 for ln in eachline(f2)
   splitted = split(ln)
   write(f1, "f ")
   write(f1, string(parse(splitted[2]) + facesOffset, " "))
   write(f1, string(parse(splitted[3]) + facesOffset, " "))
   write(f1, string(parse(splitted[4]) + facesOffset, "\n"))
 close(f2)
 close(f1)
end
function mergeObjProcesses(fileArray, facesOffset = Nothing)
 Merge files on a single process
 fileArray: Array containing files that will be merged
 facesOffset (optional): if merging faces files, this array contains
   offsets for every file
  if(contains(fileArray[1], string("_vtx.stl")))
   # Merging vertices files
   offsets = Array(Int, 0)
   push!(offsets, countlines(fileArray[1]))
   vertices_count = mergeVerticesFiles(fileArray[1], fileArray[2], countlines(fileArray[1]))
   rm(fileArray[2]) # Removing merged file
   push!(offsets, vertices_count)
   for i in 3: length(fileArray)
     vertices_count = mergeVerticesFiles(fileArray[1], fileArray[i], vertices_count)
     rm(fileArray[i]) # Removing merged file
     push!(offsets, vertices_count)
    end
```

```
return offsets
 else
   # Merging faces files
   mergeFacesFiles(fileArray[1], fileArray[2], facesOffset[1])
   rm(fileArray[2]) # Removing merged file
   for i in 3 : length(fileArray)
     mergeFacesFiles(fileArray[1], fileArray[i], facesOffset[i - 1])
     rm(fileArray[i]) # Removing merged file
   end
  end
end
function mergeObjHelper(vertices_files, faces_files)
 Support function for mergeObj. It takes vertices and faces files
 and execute a single merging step
 vertices_files: Array containing vertices files
 faces_files: Array containing faces files
 numberOfImages = length(vertices_files)
 taskArray = Array(Int, 0)
 assignTasks(1, numberOfImages, taskArray)
 # Now taskArray contains first files to merge
 numberOfVertices = Array(Int, 0)
 tasks = Array(RemoteRef, 0)
 for i in 1 : length(taskArray) - 1
   task = @spawn mergeObjProcesses(vertices_files[taskArray[i] : (taskArray[i + 1] - 1)])
   push!(tasks, task)
   #append!(numberOfVertices, mergeObjProcesses(vertices_files[taskArray[i] : (taskArray[i +
  end
 # Merging last vertices files
 task = @spawn mergeObjProcesses(vertices_files[taskArray[length(taskArray)] : end])
 push!(tasks, task)
 #append!(numberOfVertices, mergeObjProcesses(vertices_files[taskArray[length(taskArray)] : e.
 for task in tasks
   append!(numberOfVertices, fetch(task))
  end
 debug("NumberOfVertices = ", numberOfVertices)
  # Merging faces files
```

```
tasks = Array(RemoteRef, 0)
 for i in 1 : length(taskArray) - 1
   task = @spawn mergeObjProcesses(faces_files[taskArray[i] : (taskArray[i + 1] - 1)],
                                    numberOfVertices[taskArray[i] : (taskArray[i + 1] - 1)])
   push!(tasks, task)
   #mergeObjProcesses(faces_files[taskArray[i] : (taskArray[i + 1] - 1)],
                       numberOfVertices[taskArray[i] : (taskArray[i + 1] - 1)])
  end
 #Merging last faces files
 task = @spawn mergeObjProcesses(faces_files[taskArray[length(taskArray)] : end],
                                  numberOfVertices[taskArray[length(taskArray)] : end])
 push!(tasks, task)
 #mergeObjProcesses(faces_files[taskArray[length(taskArray)] : end],
                       numberOfVertices[taskArray[length(taskArray)] : end])
 for task in tasks
   wait(task)
  end
end
function mergeObjParallel(modelDirectory)
 Merge stl files in a single obj file using a parallel
  approach. Files will be recursively merged two by two
 generating a tree where number of processes for every
  step is maximized
 Actually use of this function is discouraged. In fact
  speedup is influenced by disk speed. It could work on
 particular systems with parallel accesses on disks
 modelDirectory: directory containing models
 11 11 11
 files = readdir(modelDirectory)
 # Appending directory path to every file
 files = map((s) -> string(modelDirectory, "/", s), files)
 # While we have more than one vtx file and one faces file
 while(length(files) != 2)
   vertices_files = files[find(s -> contains(s,string("_vtx.stl")), files)]
```

```
faces_files = files[find(s -> contains(s,string("_faces.stl")), files)]
   # Merging files
   mergeObjHelper(vertices_files, faces_files)
   files = readdir(modelDirectory)
   files = map((s) -> string(modelDirectory, "/", s), files)
  end
 mergeVerticesFiles(files[2], files[1], 0)
 mv(files[2], string(modelDirectory, "/model.obj"))
 rm(files[1])
end
function mergeAndRemoveDuplicates(firstPath, secondPath)
 Merge two boundary files removing common faces between
 them
 firstPath, secondPath: Prefix of paths to merge
 firstPathV = string(firstPath, "_vtx.stl")
 firstPathFV = string(firstPath, "_faces.stl")
 secondPathV = string(secondPath, "_vtx.stl")
 secondPathFV = string(secondPath, "_faces.stl")
 if(isfile(firstPathV) && isfile(secondPathV))
   V = Array(Array(Int), 0)
   FV = Array(Array{Int}, 0)
   offset = 0
   # First of all open files and retrieve LAR models
   f1_V = open(firstPathV)
   f1_FV = open(firstPathFV)
   for ln in eachline(f1_V)
     splitted = split(ln)
     push!(V, [parse(splitted[2]), parse(splitted[3]), parse(splitted[4])])
     offset += 1
   end
```

```
for ln in eachline(f1_FV)
     splitted = split(ln)
     push!(FV, [parse(splitted[2]), parse(splitted[3]), parse(splitted[4])])
   end
   close(f1_V)
   close(f1_FV)
   f2_V = open(secondPathV)
   f2_FV = open(secondPathFV)
   for ln in eachline(f2_V)
     splitted = split(ln)
     push!(V, [parse(splitted[2]), parse(splitted[3]), parse(splitted[4])])
   for ln in eachline(f2_FV)
     splitted = split(ln)
     push!(FV, [parse(splitted[2]) + offset, parse(splitted[3]) + offset, parse(splitted[4])
   end
   close(f2_V)
   close(f2_FV)
   V_final, FV_final = LARUtils.removeVerticesAndFacesFromBoundaries(V, FV)
   # Writing model to file
   rm(firstPathV)
   rm(firstPathFV)
   rm(secondPathV)
   rm(secondPathFV)
   writeToObj(V_final, FV_final, firstPath)
 end
end
function mergeBoundaries(modelDirectory,
                         imageHeight, imageWidth, imageDepth,
                         imageDx, imageDy, imageDz)
 Merge boundaries files. For every cell of size
  (imageDx, imageDy, imageDz) in the model grid,
 it merges right faces with next left faces, top faces
 with the next cell bottom faces, and front faces
 with the next cell back faces
```

```
modelDirectory: directory containing models
imageHeight, imageWidth, imageDepth: images sizes
imageDx, imageDy, imageDz: sizes of cells grid
beginImageStack = 0
endImage = beginImageStack
tasks = Array(RemoteRef, 0)
for zBlock in 0:(imageDepth / imageDz - 1)
  startImage = endImage
  endImage = startImage + imageDz
  for xBlock in 0:(imageHeight / imageDx - 1)
    for yBlock in 0:(imageWidth / imageDy - 1)
      # Merging right Boundary
      firstPath = string(modelDirectory, "/right_output_", xBlock, "-", yBlock, "_", startIm
      secondPath = string(modelDirectory, "/left_output_", xBlock, "-", yBlock + 1, "_", sta
      task1 = @spawn mergeAndRemoveDuplicates(firstPath, secondPath)
      # Merging top boundary
      firstPath = string(modelDirectory, "/top_output_", xBlock, "-", yBlock, "_", startImag
      secondPath = string(modelDirectory, "/bottom_output_", xBlock, "-", yBlock, "_", endIm
      task2 = @spawn mergeAndRemoveDuplicates(firstPath, secondPath)
      # Merging front boundary
      firstPath = string(modelDirectory, "/front_output_", xBlock, "-", yBlock, "_", startIm
      secondPath = string(modelDirectory, "/back_output_", xBlock + 1, "-", yBlock, "_", sta
      task3 = @spawn mergeAndRemoveDuplicates(firstPath, secondPath)
      push!(tasks, task1, task2, task3)
    end
  end
end
# Waiting for tasks
for task in tasks
  wait(task)
end
```

end end

```
"src/pngStack2Array3dJulia.jl" 35 \equiv
     module PngStack2Array3dJulia
     11 11 11
     This module loads a stack of png files returning
     an array of pixel values divided into segments
     export calculateClusterCentroids, pngstack2array3d, getImageData, convertImages
     using Images # For loading png images
     using Colors # For grayscale images
     using PyCall # For including python clustering
     using Logging
     Opyimport scipy.ndimage as ndimage
     Opyimport scipy.cluster.vq as cluster
     NOISE_SHAPE_DETECT=10
     function getImageData(imageFile)
       Get width and heigth from a png image
       input = open(imageFile, "r")
       data = readbytes(input, 24)
       if (data[2:4] != [80, 78, 71] && data[13:16] != [73, 72, 68, 82])
         error("This is not a png image")
       end
       w = data[17:20]
       h = data[21:24]
       width = reinterpret(Int32, reverse(w))[1]
       height = reinterpret(Int32, reverse(h))[1]
       close(input)
       return width, height
     function calculateClusterCentroids(path, image, numberOfClusters = 2)
       Loads an image and calculate cluster centroids for segmentation
```

```
path: Path of the image folder
  image: name of the image
 numberOfClusters: number of desidered clusters
  imageFilename = string(path, image)
 img = imread(imageFilename) # Open png image with Julia Package
 rgb_img = convert(Image{ColorTypes.RGB}, img)
 gray_img = convert(Image{ColorTypes.Gray}, rgb_img)
  imArray = raw(gray_img)
  imageWidth = size(imArray)[1]
  imageHeight = size(imArray)[2]
 # Getting pixel values and saving them with another shape
  image3d = Array(Array{Uint8,2}, 0)
 # Inserting page on another list and reshaping
 push!(image3d, imArray)
 pixel = reshape(image3d[1], (imageWidth * imageHeight), 1)
 # Segmenting image using kmeans
 # https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Image_segmentation#Clustering_methods
 centroids,_ = cluster.kmeans(pixel, numberOfClusters)
 return centroids
end
function pngstack2array3d(path, minSlice, maxSlice, centroids)
 Import a stack of PNG images into a 3d array
 path: path of images directory
 minSlice and maxSlice: number of first and last slice
 centroids: centroids for image segmentation
 # image3d contains all images values
  image3d = Array(Array{Uint8,2}, 0)
 debug("maxSlice = ", maxSlice, " minSlice = ", minSlice)
 files = readdir(path)
```

```
for slice in minSlice : (maxSlice - 1)
  debug("slice = ", slice)
  imageFilename = string(path, files[slice + 1])
  debug("image name: ", imageFilename)
  img = imread(imageFilename) # Open png image with Julia Package
  # Converting image in grayscale
  rgb_img = convert(Image{ColorTypes.RGB}, img)
  gray_img = convert(Image{ColorTypes.Gray}, rgb_img)
  imArray = raw(gray_img) # Putting pixel values into RAW 3d array
  debug("imArray size: ", size(imArray))
  # Inserting page on another list and reshaping
  push!(image3d, imArray)
end
# Removing noise using a median filter and quantization
for page in 1:length(image3d)
  # Denoising
  image3d[page] = ndimage.median_filter(image3d[page], NOISE_SHAPE_DETECT)
  # Image Quantization
  debug("page = ", page)
  debug("image3d[page] dimensions: ", size(image3d[page])[1], "\t", size(image3d[page])[2])
  pixel = reshape(image3d[page], size(image3d[page])[1] * size(image3d[page])[2] , 1)
  qnt,_ = cluster.vq(pixel,centroids)
  # Reshaping quantization result
  centers_idx = reshape(qnt, size(image3d[page],1), size(image3d[page],2))
  #centers_idx = reshape(qnt, size(image3d[page]))
  # Inserting quantized values into 3d image array
  tmp = Array(Uint8, size(image3d[page],1), size(image3d[page],2))
  for j in 1:size(image3d[1],2)
    for i in 1:size(image3d[1],1)
      tmp[i,j] = centroids[centers_idx[i,j] + 1]
    end
  end
  image3d[page] = tmp
end
```

```
return image3d
function convertImages(inputPath, outputPath, bestImage)
 Get all images contained in inputPath directory
 saving them in outputPath directory in png format.
 If images have one of two odd dimensions, they will be resized
 and if folder contains an odd number of images another one will be
 added
 inputPath: Directory containing input images
 outputPath: Temporary directory containing png images
 bestImage: Image chosen for centroids computation
 Returns the new name for the best image
 imageFiles = readdir(inputPath)
 numberOfImages = length(imageFiles)
 outputPrefix = ""
 for i in 1: length(string(numberOfImages)) - 1
   outputPrefix = string(outputPrefix,"0")
  end
 newBestImage = ""
 imageNumber = 0
 for imageFile in imageFiles
    img = imread(string(inputPath, imageFile))
   # resizing images if they do not have even dimensions
   dim = size(img)
   if(dim[1] % 2 != 0)
     debug("Image has odd x; resizing")
     xrange = 1: dim[1] - 1
     xrange = 1: dim[1]
   if(dim[2] \% 2 != 0)
     debug("Image has odd y; resizing")
     yrange = 1: dim[2] - 1
   else
     yrange = 1: dim[2]
   end
```

```
img = subim(img, xrange, yrange)
   outputFilename = string(outputPath, outputPrefix[length(string(imageNumber)):end], imageNum
   imwrite(img, outputFilename)
   # Searching the best image
   if(imageFile == bestImage)
     newBestImage = string(outputPrefix[length(string(imageNumber)):end], imageNumber,".png")
    imageNumber += 1
  end
 # Adding another image if they are odd
  if(numberOfImages % 2 != 0)
   debug("Odd images, adding one")
   bestImage = imread(string(outputPath, "/", newBestImage))
   imArray = zeros(Uint8, size(bestImage))
   img = grayim(imArray)
   outputFilename = string(outputPath, "/", outputPrefix[length(string(imageNumber)):end], im
   imwrite(img, outputFilename)
 end
 return newBestImage
end
end
```

- 2.1 Installing the library
- 3 Conclusions
- 3.1 Results
- 3.2 Further improvements

References

[CL13] CVD-Lab, *Linear algebraic representation*, Tech. Report 13-00, Roma Tre University, October 2013.

A Utility functions

B Tests

Generation of the border matrix

```
"test/generateBorderMatrix.jl" 40≡
    push!(LOAD_PATH, "../../")
    import GenerateBorderMatrix
    import JSON
    using Base.Test
    function testComputeOriented3Border()
      Test function for computeOriented3Border
      boundaryMatrix = GenerateBorderMatrix.computeOriented3Border(2,2,2)
      rowcount = boundaryMatrix[:shape][1]
      @test rowcount == 36
      colcount = boundaryMatrix[:shape][2]
      @test colcount == 8
      row = boundaryMatrix[:indptr]
       \text{@test row} == [0,1,2,3,4,5,7,8,9,11,12,13,15,17,18,19,20,22,23,24,26,27,29,30,32,34,35,37,39,10,10] 
      col = boundaryMatrix[:indices]
      data = boundaryMatrix[:data]
      end
    function testWriteBorder()
      Test for writeBorder
      boundaryMatrix = GenerateBorderMatrix.computeOriented3Border(2,2,2)
      filename = "borderFile"
      GenerateBorderMatrix.writeBorder(boundaryMatrix, filename)
      @test isfile(filename)
      # Loading borderMatrix from json file
      borderData = JSON.parsefile(filename)
      row = Array(Int64, length(borderData["ROW"]))
      col = Array(Int64, length(borderData["COL"]))
      data = Array(Int64, length(borderData["DATA"]))
```

Conversion of a png stack to a 3D array

```
"test/pngStack2Array3dJulia.jl" 41=
    push!(LOAD_PATH, "../../")
    import PngStack2Array3dJulia
    using Base.Test

function testGetImageData()
    """
    Test function for getImageData
    """

    width, height = PngStack2Array3dJulia.getImageData("images/0.png")

    @test width == 50
    @test height == 50

end

function testCalculateClusterCentroids()
    """
    Test function for calculateClusterCentroids
    """
    path = "images/"
```

```
image = 0
 centroids = PngStack2Array3dJulia.calculateClusterCentroids(path, image, 2)
 expected = [0, 253]
 centroids = vec(reshape(centroids, 1, 2))
 @test sort(centroids) == expected
end
function testPngstack2array3d()
 Test function for pngstack2array3d
 path = "images/"
 minSlice = 0
 maxSlice = 4
 centroids = PngStack2Array3dJulia.calculateClusterCentroids(path, 0, 2)
 image3d = PngStack2Array3dJulia.pngstack2array3d(path, minSlice, maxSlice, centroids)
 @test size(image3d)[1] == 5
 @test size(image3d[1])[1] == 50
 @test size(image3d[1])[2] == 200
end
function executeAllTests()
 @time testCalculateClusterCentroids()
 @time testPngstack2array3d()
 @time testGetImageData()
 println("Tests completed.")
end
executeAllTests()
```

Test for LAR utilities

```
"test/LARUtils.jl" 43\(\text{=}\) push!(LOAD_PATH, "../../") import LARUtils using Base.Test
```

```
function testInd()
  11 11 11
  Test function for ind
  nx = 2
  ny = 2
   @test LARUtils.ind(0, 0, 0, nx, ny) == 0 
  @test LARUtils.ind(1, 1, 1, nx, ny) == 13
  Otest LARUtils.ind(2, 5, 4, nx, ny) == 53
  Otest LARUtils.ind(1, 1, 1, nx, ny) == 13
  \texttt{@test LARUtils.ind(2, 7, 1, nx, ny) == 32}
  \texttt{@test LARUtils.ind(1, 0, 3, nx, ny) == 28}
end
function executeAllTests()
  @time testInd()
  println("Tests completed.")
end
executeAllTests()
```