ImagesToLARModel, a tool for creation of three-dimensional models from a stack of images

Danilo Salvati

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Abstract

This is the abstract (we will use LAR [CL13])

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1 Introduction

2 Exporting the library

```
"src/ImagesToLARModel.jl" 3=
     module ImagesToLARModel
     push!(LOAD_PATH, Pkg.dir("ImagesToLARModel/src"))
     import JSON
     import ImagesConvertion
     using Logging
     export convertImagesToLARModel
     function loadConfiguration(configurationFile)
       load parameters from JSON file
       configurationFile: Path of the configuration file
       configuration = JSON.parse(configurationFile)
       DEBUG_LEVELS = [DEBUG, INFO, WARNING, ERROR, CRITICAL]
       try
         if configuration["parallelMerge"] == "true"
           parallelMerge = true
           parallelMerge = false
         end
       catch
         parallelMerge = false
       \quad \text{end} \quad
       return configuration["inputDirectory"], configuration["outputDirectory"], configuration["bes
             configuration["nx"], configuration["ny"], configuration["nz"],
             DEBUG_LEVELS[configuration["DEBUG_LEVEL"]]
     end
     function convertImagesToLARModel(configurationFile)
```

Start convertion of a stack of images into a 3D model

```
loading parameters from a JSON configuration file
       configurationFile: Path of the configuration file
       inputDirectory, outputDirectory, bestImage, nx, ny, nz, DEBUG_LEVEL = loadConfiguration(open
       convertImagesToLARModel(inputDirectory, outputDirectory, bestImage, nx, ny, nz, DEBUG_LEVEL)
     end
     function convertImagesToLARModel(inputDirectory, outputDirectory, bestImage,
                                      nx, ny, nz, DEBUG_LEVEL = INFO, parallelMerge = false)
       .....
       Start convertion of a stack of images into a 3D model
       inputDirectory: Directory containing the stack of images
       outputDirectory: Directory containing the output
       bestImage: Image chosen for centroids computation
       nx, ny, nz: Border dimensions (Possibly the biggest power of two of images dimensions)
       DEBUG_LEVEL: Debug level for Julia logger. It can be one of the following:
        - DEBUG
         - INFO
        - WARNING
         - ERROR
         - CRITICAL
       # Create output directory
        mkpath(outputDirectory)
       catch
       end
       Logging.configure(level=DEBUG_LEVEL)
       ImagesConvertion.images2LARModel(nx, ny, nz, bestImage, inputDirectory, outputDirectory, par
     end
     end
"src/ImagesConvertion.jl" 4=
     module ImagesConvertion
     {\tt import \ GenerateBorderMatrix}
     import PngStack2Array3dJulia
     import Lar2Julia
     import Model20bj
```

```
import LARUtils
import JSON
using PyCall
Opyimport scipy.sparse as Pysparse
using Logging
export images2LARModel
This is main module for converting a stack
of images into a 3d model
function images2LARModel(nx, ny, nz, bestImage, inputDirectory, outputDirectory, parallelMerge
 Convert a stack of images into a 3d model
 info("Starting model creation")
 numberOfClusters = 2 # Number of clusters for
                       # images segmentation
 info("Moving images into temp directory")
 try
   mkdir(string(outputDirectory, "TEMP"))
 catch
  end
 tempDirectory = string(outputDirectory, "TEMP/")
 newBestImage = PngStack2Array3dJulia.convertImages(inputDirectory, tempDirectory, bestImage)
  imageWidth, imageHeight = PngStack2Array3dJulia.getImageData(string(tempDirectory,newBestIma
  imageDepth = length(readdir(tempDirectory))
 # Computing border matrix
 info("Computing border matrix")
   mkdir(string(outputDirectory, "BORDERS"))
  catch
 end
 borderFilename = GenerateBorderMatrix.getOriented3BorderPath(string(outputDirectory, "BORDER
```

```
# Starting images convertion and border computation
  info("Starting images convertion")
 startImageConvertion(tempDirectory, newBestImage, outputDirectory, borderFilename,
                       imageHeight, imageWidth, imageDepth,
                       nx, ny, nz,
                       numberOfClusters, parallelMerge)
end
function startImageConvertion(sliceDirectory, bestImage, outputDirectory, borderFilename,
                              imageHeight, imageWidth, imageDepth,
                              imageDx, imageDy, imageDz,
                              numberOfClusters, parallelMerge)
  .....
 Support function for converting a stack of images into a model
 sliceDirectory: directory containing the image stack
  imageForCentroids: image chosen for centroid computation
 # Create clusters for image segmentation
 info("Computing image centroids")
 debug("Best image = ", bestImage)
  centroidsCalc = PngStack2Array3dJulia.calculateClusterCentroids(sliceDirectory, bestImage, n
 debug(string("centroids = ", centroidsCalc))
 try
   mkdir(string(outputDirectory, "BORDERS"))
  catch
 debug(string("Opening border file: ", "border_", imageDx, "-", imageDy, "-", imageDz, ".json
  boundaryMat = getBorderMatrix(string(outputDirectory, "BORDERS/", "border_", imageDx, "-",
                                       imageDy, "-", imageDz, ".json"))
 beginImageStack = 0
  endImage = beginImageStack
  info("Converting images into a 3d model")
 tasks = Array(RemoteRef, 0)
 for zBlock in 0:(imageDepth / imageDz - 1)
   startImage = endImage
   endImage = startImage + imageDz
   info("StartImage = ", startImage)
   info("endImage = ", endImage)
```

task = @spawn imageConvertionProcess(sliceDirectory, outputDirectory,

```
centroidsCalc, boundaryMat)
   push!(tasks, task)
 end
 # Waiting for tasks completion
 for task in tasks
   wait(task)
  end
  info("Merging boundaries")
 # Merge Boundaries files
 Model20bj.mergeBoundaries(string(outputDirectory, "MODELS"),
                            imageHeight, imageWidth, imageDepth,
                            imageDx, imageDy, imageDz)
  info("Merging obj models")
  if parallelMerge
   Model2Obj.mergeObjParallel(string(outputDirectory, "MODELS"))
   Model2Obj.mergeObj(string(outputDirectory, "MODELS"))
 end
end
function imageConvertionProcess(sliceDirectory, outputDirectory,
                                beginImageStack, startImage, endImage,
                                imageDx, imageDy, imageDz,
                                imageHeight, imageWidth,
                                centroids, boundaryMat)
 Support function for converting a stack of image on a single
  independent process
  info("Transforming png data into 3d array")
 theImage = PngStack2Array3dJulia.pngstack2array3d(sliceDirectory, startImage, endImage, cent
 centroidsSorted = sort(vec(reshape(centroids, 1, 2)))
 foreground = centroidsSorted[2]
 background = centroidsSorted[1]
  debug(string("background = ", background, " foreground = ", foreground))
```

beginImageStack, startImage, endImage,

imageDx, imageDy, imageDz, imageHeight, imageWidth,

```
for xBlock in 0:(imageHeight / imageDx - 1)
  for yBlock in 0:(imageWidth / imageDy - 1)
    yStart = xBlock * imageDx
    xStart = yBlock * imageDy
    #xEnd = xStart + imageDx
    #yEnd = yStart + imageDy
    xEnd = xStart + imageDy
    yEnd = yStart + imageDx
    debug("********")
    debug(string("xStart = ", xStart, " xEnd = ", xEnd))
    debug(string("yStart = ", yStart, " yEnd = ", yEnd))
    debug("theImage dimensions: ", size(theImage)[1], " ", size(theImage[1])[1], " ", size(ti
    # Getting a slice of the Image array
    image = Array(Uint8, (convert(Int, length(theImage)), convert(Int, xEnd - xStart), conve
    debug("image size: ", size(image))
    for z in 1:length(theImage)
      for x in 1 : (xEnd - xStart)
        for y in 1 : (yEnd - yStart)
          image[z, x, y] = theImage[z][x + xStart, y + yStart]
      end
    end
   nx, ny, nz = size(image)
    chains3D = Array(Uint8, 0)
    zStart = startImage - beginImageStack
    for y in 0:(nx - 1)
      for x in 0:(ny - 1)
        for z in 0:(nz - 1)
          if(image[z + 1, x + 1, y + 1] == foreground)
            push!(chains3D, y + ny * (x + nx * z))
          end
        end
      end
    end
    if(length(chains3D) != 0)
      # Computing boundary chain
      debug("chains3d = ", chains3D)
      debug("Computing boundary chain")
      objectBoundaryChain = Lar2Julia.larBoundaryChain(boundaryMat, chains3D)
      debug("Converting models into obj")
      try
```

```
mkdir(string(outputDirectory, "MODELS"))
        catch
        end
        # IMPORTANT: inverting xStart and yStart for obtaining correct rotation of the model
       models = LARUtils.computeModelAndBoundaries(imageDx, imageDy, imageDz, yStart, xStart,
       V, FV = models[1][1] # inside model
       V_left, FV_left = models[2][1]
       V_right, FV_right = models[3][1] # right boundary
       V_top, FV_top = models[4][1] # top boundary
       V_bottom, FV_bottom = models[5][1] # bottom boundary
        V_front, FV_front = models[6][1] # front boundary
       V_back, FV_back = models[7][1] # back boundary
        # Writing all models on disk
       model_outputFilename = string(outputDirectory, "MODELS/model_output_", xBlock, "-", yB
       Model2Obj.writeToObj(V, FV, model_outputFilename)
        left_outputFilename = string(outputDirectory, "MODELS/left_output_", xBlock, "-", yBlo
       Model20bj.writeToObj(V_left, FV_left, left_outputFilename)
        right_outputFilename = string(outputDirectory, "MODELS/right_output_", xBlock, "-", yB
       Model20bj.writeToObj(V_right, FV_right, right_outputFilename)
        top_outputFilename = string(outputDirectory, "MODELS/top_output_", xBlock, "-", yBlock
       Model2Obj.writeToObj(V_top, FV_top, top_outputFilename)
       bottom_outputFilename = string(outputDirectory, "MODELS/bottom_output_", xBlock, "-",
       Model20bj.writeToObj(V_bottom, FV_bottom, bottom_outputFilename)
        front_outputFilename = string(outputDirectory, "MODELS/front_output_", xBlock, "-", yB
       Model2Obj.writeToObj(V_front, FV_front, front_outputFilename)
       back_outputFilename = string(outputDirectory, "MODELS/back_output_", xBlock, "-", yBlo
       Model2Obj.writeToObj(V_back, FV_back, back_outputFilename)
        debug("Model is empty")
      end
   end
  end
end
function getBorderMatrix(borderFilename)
 TO REMOVE WHEN PORTING OF LARCC IN JULIA IS COMPLETED
```

```
Get the border matrix from json file and convert it in
       CSC format
       # Loading borderMatrix from json file
       borderData = JSON.parsefile(borderFilename)
       row = Array(Int64, length(borderData["ROW"]))
       col = Array(Int64, length(borderData["COL"]))
       data = Array(Int64, length(borderData["DATA"]))
       for i in 1: length(borderData["ROW"])
         row[i] = borderData["ROW"][i]
       end
       for i in 1: length(borderData["COL"])
         col[i] = borderData["COL"][i]
       end
       for i in 1: length(borderData["DATA"])
         data[i] = borderData["DATA"][i]
       # Converting csr matrix to csc
       csrBorderMatrix = Pysparse.csr_matrix((data,col,row), shape=(borderData["ROWCOUNT"],borderDa
       denseMatrix = pycall(csrBorderMatrix["toarray"],PyAny)
       cscBoundaryMat = sparse(denseMatrix)
       return cscBoundaryMat
     end
     end
"src/GenerateBorderMatrix.jl" 10\equiv
     module GenerateBorderMatrix
     type MatrixObject
       ROWCOUNT
       COLCOUNT
       ROW
       COL
```

DATA end

```
export computeOriented3Border, writeBorder, getOriented3BorderPath
import LARUtils
using PyCall
import JSON
Opyimport sys
unshift!(PyVector(pyimport("sys")["path"]), "") # Search for python modules in folder
# Search for python modules in package folder
unshift!(PyVector(pyimport("sys")["path"]), Pkg.dir("ImagesToLARModel/src"))
Opyimport larcc # Importing larcc from local folder
# Compute the 3-border operator
function computeOriented3Border(nx, ny, nz)
 Compute the 3-border matrix using a modified
 version of larcc
 V, bases = LARUtils.getBases(nx, ny, nz)
 boundaryMat = larcc.signedCellularBoundary(V, bases)
 return boundaryMat
end
function writeBorder(boundaryMatrix, outputFile)
 Write 3-border matrix on json file
 boundaryMatrix: matrix to write on file
 outputFile: path of the outputFile
 rowcount = boundaryMatrix[:shape][1]
 colcount = boundaryMatrix[:shape][2]
 row = boundaryMatrix[:indptr]
 col = boundaryMatrix[:indices]
 data = boundaryMatrix[:data]
 # Writing informations on file
 outfile = open(outputFile, "w")
 matrixObj = MatrixObject(rowcount, colcount, row, col, data)
```

```
JSON.print(outfile, matrixObj)
       close(outfile)
     end
     function getOriented3BorderPath(borderPath, nx, ny, nz)
       Try reading 3-border matrix from file. If it fails matrix
       is computed and saved on disk in JSON format
       borderPath: path of border directory
       nx, ny, nz: image dimensions
       filename = string(borderPath,"/border_", nx, "-", ny, "-", nz, ".json")
       if !isfile(filename)
         border = computeOriented3Border(nx, ny, nz)
         writeBorder(border, filename)
       end
       return filename
     end
     end
"src/Lar2Julia.jl" 12≡
     module Lar2Julia
     export larBoundaryChain, cscChainToCellList
     import JSON
     using Logging
     function larBoundaryChain(cscBoundaryMat, brcCellList)
       Compute boundary chains
       # Computing boundary chains
       n = size(cscBoundaryMat)[1]
       m = size(cscBoundaryMat)[2]
```

```
debug("Boundary matrix size: ", n, "\t", m)
  data = ones(Int64, length(brcCellList))
  i = Array(Int64, length(brcCellList))
  for k in 1:length(brcCellList)
    i[k] = brcCellList[k] + 1
  end
  j = ones(Int64, length(brcCellList))
  debug("cscChain rows length: ", length(i))
  debug("cscChain columns length: ", length(j))
  debug("cscChain data length: ", length(brcCellList))
  debug("rows ", i)
  debug("columns ", j)
  debug("data ", data)
  cscChain = sparse(i, j, data, m, 1)
  cscmat = cscBoundaryMat * cscChain
  out = cscBinFilter(cscmat)
  return out
end
function cscBinFilter(CSCm)
 k = 1
  data = nonzeros(CSCm)
  sgArray = copysign(1, data)
  while k <= nnz(CSCm)</pre>
    if data[k] % 2 == 1 || data[k] % 2 == -1
      data[k] = 1 * sgArray[k]
      data[k] = 0
    end
    k += 1
  end
  return CSCm
function cscChainToCellList(CSCm)
  Get a csc containing a chain and returns
  the cell list of the "+1" oriented faces
```

```
data = nonzeros(CSCm)
       # Now I need to remove zero element (problem with Julia nonzeros)
       nonzeroData = Array(Int64, 0)
       for n in data
         if n != 0
           push!(nonzeroData, n)
         end
       end
       cellList = Array(Int64,0)
       for (k, theRow) in enumerate(findn(CSCm)[1])
         if nonzeroData[k] == 1
           push!(cellList, theRow)
         end
       end
       return cellList
     end
     end
"src/LARUtils.jl" 14
     module LARUtils
     using Logging
     export ind, invertIndex, getBases, removeDoubleVerticesAndFaces, computeModel, computeModelAnd
     function ind(x, y, z, nx, ny)
         Transform coordinates into linearized matrix indexes
         return x + (nx + 1) * (y + (ny + 1) * (z))
       end
     function invertIndex(nx,ny,nz)
       Invert indexes
       nx, ny, nz = nx + 1, ny + 1, nz + 1
       function invertIndex0(offset)
           a0, b0 = trunc(offset / nx), offset % nx
```

```
a1, b1 = trunc(a0 / ny), a0 % ny
     a2, b2 = trunc(a1 / nz), a1 % nz
     return b0, b1, b2
 end
 return invertIndex0
end
function getBases(nx, ny, nz)
 Compute all LAR relations
 function the3Dcell(coords)
    x,y,z = coords
    return [ind(x,y,z,nx,ny),ind(x+1,y,z,nx,ny),ind(x,y+1,z,nx,ny),ind(x,y,z+1,nx,ny),ind(x+1,y,z,nx,ny)
            ind(x+1,y,z+1,nx,ny), ind(x,y+1,z+1,nx,ny), ind(x+1,y+1,z+1,nx,ny)]
 end
 # Calculating vertex coordinates (nx * ny * nz)
 V = Array{Int64}[]
 for z in 0:nz
   for y in 0:ny
     for x in 0:nx
        push!(V,[x,y,z])
      end
    end
 end
 # Building CV relationship
 CV = Array{Int64}[]
 for z in 0:nz-1
   for y in 0:ny-1
     for x in 0:nx-1
        push!(CV,the3Dcell([x,y,z]))
      end
    end
 end
 # Building FV relationship
 FV = Array{Int64}[]
 v2coords = invertIndex(nx,ny,nz)
 for h in 0:(length(V)-1)
   x,y,z = v2coords(h)
```

```
if (x < nx) && (y < ny)
     push!(FV, [h,ind(x+1,y,z,nx,ny),ind(x,y+1,z,nx,ny),ind(x+1,y+1,z,nx,ny)])
    end
    if (x < nx) && (z < nz)
     push!(FV, [h,ind(x+1,y,z,nx,ny),ind(x,y,z+1,nx,ny),ind(x+1,y,z+1,nx,ny)])
    end
    if (y < ny) && (z < nz)
     push!(FV,[h,ind(x,y+1,z,nx,ny),ind(x,y,z+1,nx,ny),ind(x,y+1,z+1,nx,ny)])
    end
 end
 # Building VV relationship
 VV = map((x) \rightarrow [x], 0:length(V)-1)
 # Building EV relationship
 EV = Array{Int64}[]
 for h in 0:length(V)-1
   x,y,z = v2coords(h)
    if (x < nx)
     push! (EV, [h,ind(x+1,y,z,nx,ny)])
    end
    if (y < ny)
     push! (EV, [h,ind(x,y+1,z,nx,ny)])
    if (z < nz)
     push! (EV, [h,ind(x,y,z+1,nx,ny)])
    end
 end
 # return all basis
 return V, (VV, EV, FV, CV)
end
function lessThanVertices(v1, v2)
 Utility function for comparing vertices coordinates
 if v1[1] == v2[1]
    if v1[2] == v2[2]
     return v1[3] < v2[3]
    return v1[2] < v2[2]
```

```
end
 return v1[1] < v2[1]
function removeDoubleVerticesAndFaces(V, FV, facesOffset)
 Removes double vertices and faces from a LAR model
 V: Array containing all vertices
 FV: Array containing all faces
 facesOffset: offset for faces indices
 newV, indices = removeDoubleVertices(V)
 reindexedFaces = reindexVerticesInFaces(FV, indices, facesOffset)
 newFV = unique(FV)
 return newV, newFV
end
function removeDoubleVertices(V)
 Remove double vertices from a LAR model
 V: Array containing all vertices of the model
 # Sort the vertices list and returns the ordered indices
 orderedIndices = sortperm(V, lt = lessThanVertices, alg=MergeSort)
 orderedVerticesAndIndices = collect(zip(sort(V, lt = lessThanVertices),
                                          orderedIndices))
 newVertices = Array(Array{Int}, 0)
 indices = zeros(Int, length(V))
 prevv = Nothing
 i = 1
 for (v, ind) in orderedVerticesAndIndices
   if v == prevv
     indices[ind] = i - 1
     push!(newVertices, v)
     indices[ind] = i
     i += 1
     prevv = v
   end
```

```
end
 return newVertices, indices
function reindexVerticesInFaces(FV, indices, offset)
 Reindex vertices indices in faces array
 FV: Faces array of the LAR model
 indices: new Indices for faces
 offset: offset for faces indices
 for f in FV
    for i in 1: length(f)
     f[i] = indices[f[i] - offset] + offset
    end
 end
 return FV
end
function removeVerticesAndFacesFromBoundaries(V, FV)
 Remove vertices and faces duplicates on
 boundaries models
 V,FV: lar model of two merged boundaries
 11 11 11
 newV, indices = removeDoubleVertices(V)
 uniqueIndices = unique(indices)
 # Removing double faces on both boundaries
 FV_reindexed = reindexVerticesInFaces(FV, indices, 0)
 FV_unique = unique(FV_reindexed)
 FV_cleaned = Array(Array{Int}, 0)
 for f in FV_unique
    if(count((x) \rightarrow x == f, FV\_reindexed) == 1)
      push!(FV_cleaned, f)
    end
 end
 # Creating an array of faces with explicit vertices
 FV_vertices = Array(Array{Array{Int}}, 0)
```

```
for i in 1 : length(FV_cleaned)
    push!(FV_vertices, Array(Array{Int}, 0))
    for vtx in FV_cleaned[i]
     push!(FV_vertices[i], newV[vtx])
    end
  end
 V_final = Array(Array{Int}, 0)
 FV_final = Array(Array{Int}, 0)
 # Saving only used vertices
 for face in FV_vertices
    for vtx in face
     push!(V_final, vtx)
    end
  end
 V_final = unique(V_final)
 # Renumbering FV
 for face in FV_vertices
    tmp = Array(Int, 0)
   for vtx in face
     ind = findfirst(V_final, vtx)
     push!(tmp, ind)
    end
   push!(FV_final, tmp)
 end
 return V_final, FV_final
end
function computeModel(imageDx, imageDy, imageDz,
                      xStart, yStart, zStart,
                      facesOffset, objectBoundaryChain)
  11 11 11
 Takes the boundary chain of a part of the entire model
 and returns a LAR model
 imageDx, imageDy, imageDz: Boundary dimensions
 xStart, yStart, zStart: Offset of this part of the model
 facesOffset: Offset for the faces
 objectBoundaryChain: Sparse csc matrix containing the cells
  11 11 11
 V, bases = getBases(imageDx, imageDy, imageDz)
```

```
FV = bases[3]
 V_model = Array(Array{Int}, 0)
 FV_model = Array(Array{Int}, 0)
 vertex_count = 1
 #b2cells = Lar2Julia.cscChainToCellList(objectBoundaryChain)
 # Get all cells (independently from orientation)
 b2cells = findn(objectBoundaryChain)[1]
 debug("b2cells = ", b2cells)
 for f in b2cells
   old_vertex_count = vertex_count
   for vtx in FV[f]
     push!(V_model, [convert(Int, V[vtx + 1][1] + xStart),
                    convert(Int, V[vtx + 1][2] + yStart),
                    convert(Int, V[vtx + 1][3] + zStart)])
     vertex_count += 1
   end
   push!(FV_model, [old_vertex_count + facesOffset, old_vertex_count + 1 + facesOffset, old_v
   push!(FV_model, [old_vertex_count + facesOffset, old_vertex_count + 3 + facesOffset, old_v
  end
 # Removing double vertices
 return removeDoubleVerticesAndFaces(V_model, FV_model, facesOffset)
end
function isOnLeft(face, V, nx, ny, nz)
 Check if face is on left boundary
 for(vtx in face)
   if(V[vtx + 1][2] != 0)
     return false
   end
 end
 return true
end
function isOnRight(face, V, nx, ny, nz)
```

```
Check if face is on right boundary
  for(vtx in face)
    if(V[vtx + 1][2] != ny)
      return false
    end
  end
  return true
end
function isOnTop(face, V, nx, ny, nz)
  Check if face is on top boundary
  for(vtx in face)
    if(V[vtx + 1][3] != nz)
      return false
    end
  end
  return true
end
function isOnBottom(face, V, nx, ny, nz)
  Check if face is on bottom boundary
  for(vtx in face)
    if(V[vtx + 1][3] != 0)
      return false
    end
  end
  return true
end
function isOnFront(face, V, nx, ny, nz)
  Check if face is on front boundary
  for(vtx in face)
    if(V[vtx + 1][1] != nx)
```

```
return false
   end
 end
 return true
end
function isOnBack(face, V, nx, ny, nz)
 Check if face is on back boundary
 for(vtx in face)
   if(V[vtx + 1][1] != 0)
      return false
   end
 end
 return true
end
function computeModelAndBoundaries(imageDx, imageDy, imageDz,
                      xStart, yStart, zStart,
                      objectBoundaryChain)
  11 11 11
 Takes the boundary chain of a part of the entire model
 and returns a LAR model splitting the boundaries
  imageDx, imageDy, imageDz: Boundary dimensions
 xStart, yStart, zStart: Offset of this part of the model
 objectBoundaryChain: Sparse csc matrix containing the cells
  11 11 11
 function addFaceToModel(V_base, FV_base, V, FV, face, vertex_count)
   Insert a face into a LAR model
   V_base, FV_base: LAR model of the base
   V, FV: LAR model
   face: Face that will be added to the model
   vertex_count: Indices for faces vertices
   new_vertex_count = vertex_count
   for vtx in FV_base[face]
     push!(V, [convert(Int, V_base[vtx + 1][1] + xStart),
                      convert(Int, V_base[vtx + 1][2] + yStart),
                      convert(Int, V_base[vtx + 1][3] + zStart)])
     new_vertex_count += 1
```

```
push!(FV, [vertex_count, vertex_count + 1, vertex_count + 3])
  push!(FV, [vertex_count, vertex_count + 3, vertex_count + 2])
 return new_vertex_count
end
V, bases = getBases(imageDx, imageDy, imageDz)
FV = bases[3]
V_model = Array(Array{Int}, 0)
FV_model = Array(Array{Int}, 0)
V_left = Array(Array{Int},0)
FV_left = Array(Array{Int},0)
V_right = Array(Array{Int},0)
FV_right = Array(Array{Int},0)
V_top = Array(Array{Int},0)
FV_top = Array(Array{Int},0)
V_bottom = Array(Array{Int},0)
FV_bottom = Array(Array{Int},0)
V_front = Array(Array{Int},0)
FV_front = Array(Array{Int},0)
V_back = Array(Array{Int},0)
FV_back = Array(Array{Int},0)
vertex_count_model = 1
vertex_count_left = 1
vertex_count_right = 1
vertex_count_top = 1
vertex_count_bottom = 1
vertex_count_front = 1
vertex_count_back = 1
#b2cells = Lar2Julia.cscChainToCellList(objectBoundaryChain)
# Get all cells (independently from orientation)
b2cells = findn(objectBoundaryChain)[1]
debug("b2cells = ", b2cells)
for f in b2cells
```

```
old_vertex_count_model = vertex_count_model
         old_vertex_count_left = vertex_count_left
         old_vertex_count_right = vertex_count_right
         old_vertex_count_top = vertex_count_top
         old_vertex_count_bottom = vertex_count_bottom
         old_vertex_count_front = vertex_count_front
         old_vertex_count_back = vertex_count_back
         # Choosing the right model for vertex
         if(isOnLeft(FV[f], V, imageDx, imageDy, imageDz))
           vertex_count_left = addFaceToModel(V, FV, V_left, FV_left, f, old_vertex_count_left)
         elseif(isOnRight(FV[f], V, imageDx, imageDy, imageDz))
           vertex_count_right = addFaceToModel(V, FV, V_right, FV_right, f, old_vertex_count_right)
         elseif(isOnTop(FV[f], V, imageDx, imageDy, imageDz))
           vertex_count_top = addFaceToModel(V, FV, V_top, FV_top, f, old_vertex_count_top)
         elseif(isOnBottom(FV[f], V, imageDx, imageDy, imageDz))
           vertex_count_bottom = addFaceToModel(V, FV, V_bottom, FV_bottom, f, old_vertex_count_bot
         elseif(isOnFront(FV[f], V, imageDx, imageDy, imageDz))
           vertex_count_front = addFaceToModel(V, FV, V_front, FV_front, f, old_vertex_count_front)
         elseif(isOnBack(FV[f], V, imageDx, imageDy, imageDz))
           vertex_count_back = addFaceToModel(V, FV, V_back, FV_back, f, old_vertex_count_back)
         else
           vertex_count_model = addFaceToModel(V, FV, V_model, FV_model, f, old_vertex_count_model)
         end
       end
       # Removing double vertices
       return [removeDoubleVerticesAndFaces(V_model, FV_model, 0)],
       [removeDoubleVerticesAndFaces(V_left, FV_left, 0)],
       [removeDoubleVerticesAndFaces(V_right, FV_right, 0)],
       [removeDoubleVerticesAndFaces(V_top, FV_top, 0)],
       [removeDoubleVerticesAndFaces(V_bottom, FV_bottom, 0)],
       [removeDoubleVerticesAndFaces(V_front, FV_front, 0)],
       [removeDoubleVerticesAndFaces(V_back, FV_back, 0)]
     end
     end
     \Diamond
"src/Model20bj.jl" 24\equiv
     module Model20bj
```

import LARUtils

```
using Logging
export writeToObj, mergeObj, mergeObjParallel
function writeToObj(V, FV, outputFilename)
 Take a LAR model and write it on obj file
 V: array containing vertices coordinates
 FV: array containing faces
 outputFilename: prefix for the output files
 if (length(V) != 0)
   outputVtx = string(outputFilename, "_vtx.stl")
   outputFaces = string(outputFilename, "_faces.stl")
   fileVertex = open(outputVtx, "w")
   fileFaces = open(outputFaces, "w")
   for v in V
     write(fileVertex, "v ")
     write(fileVertex, string(v[1], " "))
     write(fileVertex, string(v[2], " "))
     write(fileVertex, string(v[3], "\n"))
   end
   for f in FV
     write(fileFaces, "f ")
     write(fileFaces, string(f[1], " "))
     write(fileFaces, string(f[2], " "))
     write(fileFaces, string(f[3], "\n"))
   end
   close(fileVertex)
   close(fileFaces)
 end
end
function mergeObj(modelDirectory)
 Merge stl files in a single obj file
```

```
modelDirectory: directory containing models
files = readdir(modelDirectory)
vertices_files = files[find(s -> contains(s,string("_vtx.stl")), files)]
faces_files = files[find(s -> contains(s,string("_faces.stl")), files)]
obj_file = open(string(modelDirectory,"/","model.obj"),"w") # Output file
vertices_counts = Array(Int64, length(vertices_files))
number_of_vertices = 0
for i in 1:length(vertices_files)
  vtx_file = vertices_files[i]
  f = open(string(modelDirectory, "/", vtx_file))
  debug("Opening ", vtx_file)
  # Writing vertices on the obj file
  for ln in eachline(f)
   write(obj_file, ln)
   number_of_vertices += 1
  end
  # Saving number of vertices
  vertices_counts[i] = number_of_vertices
  close(f)
end
for i in 1 : length(faces_files)
  faces_file = faces_files[i]
  f = open(string(modelDirectory, "/", faces_file))
  debug("Opening ", faces_file)
  for ln in eachline(f)
    splitted = split(ln)
    write(obj_file, "f ")
    if i > 1
      write(obj_file, string(parse(splitted[2]) + vertices_counts[i - 1], " "))
      write(obj_file, string(parse(splitted[3]) + vertices_counts[i - 1], " "))
      write(obj_file, string(parse(splitted[4]) + vertices_counts[i - 1]))
      write(obj_file, string(splitted[2], " "))
      write(obj_file, string(splitted[3], " "))
      write(obj_file, splitted[4])
    end
    write(obj_file, "\n")
  end
  close(f)
end
```

```
close(obj_file)
 # Removing all tmp files
 for vtx_file in vertices_files
   #rm(string(modelDirectory, "/", vtx_file))
  end
 for fcs_file in faces_files
   #rm(string(modelDirectory, "/", fcs_file))
  end
end
function assignTasks(startInd, endInd, taskArray)
 This function choose the first files to merge
 creating a tree where number of processes is maximized
 startInd: starting index for array subdivision
 endInd: end index for array subdivision
 taskArray: array containing indices of files to merge for first
 if (endInd - startInd == 2)
   push!(taskArray, startInd)
 elseif (endInd - startInd < 2)</pre>
   if (endInd % 4 != 0 && startInd != endInd)
      # Stop recursion on this branch
     push!(taskArray, startInd)
   # Stop recursion doing nothing
   assignTasks(startInd, startInd + trunc((endInd - startInd) / 2), taskArray)
   assignTasks(startInd + trunc((endInd - startInd) / 2) + 1, endInd, taskArray)
 end
end
function mergeVerticesFiles(file1, file2, startOffset)
 Support function for merging two vertices files.
 Returns the number of vertices of the merged file
 file1: path of the first file
 file2: path of the second file
 startOffset: starting face offset for second file
 11 11 11
```

```
f1 = open(file1, "a")
 f2 = open(file2)
 debug("Merging ", file2)
 number_of_vertices = startOffset
 for ln in eachline(f2)
   write(f1, ln)
   number_of_vertices += 1
 end
 close(f2)
 close(f1)
 return number_of_vertices
end
function mergeFacesFiles(file1, file2, facesOffset)
 Support function for merging two faces files
 file1: path of the first file
 file2: path of the second file
 facesOffset: offset for faces
 f1 = open(file1, "a")
 f2 = open(file2)
 for ln in eachline(f2)
   splitted = split(ln)
   write(f1, "f ")
   write(f1, string(parse(splitted[2]) + facesOffset, " "))
   write(f1, string(parse(splitted[3]) + facesOffset, " "))
   write(f1, string(parse(splitted[4]) + facesOffset, "\n"))
 end
 close(f2)
 close(f1)
end
function mergeObjProcesses(fileArray, facesOffset = Nothing)
 Merge files on a single process
 fileArray: Array containing files that will be merged
```

```
facesOffset (optional): if merging faces files, this array contains
   offsets for every file
  if(contains(fileArray[1], string("_vtx.stl")))
   # Merging vertices files
   offsets = Array(Int, 0)
   push!(offsets, countlines(fileArray[1]))
   vertices_count = mergeVerticesFiles(fileArray[1], fileArray[2], countlines(fileArray[1]))
   rm(fileArray[2]) # Removing merged file
   push!(offsets, vertices_count)
   for i in 3: length(fileArray)
      vertices_count = mergeVerticesFiles(fileArray[1], fileArray[i], vertices_count)
     rm(fileArray[i]) # Removing merged file
     push!(offsets, vertices_count)
   end
   return offsets
 else
   # Merging faces files
   mergeFacesFiles(fileArray[1], fileArray[2], facesOffset[1])
   rm(fileArray[2]) # Removing merged file
   for i in 3 : length(fileArray)
     mergeFacesFiles(fileArray[1], fileArray[i], facesOffset[i - 1])
     rm(fileArray[i]) # Removing merged file
  end
end
function mergeObjHelper(vertices_files, faces_files)
 Support function for mergeObj. It takes vertices and faces files
 and execute a single merging step
 vertices_files: Array containing vertices files
 faces_files: Array containing faces files
 numberOfImages = length(vertices_files)
 taskArray = Array(Int, 0)
 assignTasks(1, numberOfImages, taskArray)
 # Now taskArray contains first files to merge
 numberOfVertices = Array(Int, 0)
 tasks = Array(RemoteRef, 0)
 for i in 1 : length(taskArray) - 1
   task = @spawn mergeObjProcesses(vertices_files[taskArray[i] : (taskArray[i + 1] - 1)])
   push!(tasks, task)
```

```
#append!(numberOfVertices, mergeObjProcesses(vertices_files[taskArray[i] : (taskArray[i +
  end
 # Merging last vertices files
 task = @spawn mergeObjProcesses(vertices_files[taskArray[length(taskArray)] : end])
 push!(tasks, task)
 #append!(numberOfVertices, mergeObjProcesses(vertices_files[taskArray[length(taskArray)] : e.
 for task in tasks
   append!(numberOfVertices, fetch(task))
  end
 debug("NumberOfVertices = ", numberOfVertices)
 # Merging faces files
 tasks = Array(RemoteRef, 0)
  for i in 1 : length(taskArray) - 1
   task = @spawn mergeObjProcesses(faces_files[taskArray[i] : (taskArray[i + 1] - 1)],
                                    numberOfVertices[taskArray[i] : (taskArray[i + 1] - 1)])
   push!(tasks, task)
   #mergeObjProcesses(faces_files[taskArray[i] : (taskArray[i + 1] - 1)],
                       numberOfVertices[taskArray[i] : (taskArray[i + 1] - 1)])
  end
 #Merging last faces files
  task = @spawn mergeObjProcesses(faces_files[taskArray[length(taskArray)] : end],
                                  numberOfVertices[taskArray[length(taskArray)] : end])
 push!(tasks, task)
  #mergeObjProcesses(faces_files[taskArray[length(taskArray)] : end],
                       numberOfVertices[taskArray[length(taskArray)] : end])
 for task in tasks
   wait(task)
 end
end
function mergeObjParallel(modelDirectory)
 Merge stl files in a single obj file using a parallel
 approach. Files will be recursively merged two by two
  generating a tree where number of processes for every
```

```
step is maximized
 Actually use of this function is discouraged. In fact
  speedup is influenced by disk speed. It could work on
 particular systems with parallel accesses on disks
 modelDirectory: directory containing models
 11 11 11
 files = readdir(modelDirectory)
 # Appending directory path to every file
 files = map((s) -> string(modelDirectory, "/", s), files)
 # While we have more than one vtx file and one faces file
 while(length(files) != 2)
   vertices_files = files[find(s -> contains(s,string("_vtx.stl")), files)]
   faces_files = files[find(s -> contains(s,string("_faces.stl")), files)]
   # Merging files
   mergeObjHelper(vertices_files, faces_files)
   files = readdir(modelDirectory)
   files = map((s) -> string(modelDirectory, "/", s), files)
  end
 mergeVerticesFiles(files[2], files[1], 0)
 mv(files[2], string(modelDirectory, "/model.obj"))
 rm(files[1])
end
function mergeAndRemoveDuplicates(firstPath, secondPath)
 Merge two boundary files removing common faces between
 them
 firstPath, secondPath: Prefix of paths to merge
 firstPathV = string(firstPath, "_vtx.stl")
 firstPathFV = string(firstPath, "_faces.stl")
 secondPathV = string(secondPath, "_vtx.stl")
 secondPathFV = string(secondPath, "_faces.stl")
 if(isfile(firstPathV) && isfile(secondPathV))
```

```
V = Array(Array(Int), 0)
FV = Array(Array(Int), 0)
offset = 0
# First of all open files and retrieve LAR models
f1_V = open(firstPathV)
f1_FV = open(firstPathFV)
for ln in eachline(f1_V)
  splitted = split(ln)
 push!(V, [parse(splitted[2]), parse(splitted[3]), parse(splitted[4])])
 offset += 1
end
for ln in eachline(f1_FV)
 splitted = split(ln)
 push!(FV, [parse(splitted[2]), parse(splitted[3]), parse(splitted[4])])
end
close(f1_V)
close(f1_FV)
f2_V = open(secondPathV)
f2_FV = open(secondPathFV)
for ln in eachline(f2_V)
 splitted = split(ln)
 push!(V, [parse(splitted[2]), parse(splitted[3]), parse(splitted[4])])
for ln in eachline(f2_FV)
 splitted = split(ln)
 push!(FV, [parse(splitted[2]) + offset, parse(splitted[3]) + offset, parse(splitted[4])
end
close(f2_V)
close(f2_FV)
V_final, FV_final = LARUtils.removeVerticesAndFacesFromBoundaries(V, FV)
# Writing model to file
rm(firstPathV)
rm(firstPathFV)
```

```
rm(secondPathV)
   rm(secondPathFV)
   writeToObj(V_final, FV_final, firstPath)
  end
end
function mergeBoundaries(modelDirectory,
                         imageHeight, imageWidth, imageDepth,
                         imageDx, imageDy, imageDz)
 Merge boundaries files. For every cell of size
  (imageDx, imageDy, imageDz) in the model grid,
  it merges right faces with next left faces, top faces
 with the next cell bottom faces, and front faces
 with the next cell back faces
 modelDirectory: directory containing models
  imageHeight, imageWidth, imageDepth: images sizes
  imageDx, imageDy, imageDz: sizes of cells grid
 beginImageStack = 0
  endImage = beginImageStack
 tasks = Array(RemoteRef, 0)
 for zBlock in 0:(imageDepth / imageDz - 1)
   startImage = endImage
   endImage = startImage + imageDz
   for xBlock in 0:(imageHeight / imageDx - 1)
      for yBlock in 0:(imageWidth / imageDy - 1)
        # Merging right Boundary
        firstPath = string(modelDirectory, "/right_output_", xBlock, "-", yBlock, "_", startIm
        secondPath = string(modelDirectory, "/left_output_", xBlock, "-", yBlock + 1, "_", sta
        task1 = @spawn mergeAndRemoveDuplicates(firstPath, secondPath)
        # Merging top boundary
        firstPath = string(modelDirectory, "/top_output_", xBlock, "-", yBlock, "_", startImag
        secondPath = string(modelDirectory, "/bottom_output_", xBlock, "-", yBlock, "_", endIm
        task2 = @spawn mergeAndRemoveDuplicates(firstPath, secondPath)
        # Merging front boundary
        firstPath = string(modelDirectory, "/front_output_", xBlock, "-", yBlock, "_", startIm
        secondPath = string(modelDirectory, "/back_output_", xBlock + 1, "-", yBlock, "_", sta
        task3 = @spawn mergeAndRemoveDuplicates(firstPath, secondPath)
```

```
push!(tasks, task1, task2, task3)
           end
         end
       end
       # Waiting for tasks
       for task in tasks
         wait(task)
       end
     end
     end
     \rightarrow
"src/PngStack2Array3dJulia.jl" 34=
     module PngStack2Array3dJulia
     \verb|export calculateClusterCentroids|, pngstack2array3d|, getImageData|, convertImages|
     using Images # For loading png images
     using Colors # For grayscale images
     using PyCall # For including python clustering
     using Logging
     Opyimport scipy.ndimage as ndimage
     Opyimport scipy.cluster.vq as cluster
     NOISE_SHAPE_DETECT=10
     function getImageData(imageFile)
       Get width and heigth from a png image
       input = open(imageFile, "r")
       data = readbytes(input, 24)
       if (data[2:4] != [80, 78, 71] && data[13:16] != [73, 72, 68, 82])
         error("This is not a png image")
       end
       w = data[17:20]
       h = data[21:24]
```

```
width = reinterpret(Int32, reverse(w))[1]
 height = reinterpret(Int32, reverse(h))[1]
 close(input)
 return width, height
end
function calculateClusterCentroids(path, image, numberOfClusters = 2)
 Loads an image and calculate cluster centroids for segmentation
 path: Path of the image folder
  image: name of the image
 numberOfClusters: number of desidered clusters
  imageFilename = string(path, image)
 img = imread(imageFilename) # Open png image with Julia Package
 rgb_img = convert(Image{ColorTypes.RGB}, img)
 gray_img = convert(Image{ColorTypes.Gray}, rgb_img)
  imArray = raw(gray_img)
  imageWidth = size(imArray)[1]
  imageHeight = size(imArray)[2]
 # Getting pixel values and saving them with another shape
  image3d = Array(Array{Uint8,2}, 0)
  # Inserting page on another list and reshaping
 push!(image3d, imArray)
 pixel = reshape(image3d[1], (imageWidth * imageHeight), 1)
 # Segmenting image using kmeans
 # https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Image_segmentation#Clustering_methods
 centroids,_ = cluster.kmeans(pixel, numberOfClusters)
 return centroids
end
function pngstack2array3d(path, minSlice, maxSlice, centroids)
```

```
Import a stack of PNG images into a 3d array
path: path of images directory
minSlice and maxSlice: number of first and last slice
centroids: centroids for image segmentation
# image3d contains all images values
image3d = Array(Array{Uint8,2}, 0)
debug("maxSlice = ", maxSlice, " minSlice = ", minSlice)
files = readdir(path)
for slice in minSlice : (maxSlice - 1)
  debug("slice = ", slice)
  imageFilename = string(path, files[slice + 1])
  debug("image name: ", imageFilename)
  img = imread(imageFilename) # Open png image with Julia Package
  # Converting image in grayscale
  rgb_img = convert(Image{ColorTypes.RGB}, img)
  gray_img = convert(Image{ColorTypes.Gray}, rgb_img)
  imArray = raw(gray_img) # Putting pixel values into RAW 3d array
  debug("imArray size: ", size(imArray))
  # Inserting page on another list and reshaping
  push!(image3d, imArray)
end
# Removing noise using a median filter and quantization
for page in 1:length(image3d)
  # Denoising
  image3d[page] = ndimage.median_filter(image3d[page], NOISE_SHAPE_DETECT)
  # Image Quantization
  debug("page = ", page)
  debug("image3d[page] dimensions: ", size(image3d[page])[1], "\t", size(image3d[page])[2])
  pixel = reshape(image3d[page], size(image3d[page])[1] * size(image3d[page])[2] , 1)
  qnt,_ = cluster.vq(pixel,centroids)
  # Reshaping quantization result
  centers_idx = reshape(qnt, size(image3d[page],1), size(image3d[page],2))
  #centers_idx = reshape(qnt, size(image3d[page]))
```

```
# Inserting quantized values into 3d image array
   tmp = Array(Uint8, size(image3d[page],1), size(image3d[page],2))
   for j in 1:size(image3d[1],2)
     for i in 1:size(image3d[1],1)
        tmp[i,j] = centroids[centers_idx[i,j] + 1]
      end
   end
   image3d[page] = tmp
  end
 return image3d
end
function convertImages(inputPath, outputPath, bestImage)
 Get all images contained in inputPath directory
 saving them in outputPath directory in png format.
 If images have one of two odd dimensions, they will be resized
 and if folder contains an odd number of images another one will be
 added
 inputPath: Directory containing input images
 outputPath: Temporary directory containing png images
 bestImage: Image chosen for centroids computation
 Returns the new name for the best image
  11 11 11
  imageFiles = readdir(inputPath)
 numberOfImages = length(imageFiles)
 outputPrefix = ""
 for i in 1: length(string(numberOfImages)) - 1
   outputPrefix = string(outputPrefix,"0")
  end
 newBestImage = ""
 imageNumber = 0
 for imageFile in imageFiles
   img = imread(string(inputPath, imageFile))
   # resizing images if they do not have even dimensions
   dim = size(img)
   if(dim[1] % 2 != 0)
```

```
debug("Image has odd x; resizing")
   xrange = 1: dim[1] - 1
   xrange = 1: dim[1]
  end
  if(dim[2] \% 2 != 0)
    debug("Image has odd y; resizing")
   yrange = 1: dim[2] - 1
   yrange = 1: dim[2]
  end
  img = subim(img, xrange, yrange)
  outputFilename = string(outputPath, outputPrefix[length(string(imageNumber)):end], imageNumber)
  imwrite(img, outputFilename)
  # Searching the best image
  if(imageFile == bestImage)
   newBestImage = string(outputPrefix[length(string(imageNumber)):end], imageNumber,".png")
  end
  imageNumber += 1
end
# Adding another image if they are odd
if(numberOfImages % 2 != 0)
  debug("Odd images, adding one")
  bestImage = imread(string(outputPath, "/", newBestImage))
  imArray = zeros(Uint8, size(bestImage))
  img = grayim(imArray)
  outputFilename = string(outputPath, "/", outputPrefix[length(string(imageNumber)):end], im
  imwrite(img, outputFilename)
end
return newBestImage
```

end end

2.1 Installing the library

3 Conclusions

- 3.1 Results
- 3.2 Further improvements

References

[CL13] CVD-Lab, *Linear algebraic representation*, Tech. Report 13-00, Roma Tre University, October 2013.

A Utility functions

B Tests

Generation of the border matrix

function testWriteBorder()

```
"test/generateBorderMatrix.jl" 39\equiv
   push!(LOAD_PATH, "../../")
   import GenerateBorderMatrix
   import JSON
   using Base.Test
   function testComputeOriented3Border()
    Test function for computeOriented3Border
    boundaryMatrix = GenerateBorderMatrix.computeOriented3Border(2,2,2)
    rowcount = boundaryMatrix[:shape][1]
    @test rowcount == 36
    colcount = boundaryMatrix[:shape][2]
    @test colcount == 8
    row = boundaryMatrix[:indptr]
    col = boundaryMatrix[:indices]
    data = boundaryMatrix[:data]
    end
```

```
Test for writeBorder
 boundaryMatrix = GenerateBorderMatrix.computeOriented3Border(2,2,2)
 filename = "borderFile"
 GenerateBorderMatrix.writeBorder(boundaryMatrix, filename)
 @test isfile(filename)
 # Loading borderMatrix from json file
 borderData = JSON.parsefile(filename)
 row = Array(Int64, length(borderData["ROW"]))
 col = Array(Int64, length(borderData["COL"]))
 data = Array(Int64, length(borderData["DATA"]))
 @test borderData["COL"] == [0,0,0,1,1,0,1,1,2,0,2,2,3,1,3,2,3,3,2,3,0,4,4,4,1,5,5,4,5,5,2,6,
 rm(filename)
end
function executeAllTests()
 @time testComputeOriented3Border()
 @time testWriteBorder()
 println("Tests completed.")
end
executeAllTests()
```

Conversion of a png stack to a 3D array

```
"test/pngStack2Array3dJulia.jl" 40\(\sim \)
    push!(LOAD_PATH, "../../")
    import PngStack2Array3dJulia
    using Base.Test

function testGetImageData()
    """

Test function for getImageData
```

```
11 11 11
 width, height = PngStack2Array3dJulia.getImageData("images/0.png")
 @test width == 50
 @test height == 50
end
function testCalculateClusterCentroids()
 Test function for calculateClusterCentroids
 path = "images/"
 image = 0
 centroids = PngStack2Array3dJulia.calculateClusterCentroids(path, image, 2)
 expected = [0, 253]
 centroids = vec(reshape(centroids, 1, 2))
 @test sort(centroids) == expected
end
function testPngstack2array3d()
 Test function for pngstack2array3d
 path = "images/"
 minSlice = 0
 maxSlice = 4
 centroids = PngStack2Array3dJulia.calculateClusterCentroids(path, 0, 2)
  image3d = PngStack2Array3dJulia.pngstack2array3d(path, minSlice, maxSlice, centroids)
 @test size(image3d)[1] == 5
 @test size(image3d[1])[1] == 50
 @test size(image3d[1])[2] == 200
end
function executeAllTests()
 @time testCalculateClusterCentroids()
 @time testPngstack2array3d()
 @time testGetImageData()
 println("Tests completed.")
end
```

```
executeAllTests()
```

 \Diamond

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Test for LAR utilities

```
"test/LARUtils.jl" 42\equiv
     push!(LOAD_PATH, "../../")
     import LARUtils
     using Base.Test
     function testInd()
       Test function for ind
       nx = 2
       ny = 2
        @test LARUtils.ind(0, 0, 0, nx, ny) == 0 
       @test LARUtils.ind(1, 1, 1, nx, ny) == 13
       Otest LARUtils.ind(2, 5, 4, nx, ny) == 53
       \texttt{@test LARUtils.ind(1, 1, 1, nx, ny) == 13}
       Otest LARUtils.ind(2, 7, 1, nx, ny) == 32
       Qtest LARUtils.ind(1, 0, 3, nx, ny) == 28
     end
     function executeAllTests()
       @time testInd()
       println("Tests completed.")
     end
     executeAllTests()
```

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