Home assignment 4: Fubini-Study form and its potential

Exercise 4.3

- (a) Consider the function $|z|^2=z\bar{z}$ on \mathbb{C}^* , and let $\rho=z\frac{\mathrm{d}}{\mathrm{d}z}$, where z is the complex coordinate on \mathbb{C} . Prove that $\mathrm{Lie}_{\rho}|z|^2=|z|^2$.
- (b) Prove that $\operatorname{Lie}_{\rho}(\log |z|^2) = \text{const.}$

Solution.

(a)

$$\begin{split} \text{Lie}_{\rho}|z|^2 &= \mathfrak{i}_{\rho} d|z|^2 + \underline{d} \mathfrak{i}_{\rho} |z|^2 \\ &= \mathfrak{i}_{\rho} d(z\bar{z}) = \mathfrak{i}_{\rho} \Big(\bar{z} dz + z dz^0\Big) \\ &= \mathfrak{i}_{\rho} (\bar{z} dz = \bar{z} dz \left(z \frac{d}{dz}\right) = \bar{z}z. \end{split}$$

(b) We have two functions $f: \mathbb{R}^+ \to \mathbb{R}$ and $g: \mathbb{R}^2 \to \mathbb{R}$. f is log and $g = z\bar{z} = x^2 + y^2$. Then by definition

$$\begin{split} d(f \circ g) &= \frac{\partial}{\partial x} (f \circ g) dx + \frac{\partial}{\partial y} (f \circ g) dy \\ &= \frac{df}{dt} \Big|_{g(x,y)} \frac{\partial g}{\partial x} dx + \frac{df}{dt} \Big|_{g(x,y)} \frac{\partial g}{\partial y} dy \\ &= log'(x^2 + y^2) \frac{\partial}{\partial x} (x^2 + y^2) dx + log'(x^2 + y^2) \frac{\partial}{\partial y} (x^2 + y^2) dy \\ &= \frac{1}{x^2 + y^2} 2x dx + \frac{1}{x^2 + y^2} 2y dy \\ &= \frac{2}{x^2 + y^2} (x dx + y dy) \end{split}$$

OK now go back to your basic complex geometry knowledge to tell

$$dz = dx + \sqrt{-1}dy$$
, $d\bar{z} = dx - \sqrt{-1}dy$

and

$$\frac{\partial}{\partial z} = \frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{\partial}{\partial x} - s^{-1} \frac{\partial}{\partial y} \right), \qquad \frac{\partial}{\partial \bar{z}} = \frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{\partial}{\partial x} + \sqrt{-1} \frac{\partial}{\partial y} \right).$$

which says

$$dx = \frac{1}{2} \left(dz + d\bar{z} \right), \qquad dy = \frac{1}{2\sqrt{-1}} (dz - d\bar{z})$$

So that our thing of today is

$$\begin{split} \frac{2}{x^2+y^2}(x\mathrm{d}x+y\mathrm{d}y) &= \frac{2}{|z|^2}\Big(\operatorname{Re}z\frac{1}{2}(\mathrm{d}z+\mathrm{d}\bar{z}) + \operatorname{Im}z\frac{1}{2\sqrt{-1}}(\mathrm{d}z-\mathrm{d}\bar{z})\Big) \\ &= \frac{1}{|z|^2}\Big(\operatorname{Re}z(\mathrm{d}z+\mathrm{d}\bar{z}) + \frac{1}{\sqrt{-1}}\operatorname{Im}z(\mathrm{d}z-\mathrm{d}\bar{z})\Big) \end{split}$$

That is d log $|z|^2$. Now evaluate in $\rho=z\frac{d}{dz}$:

$$\mathrm{d}\log|z|^2(\rho) = \frac{1}{|z|^2} \Big(z\operatorname{Re}z + \frac{1}{\sqrt{-1}}z\operatorname{Im}z\Big) = \frac{z}{|z|^2}\bar{z} = 1$$