Introducción

El **ESP8266 NodeMCU** es una plataforma de hardware y software open source que permite a los usuarios crear dispositivos conectados a Internet con funciones de red WiFi de forma rápida y fácil.

Se basa en el chip ESP8266, que es un microcontrolador Wi-Fi de bajo costo y de altas prestaciones.

Aplicaciones principales

- Dispositivos domésticos inteligentes
- Dispositivos IoT
- Wearables
- Juguetes conectados
- Sistemas de seguridad
- Termostatos
- Sistemas de rociadores
- Controles remotos
- Iluminación automatizada

Código fuente

```
* ESP8266 NodeMCU LED Control over WiFi Demo
 * https://circuits4you.com
 */
#include <ESP8266WiFi.h>
#include <WiFiClient.h>
//ESP Web Server Library to host a web page
#include <ESP8266WebServer.h>
//Our HTML webpage contents in program memory
const char MAIN_page[] PROGMEM = R"=====(
<!DOCTYPE html>
<html>
<body>
<center>
<h1>WiFi LED on off demo: 1</h1><br>
Ciclk to turn <a href="ledOn">LED ON</a><br>
Ciclk to turn <a href="ledOff">LED OFF</a><br>
<hr>>
<a href="https://circuits4you.com">circuits4you.com</a>
</center>
</body>
</html>
)=====";
```

```
//On board LED Connected to GPIO2
#define LED 2
//SSID and Password of your WiFi router
const char* ssid = "BONDIATOTLODIA";
const char* password = "UHYD6VRg";
//Declare a global object variable from the ESP8266WebServer class.
ESP8266WebServer server(80); //Server on port 80
//-----
// This routine is executed when you open its IP in browser
//----
void handleRoot() {
Serial.println("You called root page");
String s = MAIN_page; //Read HTML contents
server.send(200, "text/html", s); //Send web page
}
void handleLEDon() {
Serial.println("LED on page");
digitalWrite(LED,LOW); //LED is connected in reverse
server.send(200, "text/html", "LED is ON"); //Send ADC value only to client ajax
request
}
void handleLEDoff() {
Serial.println("LED off page");
digitalWrite(LED,HIGH); //LED off
server.send(200, "text/html", "LED is OFF"); //Send ADC value only to client ajax
request
}
//-----
                SETUP
//----
void setup(void){
 Serial.begin(115200);
 Serial.println("");
 Serial.println(ssid);
 Serial.println(password);
 WiFi.begin(ssid, password);
                         //Connect to your WiFi router
 //Onboard LED port Direction output
 pinMode(LED,OUTPUT);
 //Power on LED state off
 digitalWrite(LED,HIGH);
 // Wait for connection
 while (WiFi.status() != WL CONNECTED) {
```

```
delay(500);
   Serial.print(".");
 }
 //If connection successful show IP address in serial monitor
 Serial.println("");
 Serial.print("Connected to ");
 Serial.println(ssid);
 Serial.print("IP address: ");
 Serial.println(WiFi.localIP()); //IP address assigned to your ESP
 server.on("/", handleRoot); //Which routine to handle at root location.
This is display page
 server.on("/ledOn", handleLEDon); //as Per <a href="ledOn">, Subroutine to be
called
 server.on("/ledOff", handleLEDoff);
 server.begin();
                             //Start server
 Serial.println("HTTP server started");
//-----
                  LOOP
//-----
void loop(void){
 server.handleClient();  //Handle client requests
}
```

Subida

```
Crystal is 26MHz
MAC: bc:ff:4d:cf:c3:57
Uploading stub...
Running stub...
Stub running...
Configuring flash size...
Auto-detected Flash size: 4MB
Flash params set to 0x0340
Compressed 303776 bytes to 220420...
Writing at 0x00000000... (7 %)
Writing at 0x00000000... (21 %)
Writing at 0x00000000... (28 %)
Writing at 0x00000000... (35 %)
Writing at 0x00010000... (50 %)
Writing at 0x00018000... (57 %)
Writing at 0x00018000... (57 %)
Writing at 0x00020000... (58 %)
Writing at 0x00020000... (57 %)
Writing at 0x00020000... (58 %)
Writing at 0x00030000... (58 %)
Writing at 0x00034000... (100 %)
Wrote 303776 bytes (220420 compressed) at 0x00000000 in 19.5 seconds (effective 124.8 kbit/s)...
Hash of data verified.

Leaving...
Hard resetting via RTS pin...
```

Salida monitor serie



Wifi bridge

```
#include <ESP8266WiFi.h>

// Set WiFi credentials
#define WIFI_SSID "YOUR WIFI NETWORK SSID"
#define WIFI_PASS "YOUR WIFI PASSWORD"

// Set AP credentials
```

```
#define AP_SSID "ESP8266"
#define AP_PASS "magicword"
void setup()
  // Setup serial port
 Serial.begin(115200);
 Serial.println();
 // Begin Access Point
 WiFi.mode(WIFI_AP_STA);
 WiFi.softAP(AP_SSID, AP_PASS);
 // Begin WiFi
 WiFi.begin(WIFI_SSID, WIFI_PASS);
 // Connecting to WiFi...
  Serial.print("Connecting to ");
  Serial.print(WIFI_SSID);
  while (WiFi.status() != WL_CONNECTED)
    delay(100);
    Serial.print(".");
  // Connected to WiFi
  Serial.println();
 Serial.println("Connected!");
  Serial.print("IP address for network ");
  Serial.print(WIFI_SSID);
  Serial.print(" : ");
  Serial.println(WiFi.localIP());
  Serial.print("IP address for network ");
  Serial.print(AP_SSID);
  Serial.print(" : ");
  Serial.print(WiFi.softAPIP());
}
void loop() {
 // put your main code here, to run repeatedly:
}
```

https://siytek.com/esp8266-ap-and-station-mode/