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Amazon Interview | Set 120 (On-Campus for Internship)

- Difficulty Level :[Hard](#)
- Last Updated :[21 Jun, 2019](#)

Recently Amazon visited our college and details are as follows.

Online Round:

There were two questions.

1. [N strings are given. Convert all string to corresponding decimal value typed in an Alphanumeric Keypad \(e.g. \xe2\x80\x99cbdg\xe2\x80\x9d -> 234\). Then print all strings in decreasing order of their decimal value.](#) If they have same decimal value then print lexicographically smaller first.

Input:

```
5\r\nAmazon\r\nsun\r\nrun\r\n\r\n\r\nOutput:\r\n262966  amazon\r\n786  run\r\n786  sun
```

2. Write a code to print all possible combinations (order matters) of characters of string in lexicographical order.

Input: \xe2\x80\x99cABC\xe2\x80\x9d

Output: A, AB, ABC, AC, ACB, B, BA, BAC, BC, BCA, C, CA, CAB, CB, CBA

Interview:

Round 1: 45 minutes

This started with a brief discussion on project. She quickly moved on to Coding questions.

She made me write an error free code for [Count all pairs which sum to k in a BST](#). Also she added that duplicates may be present but on left side only.

First she discussed for approach and then constrained the space complexity to be $O(1)$. She checked the code rigorously.

Then there were 3-4 coding questions. She just discussed approach.

[Update all nodes in a bst to be sum of all elements greater than or equal to it.](#)

[Stock problem/ Given an array \xe2\x80\x99arr\xe2\x80\x99 find maximum difference between two elements \(max\(arr\[j\]-arr\[i\]\) where \$i \geq j\$ \).](#)

-Then there was this awesome question \xe2\x80\x96 Given a perfect binary tree.

print nodes in a specific manner. e.g-

```
15\r\n      /  \\\r\n      13   14\r\n      /  \  /  \  \\\r\n      9   10  11  12\r\n
```

I told her approaches having some space complexity. Again she restricted space complexity, and I got an efficient solution by recognizing some pattern \xf0\x9f\x98\x89 .

Round 2: 25 minutes

There were just two questions.

1- [Given a string having no spaces, and a dictionary. Problem was to find if that string can be splitted in multiple strings such that all the splitted strings are in dictionary.](#) I was provided a function search(string str) which will tell if a particular string str is in the dictionary or not.

I quickly gave a recursive approach.

2- [The second question was well known vertical order traversal of a binary tree.](#) She just discussed how to implement various approaches in C++.

Then there was discussion on types of projects assigned to Interns and blah blah.

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