

Amazon Interview Experience | Set 303 (On-Campus)

- Difficulty Level : [Easy](#)
- Last Updated : 28 Jun, 2021

Round 0: (Written): 20 MCQs + 2 Coding Questions

MCQs Topics: [OS](#), [DS](#), [DBMS](#) (Serialization etc.), [Aptitude](#) (simple [puzzle](#) kind.)

Coding Questions:

- [Given a string output reverse string](#) (string could have multiple spaces between the words).

Example:

i/p: I am a proud Indian.

o/p:

Indian proud a am I.

- [Given a no in string format output another string which is the biggest no formed from using same digits , otherwise print -1:](#)

i/p: 0000 132 4312 11 no/p: 0 321 432 n-1 n

So the solution is : <http://stackoverflow.com/questions/12493591/given-an-array-of-integers-find-the-largest-number-using-the-digits-of-the-array>

DAY 2: (Interview Rounds)

Round 1 (Technical Interview 45 min approx.)

The Interview started with his introduction , what his department is , what do they do and so on.

- [Given a link list of 0s and 1s sort it so that all the 0s are at beginning and 1s at the end.](#) It had to be in-place.
You cannot swap values only pointers. Order of 0s and 1s was to be maintained . I had to write production level code for this with all boundary conditions checked!
- Given an array of 0s and 1s again and a variable k , print the size of the smallest window which contains exact k 0s .
 - discussion about the best optimised approach .
 - I solved it by storing indexes of all 0s and calculating min diff b/w every k elements.

Round 2 (Technical Interview 1 hr approx.)

The interviewer asked me to introduce myself and then my projects.

- [A person has to cross a road and with each step he either gains some energy or loses some \(this info is provided as an array\) . Find out the min amount of energy he should start with so that at any level his energy is not less than 1 .](#)
Simple question done in O(n).
- How to solve $(a^b) \% m$, where all a,b,m are of the order 10^{15} . Modulo distributive property is one thing .
1st approach suggested was breaking the no to binary as solving for eg:- $[(2^5 + 2^3 + 2^0) * (2^5)] \% [(2^3 + 2^2 + 2^0)]$ is feasible, but he wanted faster approach.
I suggested O(lg b) approach using divide n conquer (recursive solution) .
- He asked me if I know about the data structure [Trie](#) , I had heard about it and its use but never

implemented it. He explained a briefly what it is , then told me to code its structure , its functioning (finding / adding a new word) .

Then asked a few questions on it , some cases where it will falter , some more discussion on it.

Thanks Geeks ! Result Selected

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[All Practice Problems for Amazon !](#)

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