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Amazon Interview | Set 117 (On-Campus for Internship)

- Difficulty Level : [Hard](#)
- Last Updated : 21 Nov, 2019

Recently Amazon India visited our campus for 2 months internship. There were four rounds.

2 online coding questions + 20 MCQ :

MCQs had 15 questions(not exactly) on OS (to my surprise) , one aptitude(probability) and rest on c/c++

2nd Round (Group Interview / Written round) :

21 were selected for the second round. We had 2 questions.

1. [Given two strings, find whether they are anagrams of each other.](#) (too easy).
2. [Given a n-ary tree, Convert it into an array and return it. Construct the same n-ary tree from that array again.](#) (DFS is better here as reconstruction is necessary)

Push the root to a stack. \xe2\x80\x99pop the stack.store the value of the root node and the number of children it has in the array.push all the children to a stack from right to left\xe2\x80\x9d. do this until the stack becomes empty.. the array will have dfs along with the number of children of each node.

For reconstruction, pass `&xe2\x80\x9c\x9c\x9c\x9c` by reference(i is for iterating through the array) take the value at index 0 .. make it has root. increment i. for all the children of the root, recursively call the same function. return root. (I hope this works :P)

3rd round (Face to Face):

Only 5 were selected. I was asked only one question and I didn't do well. Find the square root of a number. I answered that this can be done using Babylonian method. (<https://www.geeksforgeeks.org/square-root-of-a-perfect-square/>) or binary search method.. He asked me to implement Binary Search method. I did a mistake. then he asked me to correct it.. I corrected it. I wasn't able to impress him much.

Remember the floating point arithmetic limitations.. this is where i failed.

4th round (Face to Face):

I was called for 4th round. (Only i had 4th round because of my bad performance in the 3rd round). The interviewer asked a lot of questions. They were easy

1. [Given an array of 0s and 1s sorted. Find the first occurrence of 1](#) (Binary Search)
2. [Given an infinite array of 0s and 1s.\(sorted\) .Find the first occurrence of 1](#)
3. [Given a matrix sorted in ascending order both row and column wise. Search an element](#). This is $O(n+m)$. He asked me a better solution.. I tried and he helped me a lot..Though i wasn't able to deliver.
4. [Given a tree, print the max sum path from root to leaf](#).
5. Given a tree, print spirally the column order of a tree.

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ex :      1\r\n          /           \\r\n          2             3\r\n                /   \\       /   \\r\n
```

6. Implement a stack using array. Implement two stacks using an array. Implement 3 stacks.

7. You are given an array . You have to create a stack when the user wants to do so and delete a stack when the user says. You wont be given the number of stacks that will be created.

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