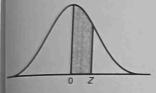
## AREAS OF A STANDARD NORMAL DISTRIBUTION



An entry in the table is the proportion under the entire curve that is between Z=0 and a positive value of Z. Areas for negative values of Z are obtained by symmetry. The areas correspond to probabilities. Thus the area between Z=0 and Z=2 is .4772, which leads to a probability of .5000 – .4772 = .0228 that Z will be larger than 2 in a normally distributed population. By symmetry, the probability that Z is less than -2 is .5000 – .4772 = .0228.

Z	.00	.01	.02	.03	.04	.05	.06	.07	.08	.09
.0 .1 .2	.0000 .0398 .0793	.0040 .0438 .0832	.0080 .0478 .0871	.0120 .0517 .0910	.0160 .0557 .0948	.0199 .0596 .0987	.0239 .0636 .1026	.0279 .0675 .1064	.0319 .0714 .1103	.0359 .0753 .1141
.3	.1179	.1217	.1255	.1293	.1331	.1368	.1406	.1443	.1480	.1517
.5 .6 .7 .8	.1915 .2257 .2580 .2881 .3159	.1950 .2291 .2614 .2910 .3186	.1985 .2324 .2642 .2939 .3212	.2019 .2357 .2673 .2967	.2054 .2389 .2703 .2995 .3264	.2088 .2422 .2734 .3023 .3289	.2123 .2454 .2764 .3051 .3315	.2157 .2486 .2794 .3078 .3340	.2190 .2517 .2823 .3106 .3365	.2234 .2549 .2852 .3133 .3389
1.0 1.1 1.2 1.3 1.4	.3413 .3643 .3849 .4032 .4192	.3438 .3665 .3869 .4049 .4207	.3461 .3686 .3888 .4066 .4222	.3485 .3708 .3907 .4082 .4236	.3508 .3729 .3925 .4099 .4251	.3531 .3749 .3944 .4115 .4265	.3554 .3770 .3962 .44.31 .4279	,3577 ,3790 ,3980 ,4147 ,4292	,3599 ,3810 ,3997 ,4162 ,4306	.3621 .3830 .4015 .4177 .4319 <b>A-103</b>

			00	.03	.04	.05	.06	.07	.08	.09
1.5 1.6 1.7 1.8 1.9 2.0 2.1 2.2 2.3	.00 .4332 .4452 .4554 .4641 .4713 .4772 .4821 .4861 .4893	.4345 .4463 .4564 .4649 .4719 .4778 .4826 .4864 .4896	.02 .4357 .4474 .4573 .4656 .4726 .4783 .4830 .4868 .4898 .4922	.4370 .4484 .4582 .4664 .4732 .4788 .4834 .4871 .4901	.4382 .4495 .4591 .4671 .4738 .4793 .4838 .4875 .4904 .4927	.4394 .4505 .4599 .4678 .4744 .4798 .4842 .4878 .4906 .4929	.4406 .4515 .4608 .4686 .4750 .4803 .4846 .4881 .4909 .4931	.4418 .4525 .4616 .4693 .4756 .4808 .4850 .4884 .4911 .4932	.4429 .4535 .4625 .4699 .4761 .4812 .4854 .4887 .4913 .4934	.4441 .4545 .4633 .4706 .4767 .4817 .4857 .4890 .4916 .4936
2.4 2.5 2.6 2.7 2.8 2.9 3.0	.4918 .4938 .4953 .4965 .4974 .4981	.4920 .4940 .4955 .4966 .4975 .4982 .4987	.4941 .4956 .4967 .4976 .4982 .4987	.4943 .4957 .4968 .4977 .4983 .4988	.4945 .4959 .4969 .4977 .4984	.4946 .4960 .4970 .4978 .4984 .4989	.4948 .4961 .4971 .4979 .4985	.4949 .4962 .4972 .4979 .4985	.4951 .4963 .4973 .4980 .4986	.4952 .4964 .4974 .4981 .4986 .4990

The control of the positive value of Z areas for regular values of  $\mathbb{Z}$  areas for regular values of  $\mathbb{Z}$  areas for regular values of  $\mathbb{Z}$  are  $\mathbb{Z} = \mathbb{Z}$  and  $\mathbb{Z} = \mathbb{Z}$  is  $\mathbb{Z} = \mathbb{Z}$ , which leads to a probability of  $\mathbb{Z} = \mathbb{Z}$  in  $\mathbb{Z} = \mathbb{Z}$  is  $\mathbb{Z} = \mathbb{Z} = \mathbb{Z}$ . With be larger that  $\mathbb{Z}$  in a normally describated  $\mathbb{Z}$ .

The state of the s

AND THE RESERVE THE PARTY OF TH

ACCOUNTS OF THE PARTY OF THE PA

ACCEPTANTAL BOOK OFFICE

STATE SOCIAL STATE OF THE STATE

298

More Carles Asies in

TOPE STORE