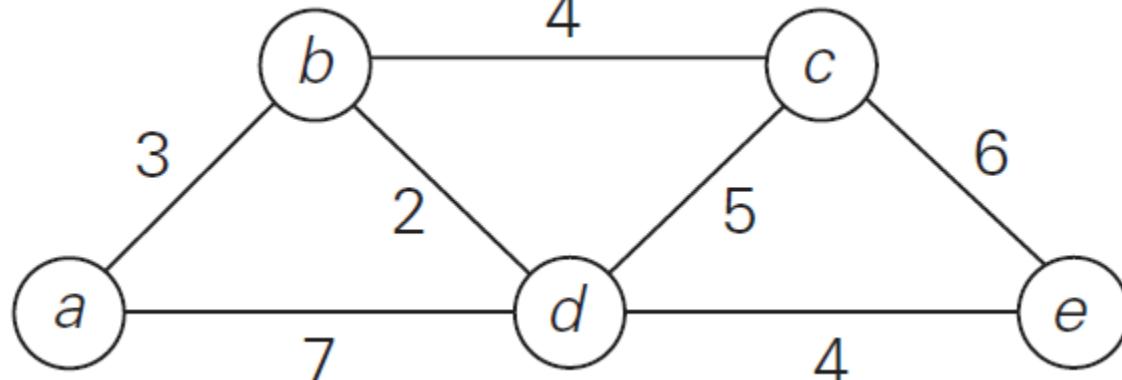


# **DIJKSTRA ALGORITHM**

# INTRODUCTION

- Single - Source Shortest - Paths Problem
- For a given vertex called the **Source** in a **weighted connected graph**, find **Shortest Paths to all its other vertices**



# INTRODUCTION

- The single-source shortest-paths problem asks for a family of paths, each leading from the source to a different vertex in the graph, though some paths may, of course, have edges in common.

# DIJKSTRA ALGORITHM

Dijkstra's Algorithm  $(G, \ell)$

Let  $S$  be the set of explored nodes.

For each  $u \in S$ , we store a distance  $d(u)$ .

Initially  $S = \{s\}$  and  $d(s) = 0$ .

While  $S \neq V$

Select a node  $v \notin S$  with at least one edge from  $S$  for which

$$d'(v) = \min_{e=(u,v): u \in S} d(u) + \ell_e \text{ is as small as possible.}$$

Add  $v$  to  $S$  and define  $d(v) = d'(v)$ .

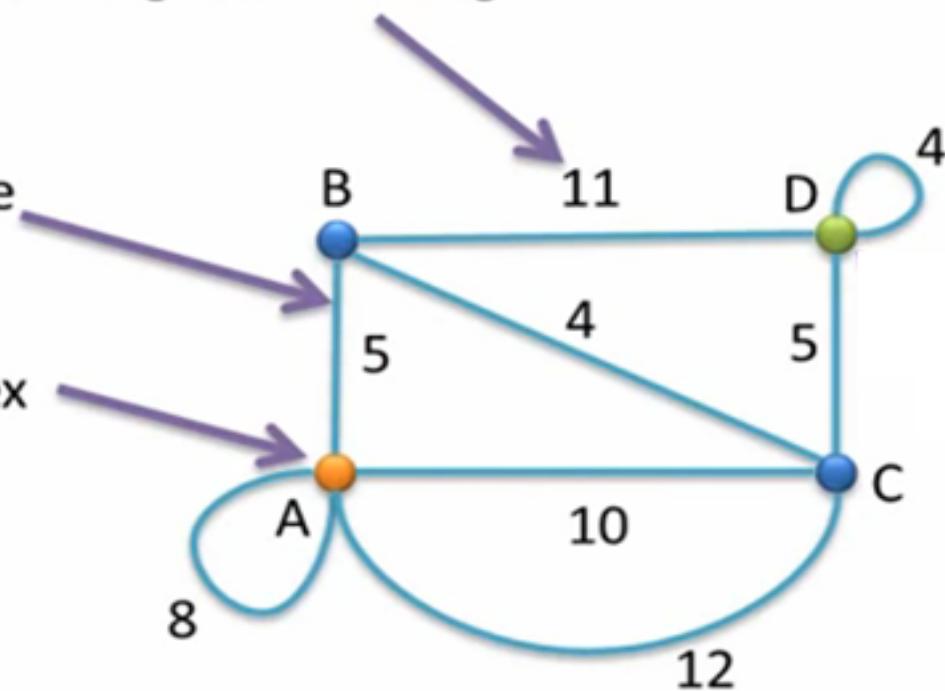
EndWhile

# Here is our graph

And this represents the weight of the edge

This represents an edge

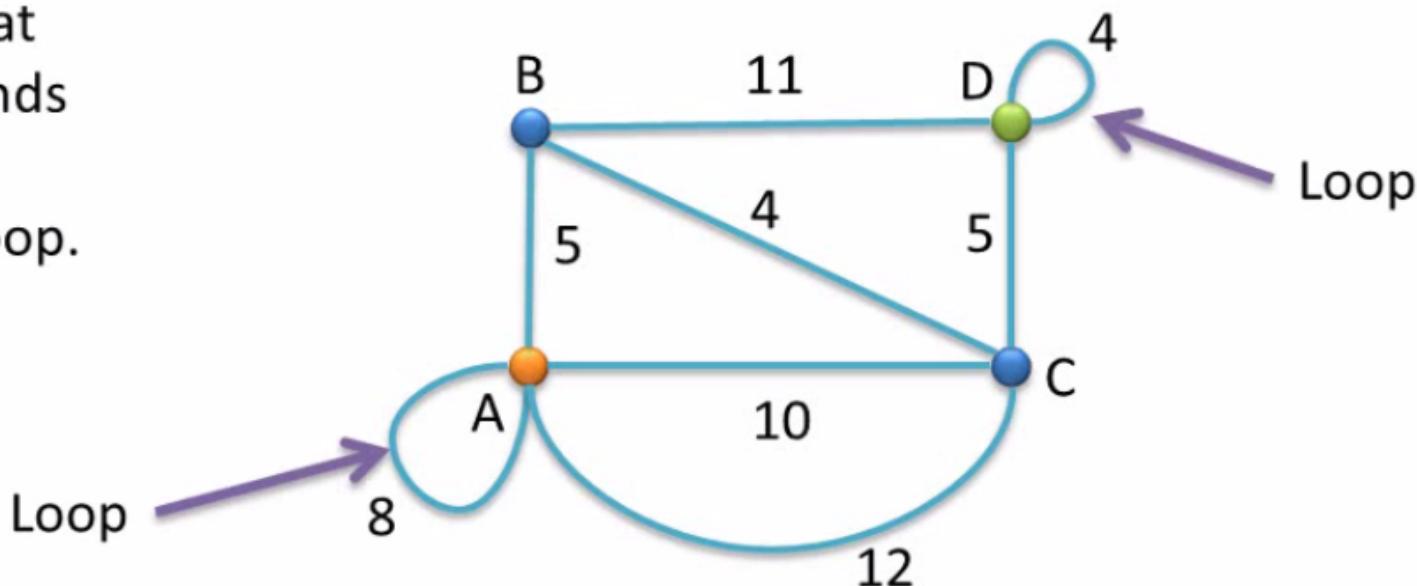
This is our initial vertex



## Step 1: Remove all the loops

Note!

Any edge that starts and ends at the same vertex is a loop.

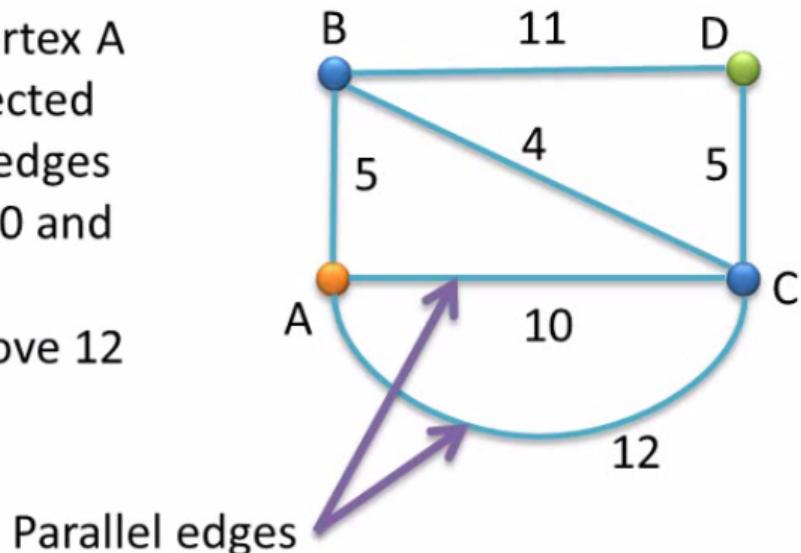


Step 2: Remove all parallel edges between two vertex except the one with least weight

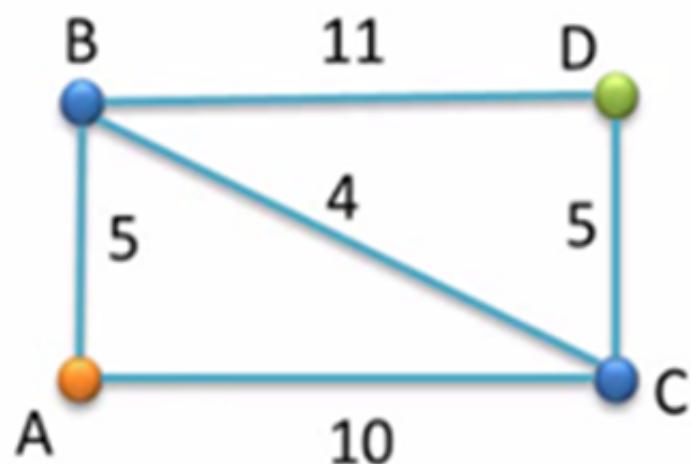
Note!

In this graph, vertex A and C are connected by two parallel edges having weight 10 and 12 respectively.

So, we will remove 12 and keep 10.

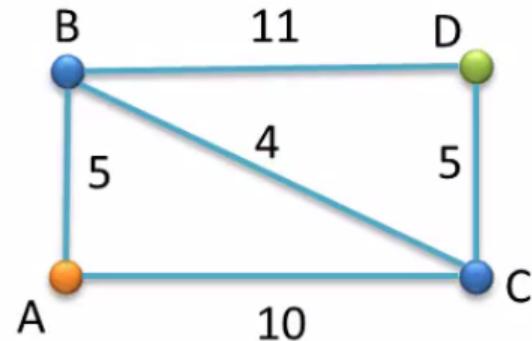


We are now ready to find the shortest path from vertex A



### Step 3: Create shortest path table

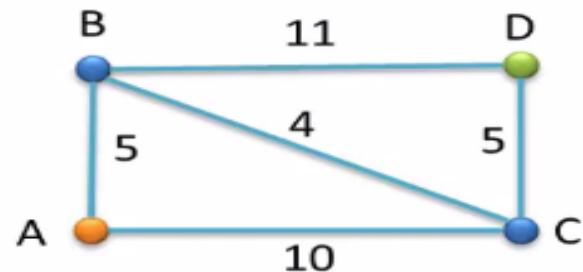
As our graph has 4 vertices, so our table will have 4 columns



| A | B | C | D |
|---|---|---|---|
|   |   |   |   |

Note!

Column name is same as the name of the vertex.



| A | B        | C        | D        |
|---|----------|----------|----------|
| 0 | $\infty$ | $\infty$ | $\infty$ |

Note!

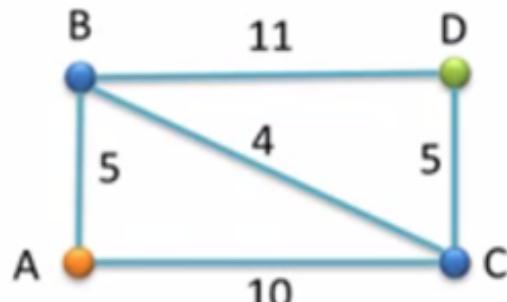
We have written 0 in column A, as because vertex A is our source.

Now in the 1<sup>st</sup> row write 0 in column A and  $\infty$  in other columns.

$\infty$  denotes **Infinity**

Value in the columns denote the weight of the shortest path.

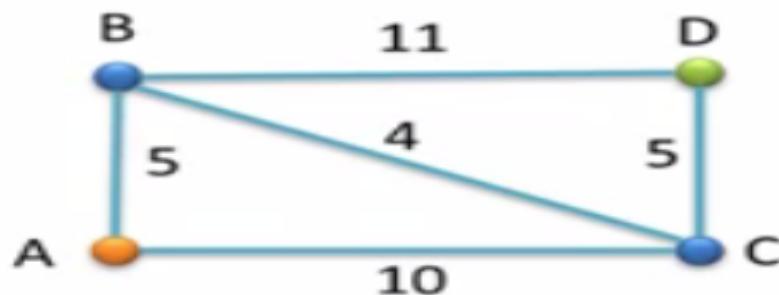
So, 0 in column A denotes we are at vertex A and  $\infty$  in all other columns denote unexplored vertices.



| A | B        | C        | D        |
|---|----------|----------|----------|
| 0 | $\infty$ | $\infty$ | $\infty$ |

Now that the 1<sup>st</sup> row is completely filled,  
our next job is to find the smallest  
unmarked value in the 1<sup>st</sup> row.

Looking at the table we can say that 0 is the  
smallest unmarked value in the 1<sup>st</sup> row.  
So we will mark it with a square box.



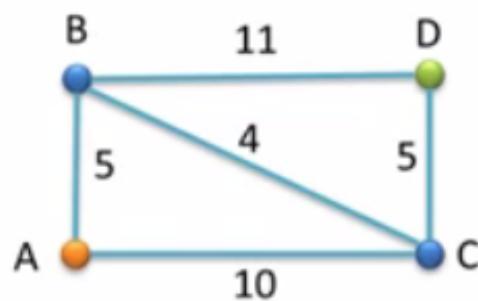
Marked

A

|   | A | B        | C        | D        |
|---|---|----------|----------|----------|
| A | 0 | $\infty$ | $\infty$ | $\infty$ |
|   | 0 |          |          |          |

As column A was marked in the previous step, so we will now look for edges that are directly connected with vertex A.

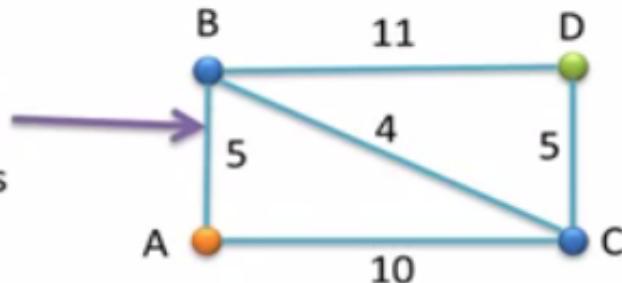
Now draw another row and copy all the marked values in the new row.  
In this case 0 is copied.



Marked  
A

| A | B        | C        | D        |
|---|----------|----------|----------|
| 0 | $\infty$ | $\infty$ | $\infty$ |
| 0 |          |          |          |

In this case we have  
an edge of weight 5  
that directly connects  
A and B



Find the edge that **directly**  
connects vertex A and vertex B

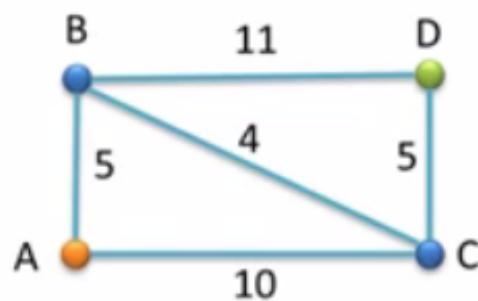
Marked

A

|   | A | B        | C        | D        |
|---|---|----------|----------|----------|
| A | 0 | $\infty$ | $\infty$ | $\infty$ |
|   | 0 |          |          |          |

As column A was marked in the previous step, so we will now look for edges that are directly connected with vertex A.

Now draw another row and copy all the marked values in the new row.  
In this case 0 is copied.



# Minimum Value Formula

If we consider two vertices X (Source vertex) and Y (Destination vertex) and an edge that directly connects them.

Then we will have the following formula:

$$\text{Min}(\text{DestValue}, \text{MarkedValue} + \text{EdgeWeight})$$

DestValue = The value in the destination vertex (i.e., Y) column.

MarkedValue = The value in the source vertex (i.e., X) column.

EdgeWeight = The weight of the edge that connects the source (i.e., X) and the destination (i.e., Y) vertex.

# Minimum Value Formula

Solving:

$$\text{Min}(\text{DestValue}, \text{MarkedValue} + \text{EdgeWeight})$$

We will get the minimum value that we will put in the destination vertex (i.e., Y) column.

For example:

If DestValue = 10, MarkedValue = 5 and EdgeWeight = 4

Putting the value we get

$$\text{Min}(10, 5+4)$$

$$= \text{Min}(10, 9)$$

$$= 9 \quad \text{As 9 is smaller than 10.}$$

Marked

A

| A | B        | C        | D        |
|---|----------|----------|----------|
| 0 | $\infty$ | $\infty$ | $\infty$ |
| 0 |          |          |          |

MarkedValue

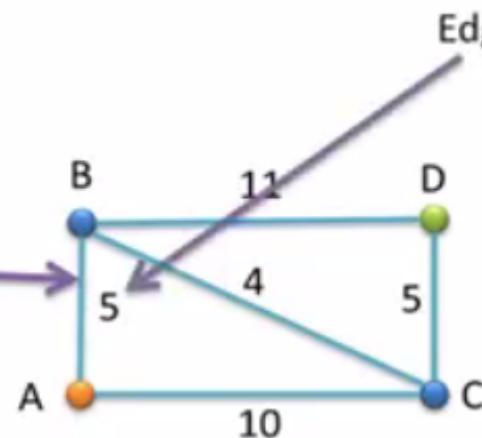
DestValue

As we are considering an edge between A and B so,

Source vertex = A

Destination vertex = B

In this case we have an edge of weight 5 that directly connects A and B



EdgeWeight

Find the edge that **directly** connects vertex A and vertex B

Marked

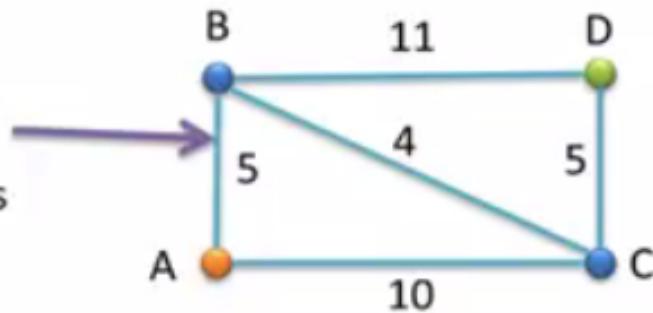
A

|   | A | B                         | C        | D        |
|---|---|---------------------------|----------|----------|
| A | 0 | $\infty$                  | $\infty$ | $\infty$ |
|   | 0 | $\text{Min}(\infty, 0+5)$ |          |          |

So, we will write  $\text{Min}(\infty, 0+5)$  in column B

Solving  $\text{Min}(\infty, 0+5)$   
we get 5.  
So, we will put the  
value 5 in column B.

In this case we have  
an edge of weight 5  
that directly connects  
A and B



Find the edge that directly  
connects vertex A and vertex B

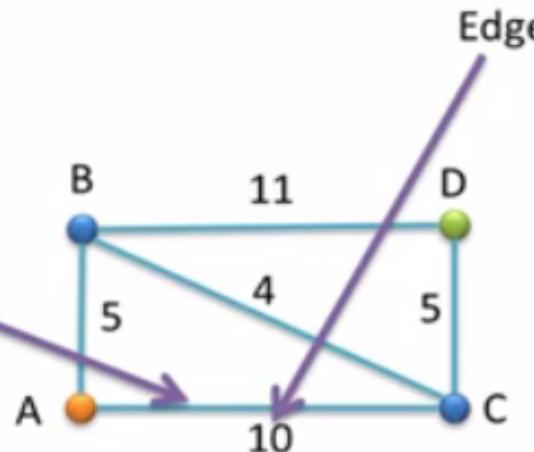
| Marked | A | B                              | C        | D        |
|--------|---|--------------------------------|----------|----------|
| A      | 0 | $\infty$                       | $\infty$ | $\infty$ |
|        | 0 | $\text{Min}(\infty, 0+5)$<br>5 |          |          |

MarkedValue

DestValue

As we are considering an edge between A and C so,  
 Source vertex = A  
 Destination vertex = C

In this case we have an edge of weight 10 that directly connects A and C



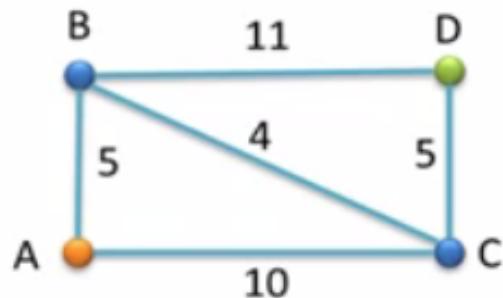
Now find the edge that **directly** connects vertex A and vertex C

Marked

A

|   | A | B                              | C                                | D        |
|---|---|--------------------------------|----------------------------------|----------|
| A | 0 | $\infty$                       | $\infty$                         | $\infty$ |
|   | 0 | $\text{Min}(\infty, 0+5)$<br>5 | $\text{Min}(\infty, 0+10)$<br>10 | $\infty$ |

Looking at our graph we find no such edge that directly connects vertex A and D so we will simply copy the previous value in column D i.e.,  $\infty$



Now find the edge that **directly** connects vertex A and vertex D

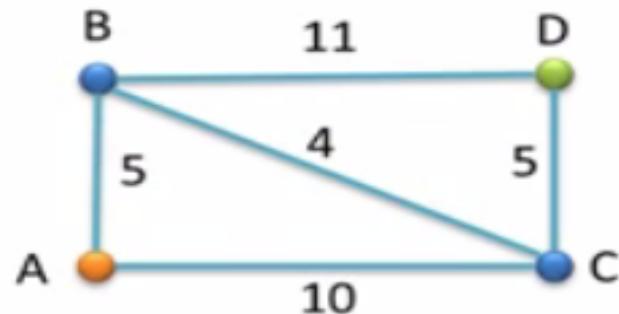
Marked

|   | A | B                              | C                                | D        |
|---|---|--------------------------------|----------------------------------|----------|
| A | 0 | $\infty$                       | $\infty$                         | $\infty$ |
| B | 0 | $\text{Min}(\infty, 0+5)$<br>5 | $\text{Min}(\infty, 0+10)$<br>10 | $\infty$ |

Now that the 2<sup>nd</sup> row is completely filled, our next job is to find the smallest unmarked value in the 2<sup>nd</sup> row.

Looking at the table we can say that 5 is the smallest unmarked value in the 2<sup>nd</sup> row.

So we will mark it with a square box.



Marked

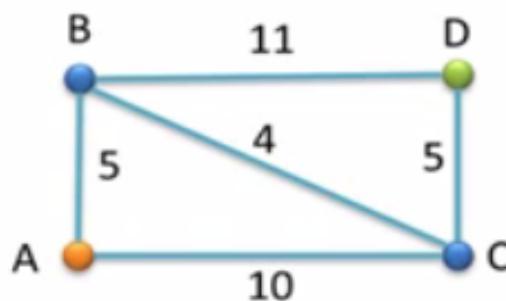
A

B

|   | A | B                              | C                                | D        |
|---|---|--------------------------------|----------------------------------|----------|
| A | 0 | $\infty$                       | $\infty$                         | $\infty$ |
| B | 0 | $\text{Min}(\infty, 0+5)$<br>5 | $\text{Min}(\infty, 0+10)$<br>10 | $\infty$ |
|   | 0 | 5                              |                                  |          |

As column B was marked in the previous step, so we will now look for edges that are directly connected with vertex B.  
 Note! We don't have to consider vertex A as it is already marked.

Now draw another row and copy all the marked values in the new row.  
 In this case 0 and 5 are copied.



| Marked | A | B                         | C                          | D        |
|--------|---|---------------------------|----------------------------|----------|
| A      | 0 | $\infty$                  | $\infty$                   | $\infty$ |
| B      | 0 | $\text{Min}(\infty, 0+5)$ | $\text{Min}(\infty, 0+10)$ | $\infty$ |
|        | 0 | 5                         | 10                         |          |

As we are considering an edge between B and C so,  
Source vertex = B

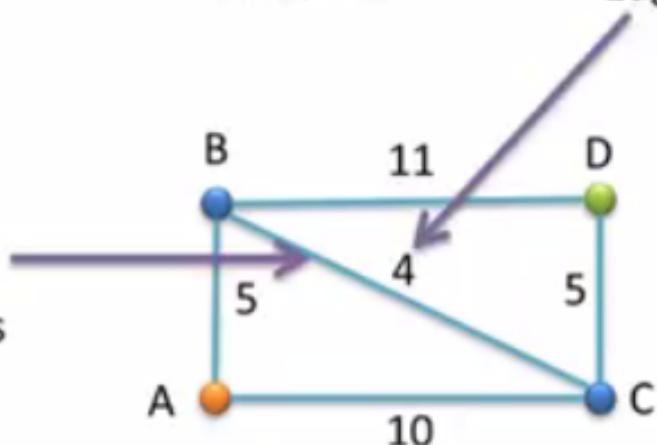
Destination vertex = C

In this case we have an edge of weight 4 that directly connects B and C

### MarkedValue

#### EdgeWeight

Find the edge that **directly** connects vertex B and vertex C.

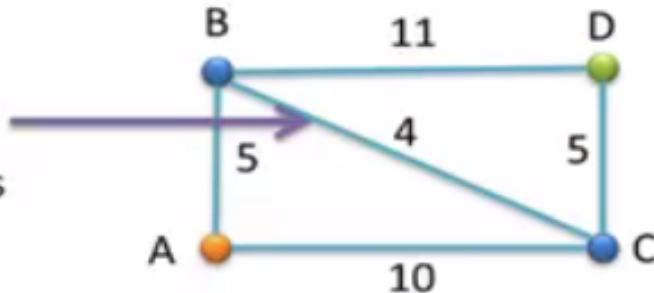


Marked

|   | A | B                              | C                                | D        |
|---|---|--------------------------------|----------------------------------|----------|
| A | 0 | $\infty$                       | $\infty$                         | $\infty$ |
| B | 0 | $\text{Min}(\infty, 0+5)$<br>5 | $\text{Min}(\infty, 0+10)$<br>10 | $\infty$ |
|   | 0 | 5                              |                                  |          |

So, we will write  $\text{Min}(10, 5+4)$  in column C.  
 Solving it we get 9.

In this case we have  
 an edge of weight 4  
 that directly connects  
 B and C



Find the edge that **directly** connects vertex B and vertex C

Marked

A  
B

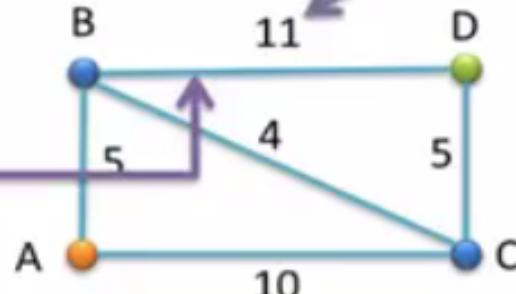
|   | A | B                              | C                                | D        |
|---|---|--------------------------------|----------------------------------|----------|
| A | 0 | $\infty$                       | $\infty$                         | $\infty$ |
| B | 0 | $\text{Min}(\infty, 0+5)$<br>5 | $\text{Min}(\infty, 0+10)$<br>10 | $\infty$ |
|   | 0 | 5                              | $\text{Min}(10, 5+4)$<br>9       |          |

DestValue

As we are considering an edge between B and D so,  
 Source vertex = B  
 Destination vertex = D

In this case we have an edge of weight 11 that directly connects B and D

MarkedValue      EdgeWeight



Now find the edge that **directly** connects vertex B and vertex D

Marked

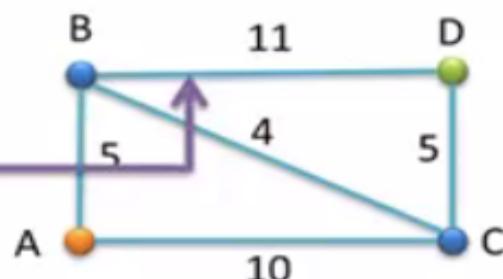
A

B

|   | A | B                         | C                          | D                          |
|---|---|---------------------------|----------------------------|----------------------------|
| A | 0 | $\infty$                  | $\infty$                   | $\infty$                   |
| B | 0 | $\text{Min}(\infty, 0+5)$ | $\text{Min}(\infty, 0+10)$ | $\infty$                   |
|   | 0 | 5                         | $\text{Min}(10, 5+4)$      | $\text{Min}(\infty, 5+11)$ |
|   |   |                           | 9                          | 16                         |

So, we will write  $\text{Min}(\infty, 5+11)$  in column D.  
Solving it we get 16.

In this case we have  
an edge of weight 11  
that directly connects  
B and D



Now find the edge that  
**directly** connects vertex B and  
vertex D

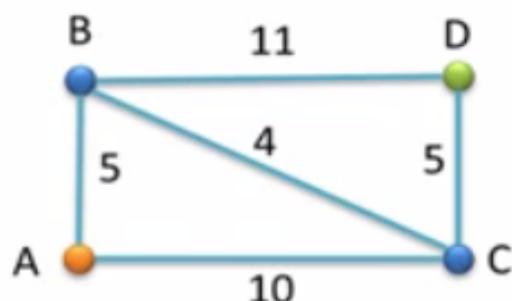
Marked

|   | A | B                              | C                                | D                                |
|---|---|--------------------------------|----------------------------------|----------------------------------|
| A | 0 | $\infty$                       | $\infty$                         | $\infty$                         |
| B | 0 | $\text{Min}(\infty, 0+5)$<br>5 | $\text{Min}(\infty, 0+10)$<br>10 | $\infty$                         |
| C | 0 | 5                              | $\text{Min}(10, 5+4)$<br>9       | $\text{Min}(\infty, 5+11)$<br>16 |

Now that the 3<sup>rd</sup> row is completely filled, our next job is to find the smallest unmarked value in the 3<sup>rd</sup> row.

Looking at the table we can say that 9 is the smallest unmarked value in the 3<sup>rd</sup> row.

So we will mark it with a square box.

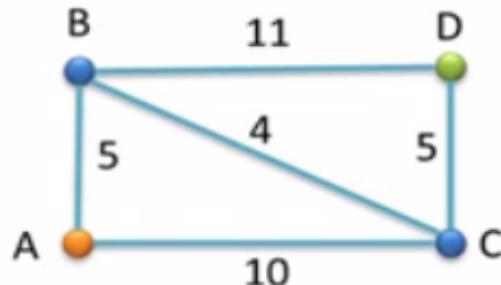


Marked

|   | A | B                              | C                                | D                                |
|---|---|--------------------------------|----------------------------------|----------------------------------|
| A | 0 | $\infty$                       | $\infty$                         | $\infty$                         |
| B | 0 | $\text{Min}(\infty, 0+5)$<br>5 | $\text{Min}(\infty, 0+10)$<br>10 | $\infty$                         |
| C | 0 | 5                              | $\text{Min}(10, 5+4)$<br>9       | $\text{Min}(\infty, 5+11)$<br>16 |
|   | 0 | 5                              | 9                                |                                  |

As column C was marked in the previous step, so we will now look for edges that are directly connected with vertex C.

Note! We don't have to consider vertex A and B as they are already marked.



Now draw another row and copy all the marked values in the new row.  
In this case 0, 5 and 9 are copied.

Marked

|   | A | B                         | C                          | D                          |
|---|---|---------------------------|----------------------------|----------------------------|
| A | 0 | $\infty$                  | $\infty$                   | $\infty$                   |
| B | 0 | $\text{Min}(\infty, 0+5)$ | $\text{Min}(\infty, 0+10)$ | $\infty$                   |
| C | 0 | 5                         | $\text{Min}(10, 5+4)$      | $\text{Min}(\infty, 5+11)$ |
|   | 0 | 5                         | 9                          | 16                         |

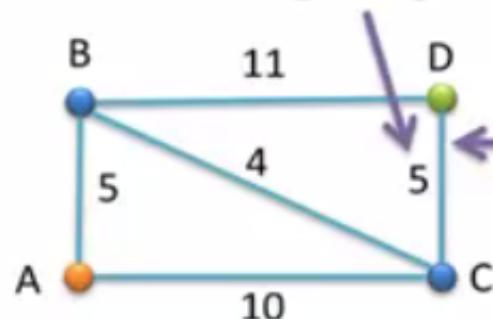
DestValue

MarkedValue

EdgeWeight

Find the edge that **directly** connects vertex C and vertex D

As we are considering an edge between C and D so,  
 Source vertex = C  
 Destination vertex = D



In this case we have an edge of weight 5 that directly connects C and D

Marked

A

0

 $\infty$  $\infty$  $\infty$ 

B

0

 $\text{Min}(\infty, 0+5)$ 

5

 $\text{Min}(\infty, 0+10)$ 

10

 $\infty$ 

C

0

5

 $\text{Min}(10, 5+4)$ 

9

 $\text{Min}(\infty, 5+11)$ 

16

0

5

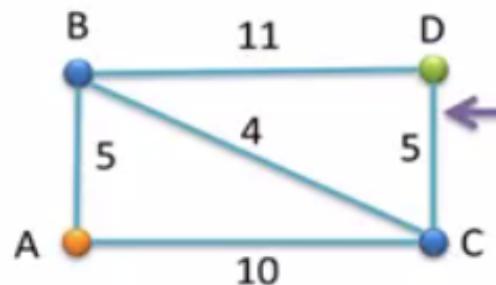
9

 $\text{Min}(16, 9+5)$ 

14

So, we will write  $\text{Min}(16, 9+5)$  in column D.  
 Solving it we get 14.

Find the edge that **directly** connects vertex C and vertex D



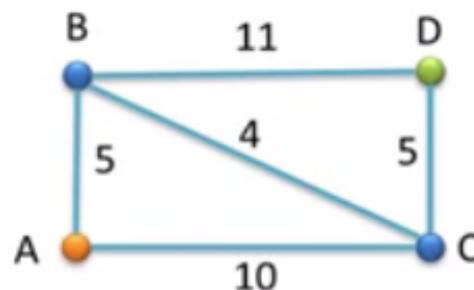
In this case we have an edge of weight 5 that directly connects C and D

Marked

A

|   | A | B                              | C                                | D                                |
|---|---|--------------------------------|----------------------------------|----------------------------------|
| A | 0 | $\infty$                       | $\infty$                         | $\infty$                         |
| B | 0 | $\text{Min}(\infty, 0+5)$<br>5 | $\text{Min}(\infty, 0+10)$<br>10 | $\infty$                         |
| C | 0 | 5                              | $\text{Min}(10, 5+4)$<br>9       | $\text{Min}(\infty, 5+11)$<br>16 |
|   | 0 | 5                              | 9                                | $\text{Min}(16, 9+5)$<br>14      |

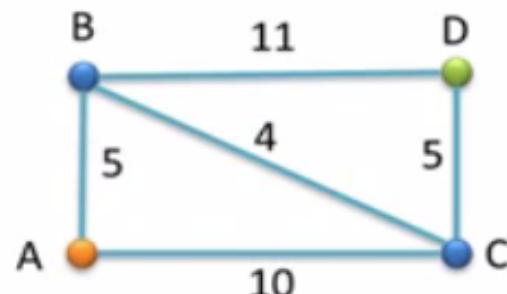
Now that the 4<sup>th</sup> row is completely filled, our next job is to find the smallest unmarked value in the 4<sup>th</sup> row.



Looking at the table we can say that 14 is the smallest unmarked value in the 4<sup>th</sup> row.  
So we will mark it with a square box.

| Marked | A | B                              | C                                | D                                |
|--------|---|--------------------------------|----------------------------------|----------------------------------|
| A      | 0 | $\infty$                       | $\infty$                         | $\infty$                         |
| B      | 0 | $\text{Min}(\infty, 0+5)$<br>5 | $\text{Min}(\infty, 0+10)$<br>10 | $\infty$                         |
| C      | 0 | 5                              | $\text{Min}(10, 5+4)$<br>9       | $\text{Min}(\infty, 5+11)$<br>16 |
| D      | 0 | 5                              | 9                                | $\text{Min}(16, 9+5)$<br>14      |

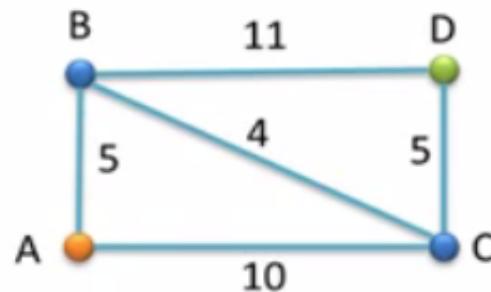
As final vertex **D** is marked so we will stop here.



Marked

|   | A | B                              | C                                | D                                |
|---|---|--------------------------------|----------------------------------|----------------------------------|
| A | 0 | $\infty$                       | $\infty$                         | $\infty$                         |
| B | 0 | $\text{Min}(\infty, 0+5)$<br>5 | $\text{Min}(\infty, 0+10)$<br>10 | $\infty$                         |
| C | 0 | 5                              | $\text{Min}(10, 5+4)$<br>9       | $\text{Min}(\infty, 5+11)$<br>16 |
| D | 0 | 5                              | 9                                | $\text{Min}(16, 9+5)$<br>14      |

Note! Column D has the marked value 14.  
This means our shortest path has the weight 14.

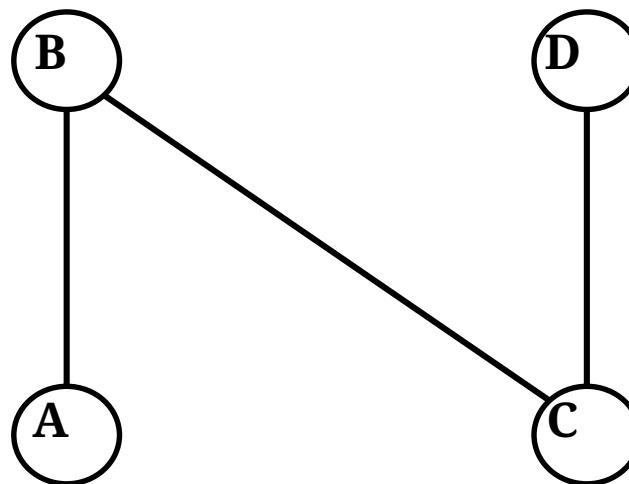


# SHORTEST PATHS

- A  $\square$  B

- A  $\square$  C

- A  $\square$  D



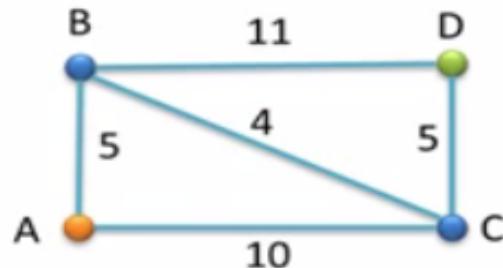
*Time to find the shortest path using  
backtracking*

Marked

A

| Marked | A | B                              | C                                | D                                |
|--------|---|--------------------------------|----------------------------------|----------------------------------|
| A      | 0 | $\infty$                       | $\infty$                         | $\infty$                         |
| B      | 0 | $\text{Min}(\infty, 0+5)$<br>5 | $\text{Min}(\infty, 0+10)$<br>10 | $\infty$                         |
| C      | 0 | 5                              | $\text{Min}(10, 5+4)$<br>9       | $\text{Min}(\infty, 5+11)$<br>16 |
| D ✓    | 0 | 5                              | 9                                | $\text{Min}(16, 9+5)$<br>14      |

Backtracking is very simple.  
We will move upwards row by row and will stop only when we find a change in value.



Start from the final marked value 14.  
Follow the steps carefully.

| Marked | A | B                              | C                                | D                                  |
|--------|---|--------------------------------|----------------------------------|------------------------------------|
| A      | 0 | $\infty$                       | $\infty$                         | $\infty$                           |
| B      | 0 | $\text{Min}(\infty, 0+5)$<br>5 | $\text{Min}(\infty, 0+10)$<br>10 | $\infty$                           |
| C ✓    | 0 | 5                              | $\text{Min}(10, 5+4)$<br>9       | $\text{Min}(\infty, 5+11)$<br>16 ← |
| D ✓    | 0 | 5                              | 9                                | $\text{Min}(16, 9+5)$<br>14        |

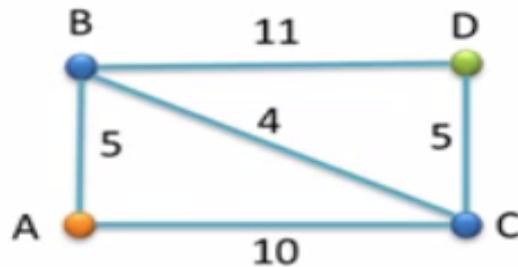
Move one row upwards.

Has the value changed?

YES

It is 16.

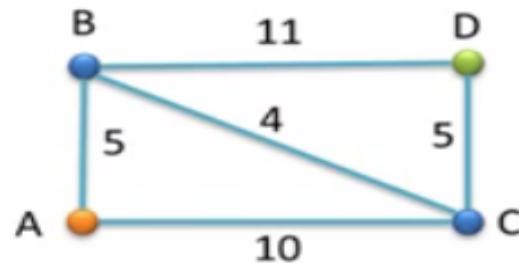
So, tick the vertex that was marked in that row.  
i.e., vertex C



Marked

|     | A | B                              | C                                | D                                |
|-----|---|--------------------------------|----------------------------------|----------------------------------|
| A   | 0 | $\infty$                       | $\infty$                         | $\infty$                         |
| B   | 0 | $\text{Min}(\infty, 0+5)$<br>5 | $\text{Min}(\infty, 0+10)$<br>10 | $\infty$                         |
| C ✓ | 0 | 5                              | $\text{Min}(10, 5+4)$<br>9       | $\text{Min}(\infty, 5+11)$<br>16 |
| D ✓ | 0 | 5                              | 9                                | $\text{Min}(16, 9+5)$<br>14      |

Move one row upwards.



Marked

A

B ✓

C ✓

D ✓

|     | A | B                         | C                                | D                                |
|-----|---|---------------------------|----------------------------------|----------------------------------|
| A   | 0 | $\infty$                  | $\infty$                         | $\infty$                         |
| B ✓ | 0 | $\text{Min}(\infty, 0+5)$ | $\text{Min}(\infty, 0+10)$<br>10 | $\infty$                         |
| C ✓ | 0 | 5                         | $\text{Min}(10, 5+4)$<br>9       | $\text{Min}(\infty, 5+11)$<br>16 |
| D ✓ | 0 | 5                         | 9                                | $\text{Min}(16, 9+5)$<br>14      |

Move one row upwards.

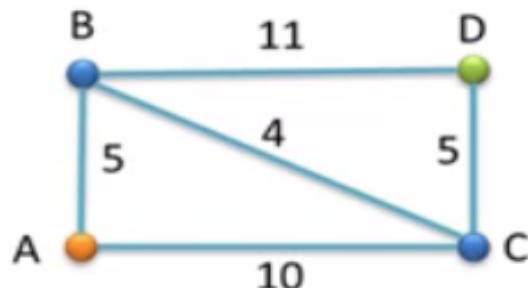
Has the value changed?

YES

It is 10.

So, tick the vertex that was marked in that row.

i.e., vertex B



Marked

A

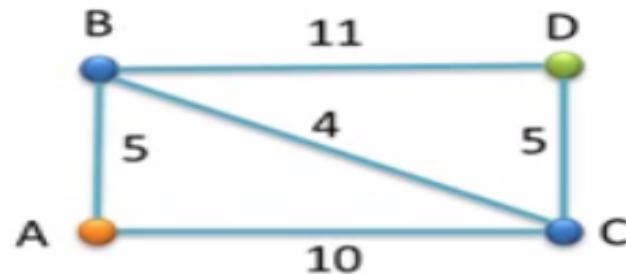
B ✓

C ✓

D ✓

|   | A | B                         | C                          | D        |
|---|---|---------------------------|----------------------------|----------|
| A | 0 | $\infty$                  | $\infty$                   | $\infty$ |
| B | 0 | $\text{Min}(\infty, 0+5)$ | $\text{Min}(\infty, 0+10)$ | $\infty$ |
| C | 0 | 5                         | 10                         |          |
| D | 0 | 5                         | 9                          | 16       |
|   |   |                           | 9                          | 14       |

Move the pointer to point at value 5 in column B



Marked

A ✓

B ✓

C ✓

D ✓

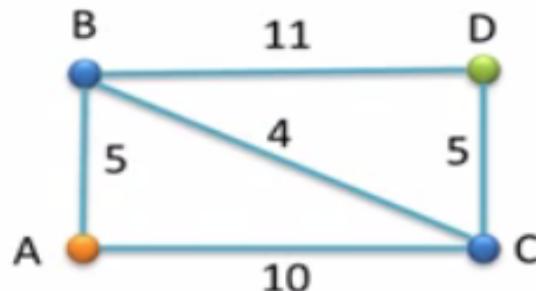
|   | A | B                         | C                          | D                          |
|---|---|---------------------------|----------------------------|----------------------------|
| A | 0 | $\infty$                  | $\infty$                   | $\infty$                   |
| B | 0 | $\text{Min}(\infty, 0+5)$ | $\text{Min}(\infty, 0+10)$ | $\infty$                   |
| C | 0 | 5                         | $\text{Min}(10, 5+4)$      | $\text{Min}(\infty, 5+11)$ |
| D | 0 | 5                         | 9                          | $\text{Min}(16, 9+5)$      |
|   |   |                           |                            | 14                         |

Move one row upwards.

Has the value changed?

YES

It is  $\infty$  (Infinity).



So, tick the vertex that was marked in that row.  
i.e., vertex A

Marked

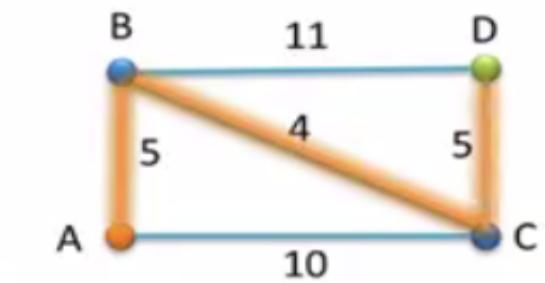
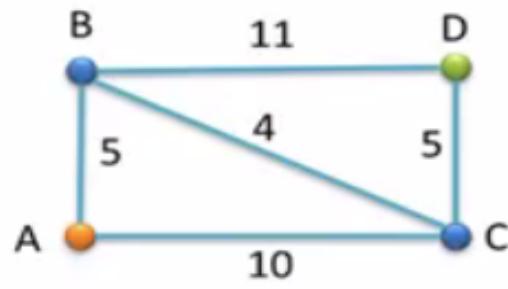
A ✓  
B ✓  
C ✓  
D ✓

| A | B                              | C                                | D                                |
|---|--------------------------------|----------------------------------|----------------------------------|
| 0 | $\infty$ ←                     | $\infty$                         | $\infty$                         |
| 0 | $\text{Min}(\infty, 0+5)$<br>5 | $\text{Min}(\infty, 0+10)$<br>10 | $\infty$                         |
| 0 | 5                              | $\text{Min}(10, 5+4)$<br>9       | $\text{Min}(\infty, 5+11)$<br>16 |
| 0 | 5                              | 9                                | $\text{Min}(16, 9+5)$<br>14      |

Since the initial vertex A is ticked.  
So we will stop here.

Therefore, the required shortest path is

$A \rightarrow B \rightarrow C \rightarrow D$

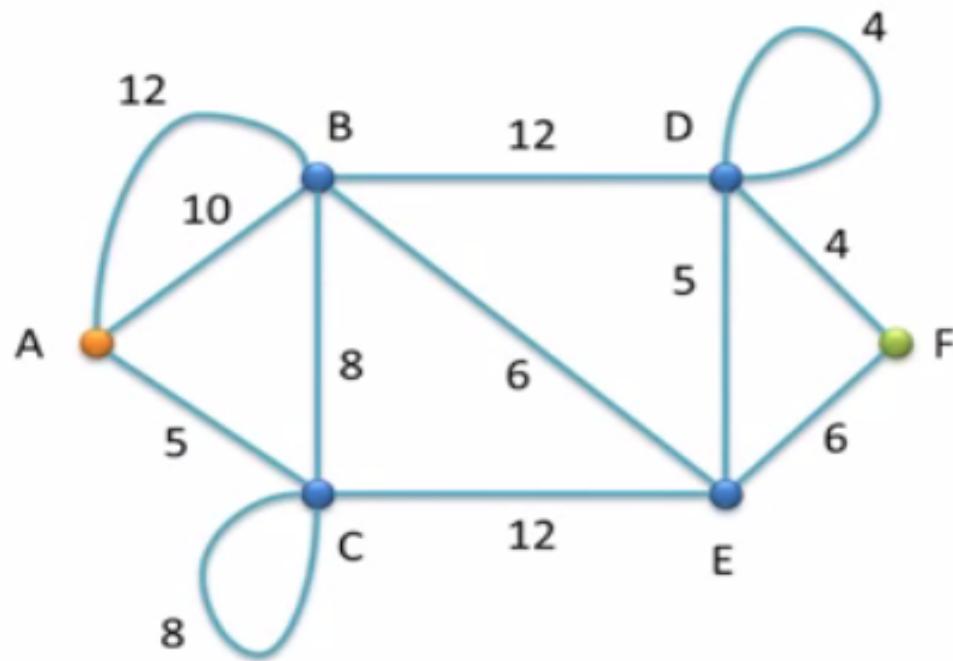


### *Point to Remember*

*In case there are two or more columns with the same smallest unmarked value, then you can choose anyone of them.*

*This only denotes that there will be more than one shortest path in the graph.*

Here is our graph



Marked

A ✓

C

B ✓

E ✓

D

F ✓

|  | A | B                                | C                              | D                                 | E                                | F                                |
|--|---|----------------------------------|--------------------------------|-----------------------------------|----------------------------------|----------------------------------|
|  | 0 | $\infty$ ←                       | $\infty$                       | $\infty$                          | $\infty$                         | $\infty$                         |
|  | 0 | $\text{Min}(\infty, 0+10)$<br>10 | $\text{Min}(\infty, 0+5)$<br>5 | $\infty$                          | $\infty$                         | $\infty$                         |
|  | 0 | $\text{Min}(10, 5+8)$<br>10      | 5                              | $\infty$                          | $\text{Min}(\infty, 5+12)$<br>17 | $\infty$                         |
|  | 0 | 10                               | 5                              | $\text{Min}(\infty, 10+12)$<br>22 | $\text{Min}(17, 10+6)$<br>16     | $\infty$                         |
|  | 0 | 10                               | 5                              | $\text{Min}(22, 16+5)$<br>21      | 16                               | $\text{Min}(\infty, 16+6)$<br>22 |
|  | 0 | 10                               | 5                              | 21                                | 16                               | $\text{Min}(22, 21+4)$<br>22     |

Since the source vertex is ticked. So we will stop here.

Therefore, the required shortest path is

# **THANK YOU**