

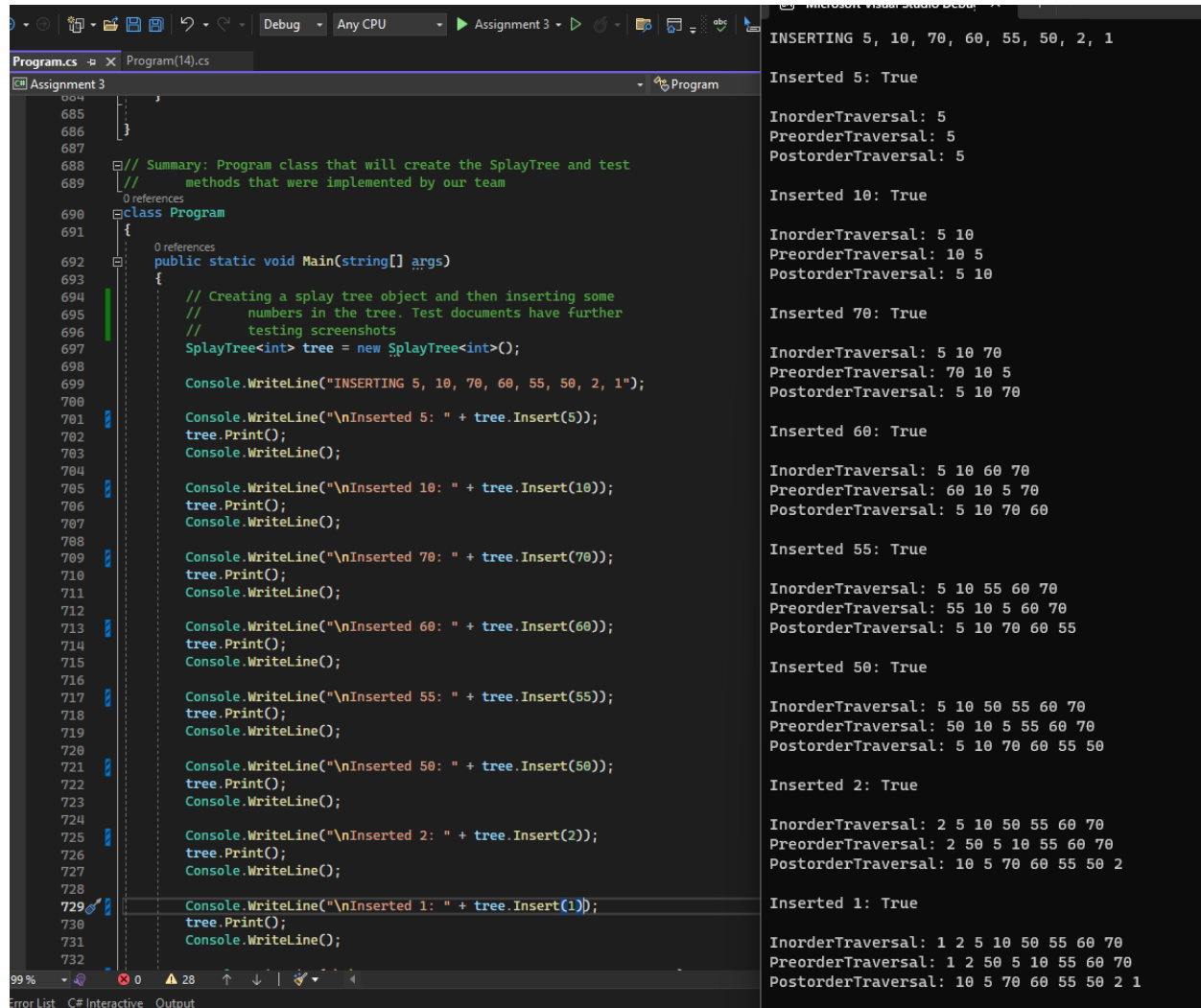
Assignment 3 Splay Trees Test Document

Danish Sharma, Sami Ali, Tushar Dhiman
0623392, 0791752, 0757538
COIS2020 Fall 2023
December 6th, 2023

Insert

The following screenshot shows all kinds of rotations. Since the numbers inserted have a wide range the rotations are covered by this set of program executions.

Insertions: 5, 10, 70, 60, 55, 50, 2, 1



```
Program.cs
Program(14).cs
Assignment 3
// Summary: Program class that will create the SplayTree and test
// methods that were implemented by our team
class Program
{
    public static void Main(string[] args)
    {
        // Creating a splay tree object and then inserting some
        // numbers in the tree. Test documents have further
        // testing screenshots
        SplayTree<int> tree = new SplayTree<int>();

        Console.WriteLine("INSERTING 5, 10, 70, 60, 55, 50, 2, 1");

        Console.WriteLine("\nInserted 5: " + tree.Insert(5));
        tree.Print();
        Console.WriteLine();

        Console.WriteLine("\nInserted 10: " + tree.Insert(10));
        tree.Print();
        Console.WriteLine();

        Console.WriteLine("\nInserted 70: " + tree.Insert(70));
        tree.Print();
        Console.WriteLine();

        Console.WriteLine("\nInserted 60: " + tree.Insert(60));
        tree.Print();
        Console.WriteLine();

        Console.WriteLine("\nInserted 55: " + tree.Insert(55));
        tree.Print();
        Console.WriteLine();

        Console.WriteLine("\nInserted 50: " + tree.Insert(50));
        tree.Print();
        Console.WriteLine();

        Console.WriteLine("\nInserted 2: " + tree.Insert(2));
        tree.Print();
        Console.WriteLine();

        Console.WriteLine("\nInserted 1: " + tree.Insert(1));
        tree.Print();
        Console.WriteLine();
    }
}
```

```
INSERTING 5, 10, 70, 60, 55, 50, 2, 1
Inserted 5: True
InorderTraversal: 5
PreorderTraversal: 5
PostorderTraversal: 5

Inserted 10: True
InorderTraversal: 5 10
PreorderTraversal: 10 5
PostorderTraversal: 5 10

Inserted 70: True
InorderTraversal: 5 10 70
PreorderTraversal: 70 10 5
PostorderTraversal: 5 10 70

Inserted 60: True
InorderTraversal: 5 10 60 70
PreorderTraversal: 60 10 5 70
PostorderTraversal: 5 10 70 60

Inserted 55: True
InorderTraversal: 5 10 55 60 70
PreorderTraversal: 55 10 5 60 70
PostorderTraversal: 5 10 70 60 55

Inserted 50: True
InorderTraversal: 5 10 50 55 60 70
PreorderTraversal: 50 10 5 55 60 70
PostorderTraversal: 5 10 70 60 55 50

Inserted 2: True
InorderTraversal: 2 5 10 50 55 60 70
PreorderTraversal: 2 50 5 10 55 60 70
PostorderTraversal: 10 5 70 60 55 50 2

Inserted 1: True
InorderTraversal: 1 2 5 10 50 55 60 70
PreorderTraversal: 1 2 50 5 10 55 60 70
PostorderTraversal: 10 5 70 60 55 50 2 1
```

Remove

Using the same insertions as the Insert Method, the Remove Method works perfectly. As you can see from the screenshot after removing, the last accessed item is splayed to the root using rotations in the Splay Method and the path from the Access Method. The return values are boolean, if the removal is a success then it is true otherwise false.

Insertions: 5, 10, 70, 60, 55, 50, 2, 1

<pre>703 tree.Print(); 704 Console.WriteLine(); 705 706 tree.Insert(10); 707 Console.WriteLine("\nInserted 10: "); 708 tree.Print(); 709 Console.WriteLine(); 710 711 tree.Insert(70); 712 Console.WriteLine("\nInserted 70: "); 713 tree.Print(); 714 Console.WriteLine(); 715 716 tree.Insert(60); 717 Console.WriteLine("\nInserted 60: "); 718 tree.Print(); 719 Console.WriteLine(); 720 721 tree.Insert(55); 722 Console.WriteLine("\nInserted 55: "); 723 tree.Print(); 724 Console.WriteLine(); 725 726 tree.Insert(50); 727 Console.WriteLine("\nInserted 50: "); 728 tree.Print(); 729 Console.WriteLine(); 730 731 tree.Insert(2); 732 Console.WriteLine("\nInserted 2: "); 733 tree.Print(); 734 Console.WriteLine(); 735 736 tree.Insert(1); 737 Console.WriteLine("\nInserted 1: "); 738 tree.Print(); 739 Console.WriteLine(); 740 741 Console.WriteLine("\n\nREMOVING MULTIPLE NUMBERS FROM THE TREE"); 742 743 Console.WriteLine("\n\nREMOVE 70? " + tree.Remove(70)); 744 tree.Print(); 745 746 Console.WriteLine("\n\nREMOVE 35? " + tree.Remove(35)); 747 tree.Print(); 748 749 Console.WriteLine("\n\nREMOVE 1? " + tree.Remove(1)); 750 tree.Print(); 751</pre>	<pre>PreorderTraversal: 55 10 5 60 70 PostorderTraversal: 5 10 70 60 55 Inserted 50: InorderTraversal: 5 10 50 55 60 70 PreorderTraversal: 50 10 5 55 60 70 PostorderTraversal: 5 10 70 60 55 50 Inserted 2: InorderTraversal: 2 5 10 50 55 60 70 PreorderTraversal: 2 50 5 10 55 60 70 PostorderTraversal: 10 5 70 60 55 50 2 Inserted 1: InorderTraversal: 1 2 5 10 50 55 60 70 PreorderTraversal: 1 2 50 5 10 55 60 70 PostorderTraversal: 10 5 70 60 55 50 2 1 REMOVING MULTIPLE NUMBERS FROM THE TREE REMOVE 70? True InorderTraversal: 1 2 5 10 50 55 60 PreorderTraversal: 60 50 1 2 5 10 55 PostorderTraversal: 10 5 2 1 55 50 60 REMOVE 35? False InorderTraversal: 1 2 5 10 50 55 60 PreorderTraversal: 10 1 5 2 60 50 55 PostorderTraversal: 2 5 1 55 50 60 10 REMOVE 1? True InorderTraversal: 2 5 10 50 55 60 PreorderTraversal: 10 5 2 60 50 55 PostorderTraversal: 2 5 55 50 60 10 C:\Users\danis\Desktop\Trent Fall 2023\COIS2020H\Week ocess 18136) exited with code 0. To automatically close the console when debugging stops, le when debugging stops.</pre>
---	---

Contains

Using the same insertions as the Insert Method, the Contains Method checks within the tree if the item is in any of the nodes. If the item is found it is brought back to the root and the return is true. If the item is not found then the last accessed item is at the root node and the return is false.

Insertions: 5, 10, 70, 60, 55, 50, 2, 1

```
Program.cs - Program(14).cs
Assignment 3
716 tree.Insert(60);
717 Console.WriteLine("\nInserted 60: ");
718 tree.Print();
719 Console.WriteLine();
720
721 tree.Insert(55);
722 Console.WriteLine("\nInserted 55: ");
723 tree.Print();
724 Console.WriteLine();
725
726 tree.Insert(50);
727 Console.WriteLine("\nInserted 50: ");
728 tree.Print();
729 Console.WriteLine();
730
731 tree.Insert(2);
732 Console.WriteLine("\nInserted 2: ");
733 tree.Print();
734 Console.WriteLine();
735
736 tree.Insert(1);
737 Console.WriteLine("\nInserted 1: ");
738 tree.Print();
739 Console.WriteLine();
740
741 Console.WriteLine("\n\nCONTAINS METHOD ");
742
743 Console.WriteLine("\n\nContains 70? " + tree.Contains(70));
744
745 Console.WriteLine("\n\nContains 35? " + tree.Contains(35));
746 tree.Print();
747
748 Console.WriteLine("\n\nContains 2? " + tree.Contains(2));
749
750
751
752
753
754
755
```

```
Microsoft Visual Studio Debug
InorderTraversal: 2 5 10 50 55 60 70
PreorderTraversal: 2 50 5 10 55 60 70
PostorderTraversal: 10 5 70 60 55 50 2

Inserted 1:

InorderTraversal: 1 2 5 10 50 55 60 70
PreorderTraversal: 1 2 50 5 10 55 60 70
PostorderTraversal: 10 5 70 60 55 50 2 1

CONTAINS METHOD

Contains 70? True

Contains 35? False

InorderTraversal: 1 2 5 10 50 55 60 70
PreorderTraversal: 70 1 50 2 5 10 60 55
PostorderTraversal: 10 5 2 55 60 50 1 70

Contains 2? True

C:\Users\danis\Desktop\Trent Fall 2023\COIS2020H\Week 12\Process 12232) exited with code 0.
To automatically close the console when debugging stops,
press any key to close this window . . .|
```

Splay

The Splay method is used to splay the desired node towards the root using many different types of operations. The Splay method is used in Insert, Remove, Contains, and Undo methods.

Access

The Access method is used to get the access path of a node within the tree. It uses a Stack of objects that shows which nodes were accessed to get to our desired node (target node). The Access method is used in Insert, Remove, Contains, and Undo methods.

Clone & Equals

Using the previous insertions, we made a clone of the splay tree and compared it with the original tree. As per the screenshot, the order of the trees are same as well as the Equal method result comes out to be true.

```
Program.cs x Program[14].cs
Assignment 3 Program
706
707     tree.Insert(70);
708     Console.WriteLine("\nInserted 70: ");
709     tree.Print();
710     Console.WriteLine();
711
712     tree.Insert(60);
713     Console.WriteLine("\nInserted 60: ");
714     tree.Print();
715     Console.WriteLine();
716
717     tree.Insert(55);
718     Console.WriteLine("\nInserted 55: ");
719     tree.Print();
720     Console.WriteLine();
721
722     tree.Insert(50);
723     Console.WriteLine("\nInserted 50: ");
724     tree.Print();
725     Console.WriteLine();
726
727     tree.Insert(2);
728     Console.WriteLine("\nInserted 2: ");
729     tree.Print();
730     Console.WriteLine();
731
732     tree.Insert(1);
733     Console.WriteLine("\nInserted 1: ");
734     tree.Print();
735     Console.WriteLine();
736
737     Console.WriteLine("\n\nCLONING THE TREE AND COMPARING IT WITH EQUAL ME
738
739     SplayTree<int> clonedTree = (SplayTree<int>)tree.Clone();
740
741     Console.WriteLine("CLONED TREE ORDER: ");
742     clonedTree.Print();
743
744     Console.WriteLine("\n\nThe Cloned tree equals Original Tree? Answer:");
745
746
747
748
749
750
751
752
753
InorderTraversal: 5 10 70
PreorderTraversal: 70 10 5
PostorderTraversal: 5 10 70

Inserted 60:

InorderTraversal: 5 10 60 70
PreorderTraversal: 60 10 5 70
PostorderTraversal: 5 10 70 60

Inserted 55:

InorderTraversal: 5 10 55 60 70
PreorderTraversal: 55 10 5 60 70
PostorderTraversal: 5 10 70 60 55

Inserted 50:

InorderTraversal: 5 10 50 55 60 70
PreorderTraversal: 50 10 5 55 60 70
PostorderTraversal: 5 10 70 60 55 50

Inserted 2:

InorderTraversal: 2 5 10 50 55 60 70
PreorderTraversal: 2 50 5 10 55 60 70
PostorderTraversal: 10 5 70 60 55 50 2

Inserted 1:

InorderTraversal: 1 2 5 10 50 55 60 70
PreorderTraversal: 1 2 50 5 10 55 60 70
PostorderTraversal: 10 5 70 60 55 50 2 1

CLONING THE TREE AND COMPARING IT WITH EQUAL METHOD
CLONED TREE ORDER:

InorderTraversal: 1 2 5 10 50 55 60 70
PreorderTraversal: 1 2 50 5 10 55 60 70
PostorderTraversal: 10 5 70 60 55 50 2 1

The Cloned tree equals Original Tree? Answer:True
```

Undo

The Undo() method is a complex structure that requires us to perform reverse rotations on the root node to get it to the bottom of the tree aka the leaf node. The following screenshots show the insertion of numbers, undoing a single insertion and then re-inserting the number. Using the Equals method, it can be verified that the trees are the same.

Insertion: 10, 20, 5, 30, 40, 50

```
// Summary: Program class that will create the SplayTree and test
// methods that were implemented by our team
// references
class Program
{
    // references
    public static void Main(string[] args)
    {
        SplayTree<int> tree = new SplayTree<int>();

        Console.WriteLine("INSERTING 10, 20, 5, 30, 40, 50");

        tree.Insert(10);
        tree.Insert(20);
        tree.Insert(5);
        tree.Insert(30);
        tree.Insert(40);
        tree.Insert(50);

        SplayTree<int> clonedTree = (SplayTree<int>)tree.Clone();

        tree.Print();

        Console.WriteLine("\n\nUNDO 50 AND THEN RE-INSERTING 50 BACK IN, RESULT: ");

        tree.Undo();

        tree.Insert(50);

        tree.Print();

        Console.WriteLine("\n\nIs the Undo method working properly? " + tree.Equals(clonedTree));
    }
}
```

```
Microsoft Visual Studio Debug Console

INSERTING 10, 20, 5, 30, 40, 50

InorderTraversal: 5 10 20 30 40 50
PreorderTraversal: 50 40 30 5 20 10
PostorderTraversal: 10 20 5 30 40 50

UNDO 50 AND THEN RE-INSERTING 50 BACK IN, RESULT:

InorderTraversal: 5 10 20 30 40 50
PreorderTraversal: 50 40 30 5 20 10
PostorderTraversal: 10 20 5 30 40 50

Is the Undo method working properly? True

C:\Users\danis\Desktop\Trent Fall 2023\COIS2020H\Week 12\Ass1
ccess 24100) exited with code 0.
To automatically close the console when debugging stops, enable
le when debugging stops.
Press any key to close this window . . .|
```

Insertion: 5, 10, 70, 60, 55, 50, 2, 1

```
// Summary: Program class that will create the SplayTree and test
// methods that were implemented by our team
// references
class Program
{
    // references
    public static void Main(string[] args)
    {
        SplayTree<int> tree = new SplayTree<int>();

        Console.WriteLine("INSERTING 5, 10, 70, 60, 55, 50, 2, 1");

        tree.Insert(5);
        tree.Insert(10);
        tree.Insert(70);
        tree.Insert(60);
        tree.Insert(55);
        tree.Insert(50);
        tree.Insert(2);
        tree.Insert(1);

        SplayTree<int> clonedTree = (SplayTree<int>)tree.Clone();

        tree.Print();

        Console.WriteLine("\n\nUNDO 1 AND THEN RE-INSERTING 50 BACK IN, RESULT: ");

        tree.Undo();

        Console.WriteLine("\n\nTREE AFTER UNDO: ");

        tree.Print();

        Console.WriteLine("\n\nRE-INSERTING 50 BACK IN, RESULT: ");

        tree.Insert(1);

        tree.Print();

        Console.WriteLine("\n\nIs the Undo method working properly? " + tree.Equals(clonedTree));
    }
}
```

```
Microsoft Visual Studio Debug Console

INSERTING 5, 10, 70, 60, 55, 50, 2, 1

InorderTraversal: 1 2 5 10 50 55 60 70
PreorderTraversal: 1 2 50 5 10 55 60 70
PostorderTraversal: 10 5 70 60 55 50 2 1

UNDO 1 AND THEN RE-INSERTING 50 BACK IN, RESULT:

TREE AFTER UNDO:

InorderTraversal: 2 5 10 50 55 60 70
PreorderTraversal: 2 50 5 10 55 60 70
PostorderTraversal: 10 5 70 60 55 50 2

RE-INSERTING 50 BACK IN, RESULT:

InorderTraversal: 1 2 5 10 50 55 60 70
PreorderTraversal: 1 2 50 5 10 55 60 70
PostorderTraversal: 10 5 70 60 55 50 2 1

Is the Undo method working properly? True

C:\Users\danis\Desktop\Trent Fall 2023\COIS2020H\Week 12\Ass1
ccess 29872) exited with code 0.
To automatically close the console when debugging stops, enable
le when debugging stops.
Press any key to close this window . . .|
```