

Vu Buddy- MTH501

- - a. Independent
 - b. Dependent
- 2. If a matrix is in reduced row echelon form, then it is also in row echelon form.
 - a. May be
 - b. True
 - c. False
 - d. None of the above
- 3. [math-block] {\text{Which of the following would be the value of t, if}} \left[{\begin{array}{*{20}{c}} {2{e^{ 3t}}} \end{array}} \right] = \left[{\begin{array}{*{20}{c}} 2 \\ 5 \end{array}} \right]? [/math-block]

 - b. $\ \$ 2 \\ 5 \end{array}} \right]} = 1 [/math-block]
 - c. [math-block] $\left[\left(\frac{x}{20} \right) 1 \right] / 1 \left[\frac{x}{20} \right]$
 - d. zero
- 4. Which of the following property does not hold for matrix multiplication?
 - a. Commutative
 - b. Associative
 - c. Additive inverse
 - d. Distributive

- 5. [math-block] \begin{array}{*{20}{c}} \begin{gathered} {\text{The}} ~{\text{Equations:}} \ \begin{array}{*{20}{c}} {2x y = 6} \\ {- x + \frac{1}{2}y = \frac{{-3}}{2},} \end{array} \\ \end{gathered} \\ {{\text{is an example of ---- System}}{\text{.}}} \\ {} \\ {} \end{array} [/math-block]
 - a. Non-Linear
 - b. Homogeneous
 - c. Consistent
 - d. Inconsistent
- 6. [math-block] \begin{array}{*{20}{c}} {{\text{The system of equations}}:} \\ {{x_1} = 1, } \\ \begin{gathered} {x_2} = 0; \ {\text{can be expressed in the form ----}}. \\ \end{gathered} \end{array} [/math-block]
 - a. [math-block] Ax = 0 [/math-block]
 - b. [math-block] Ax = b [/math-block]
 - c. [math-block] \begin{array}{ $*{20}{c}$ } {Ax = 0} \\ {By = 1} \end{array} [/math-block]
 - d. [math-block] \begin{array}{* $\{20\}\{c\}\}$ {Ax = 1} \\ {By = 0} \end{array} [/math-block]
- 7. [math-block] If~\left[{\begin{array}{*{20}{c}} 8&{ 12} \\ {40}&{60} \end{array}} \right] = k\left[{\begin{array}{*{20}{c}} 2&{ 3} \\ {10}&{15} \end{array}} \right], then ~the ~value~ of~ k = - . [/math-block]
 - a. -4

 $[math-block] \frac{{\left[{\begin{array}{*{20}{c}} 8&{ - 12} \ 40}&{60} \ 40}{c}] } \ \right]} {{\left[{\begin{array}{*{20}{c}} 2&{ - 3} \ 10}&{15} \ 40}{array}} \right]} }$

- b. [/math-block]
- c. [math-block] \left[{\begin{array}{*{20}{c}} 4&4 \\ 4&4 \end{array}} \right] [/math-block]
- d. 4
- 8. The order of matrix [math] [2 $\ \ 1 \ \]$ [/math] is
 - a. 2-by-3
 - b. 3-by-1
 - c. 1-by-3
 - d. 2-by-1

9. [math-block] {\text{The equation}}: Ox - Oy = - 5 ~~ {\text{has - - - - solution(s)}}{\text{.}} [/math-block]

- a. distinct finite
- b. Infinite many
- c. Unique
- d. No
- 10. A linear equation in three variables always represent a - - .
 - a. [math-block] {\text{Line in}} {\mathbb{R}^3}(3 dimension) [/math-block]
 - b. [math-block] {\text{Plane in}} {\mathbb{R}^3}(3 dimension) [/math-block]
 - c. [math-block] {\text{ Plane in}} {\mathbb{R}^2}(2 dimension) [/math-block]
 - d. [math-block] {\text{Line in }}{\mathbb{R}^2}(2 dimension) [/math-block]

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