# Overview of Hadoop HDFS Commands

#### Hadoop HDFS Commands: Explanation and Examples

HDFS commands are used to interact with the Hadoop distributed file system from the command line. Commands usually start with:

hadoop fs -<command>

or

hdfs dfs -<command>

#### 1. Checking Hadoop Version

- Purpose: Verifies Hadoop installation and version.
- Command:

```
hadoop version
```

Example:

```
Hadoop 3.3.1
Subversion https://...
Compiled by user on 2021-01-15
```

### 2. Create Directory (mkdir)

- Purpose: Create a new directory in HDFS.
- Syntax:

```
hadoop fs -mkdir /directory_path
```

Example:

```
hadoop fs -mkdir /user/mydata
```

• Illustration: Creates /user/mydata directory in HDFS.

#### 3. List Files/Directories (1s)

- Purpose: Lists files and directories inside a path.
- Syntax:

```
hadoop fs -ls /path
```

Example:

```
hadoop fs -ls /user
```

Output:

```
Found 2 items

drwxr-xr-x - user supergroup 0 2025-08-01

12:30 /user/mydata
```

-rw-r--r- 3 user supergroup 10:00 /user/file1.txt

## 4. Copy File from Local to HDFS (put)

- Purpose: Upload files from local filesystem to HDFS.
- Syntax:

hadoop fs -put /local/path/file /hdfs/path/

• Example:

hadoop fs -put sample.txt /user/mydata/

# 5. Copy File from HDFS to Local (get)

- Purpose: Download files from HDFS to local file system.
- Syntax:

hadoop fs -get /hdfs/file /local/destination

Example:

hadoop fs -get /user/mydata/sample.txt ./

#### 6. Display File Contents (cat)

- Purpose: Prints content of a file on the command line.
- Syntax:

hadoop fs -cat /hdfs/path/file

• Example:

hadoop fs -cat /user/mydata/sample.txt

• Output:

Content of sample.txt appears here

#### 7. Move or Rename (mv)

- Purpose: Move or rename files/directories in HDFS.
- Syntax:

hadoop fs -mv /source/path /destination/path

- Example:

hadoop fs -mv /user/mydata/sample.txt
/user/mydata/sample\_old.txt

## 8. Copy Files Inside HDFS (cp)

- Purpose: Copies files/directories inside HDFS.
- Syntax:

hadoop fs -cp /source/path /destination/path

Example:

```
hadoop fs -cp /user/mydata/sample_old.txt
/user/mydata/backup/sample.txt
```

#### 9. Remove File or Directory (rm)

- Purpose: Deletes file or directory from HDFS. Use -r for recursive delete.
- Syntax:

```
hadoop fs -rm /hdfs/file
hadoop fs -rm -r /hdfs/directory
```

• Example:

```
hadoop fs -rm /user/mydata/sample_old.txt
hadoop fs -rm -r /user/mydata/backup
```

## 10. Check Disk Usage (du)

- Purpose: Displays size of a file or directory in HDFS.
- Syntax:

```
hadoop fs -du /path
```

Example:

• Output:

1024 /user/mydata/sample.txt

#### Quick Reference Table

Command	Purpose	Sample Command
version	Check Hadoop version	hadoop version
mkdir	Create directory	hadoop fs -mkdir /user/mydata
ls	List files/directories	hadoop fs -ls /user
put	Upload file (local -> HDFS)	hadoop fs -put local.txt /user/mydata/
get	Download file (HDFS -> local)	hadoop fs -get /user/mydata/local.txt ./
cat	Display file contents	hadoop fs -cat /user/mydata/file.txt
mv	Move or rename files/directories	hadoop fs -mv /old/path /new/path

ср	Copy files/directories	hadoop fs -cp /source/path /dest/path
rm	Remove files/directories	hadoop fs -rm file <b>Of</b> hadoop fs -rm -r dir
du	Show disk space usage	hadoop fs -du /user/mydata

#### Illustration: Example Use Case

1. Create directory:

hadoop fs -mkdir /user/anna

2. Upload file:

hadoop fs -put /home/anna/data.csv /user/anna/

3. List files:

hadoop fs -ls /user/anna

4. View file content:

hadoop fs -cat /user/anna/data.csv

5. Copy file:

6. Delete a file:

7.

These commands provide the foundational HDFS operations for daily Hadoop cluster work.