

# Lösungen Testat STOC SW03

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14. März 2013 13:22

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## 1 Aufgabe 1

### 1.1 a

$$\begin{aligned} S_{xy} &= \frac{\sum_{i=1}^n (x_i - \bar{x})(y_i - \bar{y})}{n-1} \\ &= \frac{\sum_{i=1}^n (x_i \cdot y_i - x_i \cdot \bar{y} - \bar{x} \cdot y_i + \bar{x} \cdot \bar{y})}{n-1} \\ &= \frac{\sum_{i=1}^n (x_i \cdot y_i) - \sum_{i=1}^n (x_i \cdot \bar{y}) - \sum_{i=1}^n (\bar{x} \cdot y_i) + \sum_{i=1}^n (\bar{x} \cdot \bar{y})}{n-1} \\ &= \frac{\sum_{i=1}^n (x_i \cdot y_i) - \bar{y} \cdot \sum_{i=1}^n (x_i) - \bar{x} \cdot \sum_{i=1}^n (y_i) + n \cdot \bar{x} \cdot \bar{y}}{n-1} \\ &= \frac{\sum_{i=1}^n (x_i \cdot y_i) - \bar{y} \cdot n \cdot \bar{x} - \bar{x} \cdot n \cdot \bar{y} + n \cdot \bar{x} \cdot \bar{y}}{n-1} \\ &= \frac{\sum_{i=1}^n (x_i \cdot y_i) - n \cdot \bar{x} \cdot \bar{y}}{n-1} \end{aligned}$$

### Neuer Versuch

$$\begin{aligned} \hat{a} &= \bar{y} - \hat{b} \cdot \bar{x} \\ \hat{b} &= \frac{s_{xy}}{s_x^2} \\ s_{xy} &= \hat{b} \cdot s_x^2 \\ s_{xy} &= \frac{\bar{y} - \hat{a}}{\bar{x}} \cdot s_x^2 \end{aligned}$$

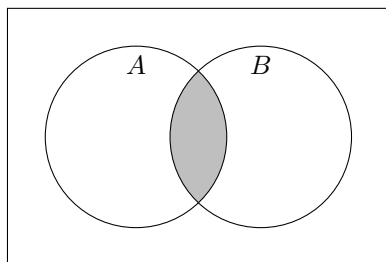
### 1.2 b

$$r = \frac{S_{xy}}{S_x \cdot S_y}$$

## 2 Aufgabe 2

### 2.1 a

$$P(A \cap B) = P(A) \cdot P(B) = \frac{3}{4} \cdot \frac{2}{3} = \frac{1}{2}$$



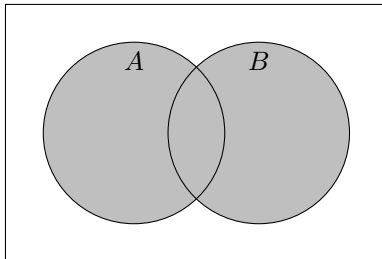
```

1 \begin{venndiagram2sets}
2   \fillACapB
3 \end{venndiagram2sets}

```

## 2.2 b

$$P(A \cup B) = P(A) + P(B) - P(A \cap B) = \frac{3}{4} + \frac{2}{3} - \frac{2}{4} = \frac{11}{12}$$



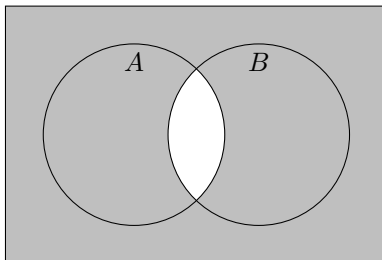
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1 \begin{venndiagram2sets}
2   \fillA \fillB
3 \end{venndiagram2sets}

```

## 2.3 c

$$P(\overline{A \cap B}) = P(\Omega) - P(A \cap B) = 1 - P(A \cap B) = 1 - \frac{1}{2} = \frac{1}{2}$$



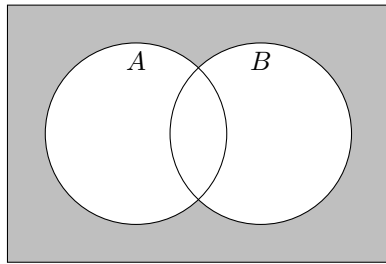
```

1 \begin{venndiagram2sets}
2   \fillNotAorB \fillANotB \fillBNotA
3 \end{venndiagram2sets}

```

## 2.4 d

$$P(\overline{A \cup B}) = P(\Omega) - P(A \cup B) = 1 - P(A \cup B) = 1 - \frac{11}{12} = \frac{1}{12}$$



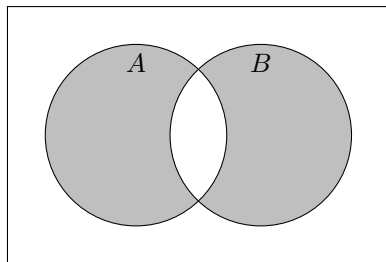
```

1 \begin{venndiagram2sets}
2   \fillNotAorB
3 \end{venndiagram2sets}

```

### 2.5 e

$$P(A \cup B) = P(A) + P(B) - 2 \cdot P(A \cap B) = \frac{3}{4} + \frac{2}{3} - 2 \cdot \frac{2}{4} = \frac{5}{12}$$



```

1 \begin{venndiagram2sets}
2   \fillANotB \fillBNotA
3 \end{venndiagram2sets}

```

## 3 Aufgabe 3

	F	KF			F	KF
A	$\frac{0.95}{356}$	$\frac{0.01 \cdot 355}{356}$	$\Rightarrow$	A	0.0026685	0.0099719
KA	$\frac{0.05}{356}$	$\frac{351.45}{356}$		KA	0.00014045	0.98722

### 3.1 a

$$P(F|A) = \frac{P(A \cap F)}{P(A)} = 0.2111$$

### 3.2 b

$$P(KF|KA) = \frac{P(KF \cap KA)}{P(KA)} = 0.99$$

## 4 Aufgabe 4

### 4.1 a

{11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 21, 22, 23, 24, 25, 26, 31, 32, 33, 34, 35, 36, 41, 42, 43, 44, 45, 46, 51, 52, 53, 54, 55, 56, 61, 62, 63, 64, 65, 66}

### 4.2 b

$$\frac{1}{36}$$

### 4.3 c

$$E_1 = \{16, 25, 34, 43, 52, 61\}$$

$$P(E_1) = \frac{6}{36} = \frac{1}{6}$$

### 4.4 d

$$E_2 = \{11, 12, 21\}$$

$$P(E_2) = \frac{3}{36} = \frac{1}{12}$$

### 4.5 e

$$E_3 = \{11, 13, 15, 31, 33, 35, 51, 53, 55\}$$

$$P(E_3) = \frac{9}{36} = \frac{1}{4}$$

### 4.6 f

$$E_2 \cup E_3 = \{11, 12, 13, 15, 21, 31, 33, 35, 51, 53, 55\}$$

$$P(E_3) = \frac{11}{36}$$

## 5 Aufgabe 5

### 5.1 a

$P(\text{Kopf}) + P(\text{Zahl})$  muss 1 ergeben.

### 5.2 b

Eine Wahrscheinlichkeit kann nicht negativ sein.

### 5.3 c

Da  $\{S \cap M\}$  nicht existiert muss  $P(S) + P(M) = P(S \cup M)$  sein.

## 6 Aufgabe 6

### 6.1 a

	E	N
w	$P(w \cap E) = 0.210226$	$P(w \cap N) = 0.303774$
m	$P(m \cap E) = 0.280908$	$P(m \cap N) = 0.205092$

### 6.2 b

$$P(w|E) = \frac{P(w \cap E)}{P(E)} = 0.428042$$

### 6.3 c

$$P(w|E) = \frac{P(w \cap E)}{P(E)} = 0.428042$$

$$P(m|E) = \frac{P(m \cap E)}{P(E)} = 0.571958$$

$$P(w|N) = \frac{P(w \cap N)}{P(N)} = 0.596963$$

$$P(m|N) = \frac{P(m \cap N)}{P(N)} = 0.403037$$