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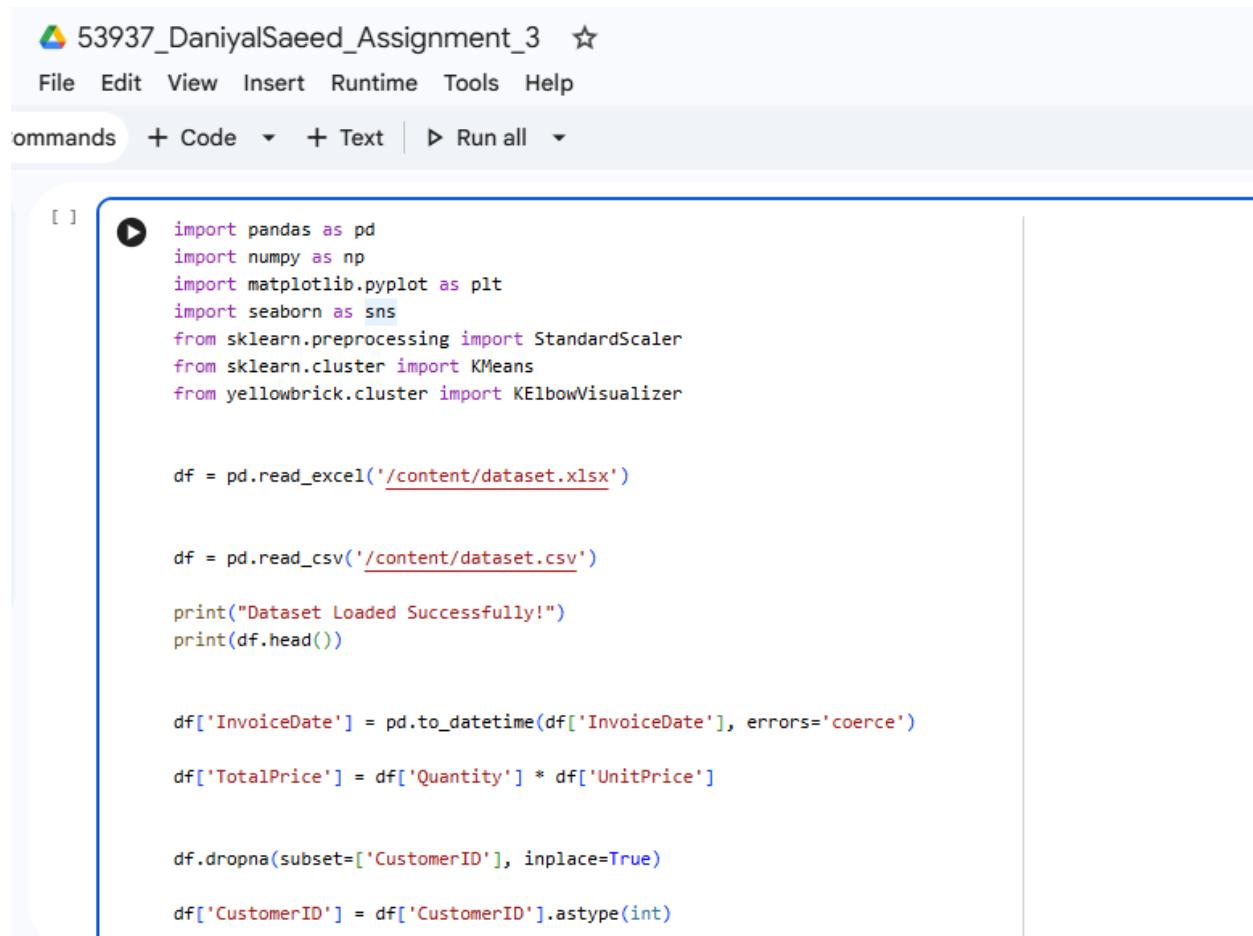
SAP ID: 53937

SECTION: BS Data Science

COURSE: Machine Learning

Assignment 3

K- Means Algorithm:



The screenshot shows a Jupyter Notebook interface with the following details:

- Title Bar:** 53937_DaniyalSaeed_Assignment_3
- Menu Bar:** File, Edit, View, Insert, Runtime, Tools, Help
- Toolbar:** Commands, + Code, + Text, Run all
- Code Cell:** Contains Python code for data loading, cleaning, and K-Means clustering.

```
import pandas as pd
import numpy as np
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
import seaborn as sns
from sklearn.preprocessing import StandardScaler
from sklearn.cluster import KMeans
from yellowbrick.cluster import KElbowVisualizer

df = pd.read_excel('/content/dataset.xlsx')

df = pd.read_csv('/content/dataset.csv')

print("Dataset Loaded Successfully!")
print(df.head())

df['InvoiceDate'] = pd.to_datetime(df['InvoiceDate'], errors='coerce')
df['TotalPrice'] = df['Quantity'] * df['UnitPrice']

df.dropna(subset=['CustomerID'], inplace=True)
df['CustomerID'] = df['CustomerID'].astype(int)
```

```
[ ] ➜ df = df[~df['InvoiceNo'].astype(str).str.startswith('C')]

df = df[(df['Quantity'] > 0) & (df['UnitPrice'] > 0)]

print("\nCleaned Data Shape:", df.shape)

snapshot_date = df['InvoiceDate'].max() + pd.Timedelta(days=1)

rfm_df = df.groupby('CustomerID').agg(
    Recency=('InvoiceDate', lambda x: (snapshot_date - x.max()).days),
    Frequency=('InvoiceNo', 'nunique'),
    Monetary=('TotalPrice', 'sum')
).reset_index()

print("\nRFM Calculation Done!")
print(rfm_df.head())

rfm_data = rfm_df[['Recency', 'Frequency', 'Monetary']]
scaler = StandardScaler()
rfm_scaled = scaler.fit_transform(rfm_data)

rfm_scaled_df = pd.DataFrame(rfm_scaled, columns=rfm_data.columns)
```

```
[ ] ➜ print("\nRunning Elbow Method...")
model = KMeans(random_state=42, n_init=10)
visualizer = KElbowVisualizer(model, k=(2, 5), metric='distortion', timings=False)

visualizer.fit(rfm_scaled)
optimal_k = visualizer.elbow_value_

if optimal_k is None:
    print("Warning: No optimal K found by Elbow method. Defaulting to 2 clusters.")
    optimal_k = 2

print(f"Optimal K found: {optimal_k}")
visualizer.show()

kmeans = KMeans(n_clusters=optimal_k, random_state=42, n_init=10)
rfm_df['Cluster'] = kmeans.fit_predict(rfm_scaled)

rfm_scaled_df['Cluster'] = rfm_df['Cluster']

print("\nK-Means Clustering Completed!")
```

```
[ ] ⏎ cluster_analysis = rfm_df.groupby('Cluster').agg({
    'Recency': 'mean',
    'Frequency': 'mean',
    'Monetary': 'mean',
    'CustomerID': 'count'
}).rename(columns={'CustomerID': 'Count'})

cluster_analysis = cluster_analysis.round(2)

print("\nCluster Analysis:")
print(cluster_analysis)

rfm_df.to_csv('rfm_clusters_output.csv', index=False)
print("\nFile Saved: rfm_clusters_output.csv")

plt.figure(figsize=(15, 5))
plt.suptitle('Cluster Profiles - RFM Comparison', fontsize=16)

plt.subplot(1, 3, 1)
sns.barplot(x=cluster_analysis.index, y='Recency', data=cluster_analysis)
plt.title("Mean Recency")

plt.subplot(1, 3, 2)
sns.barplot(x=cluster_analysis.index, y='Frequency', data=cluster_analysis)
plt.title("Mean Frequency")

[ ] ⏎ plt.subplot(1, 3, 3)
sns.barplot(x=cluster_analysis.index, y='Monetary', data=cluster_analysis)
plt.title("Mean Monetary Value")

plt.show()

plt.figure(figsize=(15, 6))

plt.subplot(1, 2, 1)
sns.scatterplot(x='Recency', y='Frequency', hue='Cluster', data=rfm_scaled_df)
plt.title("Recency vs Frequency")

plt.subplot(1, 2, 2)
sns.scatterplot(x='Frequency', y='Monetary', hue='Cluster', data=rfm_scaled_df)
plt.title("Frequency vs Monetary")

plt.show()
```

OUTPUT:

```
    asset Loaded Successfully!
    InvoiceNo StockCode Description  Quantity      InvoiceDate  UnitPrice \
    ...
    10001      A100     Notebook       3  2023-01-01 10:00        200
    10002      A200      Pen          5  2023-01-02 11:30         50
    10003      A300      Bag          1  2023-01-05 09:20      1500
    10001      A400     Marker        2  2023-01-01 10:00        120
    10004      A100     Notebook       4  2023-01-03 14:10        200

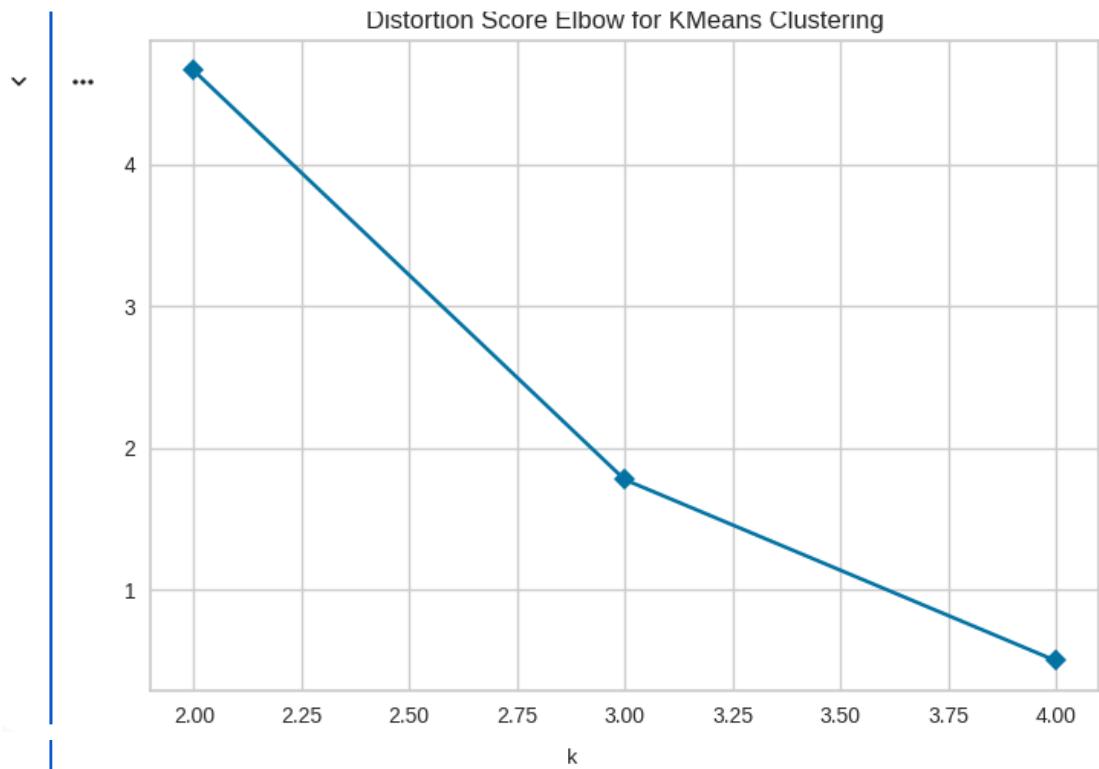
    CustomerID  Country
    501  Pakistan
    502  Pakistan
    503  Pakistan
    501  Pakistan
    504  Pakistan

   anned Data Shape: (7, 9)

    Calculation Done!
    CustomerID  Recency  Frequency  Monetary
    501          4           1        840
    502          3           1        310
    503          1           1      1500
    504          2           1        800
    505          1           1        600
```

ning Elbow Method...

```
ning Elbow Method...
ning: No optimal K found by Elbow method. Defaulting to 2 clusters.
imal K found: 2
r/local/lib/python3.12/dist-packages/yellowbrick/utils/kneed.py:156: YellowbrickWarning: No 'knee' or 'elbow point' detected This could be due to bad c
arnings.warn(warning_message, YellowbrickWarning)
r/local/lib/python3.12/dist-packages/yellowbrick/cluster/elbow.py:374: YellowbrickWarning: No 'knee' or 'elbow' point detected, pass `locate_elbow=Fals
arnings.warn(warning_message, YellowbrickWarning)
```



KMeans Clustering Completed!

```
cluster Analysis:  
      Recency   Frequency   Monetary   Count  
cluster  
      3.50         1.0       575.00       2  
      1.33         1.0       966.67       3
```

File Saved: rfm_clusters_output.csv

