

ROBUSTNESS MARGINS:

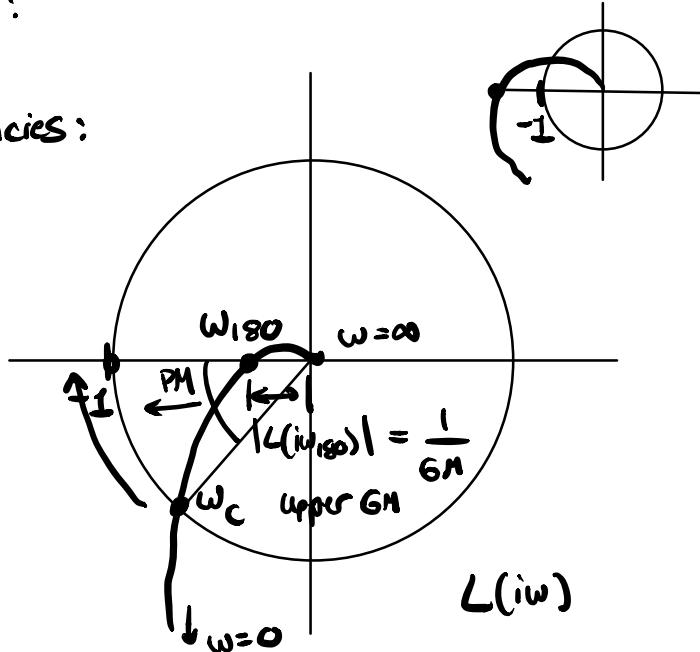
Two important frequencies:

$$\omega_{gc} = \omega_c$$

$$|L(i\omega_c)| = 1$$

$$\omega_{pc} = \omega_{180}$$

$$\angle L(i\omega_{180}) = -180^\circ$$



GAIN MARGIN

$$GM = \frac{1}{|L(i\omega_{180})|}$$

GM = 1 BAD

GM = 10, ∞ GOOD

↳ we can't make sys unstable multiplying by pure gain

↳ Upper GM : if $|L(i\omega_{180})| < 1 \Rightarrow GM > 1$

↳ Lower GM if $|L(i\omega_{180})| > 1 \Rightarrow GM < 1$

PHASE MARGIN

$$PM = \Delta \angle L(i\omega_c) - (-180^\circ)$$

Pure phase shift: $e^{-i\phi} \quad \phi < PM$ to maintain stability

time delay :

frequency dep. phase shift
: $e^{-\tau s}$ $\tau \omega_c < PM$

\Rightarrow if $\tau > \frac{PM}{\omega_c}$ \rightarrow sys goes unstable.

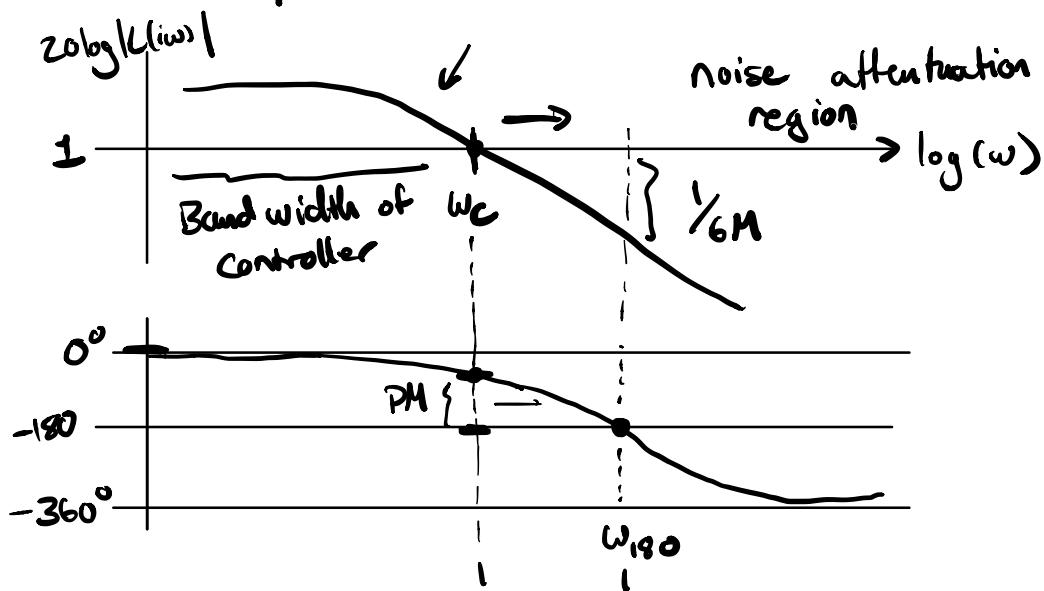
Typical PM: $30^\circ \rightarrow 60^\circ$

if $\omega_c = 1 \text{ Hz} = 2\pi \frac{\text{rad}}{\text{s}}$ $PM = 45^\circ = \frac{\pi}{4}$

$\tau > \frac{\pi}{4} / 2\pi = \frac{1}{8} \text{ s} \rightarrow$ sys goes unstable

$\omega_c = 10 \text{ Hz} \rightarrow$ max time delay. $\frac{1}{80} \text{ s}$

GAIN & PHASE MARGIN FROM BODE



$$\omega_c < \omega_{180}$$

Stability Margin: Combined Meas.

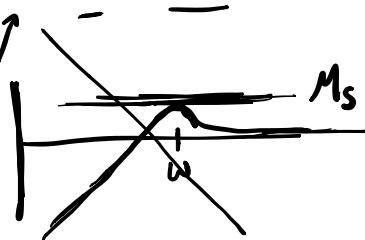
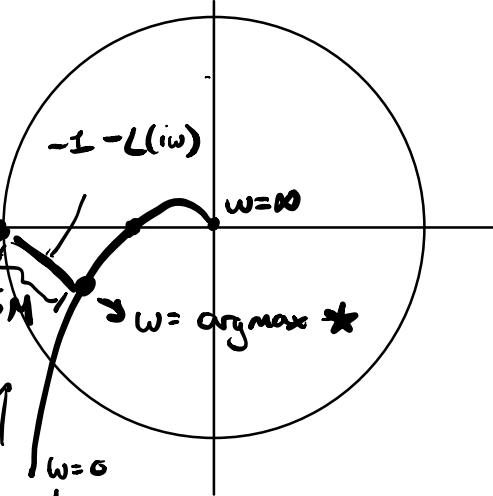
SM: closest distance
on $L(i\omega)$ to
 -1

Sensitivity TF:

$$\rightarrow S(s) = \frac{1}{1 + L(s)}$$

$$(*) M_S = \max_{\omega} |S(i\omega)| = \max_{\omega} \left| \frac{1}{1 + L(i\omega)} \right| = \frac{1}{SM}$$

plot Bode of $S(s)$



Relationships between margins

$$\underline{M_S} = \max_{\omega} \left| \frac{1}{1 + L(i\omega)} \right| \geq \left| \frac{1}{1 + L(\underline{i\omega_{180}})} \right| = \left| \frac{1}{1 - \frac{1}{GM}} \right|$$

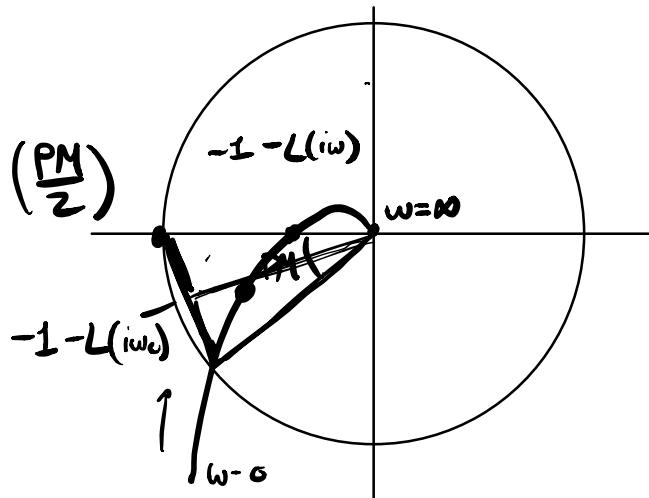
$$\frac{1}{M_S} \leq 1 - \frac{1}{GM}$$

$$-\frac{1}{M_S} + 1 \geq \frac{1}{GM}$$

$$GM \geq \frac{1}{1 - \frac{1}{M_S}} = \frac{M_S}{M_S - 1} = \frac{1}{1 - SM}$$

Phase Margin:

$$|-1 - L(i\omega_c)| = 2 \sin\left(\frac{PM}{2}\right)$$



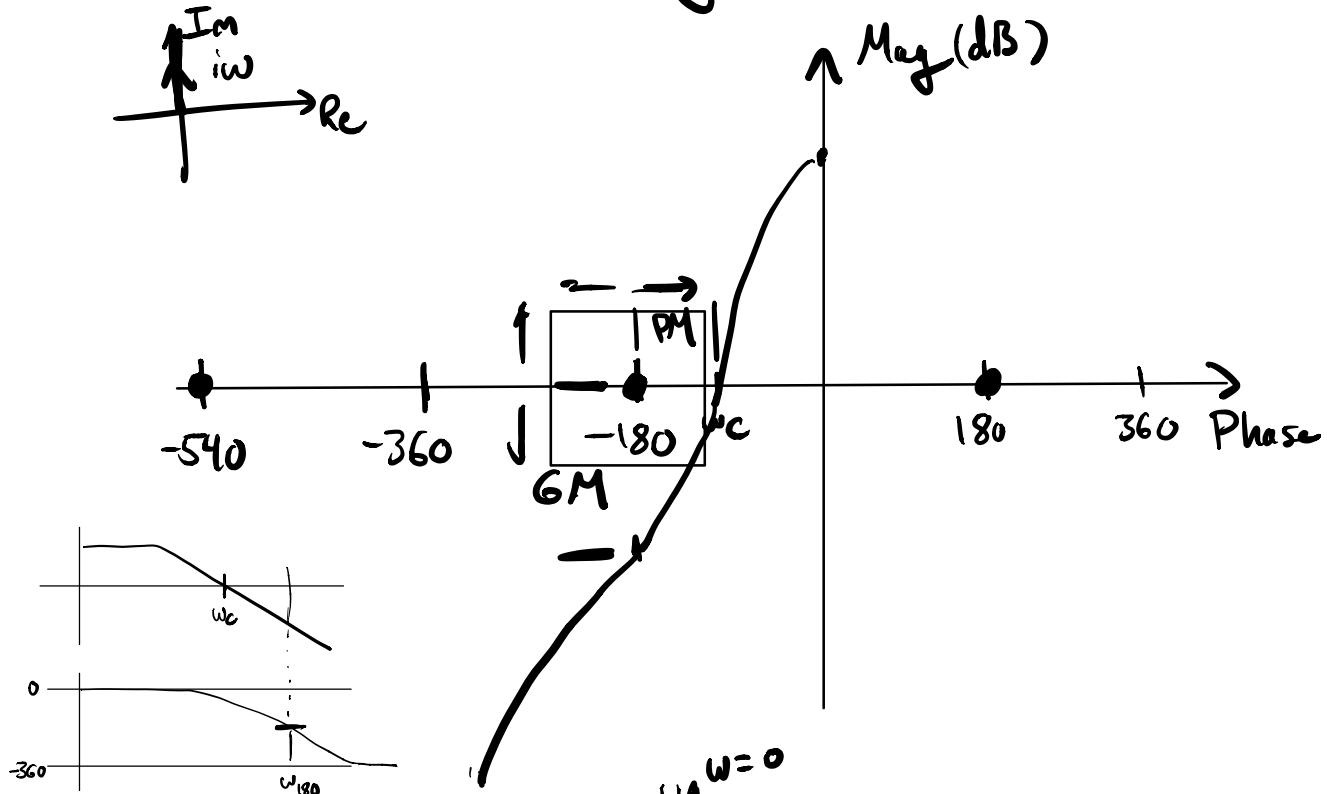
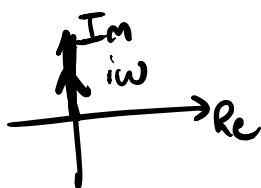
$$M_S = \max_{\omega} \left| \frac{1}{1 + L(i\omega)} \right| \geq \left| \frac{1}{-1 - L(i\omega_c)} \right| = \frac{1}{2 \sin\left(\frac{PM}{2}\right)}$$

$$\frac{1}{M_S} \leq 2 \sin\left(\frac{PM}{2}\right) \Rightarrow$$

$$PM \geq 2 \arcsin\left(\frac{1}{2M_S}\right) \geq \frac{1}{M_S}$$

$$\geq 2 \arcsin\left(\frac{1}{2}SM\right) \geq SM$$

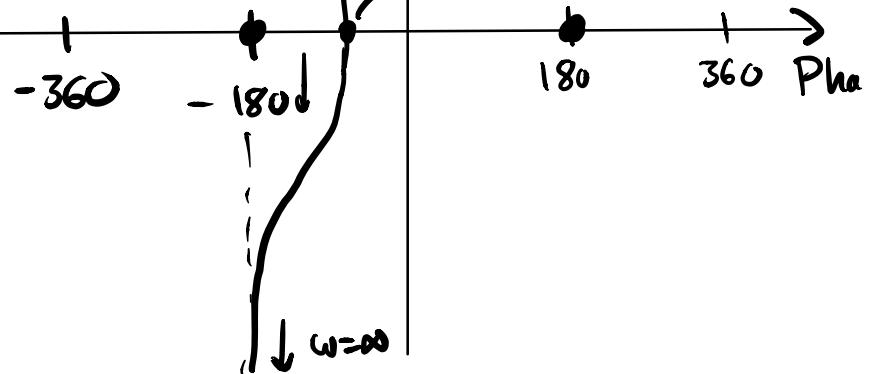
Nichols Plot Mag & phase



$$L(s) = \frac{s+1}{s^2(s+2)}$$

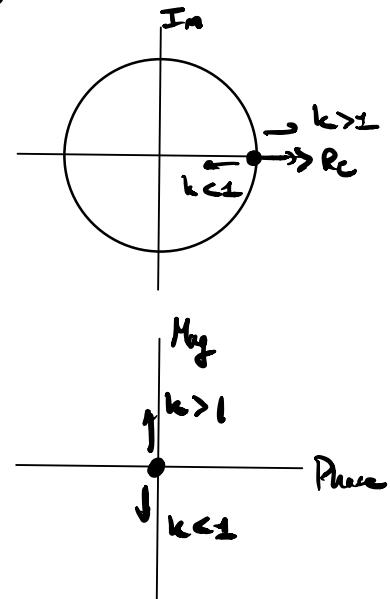
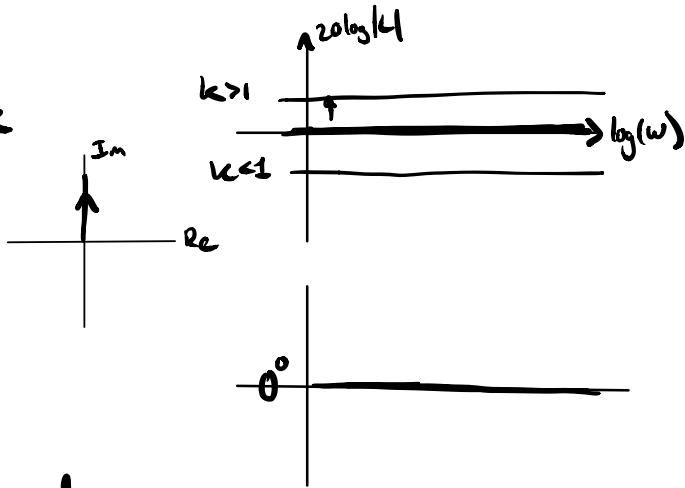
$$PM = 16.5^\circ$$

$$GM = \infty$$



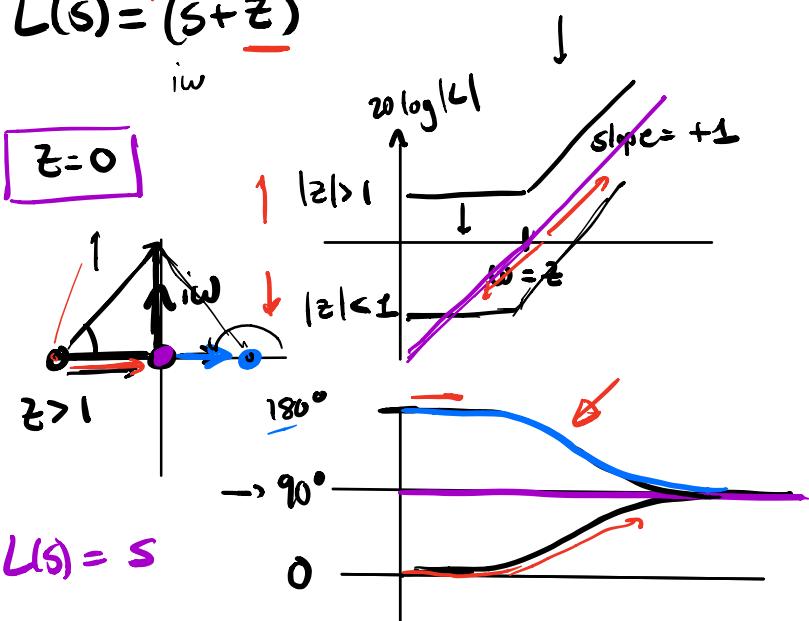
mathlets.org/mathlets/bode-nyquist-plots/

$$L(s) = k$$

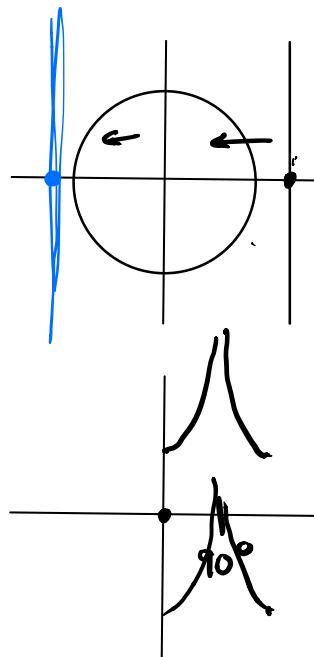


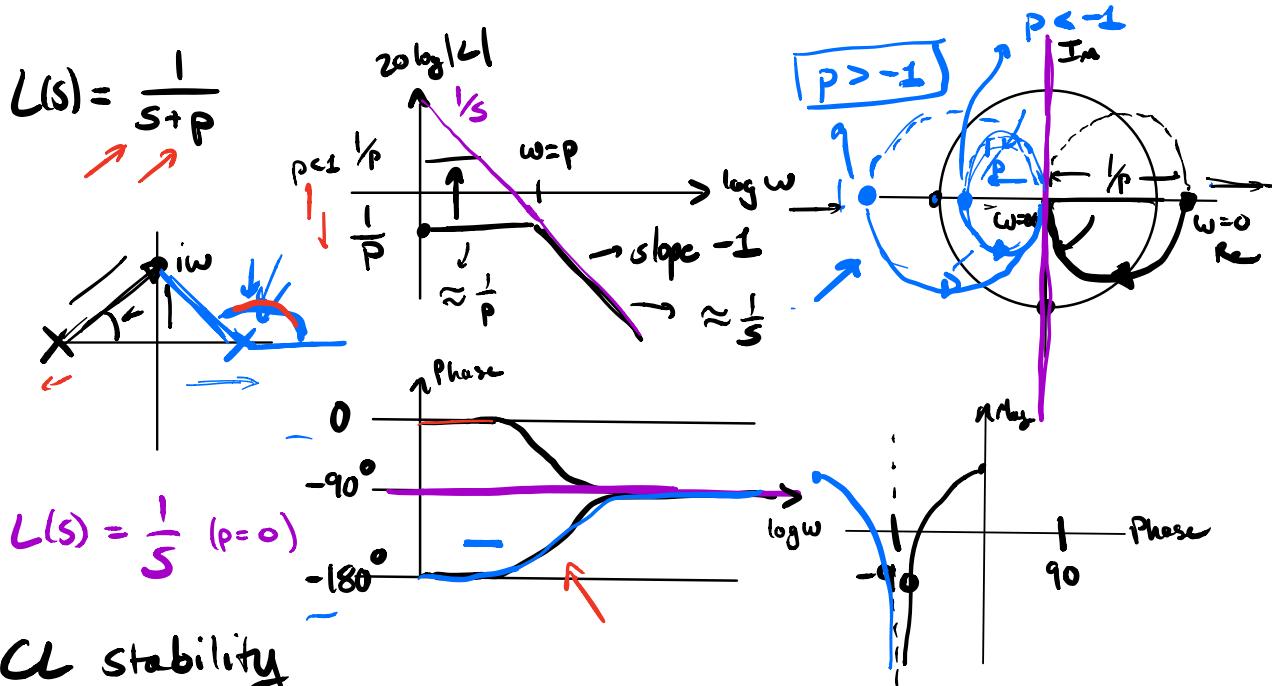
First Order Sys

$$L(s) = (s + z)$$



$$L(s) = s$$





CL Stability

$$1 + L(s) = 0$$

$$1 + \frac{1}{s+p} = 0 \Rightarrow s+p+1 = 0$$

$$p+1 > 0 \Rightarrow \boxed{p > -1}$$

$$\boxed{p < -1}$$

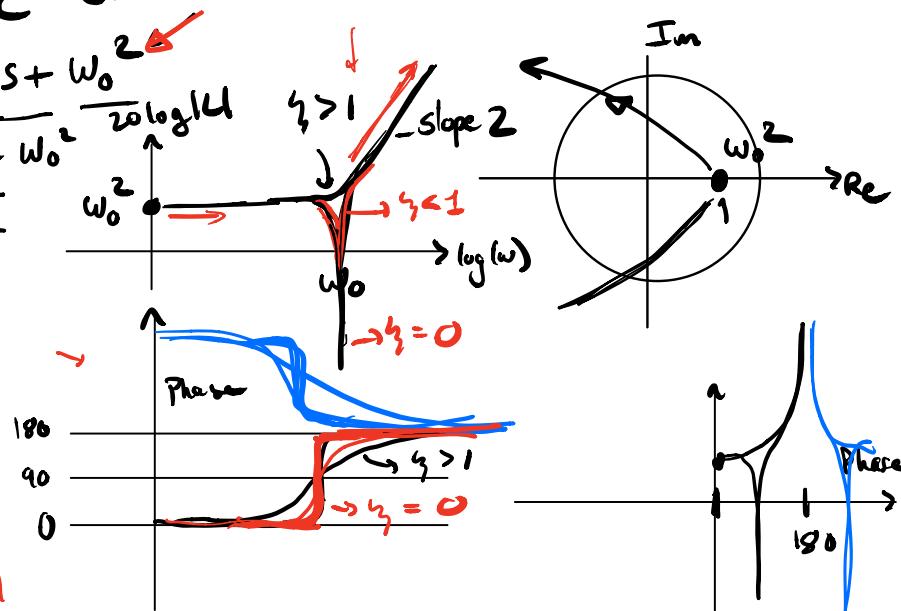
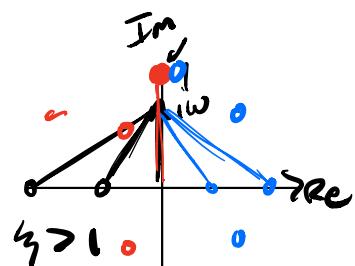
2ND ORDER SYS: ω_0 = natural freq, ζ = damping ratio

$$L(s) = as^2 + bs + c \quad c > 0$$

$$\rightarrow s^2 + 2\omega_0 \zeta s + \omega_0^2$$

$$z_{1,2} = -\omega_0 \zeta \pm \sqrt{\omega_0^2 \zeta^2 - \omega_0^2}$$

$$= -\omega_0 \zeta \pm \omega_0 \sqrt{\zeta^2 - 1}$$



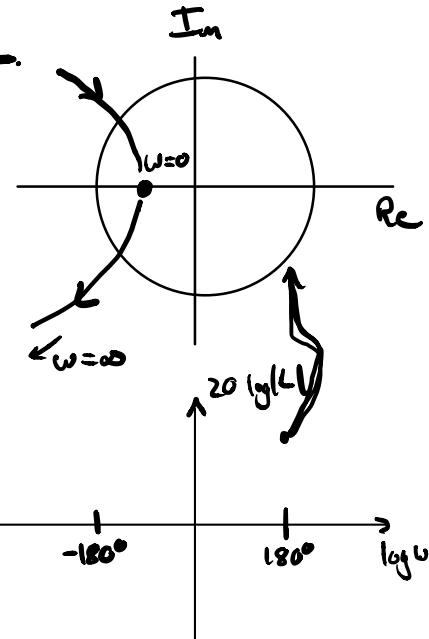
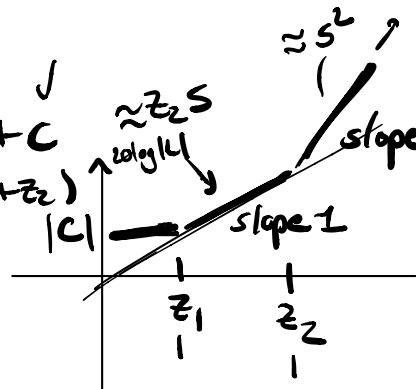
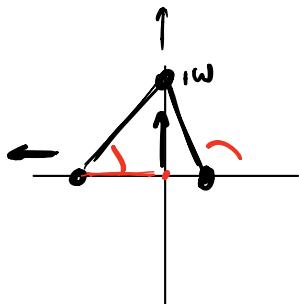
$$\gamma = 0 \quad c < 0$$

$$L(s) = s^2 + bs + c$$

$$= (s+z_1)(s+z_2)$$

$$z_1 > 0, z_2 < 0$$

$$|z_1| \ll |z_2|$$

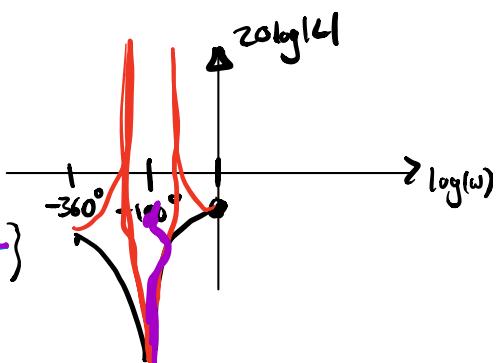
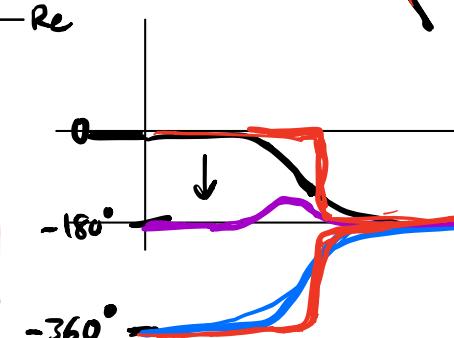
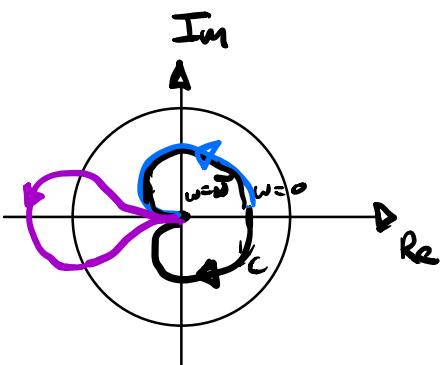
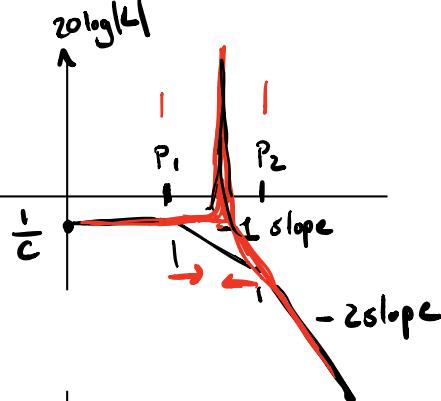
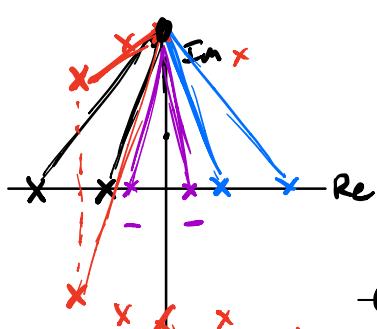


2 poles:

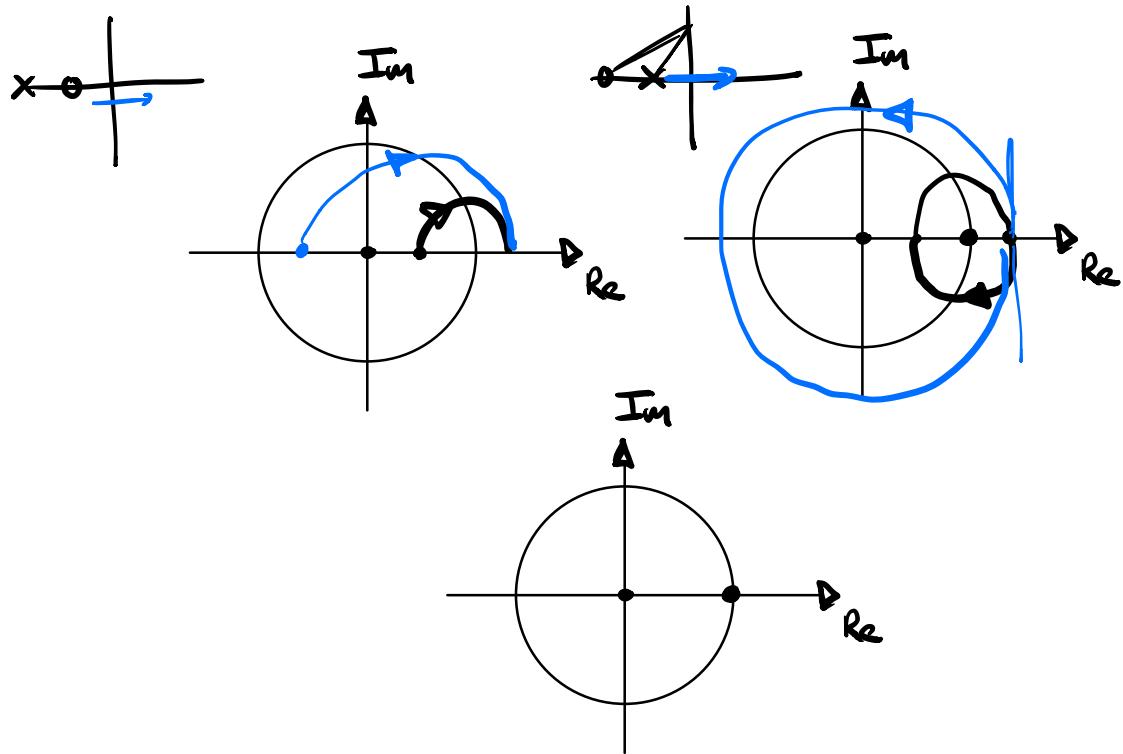
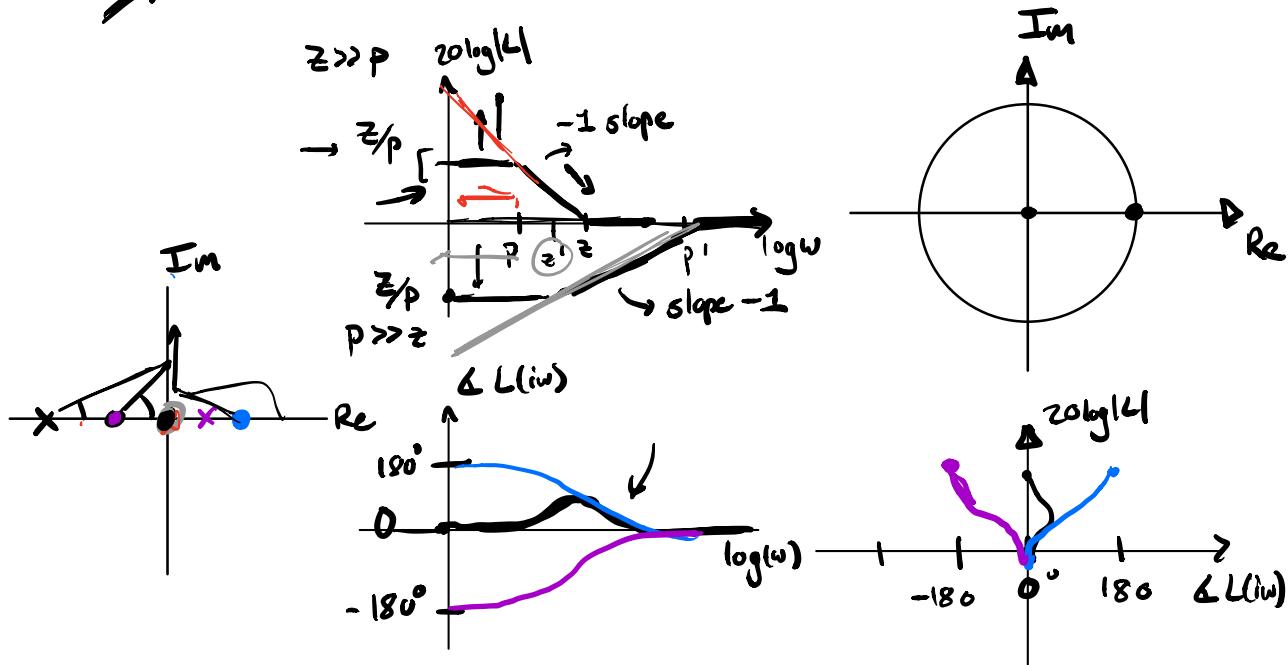
$$L(s) = \frac{1}{as^2 + bs + c}$$

$$= \frac{1}{(s+p_1)(s+p_2)}$$

$$p_1, p_2 \text{ real } p_1, p_2 < 0$$



$$L(s) = \frac{s+z}{s+p} \quad z/p \ll 0 \quad \omega = \infty$$



Transfer function

is stable - minimum phase

⇒ all poles & zeros are in LHP