

Project: CryptoCore - Technical Requirements Document (Sprint 6)

Sprint Goal: Combine encryption and authentication into a single, secure operation.

1. Project Structure & Repository Hygiene

The codebase must be extended to support authenticated encryption modes while maintaining existing structure.

ID	Requirement Description	Priority
STR-1	All requirements from previous Sprints (STR-1 to STR-4) <b>must</b> still be met.	Must
STR-2	New source files for authenticated encryption <b>must</b> be created. <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>- <b>Suggested Path:</b> <code>src/modes/gcm.py/gcm.c</code> for GCM implementation</li><li>- <b>Suggested Path:</b> <code>src/aead/</code> for general AEAD interfaces and Encrypt-then-MAC</li></ul>	Must
STR-3	The README.md file <b>must</b> be updated to include: <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>- Documentation for the new GCM mode and AAD functionality.</li><li>- Explanation of AEAD concepts and security properties.</li><li>- Examples of encryption and decryption with associated data.</li><li>- Warnings about the catastrophic failure behavior with wrong AAD/tampered data.</li></ul>	Must
STR-4	The build system <b>must</b> be updated to include any new source files for AEAD implementations.	Must

2. Command-Line Interface (CLI) Parser

The encryption/decryption CLI must be extended to support GCM mode and associated data.

ID	Requirement Description	Priority
CLI-1	The <code>--mode</code> argument <b>must</b> be extended to accept gcm.	Must
CLI-2	A new <code>--aad</code> DATA argument <b>must</b> be added for authenticated encryption modes. <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>- The AAD <b>must</b> be provided as a hexadecimal string.</li><li>- The AAD <b>should</b> be optional; if not provided, it should be treated as empty.</li></ul>	Must
CLI-3	For GCM mode, the tool <b>must</b> generate a random 12-byte nonce (instead of a 16-byte IV) during encryption. <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>- The nonce <b>must</b> be prepended to the ciphertext output, similar to IV handling in previous modes.</li></ul>	Must
CLI-4	For GCM decryption, the nonce <b>must</b> be read from the input file (first 12 bytes) or provided via <code>--iv</code> (which should be renamed to <code>--nonce</code> for consistency, but maintaining <code>--iv</code> for backward compatibility is acceptable).	Must
CLI-5	The output during decryption <b>must</b> be suppressed if authentication fails. The tool <b>must</b> exit with an error without writing any decrypted data to the output file.	Must

Example Invocations:

```
# GCM Encryption with AAD
$ cryptocore --algorithm aes --mode gcm --encrypt --key 00112233445566778899aabbccddeeff --input plaintext.txt --output ciphertext.bin --aad aabbccddeeff

# GCM Decryption with correct AAD
$ cryptocore --algorithm aes --mode gcm --decrypt --key 00112233445566778899aabbccddeeff --input ciphertext.bin --output decrypted.txt --aad aabbccddeeff
> [SUCCESS] Decryption completed successfully

# GCM Decryption with wrong AAD
$ cryptocore --algorithm aes --mode gcm --decrypt --key 00112233445566778899aabbccddeeff --input ciphertext.bin --output decrypted.txt --aad wrongaad123
> [ERROR] Authentication failed: AAD mismatch or ciphertext tampered
> Exit code: 1
```

3. Authenticated Encryption Implementation

This sprint involves implementing both a general Encrypt-then-MAC paradigm and the specific GCM mode.

ID	Requirement Description	Priority
AEAD-1	<b>Encrypt-then-MAC paradigm must</b> be implemented as a composite function. <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>- This <b>should</b> combine any block cipher mode (e.g., CTR) with HMAC from Sprint 5.</li><li>- The implementation <b>must</b> follow: <math>C = E(K_e, P)</math>, <math>T = MAC(K_m, C    AAD)</math>, output = <math>C    T</math></li><li>- Different keys <b>should</b> be used for encryption and MAC (derive from master key using KDF or use key separation).</li></ul>	Must
AEAD-2	<b>GCM mode must</b> be implemented from scratch. <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>- The implementation <b>must</b> follow NIST SP 800-38D specification.</li><li>- It <b>must</b> use the AES primitive from earlier sprints in CTR mode for encryption.</li></ul>	Must
AEAD-3	The GCM implementation <b>must</b> include Galois Field multiplication in $GF(2^{128})$ . <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>- The field representation <b>must</b> use the irreducible polynomial <math>x^{128} + x^7 + x^2 + x + 1</math>.</li><li>- The implementation <b>must</b> be efficient (using precomputed tables or the Karatsuba algorithm is recommended).</li></ul>	Must
AEAD-4	<b>GCM must</b> correctly handle: <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>- Nonce (12 bytes recommended, but support for other lengths with GHASH)</li><li>- Associated Data (AAD) of arbitrary length</li><li>- Plaintext of arbitrary length</li></ul>	Must
AEAD-5	The authentication tag <b>must</b> be 16 bytes (128 bits) and appended to the ciphertext. <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>- Output format: Nonce (12 bytes)    Ciphertext    Tag (16 bytes)</li></ul>	Must
AEAD-6	During decryption, the implementation <b>must</b> verify the tag before outputting any plaintext. <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>- If verification fails, <b>no plaintext</b> should be output and an error should be raised immediately.</li></ul>	Must

Expected GCM Implementation Structure:

```
# Python: src/modes/gcm.py
class GCM:
    def __init__(self, key, nonce=None):
        self.aes = AES(key) # AES implementation from earlier sprints
        self.nonce = nonce or os.urandom(12)
        # Precompute multiplication table for GHASH
        self._precompute_table()

    def _ghash(self, aad, ciphertext):
        """Compute GHASH in GF(2^128)"""
        # Implementation of Galois Field multiplication
        pass

    def _mult_gf(self, x, y):
        """Multiply two elements in GF(2^128) modulo x^128 + x^7 + x^2 + x + 1"""
        pass

    def encrypt(self, plaintext, aad=b''):
        # Generate J0 from nonce
        # Encrypt using CTR mode with J0+1, J0+2, ...
        # Compute authentication tag
```

```

        # Return nonce + ciphertext + tag
        pass

def decrypt(self, data, aad=b''):
    # Extract nonce, ciphertext, tag
    # Verify authentication tag
    # If verification fails, raise exception immediately
    # If verification succeeds, decrypt using CTR mode
    pass

```

#### Galois Field Multiplication Example:

```

def _mult_gf(self, x, y):
    """GF(2^128) multiplication using the irreducible polynomial"""
    z = 0
    v = y
    for i in range(127, -1, -1):
        if (x >> i) & 1:
            z ^= v
        if v & 1:
            v = (v >> 1) ^ 0xE1000000000000000000000000000000
        else:
            v >>= 1
    return z

```

#### 4. File I/O for AEAD

The file handling must be extended to support the new AEAD formats and security requirements.

ID	Requirement Description	Priority
IO-1	For GCM encryption, the output file <b>must</b> contain: 12-byte nonce    ciphertext    16-byte tag.	Must
IO-2	For GCM decryption, the input file <b>must</b> be parsed as: 12-byte nonce    ciphertext    16-byte tag.	Must
IO-3	If authentication fails during decryption, the tool <b>must not</b> create or write to the output file.	Must
	- The tool <b>must</b> delete any partially created output file if authentication fails.	
IO-4	The AAD <b>must</b> be passed to the encryption/decryption functions as a binary string.	Must

#### 5. Testing & Verification

Comprehensive testing must verify both correctness and the critical security property of authentication failure.

ID	Requirement Description	Priority
TEST-1	<b>Known-Answer Tests:</b> The GCM implementation <b>must</b> pass test vectors from NIST SP 800-38D.	Must
	- Specifically, test vectors with different AAD lengths and message lengths.	
TEST-2	<b>Round-trip Test:</b> Encrypting and then decrypting with the same AAD <b>must</b> return the original plaintext.	Must
TEST-3	<b>AAD Tamper Test:</b> Decryption with incorrect AAD <b>must</b> fail catastrophically.	Must
	- The tool <b>must not</b> output any decrypted data.	
	- The tool <b>must</b> return a non-zero exit code.	
	- The tool <b>must</b> print a clear authentication error message.	
TEST-4	<b>Ciphertext Tamper Test:</b> Changing any bit in the ciphertext or tag <b>must</b> cause authentication failure.	Must
	- The failure <b>must</b> be catastrophic (no plaintext output).	
TEST-5	<b>Nonce Reuse Test:</b> The implementation <b>must</b> generate a random nonce for each encryption.	Must
	- Generating 1000 nonces should produce 1000 unique values.	
TEST-6	<b>Empty AAD Test:</b> The implementation <b>must</b> work correctly with empty AAD.	Must
TEST-7	<b>Large AAD Test:</b> The implementation <b>must</b> handle AAD larger than memory by processing in chunks.	Must
TEST-8	<b>Interoperability Test:</b> The GCM implementation <b>should</b> be tested against OpenSSL:	Should
	openssl enc -aes-128-gcm -K <key> -iv <nonce> -aad <aad> -in <file>	
TEST-9	<b>Encrypt-then-MAC Test:</b> The composite Encrypt-then-MAC implementation <b>must</b> pass similar authentication tests.	Must

#### Example Test Commands:

```

# Test with NIST GCM test vector
$ echo -n "Hello GCM world" > test_input.txt
$ cryptcore --algorithm aes --mode gcm --encrypt --key 00000000000000000000000000000000 --iv 00000000000000000000000000000000 --aad "" --input test_input.txt --output test_output.bin

# Tamper detection: modify ciphertext
$ dd if=test_output.bin of=tampered.bin bs=1 count=100 conv=notrunc
$ echo "XX" | dd of=tampered.bin bs=1 seek=50 count=2 conv=notrunc
$ cryptcore --algorithm aes --mode gcm --decrypt --key 00000000000000000000000000000000 --input tampered.bin --output should_fail.txt --aad ""
> [ERROR] Authentication failed: ciphertext tampered
> Exit code: 1

# Verify no output file was created
$ ls should_fail.txt
ls: cannot access 'should_fail.txt': No such file or directory

```

#### Example Test Script for GCM Security Properties:

```

# tests/test_gcm_security.py
import os
from src.modes.gcm import GCM

def test_gcm_aad_tamper():
    """Test that wrong AAD causes catastrophic failure"""
    key = os.urandom(16)
    plaintext = b"Secret message"
    aad_correct = b"correct_aad"
    aad_wrong = b"wrong_aad"

    # Encrypt with correct AAD
    gcm = GCM(key)
    ciphertext = gcm.encrypt(plaintext, aad_correct)

    # Try to decrypt with wrong AAD
    gcm2 = GCM(key, gcm.nonce)
    try:
        result = gcm2.decrypt(ciphertext, aad_wrong)
        assert False, "Decryption should have failed with wrong AAD"
    except AuthenticationError:
        print("\u2713 Correctly failed with wrong AAD")
        # Verify no plaintext was returned
        assert 'result' not in locals() or result is None

def test_gcm_ciphertext_tamper():

```

```

"""Test that ciphertext tampering causes catastrophic failure"""
key = os.urandom(16)
plaintext = b"Another secret message"
aad = b"associated_data"

# Encrypt
gcm = GCM(key)
ciphertext = gcm.encrypt(plaintext, aad)

# Tamper with ciphertext (flip one bit)
tampered = bytearray(ciphertext)
tampered[20] ^= 0x01 # Flip one bit in the ciphertext

# Try to decrypt tampered ciphertext
gcm2 = GCM(key, gcm.nonce)
try:
    result = gcm2.decrypt(bytes(tampered), aad)
    assert False, "Decryption should have failed with tampered ciphertext"
except AuthenticationError:
    print("✓ Correctly failed with tampered ciphertext")

```