



Aprendizado por Reforço

Programação dinâmica (Experimento 1 — iteração de valor)

Implementação



Algoritmo de iteração de valor

Algorithm 4.1: Value iteration algorithm

Initialization: The probability models p(r|s,a) and p(s'|s,a) for all (s,a) are known. Initial guess v_0 .

Goal: Search for the optimal state value and an optimal policy for solving the Bellman optimality equation.

While v_k has not converged in the sense that $||v_k - v_{k-1}||$ is greater than a predefined small threshold, for the kth iteration, do

For every state $s \in \mathcal{S}$, do

For every action $a \in \mathcal{A}(s)$, do

q-value: $q_k(s, a) = \sum_r p(r|s, a)r + \gamma \sum_{s'} p(s'|s, a)v_k(s')$

Maximum action value: $a_k^*(s) = \arg \max_a q_k(s, a)$

Policy update: $\pi_{k+1}(a|s) = 1$ if $a = a_k^*$, and $\pi_{k+1}(a|s) = 0$ otherwise

Value update: $v_{k+1}(s) = \max_a q_k(s, a)$

Implementação



Algoritmo de iteração de valor

Value Iteration, for estimating $\pi \approx \pi_*$

Algorithm parameter: a small threshold $\theta > 0$ determining accuracy of estimation Initialize V(s), for all $s \in S^+$, arbitrarily except that V(terminal) = 0

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Loop:
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\Delta \leftarrow 0
    Loop for each s \in S:
          v \leftarrow V(s)
          V(s) \leftarrow \max_{a} \sum_{s',r} p(s',r|s,a) [r + \gamma V(s')]
          \Delta \leftarrow \max(\Delta, |v - V(s)|)
until \Delta < \theta
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Output a deterministic policy, $\pi \approx \pi_*$, such that $\pi(s) = \operatorname{arg\,max}_{a} \sum_{s',r} p(s',r|s,a) [r + \gamma V(s')]$