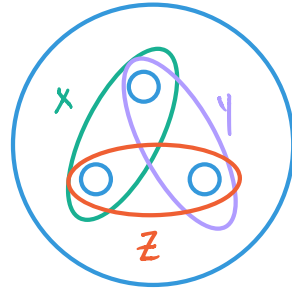


# Chap 5. Presentations & $H_1, H_2$

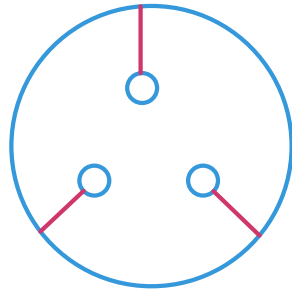
Lantern Relation  $S_{0,4} \cong S$

$$T_x T_y T_z = \prod T_{\partial_i}$$



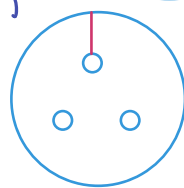
Pf #1

Alex Method:  
Check relation  
on 3 arcs.

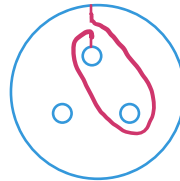


We'll do  
one arc:

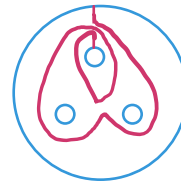
$T_z$



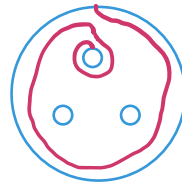
$T_y$



$T_x$



isotopy

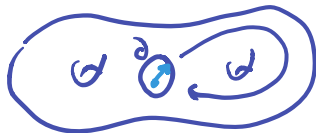


# Pf #2

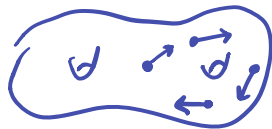
Boundary pushing  $\chi(S) < 0$   $S^\circ = S \setminus \text{open disk}$ .

$$\text{Push} : \pi_1 \text{UT}(S) \rightarrow \text{Mod}(S^\circ)$$

$$\pi_1 \text{UT}(S)$$



$$\text{gen. of } \pi_1(\text{fiber}) \mapsto T_\partial$$



$$S' \rightarrow \text{UT}(S)$$

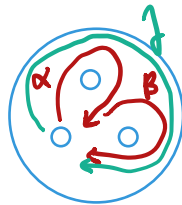
$$\downarrow$$

$$S$$

The lantern relation is:

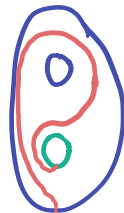
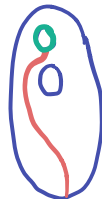
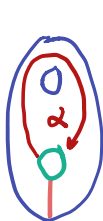
$$\text{Push}(\beta)\text{Push}(\alpha) = \text{Push} \gamma$$

↑ push w/o rotating



$$\beta\alpha = \gamma \text{ in } \pi_1(\text{UT}(S)).$$

Why is this lantern relation?

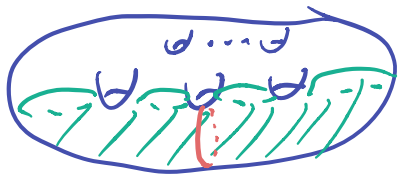


$$= \text{Push } \alpha = T_x T_{\partial_1}^{-1} T_{\partial_2}^{-1}$$

Thm  $H_1(\text{Mod}(S_g)) = 1$   
 $g \geq 3$ .

$H_1(G) \cong G^{\text{abel.}} = G/[G, G]$   
 so: no char. classes for  $S_g$ -bundles over  $S^1$ .

Pf. Fact 1.  $\text{Mod}(S_g)$  gen by  $T_c$ ,  $c$  nonsep (Dehn-Lick.)  
Fact 2. Such  $T_c$  are conjugate (Change of coords)  
Fact 3.  $\exists$  lantern reln in  $S_g$  w/ all 7 curves nonsep.



(?!)

Given  $\text{Mod}(S_g) \rightarrow A$   
 gens  $T_{c_i} \mapsto t$  by fact 2

by fact 1, Image is  $\langle t \rangle$   
 (cyclic)

Fact 3:  $t^3 = t^4 \Rightarrow t = 1$ .

# Presentations

We have them (see book)

Next goal: proof of fin. presentability.

fin generation  $\longleftrightarrow$  action on connected complex  
with finite quotient.

$H_2(G) \longleftrightarrow$  fin presentability  $\longleftrightarrow$  . . . . simply connected . . .  
(abelianized  
version)

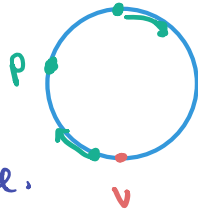
Arc complex  $A(S)$

vertices : arcs  $/ \sim$

edges : disjointness

$k$ -simplices:  $(k+1)$  pairwise disjoint arcs.

(flag complex)



Thm.  $A(S_{g,n})$  contractible.

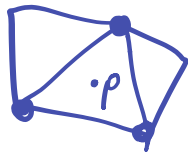
Pf (Hatcher)  $v = \text{any vertex}$

Goal: homotope  $A(S_{g,n})$  into

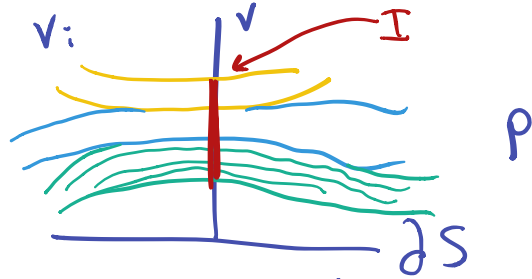
$\text{Union of all Simp. Cont. } v \rightarrow \text{Star}(v) \simeq *$  so paths vary contin.

Let  $p \in |A(S_{g,n})|$

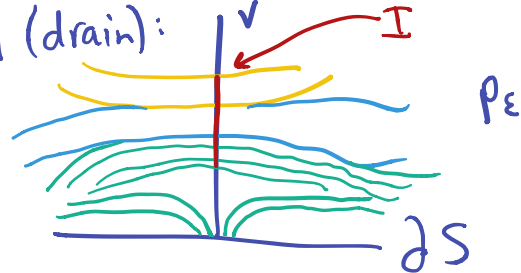
$p = \text{weighted sum of disjoint arcs}$



thicken arcs to bands, push together at  $v$ :



Homotopy (drain):



Prop. Say  $G \curvearrowright X \cong *$  w/o rotations 

& ①  $X/G$  finite

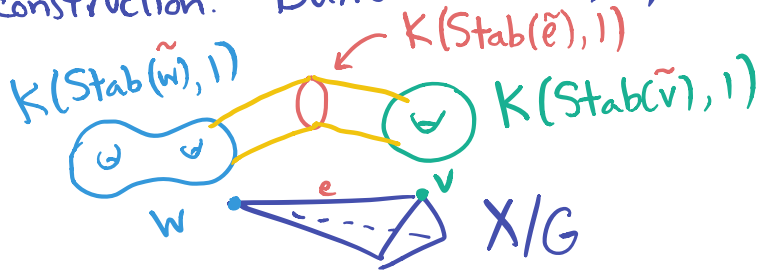
② vertex stabs f.p.

③ edge stabs f.g.

$\Rightarrow \text{Stab}(e) \subseteq \text{Stab}(v)$

Then  $G$  is f.p.

Pf idea Borel construction: Build a  $K(G, 1)$  for  $G$ .



Thm.  $\text{Mod}(S_{g,n})$  fin pres.

For  $n=0$ :

Pf for  $n > 0$

$$1 \rightarrow \pi_1(S_g) \rightarrow \text{Mod}(S_{g,1}) \rightarrow \text{Mod}(S_g) \rightarrow 1$$

Apply Prop.

Stab's are MCG's of simpler surfaces.

$\leadsto$  induction!



Quotient of a  
f.p. gp by a  
f.g. gp is f.p.

Also, alg. geom. proof:  $M_{g,n}$  is a quasi-proj variety.

Q. What presentation do you get from this proof?

















