

Section H Subsection left center right

Mathematics 1553

Quiz 8 Prof. Margalit 1 April 2016

1. Consider the following matrix

$$A = \left(\begin{array}{cc} 6 & -1\\ 2 & 3 \end{array}\right)$$

Find the characteristic polynomial of A.

$$det(A-Ix) = \begin{bmatrix} 6-x & -1 \\ z & 3-x \end{bmatrix} = (6-x)(3-x)+2$$

Find the eigenvalues of A.

$$(6-\lambda)(3-\lambda) + 2 = 0$$

$$\lambda = 5$$

$$\lambda^{2} - 9\lambda + 60 = 0$$

$$\lambda = 4$$

$$(\lambda - 5)(\lambda - 4) = 0$$

Turn the page over!

For each eigenvalue of A, find one eigenvector.

$$\lambda = 5 \quad \begin{pmatrix} 6 - 5 & -1 & 0 \\ 2 & 3 - 5 & 0 \end{pmatrix} \Rightarrow \begin{pmatrix} 1 & -1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$x_1 = x_2 \Rightarrow y_2 \cdot (1)$$

$$\lambda = 4 \quad \begin{pmatrix} 6-4 & -1 & 0 \\ 2 & 3-4 & 0 \end{pmatrix} \Rightarrow \begin{pmatrix} 1 & -\frac{1}{2} & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$2X_1 = X_2$$

$$V_2^2 = \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 2 \end{pmatrix}$$

Find a diagonalization of A.

$$A = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 1 \\ 1 & 2 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} 5 & 0 \\ 0 & 4 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 1 \\ 1 & 2 \end{pmatrix}$$