

# **RASD**

 $Software\ Engineering\ 2\ Project\ -\ TrackMe$ 

v1.2 - 12/01/2019

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# 1 Introduction

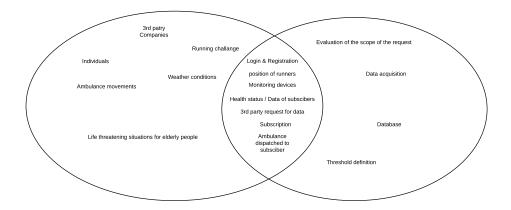
#### 1.1 Purpose

TrackMe is a company that wants to offer the following services to individuals and to third party companies:

- Data4Help, that allows people to register and provide their data to TrackMe through devices such as smartwatches or smartphones and allows companies to get data from a particular group of people;
- AutomatedSOS, that allows individuals, mainly elderly people, to register in order to have their health monitored and to receive an immediate assistance in emergency cases;
- Data4Run, a sport-oriented service that tracks athletes participating in a run. It allows organizers to define the path of the run, participants to enroll to the run, and spectators to see on a map the position of all runners during the run. Track4Run will exploit the features offered by Data4Help

#### 1.2 Scope

The *World and the Machine* approach is used in defining the scope of the project. By defining the real world entities that interact with the system and the properties of the system itself we can determine the intersection between the two sets: the *shared phenomena*.



The World and the Machine diagram

The system-to-be uses 4 components with different roles in order to function:

- Data4Help SmartWatch App: Acquires the data from the smart-watch sensors (heart rate, sleep quality, position, phisical activities) and sends them via Bluetooth to the Data4Help Mobile App.
- Data4Help Mobile App: Gathers data from the smartwatch, shows various statistics, and sends them to the Data4Help Core Database. Each user can choose which service he would like to subscribe to. Moreover, it allows the organizers of a running event to define the path of the race and lets the spectators to see the position of all runners of a particular race on a map.
- **Data4Help Website**: Enables third-party companies to request data, either anonymous or user-specific.
- Data4Help Core: is intended to connect all other components together providing the logic of the application. It is also responsible for the acceptance of all third-parties requests of data. It also evaluates health status of individuals deciding whether it is at risk or not.

The list below shows the main goals the system should be able to accomplish:

- **G1**: The system should be able to show acquired data via the Mobile App and the Website.
- **G2**: The system should allow users to register.
- **G3**: The system should allow companies to register.
- **G4**: The system should allow registered companies to request data from an anonymous group of individuals, only if individuals in the group are more than 1000.
- **G5**: The system should allow registered companies to request data from an individual person, only if individuals accept the request.
- **G6**: The system should let companies to be able to pay through the system in order to buy data queries/subscribe to plans.
- **G7**: The system should allow a company to subscribe to new data and receive them as soon as they are produced.
- **G8**: The system should be able to store user's health parameters.
- **G9**: The system should be able to react to the lowering of the health parameters below threshold in less than 5 seconds and send the position of the person to the ambulance system.
- G10 The system should allow run organizers to register.
- G11 If a run organizer is registered, it can define a run i.e. it can define the path that the participants should follow.
- G12 A user should be able to enroll for a run.
- **G13** Spectators of a run should be able to see each participant's position on a map.
- G14 Individuals should be able to log-in.
- G15 Companies should be able to log-in.
- G16 Run organizers should be able to log-in.

# 1.3 Definitions, Acronyms, Abbreviations

i.e.	Id est, that is
w.r.t	with respect to
Company	Third party company
BLE	Bluetooth Low Energy
RAM	Random Access Memory
UI	User Interface
GPS	Global Positioning System
API	Application Programming Interface
DBMS	Data Base Management System
XML	eXtensible Markup Language
bpm	Beats per minute

# 1.4 Revision history

v1.0 - 11/11/2018 - Release

**v1.1** - 01/12/2018

- Corrected inconsistency of platforms used by run organizers (sections 1.1, 2.2.1, 3.2.3);
- Simplified pricing policies (section 2.2.3);
- $\bullet$  Added log-in goals for all users of the system (sections 1.2, 3.2.3);
- Changed query result format from csv to XML (section 3.2.3);
- Corrected paradigm used by Data4Help core in case of query subscriptions (section 3.2.3);
- Changed database management system turning into DBMS relational only (section 3.4);

**v1.2** - 01/12/2018

• Changed requirement [R13 $_C$ ].

#### 1.5 Reference documents

- —REFD1— The World And The Machine
- —REFD2— WearOS
- —REFD3— Share of Smart Wristwear Shipments By Operating System
- —REFD4— Android Distribution and Market Share
- —REFD5— iOS Distribution and Market Share
- —REFD6— Bluetooth Communication Android

#### 1.6 Document structure

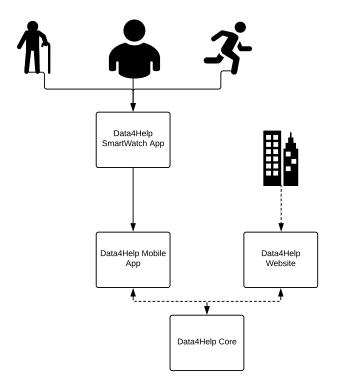
This RASD document is made of the following parts:

- **Introduction**: this section provides a general and low-detailed description of the system-to-be.
- Overall description: this section provides general aspects of the system, like interfaces, constraints, domain assumptions, software dependencies and users' characteristics.
- Specific requirements: this section provides scenarios, use cases and a set of diagrams in order to represent the functionalities of the system-to-be.
- **Appendix**: this section contains the Alloy model used to model and verify the system, a list of the tools used to develop this document and the working hours tracking table.

# 2 Overall description

#### 2.1 Product perspective

Data4Help Core is the central component of the system that connects all the other parts of the structure.



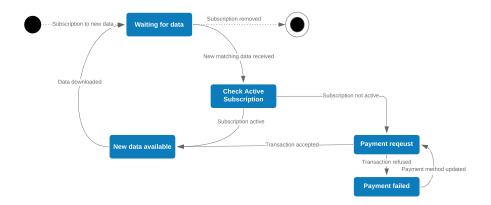
Use flow diagram

The Smartwatch App should be directly connected to the Mobile App to acquire data and let them be shown in the smartphone. In turn, the Mobile App has to communicate with the Data4Help Core that will register the data of the user. The Data4Help Website should communicate with the Data4Help Core as well in order to query directly on the company database.

#### 2.1.1 State charts

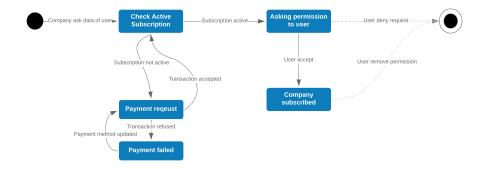
Query request The following state diagram shows the state of a Query made by a Company. As soon as the Query is made from a registered Company, it goes into the Waiting for Data state. Then the Query can either be removed by the Company or new data can satisfy the Query. In the latter case the query goes into the Check Active Subscription state. If a Subscription is active, the Query goes into the New Data Available state,

otherwise it goes into *Payment Request*. If the transaction is accepted, the new state is *New Data Available*, otherwise goes into *Payment Failed State*, until the payment method is updated.



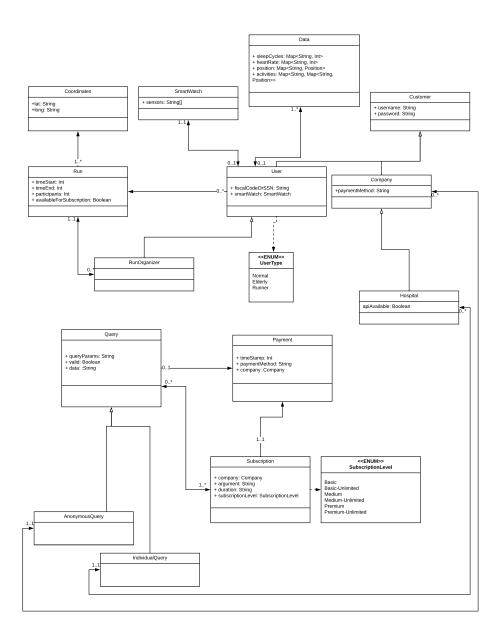
Data request state diagram

Individuals data query When a Company creates a Query, it goes into the Check Active Subscription state. If the subscription to make individual queries is active, the system asks to the user for the permission. If the permission is granted, the Query goes into Company Subscribed and the company can access user's data. If either the user denies the request or remove the permission to the company after having accepted the request, the Query is deleted. If the subscription is not active, the new state is Payment Request. If the transaction is accepted then the new state is Check Active Subscription, otherwise the transaction is refused, the new state is Payment Failed and the Query waits until the user update his payment method.



Individual request state diagram

# 2.2 Class diagram



Class diagram

# 2.3 Product functions

This chapter listing all the functionalities that the system-to-be must offer.

#### 2.3.1 Functional requirements

Functional requirements for every system component: Data4Help Mobile App

- $[\mathbf{RM}_M]$ : Users can register, after providing a username, a password and a Fiscal Code/Social Security Number and have connected a compatible Smartwatch
- $[\mathbf{R}\mathbf{1}_M]$ : Users can log-in
- $[\mathbf{R2}_M]$ : Users can only have one account
- $[\mathbf{R3}_M]$ : Logged-in users can edit their account info
- $[\mathbf{R4}_M]$ : Logged-in users can see their data statistics
- $[\mathbf{R5}_M]$ : Logged-in can specify the nature of the daily activities (i.e. running, biking, swimming, hiking)
- $[\mathbf{R6}_M]$ : Logged-in users can accept/decline a company individual monitoring request
- $[\mathbf{R7}_M]$ : Logged-in users, if subscribed to *AutomatedSOS* service, can see the monitoring status of the service
- $[\mathbf{R8}_M]$ : Logged-in users can register to a run before the start time
- $[\mathbf{R9}_M]$ : Logged-in users can see a run information
- $[\mathbf{R}\mathbf{10}_{M}]$ : Logged-in users can see participant position on a map, if the run has started
- $[\mathbf{R}11_W]$ : Run organizers can register
- $[\mathbf{R}\mathbf{12}_M]$ : Run organizers can login
- $[\mathbf{R}\mathbf{13}_{M}]$ : Logged-in run organizers can organize a run
- $[\mathbf{R}\mathbf{14}_M]$ : Organizers of a run can define the path and additional information for that run
- $[\mathbf{R15}_M]$ : Organizers of a run can start the run
- $[\mathbf{R}\mathbf{16}_M]$ : Logged-in users can subscribe to AutomatedSOS

Data4Help Smartwatch App

- $[\mathbf{R}\mathbf{1}_S]$ : App can read data from sensor and store it locally.
- $[\mathbf{R2}_S]$ : App can send data registered locally to Data4Help Mobile App

#### Data4Help Website

- $[\mathbf{R}\mathbf{1}_W]$ : Companies can register, after providing a username, a password, an email and a company name
- $[\mathbf{R2}_W]$ : Companies can log-in
- $[\mathbf{R3}_W]$ : Logged-in companies can see their history and account information
- $[\mathbf{R4}_W]$ : Logged-in companies can subscribe to a payment service of Data4Help
- $[\mathbf{R5}_W]$ : Logged-in companies can update their account information
- $[\mathbf{R6}_W]$ : Logged-in companies can query on some group of individuals data
- $[\mathbf{R6bis}_W]$ : Logged-in companies can subscribe to a query data
- $[\mathbf{R7}_W]$ : Registered companies can request access to data of individuals
- $[\mathbf{R8}_W]$ : Logged-in companies can access to an individual data, if the user has given approval
- $[\mathbf{R9}_W]$ : Logged-in companies can export data previously queried using Data4Help

#### Data4Help Core

- $[\mathbf{R}\mathbf{1}_C]$ : Can send online notifications via SMS to all users
- $\bullet$  [ $\mathbf{R2}_C$ ]: Can send online notifications via email to all users
- $[\mathbf{R3}_C]$ : Can send online notifications via the Mobile app to its users
- $[\mathbf{R4}_C]$ : Can save and store permanently user data
- $[\mathbf{R5}_C]$ : Can receive and store health parameters and geographical position of registered users
- $[\mathbf{R6}_C]$ : Can execute queries of companies on individuals if the user has accepted the monitoring request from the company
- $[\mathbf{R7}_C]$ : Can execute queries of companies checking if the searches involve more than 1000 anonimyzed users
- $[\mathbf{R8}_C]$ : Can provide a payment method for data requested by companies.
- $[\mathbf{R9}_C]$ : Can communicate directly with the nearest hospital API.

- $[\mathbf{R}\mathbf{10}_C]$ : Can provide geographical position and critical health parameters to the emergency employee using the API
- $[\mathbf{R}\mathbf{1}\mathbf{1}_C]$ : Can compute for every AutomatedSOS user which are the threshold value to take care of for each health parameter
- $[\mathbf{R}\mathbf{1}\mathbf{2}_C]$ : Can compute each athlete's rank in a run and send it to each user device.
- $[\mathbf{R}13_C]$ : Can send the position of athletes during a run to spectator's devices.
- $[\mathbf{R}\mathbf{14}_C]$ : Can validates information provided by the user during registration
- [R15 $_C$ ]: Can charge companies on their payment method respecting Track4Me pricing policy

#### 2.3.2 Non Functional requirements

Non-functional requirements:

- Users should be encouraged not to be in trouble for being monitored by companies
- Users should be encouraged to use the Mobile app with their friends
- Users should be encouraged to keep their smart watch all day and all night
- Nurses and doctors should encourage their patients to use the Mobile app
- Companies should be encouraged to use the service by other firms

#### 2.3.3 Company pricing policies

The following policies are exclusively referred to the Webpage component services offered to Companies

- Basic: : The company can query data choosing from users of only one city. Price: 50€/month
- Medium The company can query data choosing only from users of one region of Italy. Price: 200€/month
- **Premium** The company can query data on all Data4Help users. **Price:** 1000€/month

The following policies are exclusively referred to government companies who want to monitor individuals (i.e. hospitals, medical clinics)

• Maximum of 100 patients: 500€/month

• Maximum of 1000 patients: 1500€/month

• No limit on maximum patients: 5000€/month

It is not expected to be a pricing policy for Mobile App and Smartwatch App users, which means that the Apps will be free.

As specified in the Functional requirements, the Data4Help Core component is in charge to calculate the final price for every user using the service.

#### 2.4 User characteristics

Here is shown the distinction of the users of the Data4Help services.

The common characteristic for all Customers is that all users of the service must be logged in to use it.

The users of using all possible components can be distinguished in 2 main categories:

- Data4Help Individuals Customers: Users who use the app to take advantage of services offered by it.
- Data4Help Companies Customers: Thirty-Party users who can be divided once more in 2 subcategories:
  - Companies who wants to use data for marketing purposes
  - Public companies or clinics who wants to monitor the health status of an individual patient

#### 2.5 Constraints and dependencies

#### 2.5.1 Constraints

The constraints for the System-to-be are listed below:

- Users are located in Italy
- Users must have a Smartwarth and a Mobile phone with a OS compatible with the applications
- Users must have Internet connection on their devices
- The system must ask the users the permission to store their data following the GDPR policy

- The system must ask users to use GPS position on their devices
- Companies must have a computer with a compatible browser to use the Data4Help services

#### 2.5.2 Regulatory policies

As Data4Help will handle sensitive user data (e.g. name, birth date, location, state of health) the Application must treat them respecting the local laws, in particular the GDPR European law. Data attributable to the user must be anonymized in order to appear in a Company's query, unless the user has given explicit authorization to that company.

### 2.5.3 Security consideration

All data transferred between Data4Help Mobile App and Data4Help Core must be encrypted in order to minimize the possibility of a man-in-the-middle attack or any unauthorized access. For the same reason, all communication between Data4Help Web site and Data4Help Core must be encrypted. The Bluetooth communication between Data4Help SmartWatch App and Data4Help Mobile app is already encrypted by the Bluetooth stack itself.

#### 2.5.4 Dependencies

- The system requires a DBMS to store and retrieve data
- Maps used by the system to store data relative to geographical position of ther users are provided by external APIs
- The system must rely on external Hospitals API in order to call ambulances for [R9] of the Core component

#### 2.6 Assumptions

Each part of the system is based on the following domain assumptions.

- D1 The Storage System is reliable.
- D2 The SmartWatch on which the *Mobile App* is installed has an accelerometer, a gyroscope, a GPS antenna, and an heart rate sensor and they are always turned on.
- D3 Data taken from the previously mentioned sensors are always trusted and consistent.
- D4 The user keeps the SmartWatch on his/her wrist during day and night.

- D5 The user has a valid Fiscal Code or Social Security Number, and it is unique.
- D6 GPS signal is stable, hence the user position is always correct.
- D7 The phone on which the app will be installed has an internet access.
- D8 Every company willing to buy or subscribe to data has a credit card.
- ullet D9 Users of Automated SOS have a stable internet connection.
- D10 Every Hospital in which the AutomatedSOS service is active has an API to call the ambulances.
- D11 The Hospital API service is active 24/7.

# 3 Specific requirements

# 3.1 External Interface Requirements

#### 3.1.1 User Interfaces

#### Data4Help Mobile App:

The Mobile app should offer an easy interface aiming a user friendly experience of the customers. If should be possible to open a menu to navigate through the sub-sections. All the main functions (i.e. see history of activities, see account information) should be easy to access from any sub-section of the app. Descriptions of the pages has to be brief and concise. To see the details of the statistics there should be an info button that shows detailed description about the related data. If subscribed to the AutomatedSOS service, there should be a page showing the active controls on the user. In case of using the Track4Run service, there is also the possibility to see the map of a programmed run and seeing on the map all the participants, and their positions. More detailed info of the runners can be shown by tapping on their icon on the map.

The application must follow a proper design for every different mobile operating system:

- Android Material Design
- iOS Human Interfaces

The application should support all the screen resolutions available and optimize the item placement on the screen in the same way for every compatible device.

The user can configure the graphic of the widget visible from the Smartwatch only using the Mobile App component.

Data4Help SmartWatch App: The Smartwatch app should provide widgets that let the customer see their daily activity. There should be one widget for every type of data acquired by the device:

- Sleep monitoring
- Heart rate

The user can receive notifications about his activities in the Smartwatch and delete them through it.

**Data4Help WebSite**: The Website should offer an easy interface aiming a user friendly experience for the subscribed companies. The main menu should be visible on the top of the page, and must be used to navigate



Login and Registration



Dashboard



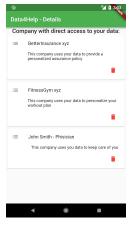
Menu



 ${\bf Automated SOS}$ 



Track4Run



Company requests for monitoring

through the sub-sections. All the main functions (i.e. acquired data, account information, etc) should be accessible from any sub-section of the web page. Descriptions of the pages have to be clear and exhaustive.

**Data4Help Core:** This component does not have a user interface since it is intended to be accessible only by the qualified staff that manages it.

#### 3.1.2 Hardware Interfaces

**Data4Help Mobile App:** The application should require the location services in order to work. If GPS is unavailable on the mobile phone, it can be requested to the Smartwatch app and viceversa. If both unavailable, the application wouldn't work and show an error window to notify the user. The app should also require a connection from either mobile network or Wi-Fi, but is sufficient to turn it at least once per day. If not, the app will notify the user asking to turn on connectivity.

**Data4Help SmartWatch App:** As written for Data4Help Mobile app, but also requires Bluetooth connectivity. If not available, an error message will appear on the Mobile app.

**Data4Help WebSite:** There is not any special hardware interface needed for the WebSite component.

**Data4Help Core:** There is not any special hardware interface needed for the Core component.

#### 3.1.3 Software Interfaces

- Data4Help SmartWatch App: Development will focus on the production of a WatchOS and a WearOS app in order to properly communicate with their respective smartphone app.
  - As an app built for the latest version of those OSes is also backwords compatible with their previous versions, there are no particular *minimum version* requirements. By developing an app for WatchOS and WearOS, the app will reach the 84% of all available Smartwatches.
- Data4Help Mobile App: Due to the fact that iOS and Android are the only OSes that provide a seamless integration with their smartwatch counterparts, the app will be developed for those platforms only. In order to support smartwatch communication there is a minimum version required for those OSes, namely:
  - Android > 4.4 (API level 19) (about 94,7% of devices)
  - -iOS > 9.3 (about 96,3% of devices)
- Data4Help Website: It will require the use of a modern Web Browser to be accessed. It will work either on desktop and mobile Web Browsers.

• Data4Help Core: As the *Core* component will need only to provide **REST** endpoints for the communication (with ambulance, Website, App) there are no specific requirements on this component.

#### 3.1.4 Communication Interfaces

In the system there are 2 types of communication.

- 1. The Mobile App and the Web Site need a bidirectional channel with the Core component of the system to operate properly.

  This can be achived by providing a REST API on the *Data4Help Core* component.
- 2. The Smartwatch App needs a direct connection with the Mobile app to give it user's data.

The communication between the smart device and the smartphone is achieved via BLE and, once the channel is established, the Smartwatch App sends JSON messages to the Mobile App concerning all activities performend from the last syncronization.

```
{
    userId: "ka8c57pno3",
    last_synchronization: "1512518400",
    heart_rate: {
        "1512518400": 60,
        "1512519000": 61,
    },
    activities: {
       "1512518400": {
            "_lat": "",
            "_long": ""
        "1512519000": {
            "_lat": "",
            "_long": ""
        },
    }
}
```

#### 3.1.5 Memory Constraints

• Data4Help SmartWatch App As the devices on which the app will run have generally less than 1GB of RAM and less than 16GB of non volatile storage the smartwatch app should offload all the unnecessary computations to the mobile app, therefore reducing it size (which could be kept under 10MB) and its memory footprint.

- Data4Help Mobile App Based on the functionalities it will provide, the overall size of the app should not exceed 50MB, without taking into account the saved user data.
- Data4Help Core The server on which the *Core* component will run will need at least 2GB of RAM and 250MB of non volatile storage in order to host the application. An additional 2TB of storage should be added in order to retain the user-generated data.
  - An estimate on the number of users using the service will suggest at least 64GB of RAM in order to ensure responsive operations for all the services provided.
- Data4Help Website The server on which the Website will be hosted will need at least 500M of RAM and 50M of non volatile storage in order to store all the assets the website needs. To ensure faster response time for all users a minimum of 16GB of RAM would be required.

#### 3.2 Functional requirements

#### 3.2.1 Scenarios

Here there are shown some scenarios to better understand the system usage from multiple viewpoints.

#### Scenario 1 User registration and log-in

Pierluigi is a Runner, he runs at least once per day and is very focused on the performance he gets during the training session. In order to do so, he downloaded the Data4Help App both on Smartwatch and mobile phone, so he registered, confirmed his email address, and then inserted personal data such as Age, Nationality, City of residence and the sport activity he practices. Once having completed the subscription, he logs in through the Mobile app, turns on Bluetooth on smartphone and smartwatch and the Data4Help apps automatically synchronize in both devices. He sets running activity function on Mobile app and starts the run.

#### Scenario 2 User parameter consulting

Matteo uses Data4Help mobile app to track his sport activity. When he wants to see the old data from the Mobile app, he opens it, clicks on "Show past activity", inserts the date he's interested in, so the app shows all the activity data for that date from 0:00 to 24:00.

#### Scenario 3 Data synchronization between devices

Letizia has just finished her Parkour lesson at Milano Gravity sports center. She would like to see the calories she consumed, the maximum heart-bpm and other health parameters. Luckily, she has a Smartwatch with the Data4Help application installed. First, she turns on the Bluetooth on her smartphone. It automatically synchronizes the data with the smartwatch app, then she opens the Data4Help mobile app and gives a look on the recent statistics.

#### Scenario 4 Hospital registration and purchase

Villa Serena is a hospital in Jesi trying to introduce an experimental way of monitoring its patients. In order to do so the director of the clinic goes to the website of the Data4Help services, subscribes using the email of the institution, clicks on Subscribe to a Premium service choosing the 1000-patients option. Then he adds a payment method and completes the operation.

#### Scenario 5 Patient registration

Dr. Verdi is a private dermatologist in Milan who wants to use Data4Help in order to monitor his patients. He has already chosen to the subscription plan with a limit of 100 patients. He asked Maria, one of his patients, to download the Mobile app and subscribe to the service. Maria subscribes using her email and fiscal code and then communicates her email to the Doctor who immediately adds Maria as her patient. Maria receives a notification asking if she agrees to be monitored by dr. Verdi (identified by his email) and she clicks on accept.

#### Scenario 6 Company subscription and purchase

Clear-Water Spa is a company specializing on producing energy drinks for runners that wants to start a marketing campaign in Milan. In order to know where people usually do activities in Milan, it decides to subscribe to Data4Help services. The Marketing director goes to the Web page, subscribes to the service using e-mail and fiscal code, inserts a payment method and purchases the 1-City unlimited query option, specifying Milan as the city of preference. Then he does his research on the city, inserting:

- Age of the people to search (i.e. from 20 to 25 year old)
- The hour when to search people (i.e. from 9.00 to 10.00)
- The health parameter filters (i.e. heart rate <100 bpm>)

The Data4Help system checks if the inquiry is satisfactory (i.e. whether it is too specific), if yes it shows a map with most frequent places of Milan where people go and an average of every health parameter, basing on the data provided by its users.

#### Scenario 7 Subscription for the "Automated SOS" service

Ottavio is a patient of Dr. Verdi using AutomatedSOS services offered by the Data4Help mobile app. The smartwatch of Ottavio has detected that his health parameters have gone below the threshold calculated by Data4Help, so the service is immediately notified and calls the ambulance of the closest hospital to the patient. The hospital receives the emergency notification and sends an ambulance to the position of Ottavio.

#### Scenario 8 Organizing a race

Luigi is a race organizer for a famous sports brand in Milan. He wants to use the services offered by Track4Run in order to attract more runners, so first he goes to the Data4Help Mobile App and registers inserting his name, surname, email, Fiscal Code and specifying he is a Run organizer. After consolidating his email, he log in through the mobile app and clicks Organize a new running event. He fills in a module specifying the city of the race, the date, the starting time, the length in km and a description. Once finished, he clicks on post the running event and obtains a link where he can see all the details of the joining participants.

#### Scenario 9 A runner registers and starts the activity

Salvatore is a professional runner of Milano. He has recently been searching for some running events in order to test his performances, so he opens Data4Help app on his smartphone and clicks on *See the closest running event*. He is shown a map with all the races of Milan starting that day. Salvatore clicks on the closest one and a window appears on the screen of the app showing all the relevant data. Then he decides to join the race, so he clicks on join the running event. After that he receives the race number and a confirmation e-mail.

#### Scenario 10 Viewers of a race use the Data4Help mobile app

Amanda and Dario have a son, Roberto, who has just joined a race organized through the Data4Help app. Since Robertos family wants to know their son geographical position during the race, they also download the app on their smartphones and register, specifying they are spectators of a running event. Then they log in, click on See nearby running events, choose the race they are interested in and click on See runners. A map showing the position of all runners marked with blue points appears on the screen. The parents type the name of their son on the search box of the app and his location becomes red and can be tracked.

### 3.2.2 Requirements mapping

In the following section are explained the functional requirements of the application, grouped under each goal.

• **G1**: The system should be able to show acquired data via the Mobile App and the Website.

### Requirements

- [R1<sub>S</sub>]: App can read data from sensor and store it locally.
- $[\mathbf{R2}_S]$ : App can send data registered locally to Data4Help Mobile App

#### Domain assumptions

- **D1** The Storage System is reliable.
- D2 The SmartWatch on which the Mobile App is installed has an accelerometer, a gyroscope, a GPS antenna, and an heart rate sensor.
- D3 Data taken from the previously mentioned sensors are always trusted and consistent.
- D4 The user keeps the SmartWatch on his/her wrist during day and night.
- **G2**: The system should allow users to register.

#### Requirements

- [RM<sub>M</sub>]: Users can register, after providing a username, a password and a Fiscal Code/Social Security Number and have connected a compatible Smartwatch
- $[\mathbf{R}\mathbf{14}_C]$ : Can validates information provided by the user during registration

#### Domain assumptions

- D5 The user has a valid Fiscal Code or Social Security Number, and it is unique.
- **G3**: The system should allow companies to register.

#### Requirements

- $[\mathbf{R}\mathbf{1}_W]$ : Companies can register, after providing a username, a password and a payment method
- $[\mathbf{R}\mathbf{14}_C]$ : Can validates information provided by the user during registration

• **G4**: The system should allow registered companies to request data from an anonymized group of individuals, only if individuals in the group are more than 1000.

#### Requirements

- [**R2**<sub>W</sub>]: Companies can log-in
- $[\mathbf{R2}_S]$ : App can send data registered locally to Data4Help Mobile App
- $[\mathbf{R5}_C]$ : Can receive and store health parameters and geographical position of registered users
- $[\mathbf{R7}_C]$ : Can execute queries of companies checking if the searches involve more than 1000 anonimyzed users

#### Domain assumptions

- D1 The Storage System is reliable.
- **G5**: The system should allow registered companies to request data from an individual person, only if individuals accept the request.

#### Requirements

- [**R2**<sub>W</sub>]: Companies can log-in
- [**R6**<sub>C</sub>]: Can execute queries of companies on individuals if the user has accepted the monitoring request from the company
- [R1<sub>C</sub>]: Can send online notifications via SMS to all users
- [**R2**<sub>C</sub>]: Can send online notifications via email to all users
- [**R3**<sub>C</sub>]: Can send online notifications via the Mobile app to its users
- **G6**: The company should be able to pay through the system in order to buy data queries/subscribe to plans.

# Requirements

- [**R2**<sub>W</sub>]: Companies can log-in
- $[\mathbf{R4}_W]$ : Logged-in companies can subscribe to a payment service of Data4Help
- [**R8**<sub>C</sub>]: Can provide a payment method for data requested by companies.
- $[\mathbf{R15}_C]$ : Can charge companies on their payment method respecting Track4Me pricing policy

#### Domain assumptions

- D8 Every company willing to buy or subscribe to data has a credit card.
- **G7**: The system should allow a company to subscribe to new data and receive them as soon as they are produced.

#### Requirements

- [R6bis<sub>W</sub>]: Logged-in companies can subscribe to a query data
- [**R2**<sub>C</sub>]: Can send online notifications via email to all users

#### Domain assumptions

- D1 The Storage System is reliable.
- D2 The SmartWatch on which the Mobile App is installed has an accelerometer, a gyroscope, a GPS antenna, and an heart rate sensor and they are always turned on.
- D3 Data taken from the previously mentioned sensors are always trusted and consistent.
- **G8**: The system should be able to store user's health parameter.

#### Requirements

- [R1<sub>S</sub>]: App can read data from sensor and store it locally.
- $[\mathbf{R2}_S]$ : App can send data registered locally to Data4Help Mobile App
- [R4<sub>C</sub>]: Can save and store permanently user data
- $[\mathbf{R5}_C]$ : Can receive and store health parameters and geographical position of registered users

#### Domain assumptions

- D1 The Storage System is reliable.
- D2 The SmartWatch on which the Mobile App is installed has an accelerometer, a gyroscope, a GPS antenna, and an heart rate sensor and they are always turned on.
- D3 Data taken from the previously mentioned sensors are always trusted and consistent.

- D4 The user keeps the SmartWatch on his/her wrist during day and night.
- D7 The phone on which the app will be installed has an internet access.
- **G9**: The system should be able to react to the lowering of the health parameters below threshold in less than 5 seconds and send the position of the person to the ambulance system.

#### Requirements

- [R1<sub>S</sub>]: App can read data from sensor and store it locally.
- $[\mathbf{R2}_S]$ : App can send data registered locally to Data4Help Mobile App
- $[\mathbf{R5}_C]$ : Can receive and store health parameters and geographical position of registered users
- [**R9**<sub>C</sub>]: Can communicate directly with the nearest hospital API.
- $[\mathbf{R}\mathbf{10}_C]$ : Can provide geographical position and critical health parameters to the emergency employee using the API
- $[\mathbf{R}\mathbf{1}\mathbf{1}_C]$ : Can compute for every AutomatedSOS user which are the threshold value to take care of for each health parameter
- [R16<sub>M</sub>]: Logged-in users can subscribe to AutomatedSOS

#### Domain assumptions

- D2 The SmartWatch on which the Mobile App is installed has an accelerometer, a gyroscope, a GPS antenna, and an heart rate sensor and they are always turned on.
- D3 Data taken from the previously mentioned sensors are always trusted and consistent.
- D4 The user keeps the SmartWatch on his/her wrist during day and night.
- D7 The phone on which the app will be installed has an internet access.
- D9 Users of Automated SOS have a stable internet connection.
- D10 Every Hospital in which the AutomatedSOS service is active has an API to call the ambulances.
- D11 The Hospital API service is active 24/7.
- ullet G10 The system should allow run organizers to register.

#### Requirements

- [R11<sub>M</sub>]: Run organizers can register
- $[\mathbf{R}\mathbf{14}_C]$ : Can validates information provided by the user during registration
- G11 If a run organizer is registered, it can define a run i.e. it can define the path that the participants should follow.

#### Requirements

- [R12<sub>M</sub>]: Run organizers can login
- [R13<sub>M</sub>]: Logged-in run organizers can organize a run
- $[\mathbf{R}\mathbf{14}_{M}]$ : Organizers of a run can define the path and additional information for that run
- $[\mathbf{R15}_M]$ : Organizers of a run can start the run
- G12 A user should be able to enroll to a run

#### Requirements

- [**R1**<sub>M</sub>]: Users can log-in
- $[\mathbf{R8}_M]$ : Logged-in users can register to a run before the start time
- [R9<sub>M</sub>]: Logged-in users can see a run information
- **G13** Spectators of a run should be able to see each participant's position on a map.

#### Requirements

- [**R1**<sub>M</sub>]: Users can log-in
- $[\mathbf{R}\mathbf{1}\mathbf{2}_C]$ : Can compute each athlete's rank in a run and send it to each user device.
- $[\mathbf{R}\mathbf{13}_C]$ : Can send the position and rank of athletes during a run to spectator's devices.
- G14: Individuals should be able to log-in.

### Requirements

- [**R1**<sub>M</sub>]: Users can log-in

### Domain assumptions

- D1 The Storage System is reliable.
- D7 The phone on which the app will be installed has an internet access.
- G15: Companies should be able to log-in.

# Requirements

- [**R2**<sub>W</sub>]: Companies can log-in

# Domain assumptions

- D1 The Storage System is reliable.
- G16: Run organizers should be able to log-in.

# Requirements

- [R12 $_{M}$ ]: Run organizers can login

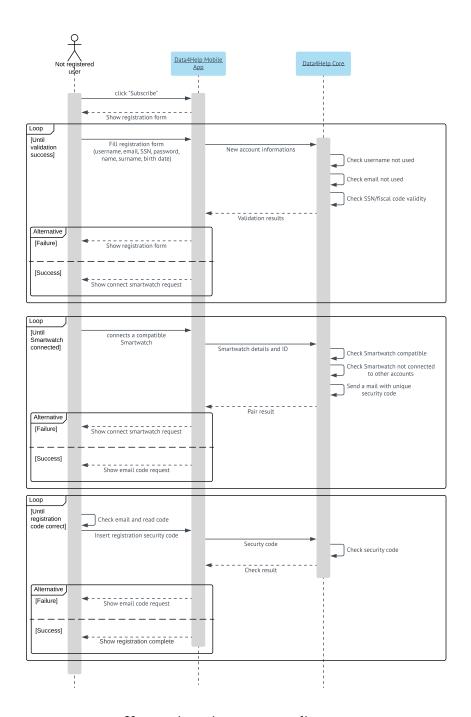
# Domain assumptions

- D1 The Storage System is reliable.

# 3.2.3 Use cases

# User registration

Actors	Not registered user, Mobile app, Data4Help Core
Start conditions	None
Event flow	• not registered user clicks on Subscribe
	• not registered user inserts an username, an email, a Fiscal Code or SSN and a password
	• The system checks if username is not used by any other user
	• The system checks if email is not used by any other user
	$\bullet$ The system checks if Fiscal Code / SSN is valid
	• The mobile app checks if a compatible smart- watch is connected and has the Smartwatch Data4Help app installed
	• The system generates a confirmation mail
	• The user confirms the registration inserting the code received via email
	• The system shows a registration complete screen
Exit condition	User information used for registering are stored in the company database
Exceptions	• The username is used by another user
	• The email is used by another user
	• The Fiscal Code/SSN is not valid
	• Smartwatch is not compatible
	• Smartwatch has not Data4Help app installed
Goals	G2

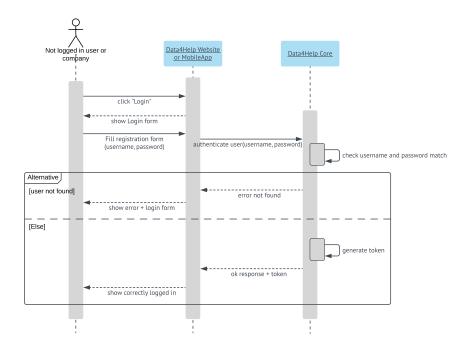


User registration sequence diagram

# User Log-in

Actors	Not logged-in user, Mobile app/Web page, Data4Help Core
Start conditions	None
Event flow	• not logged-in user clicks on Login
	• The system shows a login form
	• not-logged in user fills the form inserting user- name and password and send it
	• The system checks if username and passoword match in the database
	• The system generates a token code and send a successful login message
	• The system shows a login complete screen
Exit condition	User login token code saved in Data4Help core.
Exceptions	• The username and passoword don't exist or don't match in the database
Goals	G14, G15, G16

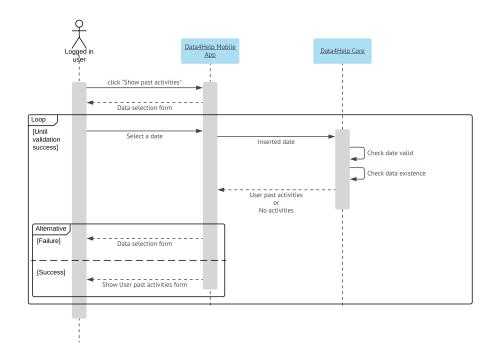
The following sequence is the same for every generic user (one among Individual, Company or Run organizer) wants to login, hence is not provided a single diagram for every user typology.



User login sequence diagram

# Consulting of activity history

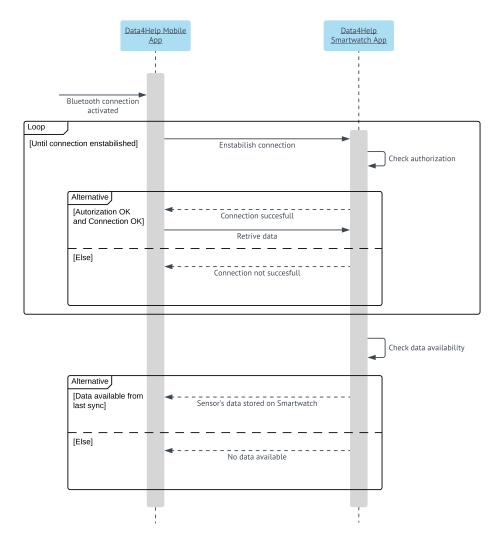
Actors	Registered User
Start conditions	The user is logged in
Event flow	• Registered user clicks on Show past activities on the Mobile phone
	• the app shows a screen for searching data information
	• registered user inserts year, month and the day to search and clicks on the type of data searched
	• the system searches for a correspondence in the company database
	• the system shows a screen showing the required data in a graph
Exit condition	None
Exceptions	• The specified day of the calendar is not valid
	• The specified day of the calendar shows no activities of the user
Goals	G1



Consulting of activity history sequence diagram

 ${\bf Data\ Synchronization\ between\ Smartwatch,\ Smartphone\ and\ Data 4 Help\ core}$ 

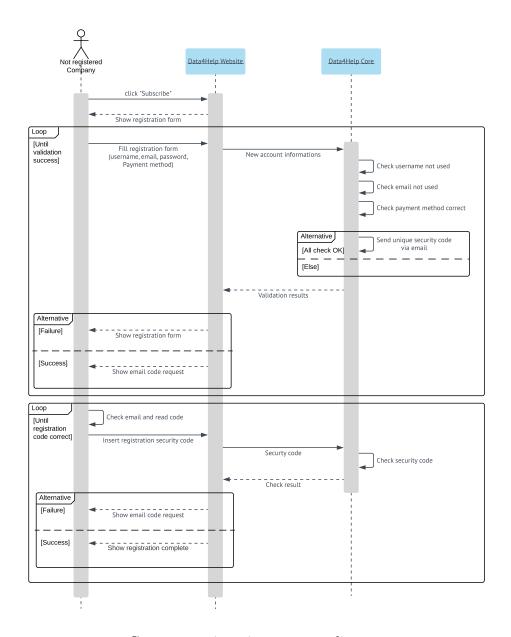
Actors	Mobile app, Smartwatch app, Data4Help core
Start conditions	Bluetooth connection enstablished between smartwatch and smartphone
Event flow	• User turns on Bluetooth of the smartwatch and smartphone
	• The smartphone requests connection to smartwatch
	• Smartwatch confirms connection
	• Smartwatch send data registered in the day
	• Smartphone accept data and store and send to Data4Help core
	• Data4Help core store data received
	• Data4Help core check if the user is in part a company query
	• Data4Help notify company about new data, sending a notification
Exit condition	Data in the user smartphone is synchronized with data of the smartwatch and stored in the Data4Help core
Exceptions	Connection Refused
Goals	G8



Data Synchronization between Smartwatch and Smartphone sequence diagram  $\,$ 

# Company registration

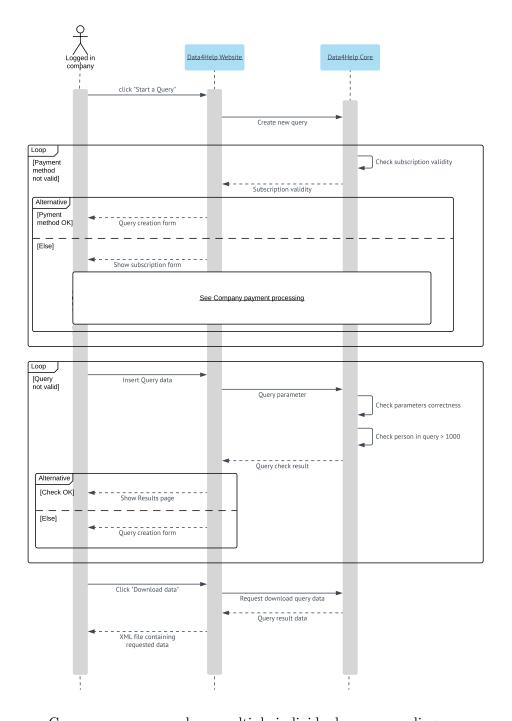
Actors	Not registered company
Start conditions	None
Event flow	• not registered company clicks on Subscribe
	• not registered company inserts a username, an email, a payment method and a password
	• The system checks if email is not used by any other user
	• The system checks if Payment method is valid
	• The system generates a confirmation mail
	• The company inserts the registration code and click on Confirm email
	• The system shows a registration complete screen
Exit condition	Company information used for registering is stored in the company database
Exceptions	• The username is used by another company
	• The email is used by another company
	• The Payment method is not valid
Goals	G3



 ${\bf Company\ registration\ sequence\ diagram}$ 

# Company query search on multiple individuals

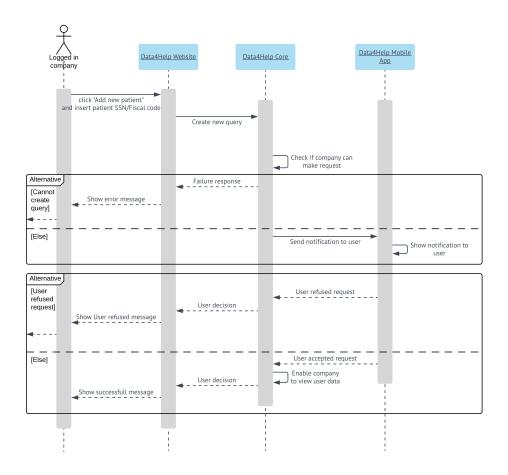
Actors	Company, Website, Data4Help Core
Start conditions	None
Event flow	• Company clicks on Start a query on the website
	• System checks if the company has query left
	• System shows the page on the website
	• Company specifies age of people to search, hours of the day, health parameter filters
	• System validates the request
	• System send the required data formatted on a XML file available on the website
	• Company download the data
Exit condition	Query generated as XML file and stored in the Data4Help database
Exceptions	• No query left for the company type of subscription
	Not valid query
Goals	G4



 $Company\ query\ search\ on\ multiple\ individuals\ sequence\ diagram$ 

# Company request for individual monitoring

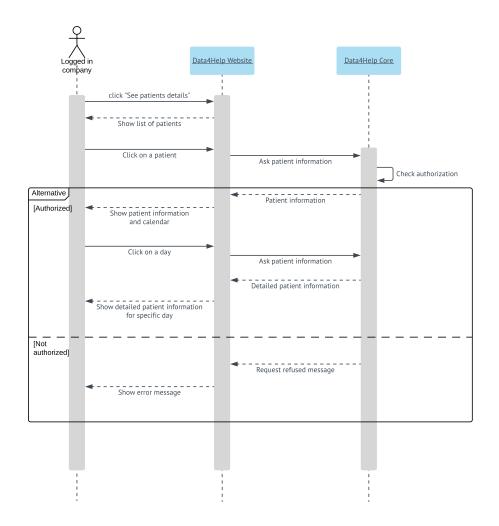
Actors	Company, User, Core component
Start conditions	None
Event flow	• Company clicks on add new patient
	• System checks if the company can add new patients
	• Company insert the username of the patient
	• System checks if username exists in the database
	• System send a monitoring request notification to the user
	• Username clicks on Accept requests through the Mobile app notification or through the email notification
Exit condition	• System adds information of the monitoring company to the user in the database
	• The system update number of patient left to monitor of the company in the database
Exceptions	• No new patients left for the company type of subscription
	• Username not found
	• User refuses the request
Goals	G5



Company request for individual monitoring sequence diagram

# Company consulting of individual data

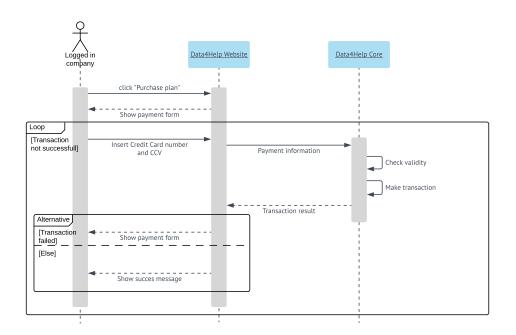
Actors	Company, core component
Start conditions	None
Event flow	• Company clicks on See patients information on the website
	• System shows a page listing all active patients for the company
	• Company clicks on the desired patient name
	• System shows all information of the patient and a menu where to choose a day
	• Company chooses a day of the calendar from the menu
	• System shows the data of the patient on the specified day
Exit condition	None
Exceptions	• No query left for the company type of subscription
	Not valid query
Goals	G5



Company consulting of individual data sequence diagram

### Company payment processing

Actors	Company, Core component
Start conditions	Company purchases a subscription plan
Event flow	• Company insert the number of the credit card and the CVV
	• System verify the card has enough money
	• The system get the money from the credit card
	• The system show a Successful operation
Exit condition	The system stored the information of the subscription of the company in the database
Exceptions	• Not enough money
Goals	• Not valid credit card information G6



Company payment processing sequence diagram

#### Emergency situation and ambulance call

Actors	User, Mobile app, Core component
Start conditions	User health parameter under the threshold value
Event flow	• The app Smartwatch app tells the Mobile app that user parameters are below thresholds.
	• The Mobile app in turn connects to Data4Hep core and tells that the user parameters are below thresholds.
	• System connects hospital API
	• Hospital API answer to the connection
	• System send emergency request to the hospital API sending location of the user and the health parameters under the threshold
	• Hospital API confirms that an ambulance has been sent to the position

Exit condition

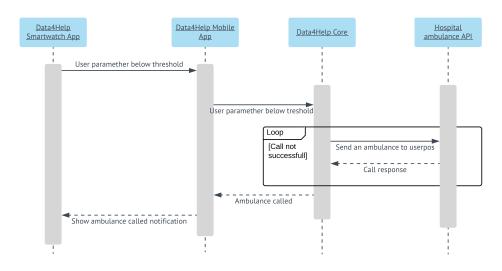
The user is labelled as AMBULANCE SENT

Exceptions

Hospital API refuses the connection

Goals

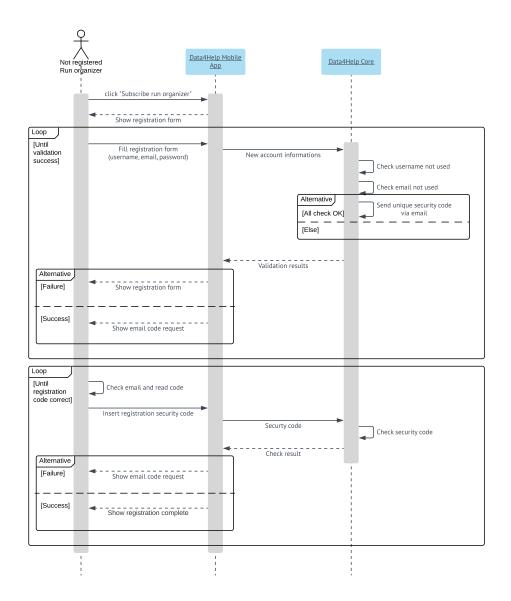
G9



Emergency situation and ambulance call sequence diagram

# ${\bf Run\ organizer\ registration}$

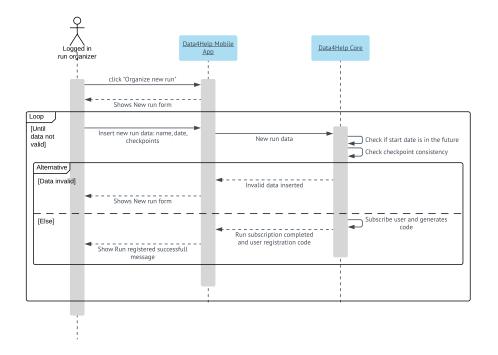
Actors	Not registered run organizer
Start conditions	None
Event flow	• not registered company run organizer clicks on Subscribe
	• not registered run organizer inserts a username, an email and a password
	• The system checks if email is not used by any other user
	• The system generates a confirmation mail with a code
	• The run organizer confirms the registration inserting the code
	• The system shows a registration complete screen
Exit condition	Run organizer information used for registering is stored in the Data4Help database
Exceptions	• Not valid username
	• Not valid email
Goals	G10



Run organizer registration sequence diagram

### Run organizer adds a new race

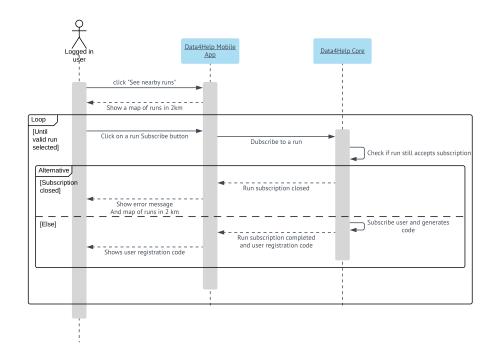
Actors	Run organizer
Start conditions	None
Event flow	• Run organizer clicks on "Organize new run" on the Data4Help Mobile App
	• The system shows a screen with empty spaces about run information
	• Run organizer insert the name of the run, the city where the run will take place, the date and the starting time
	• The system checks if date is correct
	• The system shows a map where user can define the path of the run
	• Run organizer clicks on the path he wants the run to be taken
	• The system calculates the km of the run
	• The system show a "Correctly created run" screen
Exit condition	The system stores the information of the run in the Data4Help database and makes it public to users
Exceptions	• Not valid date
Goals	G11



Run organizer adds a new race sequence diagram

# Runner subscription to a race

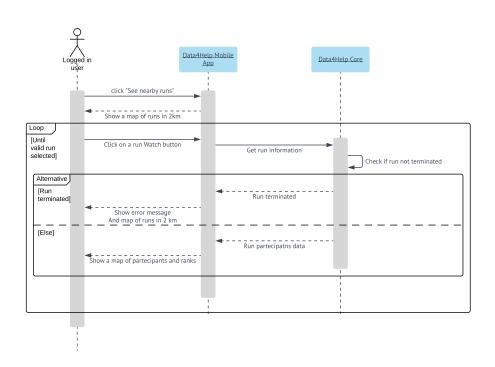
Actors	Run organizer
Start conditions	None
Event flow	• Partecipant clicks on 'See nearby races'
	• System shows a map with the races closer than 2 km from the user
	• Partecipant click on a run and clicks subscribe
	• The system verifies if it's still possible to subscribe
	• The system generates an runner ID number for the user
	• The system send the ID number to the user email
	• The user shows a correct subscription screen- shot on the Mobile app
Goals	G12



Runner subscription to a race sequence diagram

### Spectator or a run requests for runner position

Actors	User
Start conditions	None
Event flow	• User clicks on "See nearby races"
	• System shows the map in radius of 2km from the user current position
	• User clicks on the desired run he wants to see and clicks on see current runner positions
	• The system shows a map with runners geo- graphical position with their relative username and rank
Exit condition	None
Exceptions	• Run has already finished
	• Run hasn't already started
Goals	G13



Spectator or a run requests for runner position sequence diagram

#### 3.3 Performance requirements

Data4Help has a three-tier client to server architecture in order to handle requests from the web services.

The back-end part has to store all data of users, companies and run organizers (credentials, health parameters, subscriptions to a plan, query subscriptions) and let clients to retrieve easily their information.

The system must be able to serve requests of many clients simultaneously and be scalable in order to deal with the increasing number of subscriptions. In particular, it must be able to balance the high number of update events coming from user mobile phones.

#### 3.4 Design constraints

#### 3.4.1 Standard Compliance

- GPS location data is represented with Latitude-Longitude degrees;
- Heart rate is represented as an integral number in bpm measure unit;
- Accelerometer is represented as a float number representing m/s<sup>2</sup>;

#### 3.4.2 Hardware Limitation

The application should be able to run, at least, under the following conditions: **Smartwatch app** 

- 50 MB of space
- 500 MB of RAM

#### Mobile app

- 3G or Wi-Fi connections at 2Mb/s
- 500 MB of space
- 2 GB of RAM

#### Web page

- Internet connection at 2Mb/s
- $\bullet~500~\mathrm{MB}$  of space
- 2 GB of RAM

#### 3.5 Software system attributes

#### 3.5.1 Reliability

The system should be reliable in 99% of the cases. Downtime is prevented since expected and unexpected maintenance proceeding and upgrades do not interfere with the normal activity of the service. High usage of redundancy and process resilience is expected to be used by the components of the system in order to guarantee a low failure rate.

#### 3.5.2 Availability

In order to guarantee high reliability, the system is expected to offer an ideal 24/7 service. A 3-nine availability service is expected (8.76 hours/year downtime)

#### 3.5.3 Security

All lients' requests must be encrypted using a public-private key mechanism. User credentials are stored in DBMS, their password is secured and encrypted by hash functions. Data of user health parameters are stored in DBMS as well. The payment security for the company subscription plan is guaranteed by third-party services.

#### 3.5.4 Maintainability

Maintenance is expected not to interfere with normal use of the applications. In order to guarantee that, all the components of the system are modular, decoupled between each other, and hierarchically organized.

#### 3.5.5 Portability

Mobile application is developed to be used only in smartphones.

Smartwatch app also is developed to be used only in smartwatch and similar wearable devices.

Web services used by companies and running events organizers could be developed as a mobile app in order to increase portability, but it will reduce usability of the software.

# 4 Appendix

}

# 4.1Alloy open util/boolean // Signatures sig CharSet {} sig Position { \_lat: one CharSet, \_long: one CharSet } sig Smartwatch { user: one User, compatible: one Bool } abstract sig Customer { username: lone CharSet, password: lone CharSet, canRegister: one Bool, isRegistered: one Bool } { isRegistered = True => canRegister = True canRegister = False => isRegistered = False (#username = 0 || #password = 0) => isRegistered = False } sig User extends Customer { fiscalCodeOrSSN: lone CharSet, smartwatch: one Smartwatch, notifications: set Notification, acceptsDataRequestFrom: set Company, hasInscriptionCode: lone Bool, } { #fiscalCodeOrSSN = 0 || smartwatch.compatible = False ) <=> (canRegister = False)

```
sig Elderly extends User {
    isInDanger: one Bool,
    inDangerFrom: lone Int
} {
    inDangerFrom >= 0 => isInDanger = True
    #inDangerFrom = 0 => isInDanger = False
}
sig AmbulanceRequest {
    hospital: one Company,
    person: one Elderly,
    timeElapsed: one Int,
    accepted: one Bool
} {
    timeElapsed >= 5 => accepted = True
}
sig RunOrganizer extends User {
    runPath: set Position,
    runOrganized: lone Run
} {
    isRegistered = False => (#runPath = 0 && #runOrganized = 0)
}
sig Company extends Customer {
    paymentMethod: lone CharSet,
    queries: set Query
} {
    #paymentMethod = 0 <=> canRegister = False
    isRegistered = False => #queries = 0
abstract sig Query {
    company: one Company
sig AnonQuery extends Query {
    people: set User,
    isValid: one Bool
} {
    isValid = True <=> #people >= 3
    no p: User | p in people && p.isRegistered = False
sig IndividualQuery extends Query {
```

```
person: one User,
    userAccepts: lone Bool,
}
sig Notification {
    user: one User,
    company: one Company
}
sig Run {
    hasStarted: one Bool,
    participants: set User,
    organizer: one RunOrganizer
}
// Facts: Consistency
fact UsernameConsistency {
    // There are no 2 Customer(s) with the same username
    all disj c, c': Customer | c.username != c'.username
}
fact FiscalCodeOrSSNConsistency {
    // There are no 2 User(s) with the same fiscalCodeOrSSN
    all disj u, u': User | u.fiscalCodeOrSSN != u'.fiscalCodeOrSSN
}
fact SmartWatchConsistency {
    // Let's suppose, wlog, that the cardinality of the relation
    // between smartwatch and user is 1 to 1
    all s: Smartwatch, u: User | s.user = u <=> u.smartwatch = s
}
fact QueryConsistency {
    // If a query has been made by a company
    // it must be in the set of all the queries
    // made by the company
    all q: Query, c: Company | q.company = c <=> q in c.queries
}
fact NotificationConsistency {
    // If a notification has been sent to a user
    // the user must have it in the set of
    // all notifications
```

```
all n: Notification, u: User | n.user = u <=> n in u.notifications
}
fact AmbulanceRequestConsistency {
    all e: Elderly, a: AmbulanceRequest | a.person = e <=> a.hospital in e.acceptsDa
fact RunAndRunOrganizerConsistency {
    all r: Run, ro: RunOrganizer {
        r.organizer = ro <=> ro.runOrganized = r
    }
}
// Assertions
// Goal G2: The system should allow users to register.
assert UserCanRegister {
    all u: User {
        (
            #u.username = 1 &&
            #u.password = 1 &&
            #u.fiscalCodeOrSSN = 1 &&
            u.(smartwatch.compatible) = True
        ) => u.canRegister = True
    }
}
check UserCanRegister for 5
// Goal G3: The system should allow companies to register
assert CompaniesCanRegister {
    all c: Company {
            #c.username = 1 &&
            #c.password = 1 &&
            #c.paymentMethod = 1
        ) => c.canRegister = True
    }
check CompaniesCanRegister for 5
// Goal G4: The system should allow registered companies to request data
```

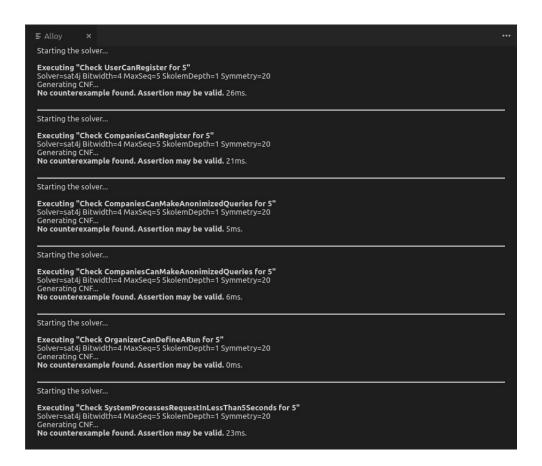
```
// group are more than 1000.
assert CompaniesCanMakeAnonimizedQueries {
    all c: Company, q: AnonQuery{
            c.isRegistered = True &&
            #queries > 0 &&
            \#q.people >= 5
        ) => q.isValid = True && q in c.queries
   }
}
check CompaniesCanMakeAnonimizedQueries for 5
// Goal G5: The system should allow registered companies to request data
// from an individual person, only if individuals accept the request.
assert CompaniesCanMakeIndividualQueries {
    // If a company requests data from a single person
    // either
    // the person accepts <=> company is in the person acceptance list
    // the person still hasn't accepted => there's a notification
    // concerning the company and the user in the person notification list
    all q: IndividualQuery, c: Company, n: Notification {
        (q.company = c) \&\&
            (q.userAccepts = True <=> c in q.(person.acceptsDataRequestFrom)) ||
            (#q.userAccepts = 0 => (
                n.user = q.person &&
                n.company = c &&
                n in q.(person.notifications)
            ))
        )
    }
}
check CompaniesCanMakeAnonimizedQueries for 5
// Goal G11: If a run organizer is registered, it can define a run. For instance, i
```

// from an anonymized group of individuals, only if individuals in the

```
// define the path that the participants should follow.
assert OrganizerCanDefineARun {
    all ro: RunOrganizer {
        ro.isRegistered = True => (#ro.runOrganized >= 0 && #ro.runPath >= 0)
    }
}
check OrganizerCanDefineARun for 5
// Goal G9: The system should be able to react to the lowering of the health
// parameters below threshold in less than 5 seconds
// and send the position of the person to the ambulance system
assert SystemProcessesRequestInLessThan5Seconds {
    no ar: AmbulanceRequest {
        ar.timeElapsed > 5 && ar.accepted = False
    }
}
check SystemProcessesRequestInLessThan5Seconds for 5
pred showWithAnonQueryAllowed{
    #User > 6
    some u: User {
        u.isRegistered = True
        #u.acceptsDataRequestFrom > 2
    some aq: AnonQuery {
        #aq.people > 3
    #Company > 2
    #AnonQuery > 1
    #IndividualQuery > 1
    #Notification > 3
}
pred showWithAnonQueryNotAllowed {
    #User > 3
    some u: User {
        u.isRegistered = True
        #u.acceptsDataRequestFrom > 2
    }
    some aq: AnonQuery {
```

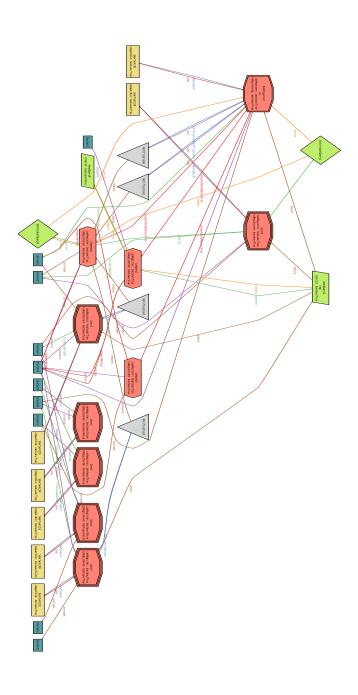
```
#aq.people < 3
}
#Company > 2
#AnonQuery > 1
#IndividualQuery > 1
#Notification > 3
}
run showWithAnonQueryAllowed for 10
run showWithAnonQueryNotAllowed for 10
```

#### 4.1.1 Assertions results

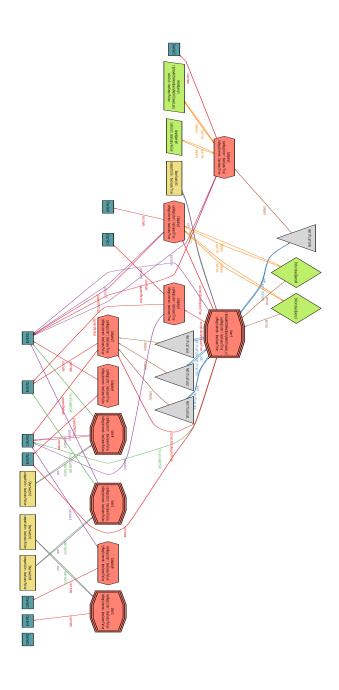


# 4.2 Worlds generated

# 4.2.1 With Anonymous queries allowed



# 4.2.2 With Anonymous queries not allowed



# 5 Hours tracking

Date	Nicola Fossati	Daniele Montesi	Francesco Sgherzi
15/10/2018	$2,\!5$	2,5	2,5
20/10/2018	0	4,0	4,0
21/10/2018	1,5	1,5	2,5
24/10/2018	0	2,5	0
27/10/2018	3	2	0
29/10/2018	5,5	5,5	5
31/10/2018	0	4,5	0
05/11/2018	4	0	4
06/11/2018	5	1	6
07/11/2018	10	2	9
08/11/2018	4	0	2
09/11/2018	3	0	4
10/11/2018	4	3	2
11/11/2018	3	5	2
1/12/2018 - revision	0	7	0
Total	45,5	40,5	43