

# Lista 3

técnica de perturbação.

$$h = \lfloor \log_2 n \rfloor$$

$$\begin{matrix} (h-0) \cdot 2^0 \\ (h-1) \cdot 2^1 \\ (h-2) \cdot 2^2 \\ (h-3) \cdot 2^3 \end{matrix}$$

$$\sum_{i=0}^h (h-i) 2^i$$

$$T(n) = \sum_{i=0}^{h=\log_2 n} (h-i) \cdot 2^i = \sum_{i=0}^{h=\log_2 n} (2^i \cdot h - 2^i \cdot i) = \boxed{\sum_{i=0}^{h=\log_2 n} 2^i \cdot h} - \sum_{i=0}^{h=\log_2 n} 2^i \cdot i =$$

$$T(n) = h \cdot \sum_{i=0}^{h=\log_2 n} 2^i - \sum_{i=0}^{h=\log_2 n} 2^i \cdot i = \underbrace{h \cdot (2^{h+1} - 1)}_{(*)} - \sum_{i=0}^{h=\log_2 n} 2^i \cdot i =$$

$$\sum_{i=0}^h 2^i \cdot i + (h+1) \cdot 2^{h+1} = \cancel{0 \cdot 2^0} + \sum_{i=0}^h (i+1) \cdot 2^{i+1} =$$

$$\sum_{i=0}^h (i+1) \cdot 2^i \cdot 2 = \sum_{i=0}^h 2i + 2 + 2^i \cdot i + 2^i =$$

$$\sum_{i=0}^h 2i \cdot 2^i + \sum_{i=0}^h 2^i$$

$$\sum_{i=0}^h 2^i \cdot i + (h+1) \cdot 2^{h+1} = \sum_{i=0}^h 2i \cdot 2^i + \sum_{i=0}^h 2^i$$

$$(h+1) \cdot 2^{h+1} - (2^{h+1} - 1) = \sum_{i=0}^h i \cdot 2^i$$

$$h \cdot 2^{h+1} + 2^{h+1} - 2^{h+1} - 1 = \sum_{i=0}^h i \cdot 2^i$$

$$h \cdot 2^{h+1} - 1 = \sum_{i=0}^h i \cdot 2^i //$$

⇓

$$T(n) = h \cdot (2^{h+1} - 1) - \sum_{i=0}^h i \cdot 2^i = h \cdot 2^{h+1} - h - h \cdot 2^{h+1} + 1$$

$$\boxed{T(n) = -h + 1}$$