```
In [1]:
         #Daniel W. Anner
         #DSSA 5104 - Deep Leraning
         #Project 2 Voting Records
In [2]:
         #import libraries
         from keras.models import Sequential
         from keras.layers import Dense
         from keras import optimizers
         import numpy as np
         import pandas as pd
         from sklearn.preprocessing import LabelEncoder
         from sklearn.metrics import classification report, confusion matrix
         import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
In [3]:
         #Load data
         dataset = pd.read_csv("votingrecords.csv", header = None)
         #set random seed for reproducibility
         np.random.seed(7)
         #head the data
         dataset.head()
Out[3]:
                    1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16
            democrat n y y n y y n n
                                             n
                                                                   У
          republican n y n y y n
        2
           democrat y y y n n n y
           democrat y y y n n n y
           democrat y n y n n n y y y
                                             У
In [4]:
         #data is y's and n's. NN needs 1's and 0's. We can use LabelEncoder()
         data = dataset.apply(LabelEncoder().fit transform)
         #convert dataframe to numpy array
         df = data.values
         print(df)
         #show num of obs and vars
         print(df.shape)
        [[0 0 1 ... 1 1 1]
         [1 0 1 ... 1 0 1]
         [0 1 1 ... 0 1 1]
         [100...101]
         [1 0 0 ... 1 0 1]
         [0 0 0 ... 0 0 1]]
        (232, 17)
In [5]:
         #can split into our X and Y Variables
```

```
#X is our input
#Y is our output
X = df[:,1:17]
Y = df[:,0]
```

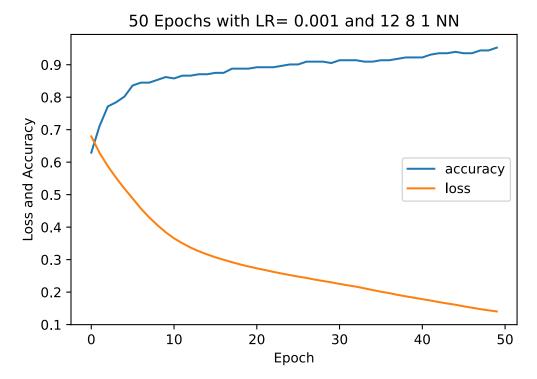
```
In [6]:
         #we want to look into how NN can be changed, so we are going to cap our epochs at 50 for
         #testing with something higher than 150 gives 100% accuracy or very close so we need a lo
         #3 Layers Relu Relu Sigmoid 12 8 1 NN
         #reset vars
         model = None
         history = None
         y predict = None
         adam = None
         #set epochs
         epochs = 50
         #create NN model
         model = Sequential()
         model.add(Dense(12, input_dim = 16, activation='relu'))
         model.add(Dense(8, activation='relu'))
         model.add(Dense(1, activation='sigmoid'))
         adam = optimizers.Adam(lr=0.001, beta 1=0.9, beta 2=0.999, epsilon=None, decay=0.0, amsgr
         #compile NN
         model.compile(loss='binary crossentropy', optimizer='adam', metrics=['accuracy'])
         #fit NN 50 with epochs
         history = model.fit(X,Y,epochs=epochs, verbose=0)
         #evaluate NN
         scores = model.evaluate(X, Y)
         #predict NN
         y_predict = model.predict(X)
         #print accuracy and loss
         accuracy = (model.metrics names[1], scores[1]*100)[1]
         loss = (model.metrics_names[0], scores[0]*100)[1]
         print("\nAccuracy: %s" % accuracy)
         print("\nLoss: %s" % loss)
        8/8 [============= ] - 1s 3ms/step - loss: 0.1376 - accuracy: 0.9526
        Accuracy: 95.25862336158752
        Loss: 13.761183619499207
In [7]:
         #confusion matrix details
         rounded = [round(i[0]) for i in y predict]
         y_pred = np.array(rounded,dtype='int64')
         print('----')
         print('Confusion Matrix')
         print('----')
         CM = confusion_matrix(Y, y_pred)
         print('True negatives: ', CM[0,0])
         print('False negatives: ', CM[1,0])
         print('False positives: ', CM[0,1])
print('True positives: ', CM[1,1])
```

file:///E:/\_Source/Stockton-DSSA/DSSA-5104\_Deep\_Learning/Project2/Congressional\_voting/congressional\_voting.html

```
True negatives: 116
False negatives: 3
False positives: 8
True positives: 105
```

Confusion Matrix

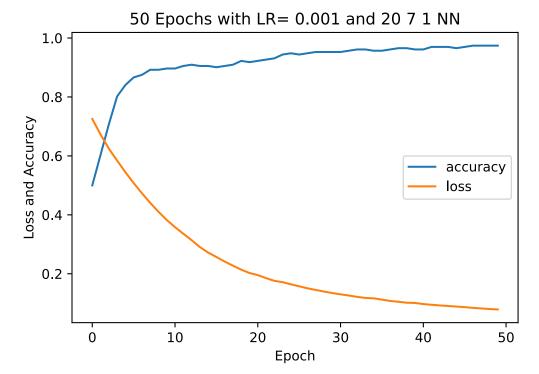
```
In [8]: #plot loss and accuracy by epoch
   plt.plot(history.history['accuracy'])
   plt.plot(history.history['loss'])
   plt.title('50 Epochs with LR= 0.001 and 12 8 1 NN')
   plt.ylabel('Loss and Accuracy')
   plt.xlabel('Epoch\n\nResults in %s%% Accuracy and %s%% Loss' % (round(accuracy, 2), round   plt.legend(['accuracy', 'loss'], loc='center right')
   plt.show()
```



Results in 95.26% Accuracy and 13.76% Loss

```
In [9]:
         #3 Layers RRS 20 7 1 NN
         #reset vars
         model = None
         history = None
         y predict = None
         adam = None
         #Create NN model
         model = Sequential()
         model.add(Dense(20, input_dim = 16, activation='relu'))
         model.add(Dense(7, activation='relu'))
         model.add(Dense(1, activation='sigmoid'))
         adam = optimizers.Adam(lr=0.001, beta 1=0.9, beta 2=0.999, epsilon=None, decay=0.0, amsgr
         #compile NN
         model.compile(loss='binary_crossentropy', optimizer='adam', metrics=['accuracy'])
         #fit NN 50 with epochs
         history = model.fit(X,Y,epochs=epochs,verbose=0)
```

```
#evaluate NN
          scores = model.evaluate(X, Y)
          #predict NN
          y_predict = model.predict(X)
          #print accuracy and loss
          accuracy = (model.metrics names[1], scores[1]*100)[1]
          loss = (model.metrics_names[0], scores[0]*100)[1]
          print("\nAccuracy: %s" % accuracy)
          print("\nLoss: %s" % loss)
         8/8 [========= ] - 0s 4ms/step - loss: 0.0777 - accuracy: 0.9784
         Accuracy: 97.84482717514038
         Loss: 7.769554108381271
In [10]:
          #confusion matrix details
          rounded = [round(i[0]) for i in y predict]
          y pred = np.array(rounded,dtype='int64')
          print('----')
          print('Confusion Matrix')
          print('----')
          CM = confusion_matrix(Y, y_pred)
          print('True negatives: ', CM[0,0])
          print('False negatives: ', CM[1,0])
          print('False positives: ', CM[0,1])
          print('True positives: ', CM[1,1])
         Confusion Matrix
         True negatives: 121
         False negatives: 2
         False positives: 3
         True positives: 106
In [11]:
          #plot loss and accuracy by epoch
          plt.plot(history.history['accuracy'])
          plt.plot(history.history['loss'])
          plt.title('50 Epochs with LR= 0.001 and 20 7 1 NN')
          plt.vlabel('Loss and Accuracy')
          plt.xlabel('Epoch\n\nResults in %s%% Accuracy and %s%% Loss' % (round(accuracy, 2), round
          plt.legend(['accuracy', 'loss'], loc='center right')
          plt.show()
```



Results in 97.84% Accuracy and 7.77% Loss

```
In [12]:
          #4 Layers RRRS 5 20 10 1 NN
          #reset vars
          model = None
          history = None
          y predict = None
          adam = None
          #create NN model
          model = Sequential()
          model.add(Dense(5, input_dim = 16, activation='relu'))
          model.add(Dense(20, activation='relu'))
          model.add(Dense(10, activation='relu'))
          model.add(Dense(1, activation='sigmoid'))
          adam = optimizers.Adam(lr=0.001, beta_1=0.9, beta_2=0.999, epsilon=None, decay=0.0, amsgr
          #compile NN
          model.compile(loss='binary_crossentropy', optimizer='adam', metrics=['accuracy'])
          #fit NN 50 with epochs
          history = model.fit(X,Y,epochs=epochs, verbose=0)
          #evaluate NN
          scores = model.evaluate(X, Y)
          #predict NN
          y_predict = model.predict(X)
          #print accuracy and loss
          print(epochs)
          accuracy = (model.metrics_names[1], scores[1]*100)[1]
          loss = (model.metrics_names[0], scores[0]*100)[1]
          print("\nAccuracy: %s" % accuracy)
          print("\nLoss: %s" % loss)
```

Accuracy: 97.41379022598267

```
Loss: 9.330306947231293
```

```
In [13]: #confusion matrix details
    rounded = [round(i[0]) for i in y_predict]
    y_pred = np.array(rounded,dtype='int64')
    print('-----')
    print('Confusion Matrix')
    print('-----')
    CM = confusion_matrix(Y, y_pred)
    print('True negatives: ', CM[0,0])
    print('False negatives: ', CM[1,0])
    print('False positives: ', CM[0,1])
    print('True positives: ', CM[1,1])
```

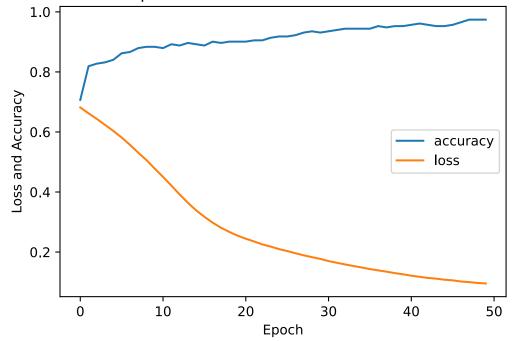
Confusion Matrix

True negatives: 120
False negatives: 2
False positives: 4
True positives: 106

```
In [14]:
```

```
#plot loss and accuracy by epoch
plt.plot(history.history['accuracy'])
plt.plot(history.history['loss'])
plt.title('50 Epochs with LR= 0.001 and 5 20 10 1 NN')
plt.ylabel('Loss and Accuracy')
plt.xlabel('Epoch\n\nResults in %s%% Accuracy and %s%% Loss' % (round(accuracy, 2), round
plt.legend(['accuracy', 'loss'], loc='center right')
plt.show()
```

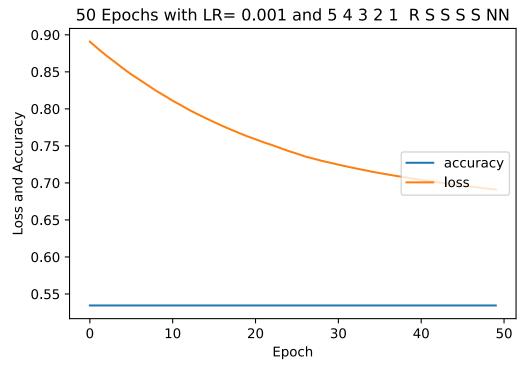




Results in 97.41% Accuracy and 9.33% Loss

```
#5 Layers RSSS 5 4 3 2 1 NN
In [15]:
          #reset vars
          model = None
          history = None
          y_predict = None
          adam = None
          #create NN Model
          model = Sequential()
          model.add(Dense(5, input_dim = 16, activation='relu'))
          model.add(Dense(4, activation='sigmoid'))
          model.add(Dense(3, activation='sigmoid'))
          model.add(Dense(2, activation='sigmoid'))
          model.add(Dense(1, activation='sigmoid'))
          adam = optimizers.Adam(lr=0.001, beta 1=0.9, beta 2=0.999, epsilon=None, decay=0.0, amsgr
          #compile NN
          model.compile(loss='binary crossentropy', optimizer='adam', metrics=['accuracy'])
          #fit NN 50 with epochs
          history = model.fit(X,Y,epochs=epochs, verbose=0)
          #evaluate NN
          scores = model.evaluate(X, Y)
          #predict NN
          y_predict = model.predict(X)
          #print accuracy and loss
          print(epochs)
          accuracy = (model.metrics names[1], scores[1]*100)[1]
          loss = (model.metrics names[0], scores[0]*100)[1]
          print("\nAccuracy: %s" % accuracy)
          print("\nLoss: %s" % loss)
         8/8 [============= ] - 1s 5ms/step - loss: 0.6904 - accuracy: 0.5345
         50
         Accuracy: 53.448277711868286
         Loss: 69.03713345527649
In [16]:
          #confusion matrix details
          rounded = [round(i[0]) for i in y predict]
          v pred = np.array(rounded,dtype='int64')
          print('----')
          print('Confusion Matrix')
          print('----')
          CM = confusion_matrix(Y, y_pred)
          print('True negatives: ', CM[0,0])
          print('False negatives: ', CM[1,0])
          print('False positives: ', CM[0,1])
          print('True positives: ', CM[1,1])
         Confusion Matrix
         ______
         True negatives: 124
         False negatives: 108
         False positives: 0
         True positives: 0
In [17]:
          #plot loss and accuracy by epoch
```

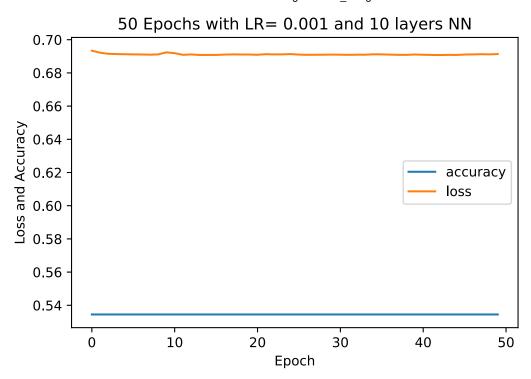
```
plt.plot(history.history['accuracy'])
plt.plot(history.history['loss'])
plt.title('50 Epochs with LR= 0.001 and 5 4 3 2 1 R S S S S NN')
plt.ylabel('Loss and Accuracy')
plt.xlabel('Epoch\n\nResults in %s%% Accuracy and %s%% Loss' % (round(accuracy, 2), round
plt.legend(['accuracy', 'loss'], loc='center right')
plt.show()
```



Results in 53.45% Accuracy and 69.04% Loss

```
In [18]:
          #10 Lavers
          #reset vars
          model = None
          history = None
          y_predict = None
          adam = None
          #create NN Model
          model = Sequential()
          model.add(Dense(8, input_dim = 16, activation='relu'))
          model.add(Dense(7, activation='sigmoid'))
          model.add(Dense(10, activation='relu'))
          model.add(Dense(9, activation='sigmoid'))
          model.add(Dense(4, activation='relu'))
          model.add(Dense(8, activation='sigmoid'))
          model.add(Dense(12, activation='relu'))
          model.add(Dense(9, activation='sigmoid'))
          model.add(Dense(10, activation='relu'))
          model.add(Dense(1, activation='sigmoid'))
          adam = optimizers.Adam(lr=0.001, beta 1=0.9, beta 2=0.999, epsilon=None, decay=0.0, amsgr
          #compile NN
          model.compile(loss='binary crossentropy', optimizer='adam', metrics=['accuracy'])
          #fit NN 50 with epochs
          history = model.fit(X,Y,epochs=epochs, verbose=0)
          #evaluate NN
```

```
scores = model.evaluate(X, Y)
          #predict NN
          y predict = model.predict(X)
          #print accuracy and loss
          print(epochs)
          accuracy = (model.metrics names[1], scores[1]*100)[1]
          loss = (model.metrics_names[0], scores[0]*100)[1]
          print("\nAccuracy: %s" % accuracy)
          print("\nLoss: %s" % loss)
         8/8 [============== ] - 1s 5ms/step - loss: 0.6912 - accuracy: 0.5345
         50
         Accuracy: 53.448277711868286
         Loss: 69.12264227867126
In [19]:
          #confusion matrix details
          rounded = [round(i[0]) for i in y_predict]
          y_pred = np.array(rounded,dtype='int64')
          print('----')
          print('Confusion Matrix')
          print('----')
          CM = confusion_matrix(Y, y_pred)
          print('True negatives: ', CM[0,0])
          print('False negatives: ', CM[1,0])
          print('False positives: ', CM[0,1])
          print('True positives: ', CM[1,1])
         Confusion Matrix
         True negatives: 124
         False negatives: 108
         False positives: 0
         True positives: 0
In [20]:
          #plot loss and accuracy by epoch
          plt.plot(history.history['accuracy'])
          plt.plot(history.history['loss'])
          plt.title('50 Epochs with LR= 0.001 and 10 layers NN')
          plt.ylabel('Loss and Accuracy')
          plt.xlabel('Epoch\n\nResults in %s%% Accuracy and %s%% Loss' % (round(accuracy, 2), round
          plt.legend(['accuracy', 'loss'], loc='center right')
          plt.show()
```



Results in 53.45% Accuracy and 69.12% Loss