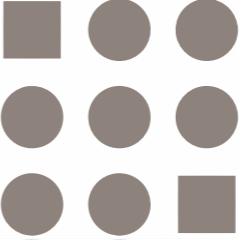


CS 171 

Visualization

Johanna Beyer
jbeyer@seas.harvard.edu

cs171.org

Outline

- Who?
- How?
- What?
- Why?

Outline

- Who?
- How?
- What?
- Why?

Johanna Beyer

Lecturer, Research Associate

PhD in Computer Science at the Vienna University of Technology, Austria

Visual Computing Group, PI: Hanspeter Pfister



Visual Computing Group



Group Leader:

Professor Hanspeter Pfister

Our Research:

Information Visualization, Volume Visualization, Visual Analytics,
Augmented Reality, Computer Graphics, Vision, Segmentation &
Machine Learning



Visual Computing Group

Professor Hanspeter Pfister



News Projects Publications Presentations People Code and Data Classes

Visual Computing

Our research in visual computing lies at the intersection of visualization, computer graphics, and computer vision. It spans a wide range of topics, including bio-medical visualization, image and video analysis, 3D fabrication, and data science.



Our Research

Our goal is to combine interactive computer systems with the perceptual and cognitive power of human observers to solve practical problems in science and engineering. We are providing visual analysis tools and methods to help scientists and researchers better process and understand large, multi-dimensional data sets in various domains such as neuroscience, genomics, systems biology, astronomy, and medicine. And we are developing data-driven approaches for the acquisition, modeling, visualization, and fabrication of complex objects.

Recent Publications

J. Pan, D. Sun, M. - H. Yang, and H. Pfister, "[Blind Image Deblurring Using Dark Channel Prior](#)," in *IEEE Conference on Computer Vision and Pattern Recognition (CVPR)*, June 2016, 2016. [Abstract](#)

M. Piovarčí, et al., "[An Interaction-Aware, Perceptual Model For Non-Linear Elastic Objects](#)," *ACM Transactions on Graphics 35(4) (Proc. SIGGRAPH 2016, Anaheim, California, USA)*. 2016. [Abstract](#)

 W. G. Roncal, et al., "[VESICLE](#):

Latest News

[Harvard Gazette \\$28M challenge to figure out why brains are so good at learning](#)

[Wired: This Animal-Shaped Glockenspiel Is Really a Rad Experiment](#)

[Exhibition at ISCP in New York](#)

[Painting by the Numbers: Data Visualization](#)

[New Tool Makes Cancer Analysis More Accessible](#)

[Pattern Recognition New visualization software uncovers cancer subtypes](#)

vcg.seas.harvard.edu

CS171 Staff

Ronell Sicat (Head TF) - Postdoctoral Fellow, Visual Computing Group

Michael Behrisch - Postdoctoral Fellow, Visual Computing Group

Zona Kostic - Postdoctoral Researcher, Web-based Visualization

Fritz Lekschas - PhD Student, Visual Computing Group

Charlene Hwang - College Student

Alain Ibrahim - Web Developer

Alexandra Abrahams - College Student

Katherine Harrison - College Student

Javier Cuan Martinez - College Student

About You

CS

171



Outline

- Who?
- How?
- What?
- Why?

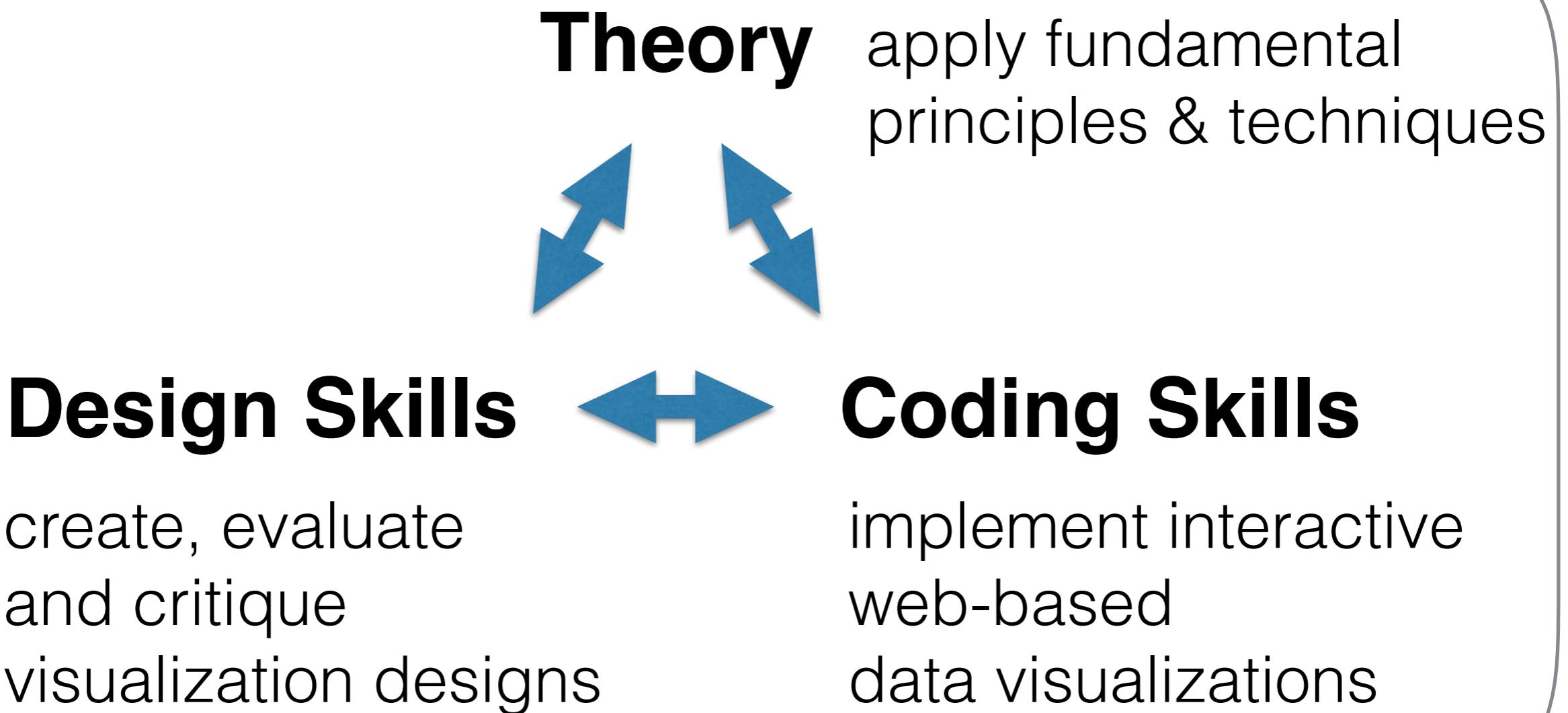
Course Structure

CS

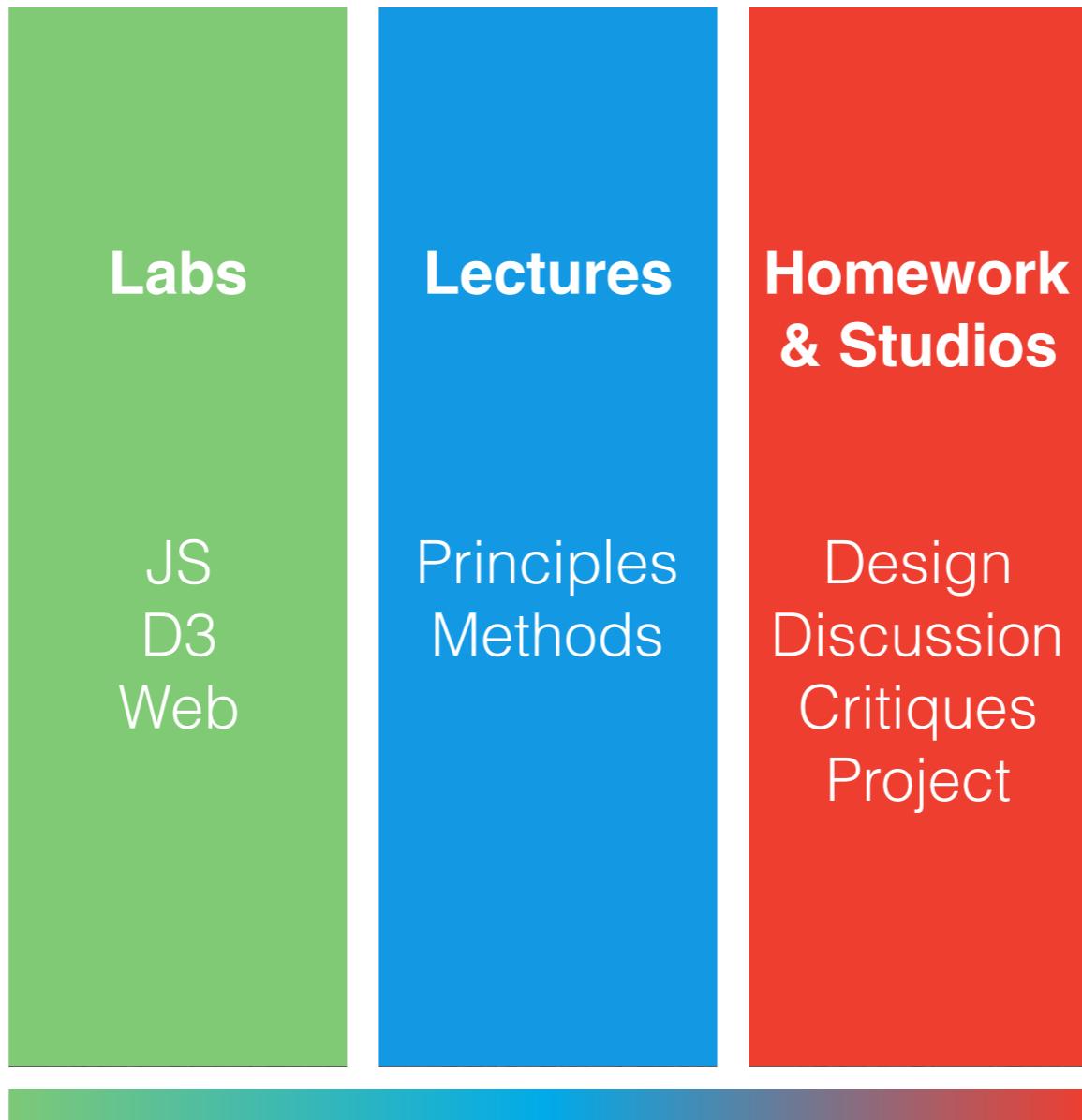
171



CS 171 Goals



Develop a substantial visualization project!

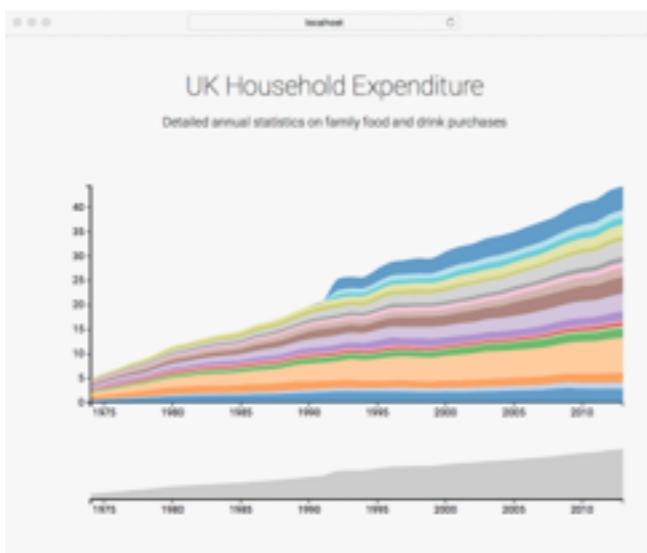
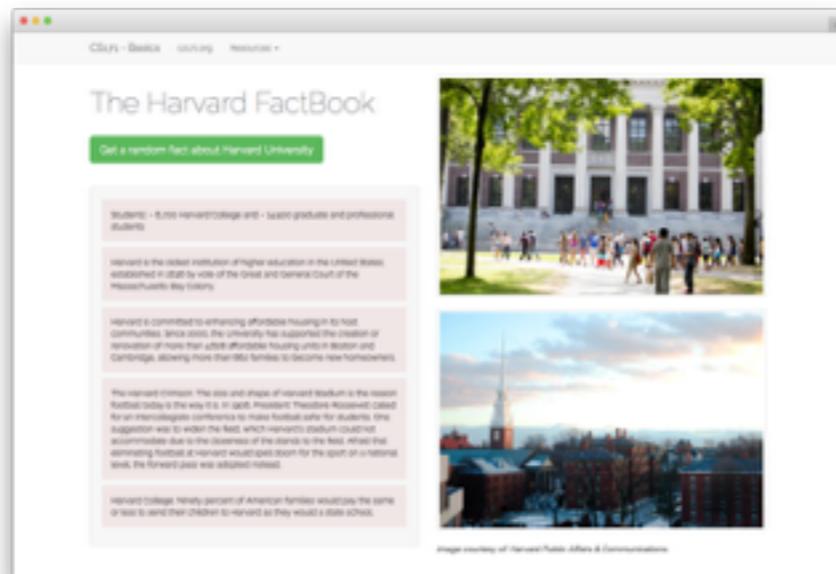


Final Project

Labs

JS
D3
Web

Tue,
2:30-4:00

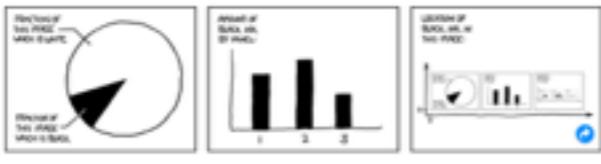
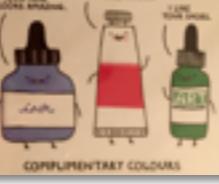


Lectures

Principles
Methods

Thur,
2:30-4:00



<p>CS 171</p> <p>Design Principles</p> <p>Hanspeter Pfister pfister@seas.harvard.edu</p> 	<p>CS 171</p> <p>Perception</p> <p>Hanspeter Pfister (pfister@g.harvard.edu)</p> 	<p>CS 171</p> <p>Cognition</p> <p>Hendrik Strobelt</p> 
<p>CS 171</p> <p>Interaction for Visualization</p> <p>Hanspeter Pfister</p> 	<p>CS 171</p> <p>Visualization Process</p> <p>Hendrik Strobelt</p> 	<p>Team Work</p>  <p>CS 171</p>
<p>CS 171</p> <p>Vis Exploration</p> <p>Hendrik Strobelt / Hanspeter Pfister</p> 	<p>CS 171</p> <p>Evaluation & Innovation</p> <p>Hanspeter Pfister / Hendrik Strobelt</p> 	

Homework & Studios

Design
Discussion
Critiques
Project

Studios Mandatory

Homework
Due Mo



The collage includes:

- A purple flower icon.
- A yellow flower icon.
- A sketch of a zigzag pattern.
- A flowchart diagram showing a process from 'Start At: Susceptible' through 'INFECTED' and 'REMOVED' states to 'CURED'.
- A detailed diagram of the malaria life cycle: Egg → sporozoite → Gamete → Zygote → sporozoite.
- A text box defining Malaria as a life-threatening disease caused by parasites transmitted to people through the bite of infected female mosquitoes.
- A note that people infected with malaria often experience fever, chills and the like disease at first.
- A note that young children, pregnant women and low-income families from endemic low areas are particularly vulnerable to the disease when they become infected.
- A note that left untreated, the disease can lead to severe complications and, in some cases, death.
- A section on Transmission: "We know it's carried by the species of mosquito belonging to the genus Plasmodium, transmitted via the bite of female mosquitoes of the genus Anopheles. There are two main ways by which they are spread."
- A bar chart titled "Gov. Funding Trend" showing government funding trends from 2000 to 2010. The Y-axis ranges from 0 to 100. The X-axis shows years from 2000 to 2010. The chart is divided into four segments: Global Fund, United Nations, US Congress, and Other Sources.
- A section titled "GOVERNMENT FUNDING" with a sub-section "Foreign aid represents less than 1% of the U.S. Federal budget, but it makes a huge difference. By bridging the current funding gap and helping countries deliver life-saving tools, we can keep the drive toward zero malaria deaths going."

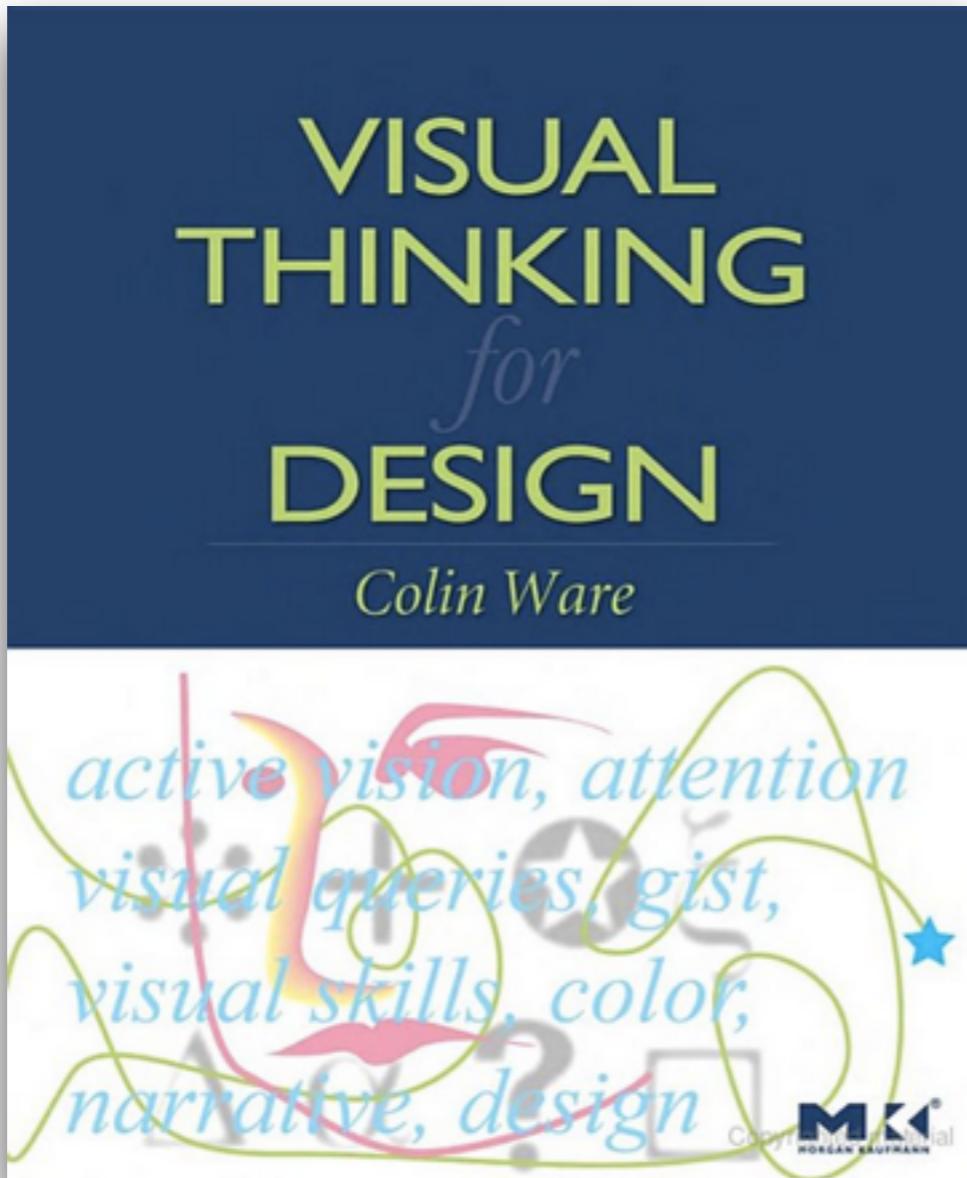
Design

Coding

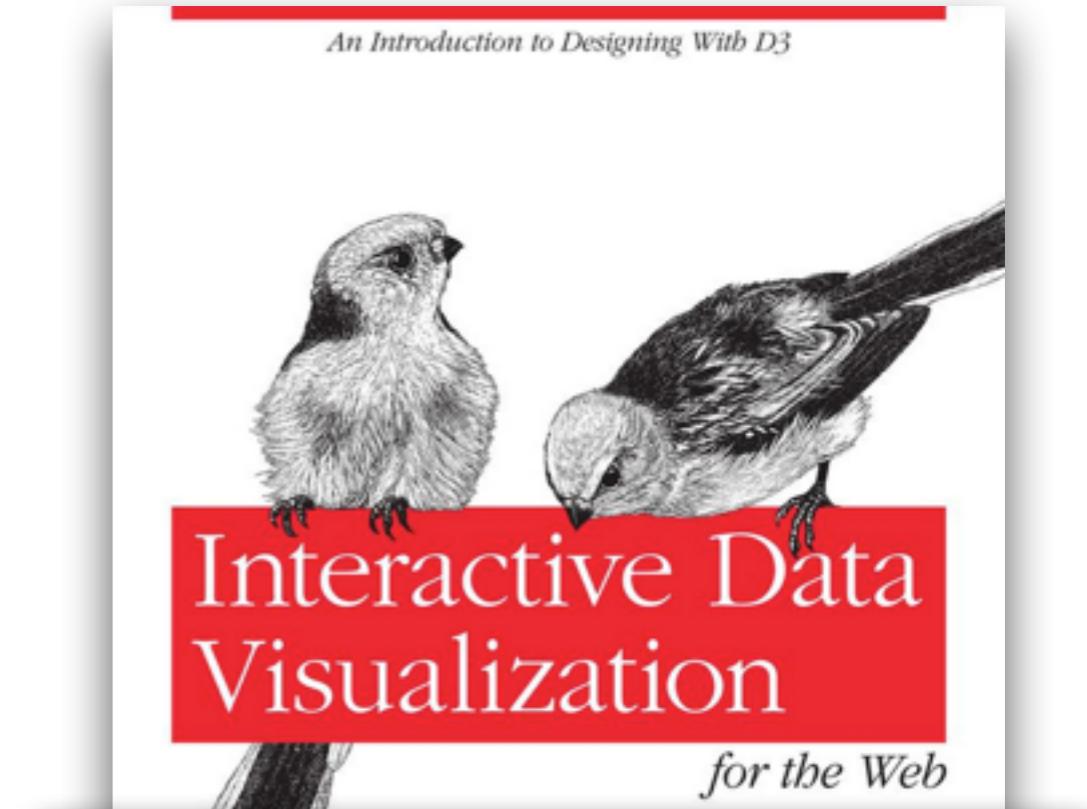
```
    name += DateUtils.format("MM", date);
    if (settings[0].compareTo("d") != 0) {
        name += "-";
        if (name.compareTo("") != 0) {
            name += "-";
        }
    }
    else if (name.compareTo("") == 0) {
        name += "comSysNu";
    }
}
```

Readings & Quizzes

Complete the assigned readings before class
Short online quizzes, due prior to each class



Design



2nd Edition!

O'REILLY®

Scott Murray

Coding

What about exams and grading ???



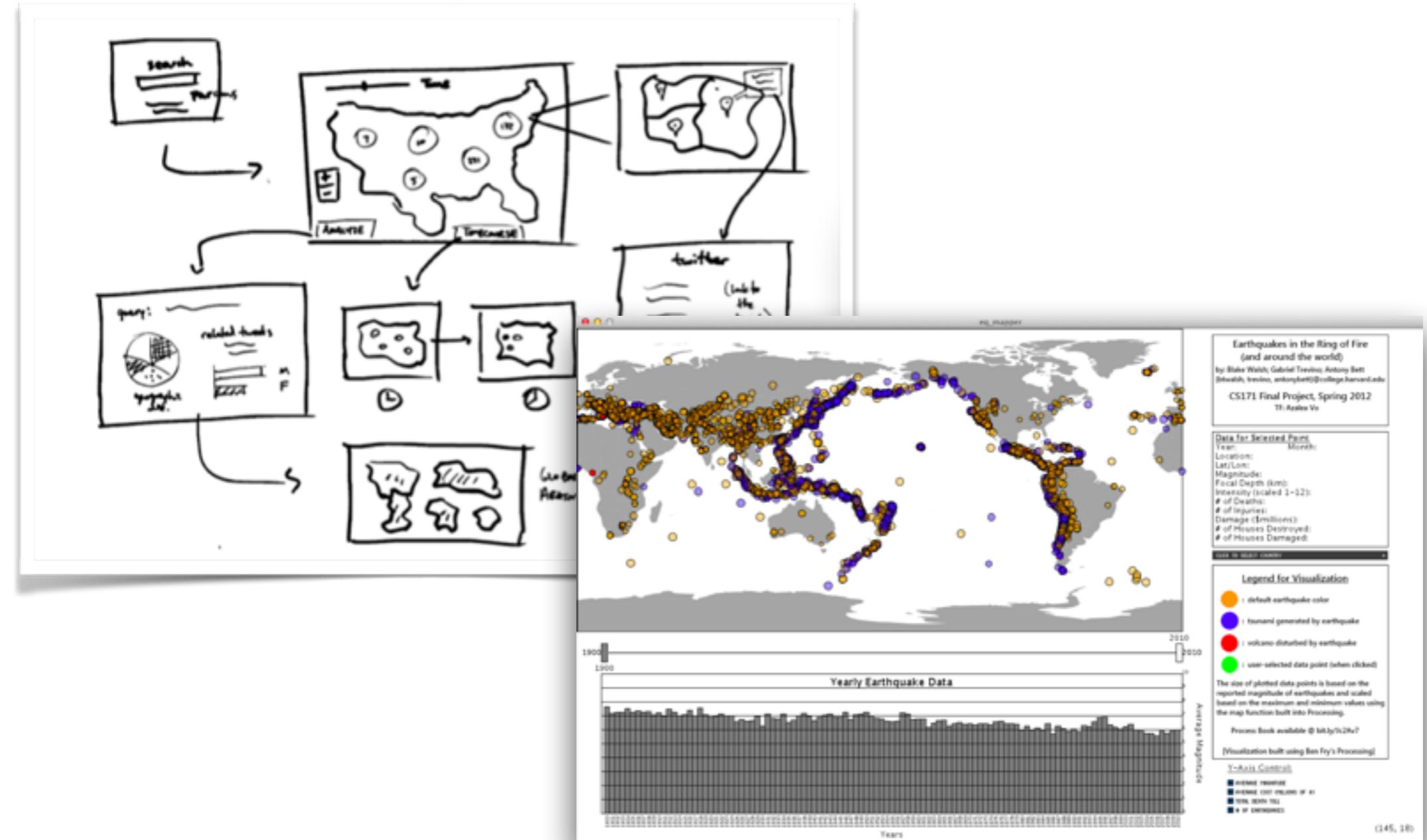
Grading

- Participation (attendance, pre-quizzes, class, studios, Piazza) (15%)
- Midterm (20%)
- Homework Assignments (30%)
- Project Assignments (35%)
- Graduate students: Extra credit assignments in homework are required for you, as well as more effort on the final project.

Midterm

Week Of
10/23

10/29



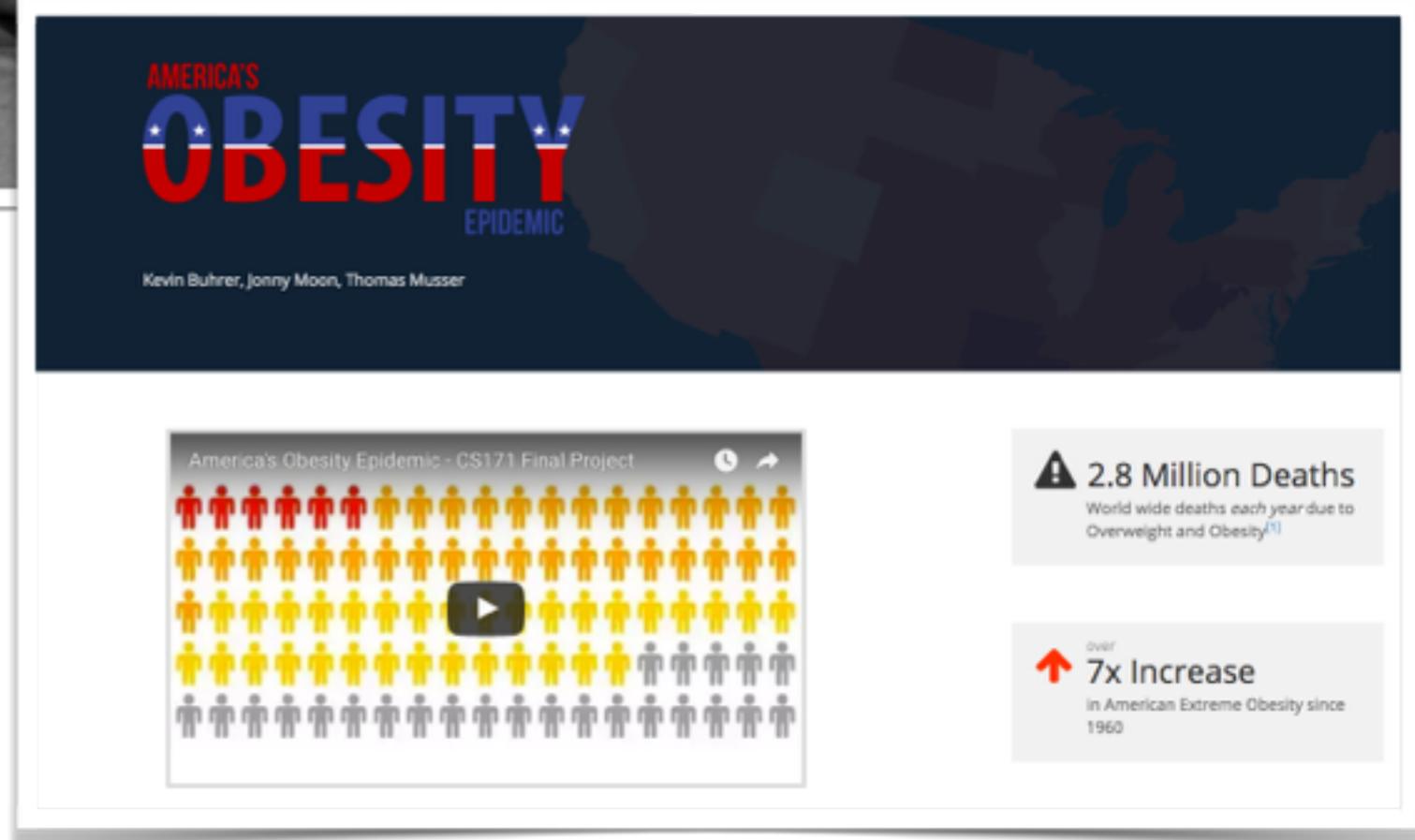
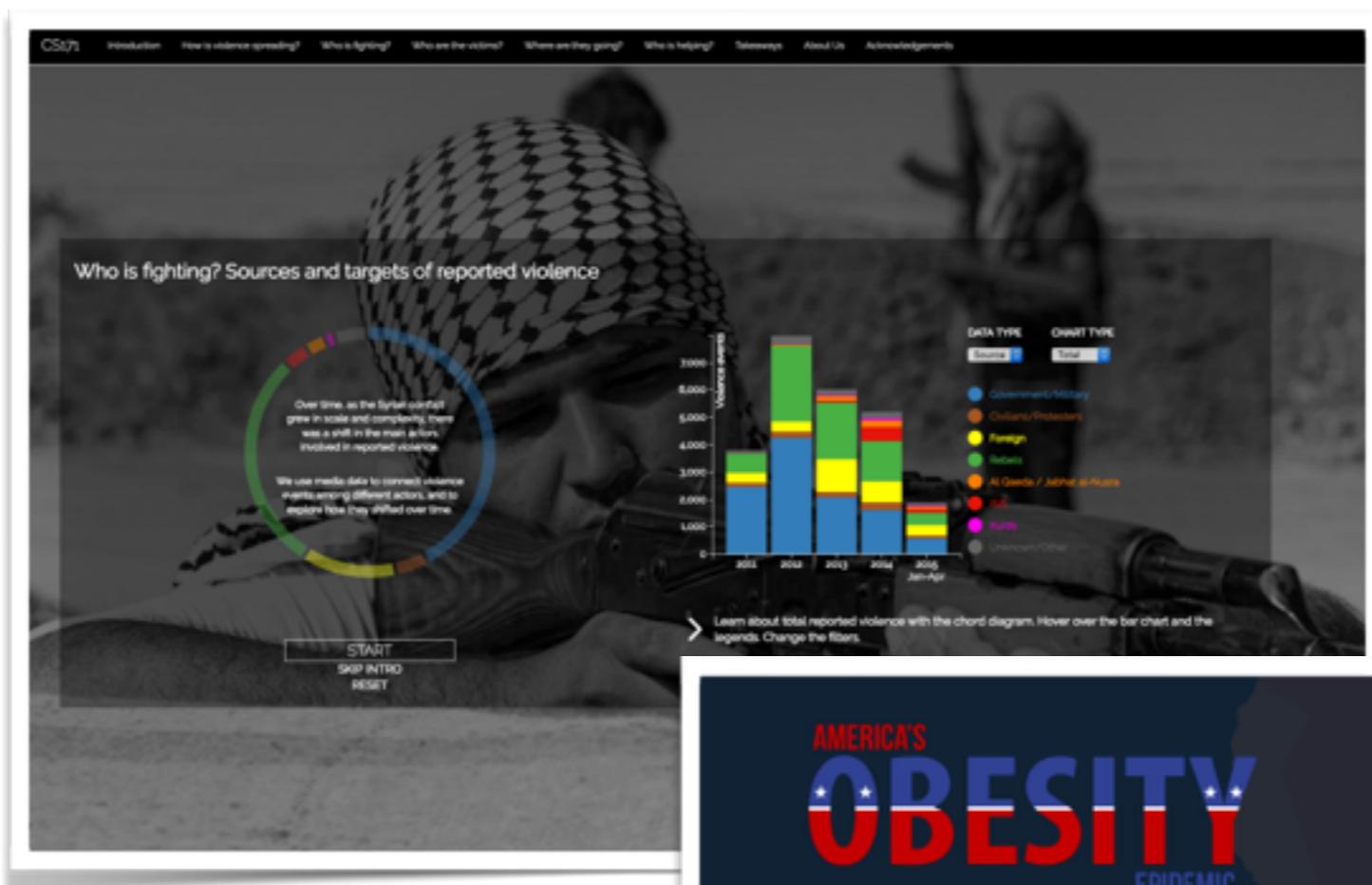
Part I: 90 minute design exercise (in class)

Part II: 5-10 hours D3 implementation (at home)

Group Project

Teams of 3 Students

www.syria-visualized.com



<http://obesity-epidemic.github.io/>

Prerequisites

Programming experience

- At least at the level of CS50
- C, C++, Java, Python, etc.

Willingness to learn new software & tools

- This can be **time consuming**
- You will need to build skills by yourself

Policies

- Late policy: Assignments will not be accepted late
- Attendance: Mandatory for studios, midterm, several required classes (see schedule)
- Cheating: Follow the Harvard Honor Code
- **Read the syllabus** at www.cs171.org!
- **Check Canvas** for all assignments (weekly modules)

Device Policy

- Bring laptop to lecture, lab, and studio
- Please only use it for in-class activities!



Enrollment

Capped at 70

Finish HW0 by Monday
(incl. enrollment survey)

We e-mail you by Tuesday
evening

You have to reply by
Wednesday noon

You need Canvas access !!!

CS171 Enrollment Survey

This year we have limited enrollment for CS171 to 60 students. This will enable us to use a smaller class room that fits our needs for small group works better and will give students a better learning experience. Please fill out this form to enter the CS171 enrollment process.

* Required

What is your name? (The way it appears on your Harvard ID) *

Your answer

How do you like to be addressed? (If different from above) *

Your answer

What is your Harvard ID number? *

Your answer

What is your official Harvard email address? *

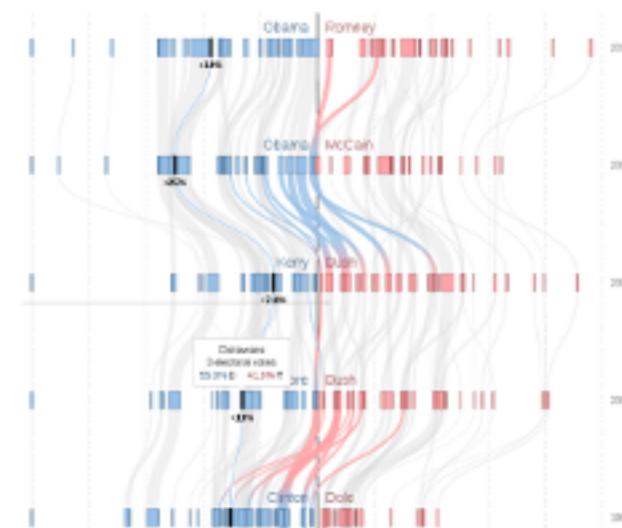
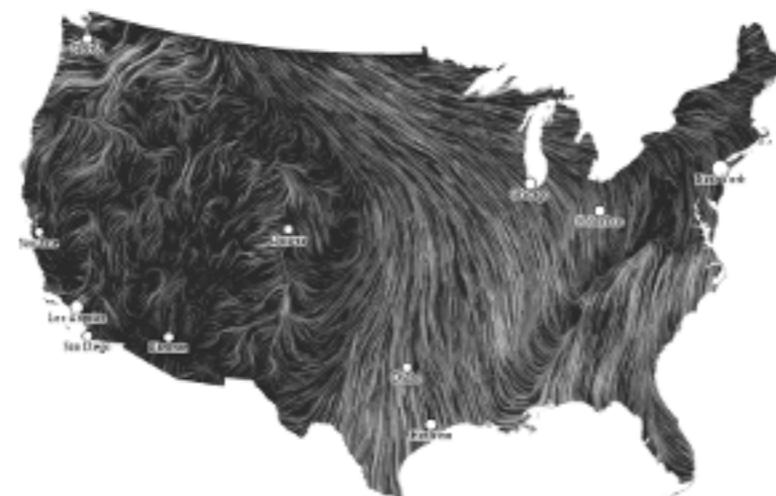
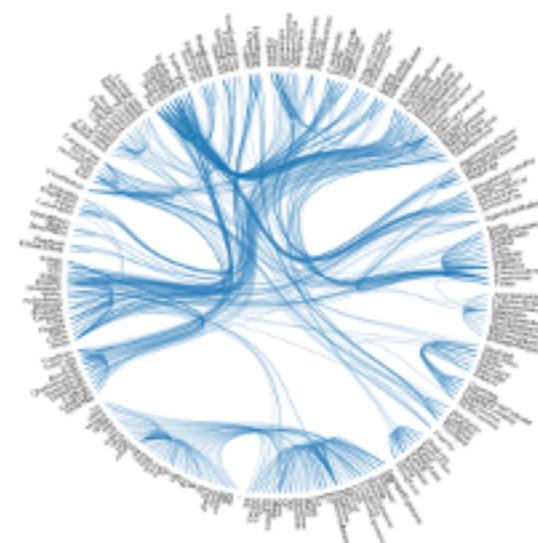
Your answer

What year are you? *

Freshman

Communicate

- Studios
- Piazza
- Office Hours (starting next week)
- Email
 - staff@cs171.org
 - jbeyer@seas.harvard.edu
 - sicat@g.harvard.edu



[Hierarchical edge bundling](#) | [Wind map](#) | [How states have shifted](#)

The amount and complexity of information produced in science, engineering, business, and everyday human activity is increasing at staggering rates. The goal of this course is to expose you to visual representation methods and techniques that increase the understanding of complex data. Good visualizations not only present a visual interpretation of data, but do so by improving comprehension, communication, and decision making.

In this course you will learn how the human visual system processes and perceives images, good design practices for visualization, methods for visualization of data from a variety of fields, and programming of interactive web-based visualizations using D3.

Outline

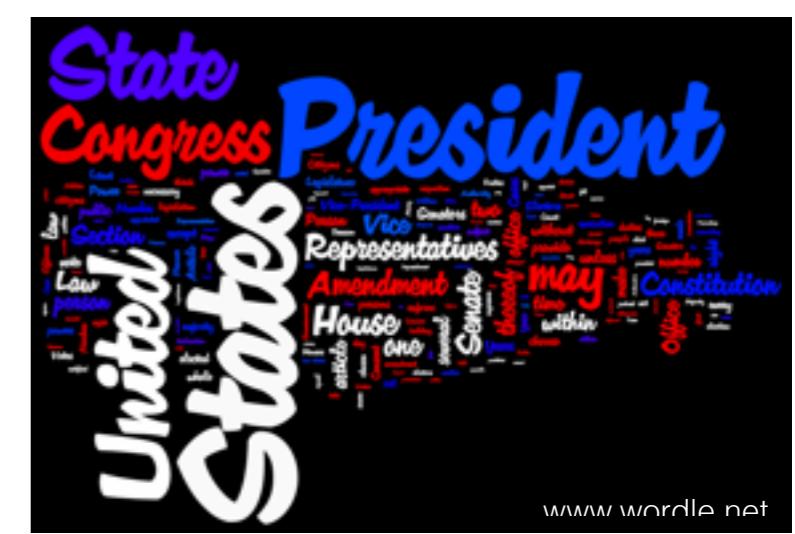
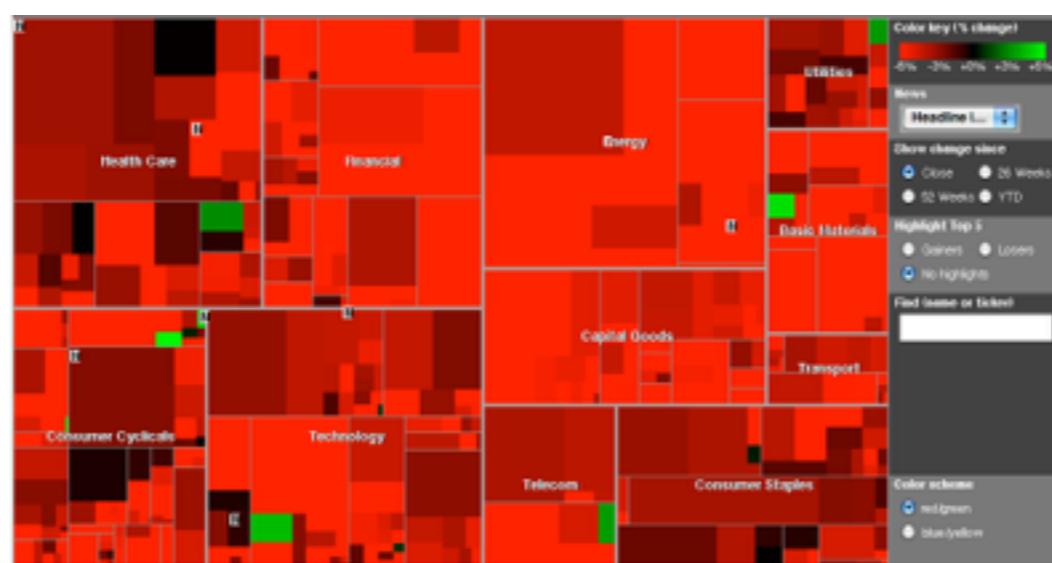
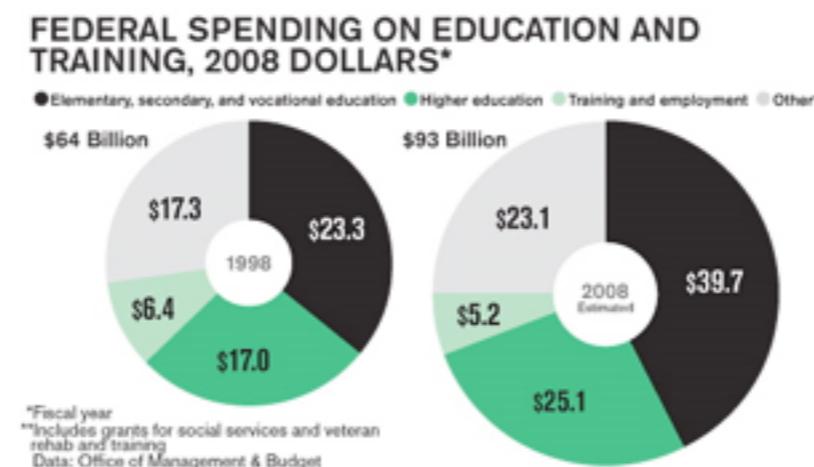
- Who?
- How
- What?
- Why?



vi·su·al·i·za·tion

1. Formation of mental visual images
2. The act or process of interpreting in visual terms or of putting into visible form

...to convey information through graphical representations of data



Visualization Goals

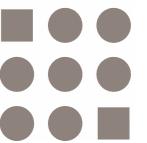
Data Exploration - find the unknown

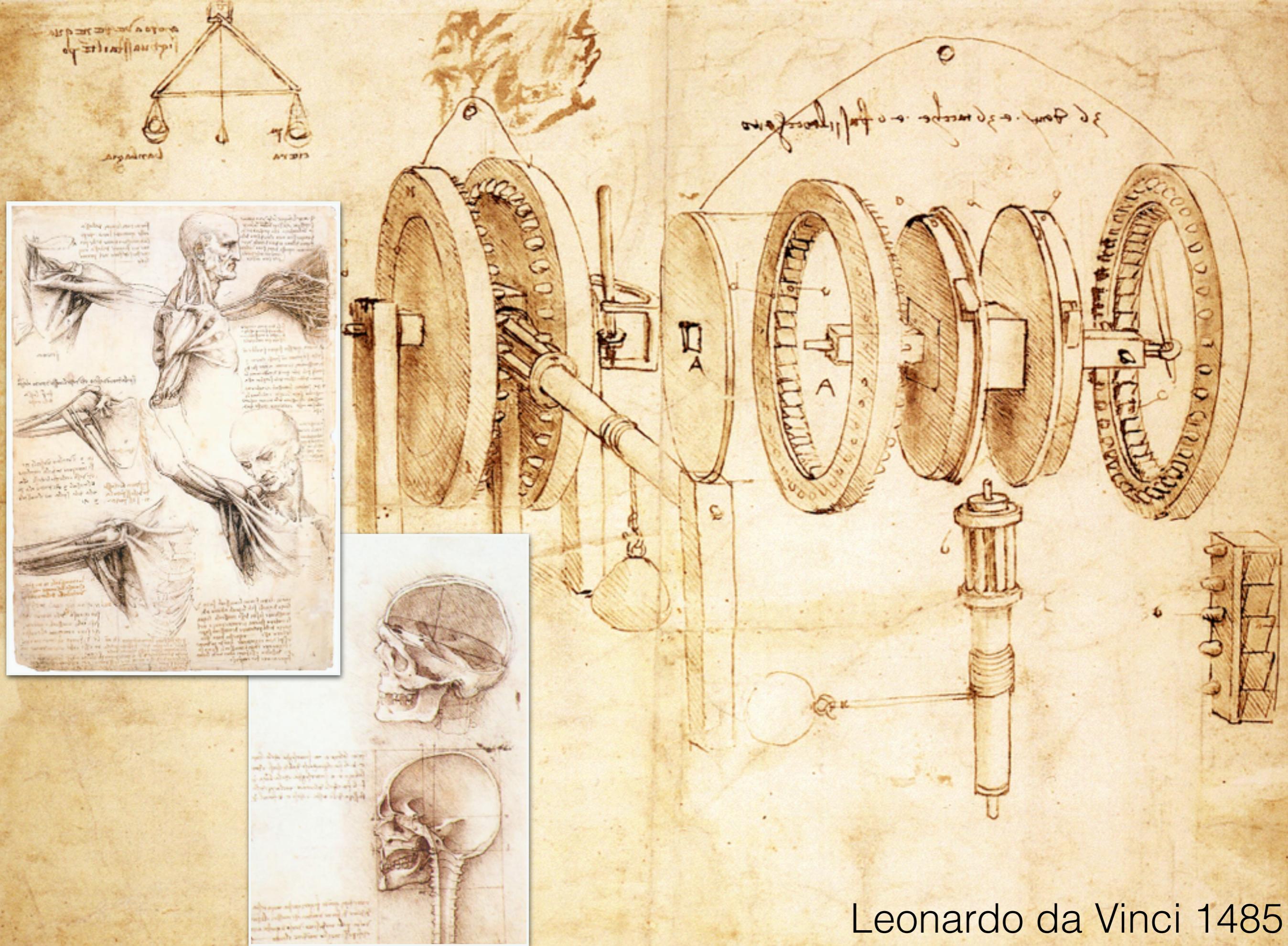
Data Analysis - check hypotheses

Presentation - communicate and disseminate

Explore & Analyze

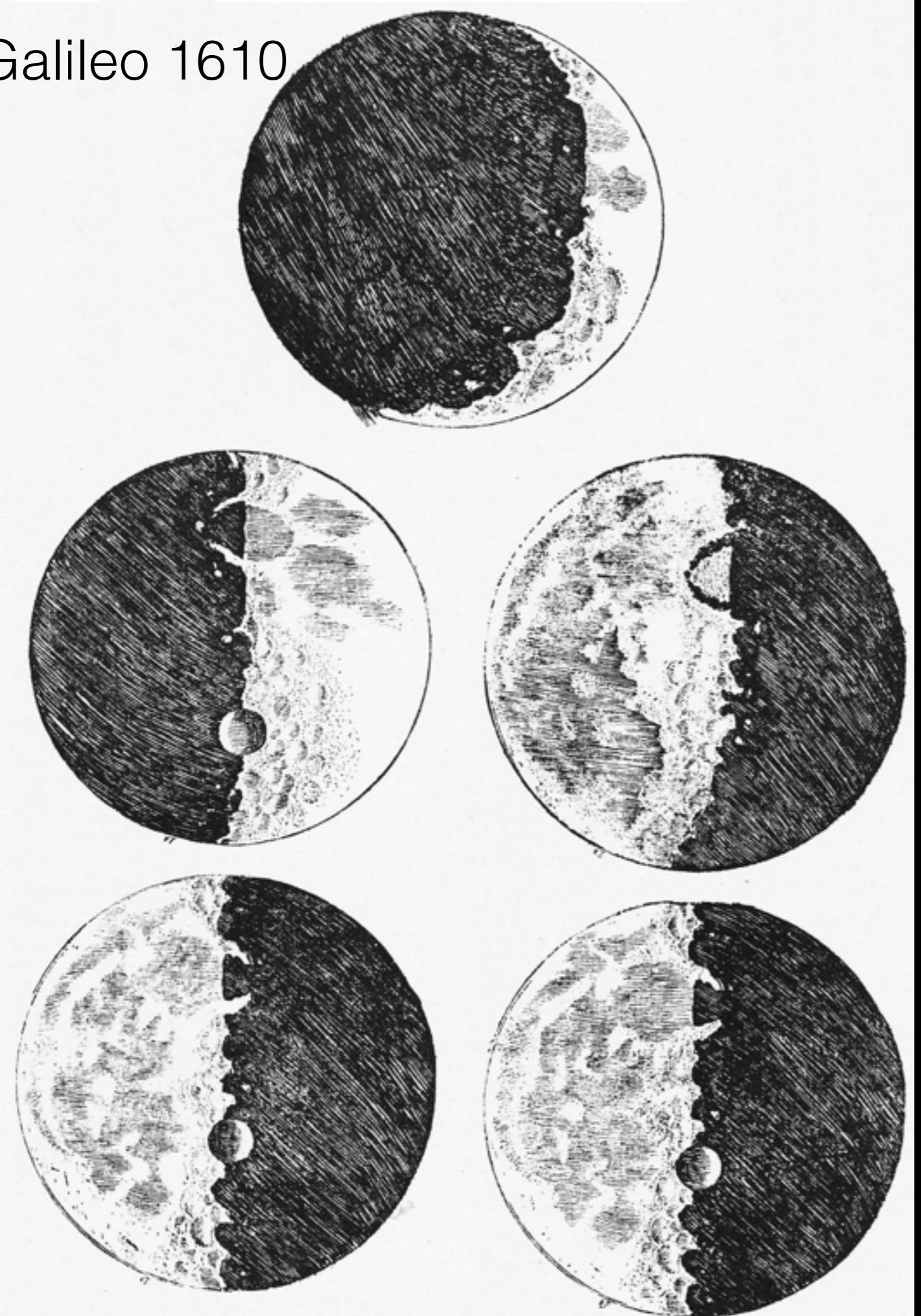
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171



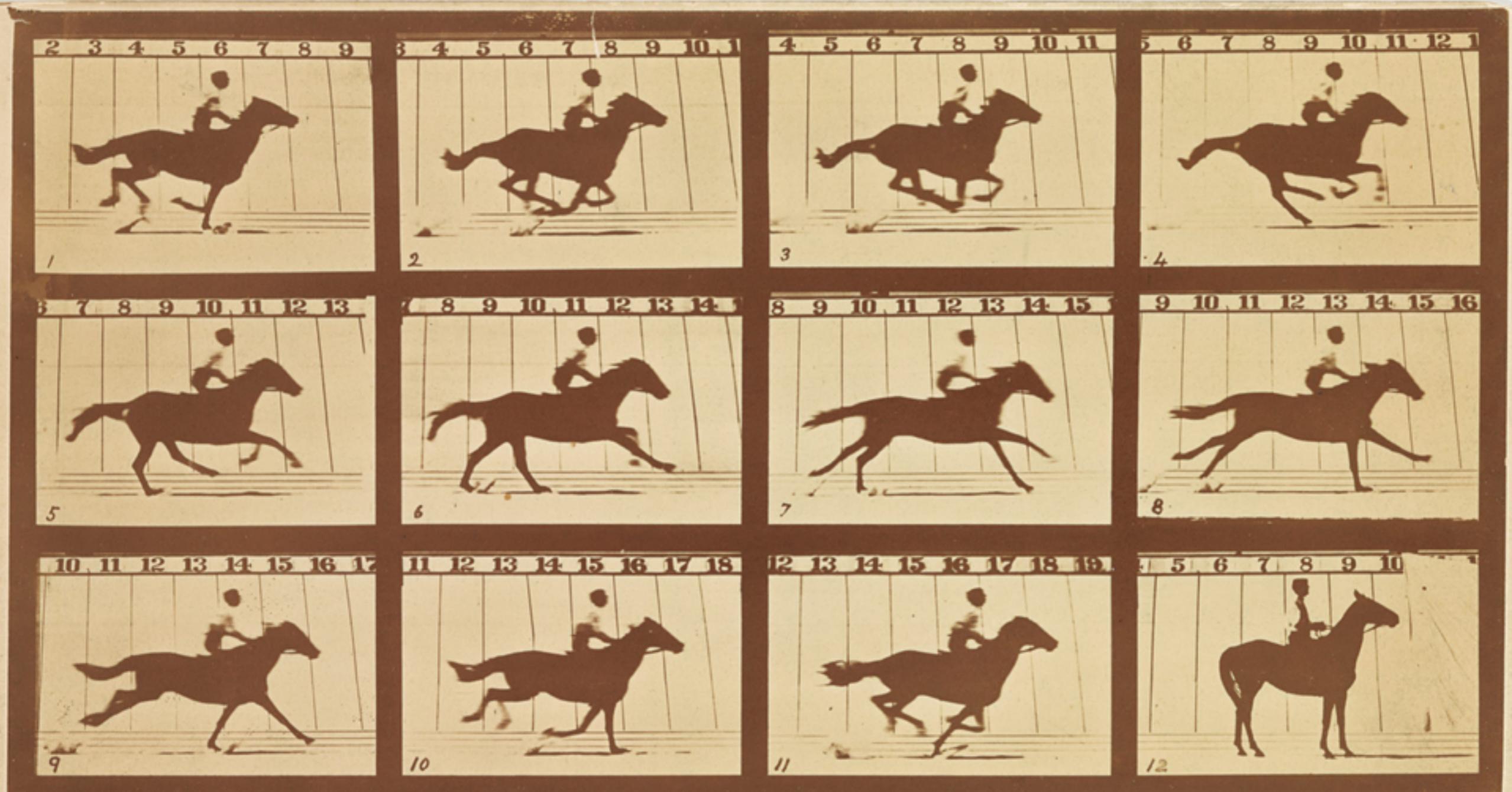


Leonardo da Vinci 1485

Galileo 1610



E. J. Muybridge 1878



Copyright, 1878, by MUYBRIDGE.

MORSE'S Gallery, 417 Montgomery St., San Francisco

THE HORSE IN MOTION.

Illustrated by
MUYBRIDGE.

Patent for apparatus applied for.

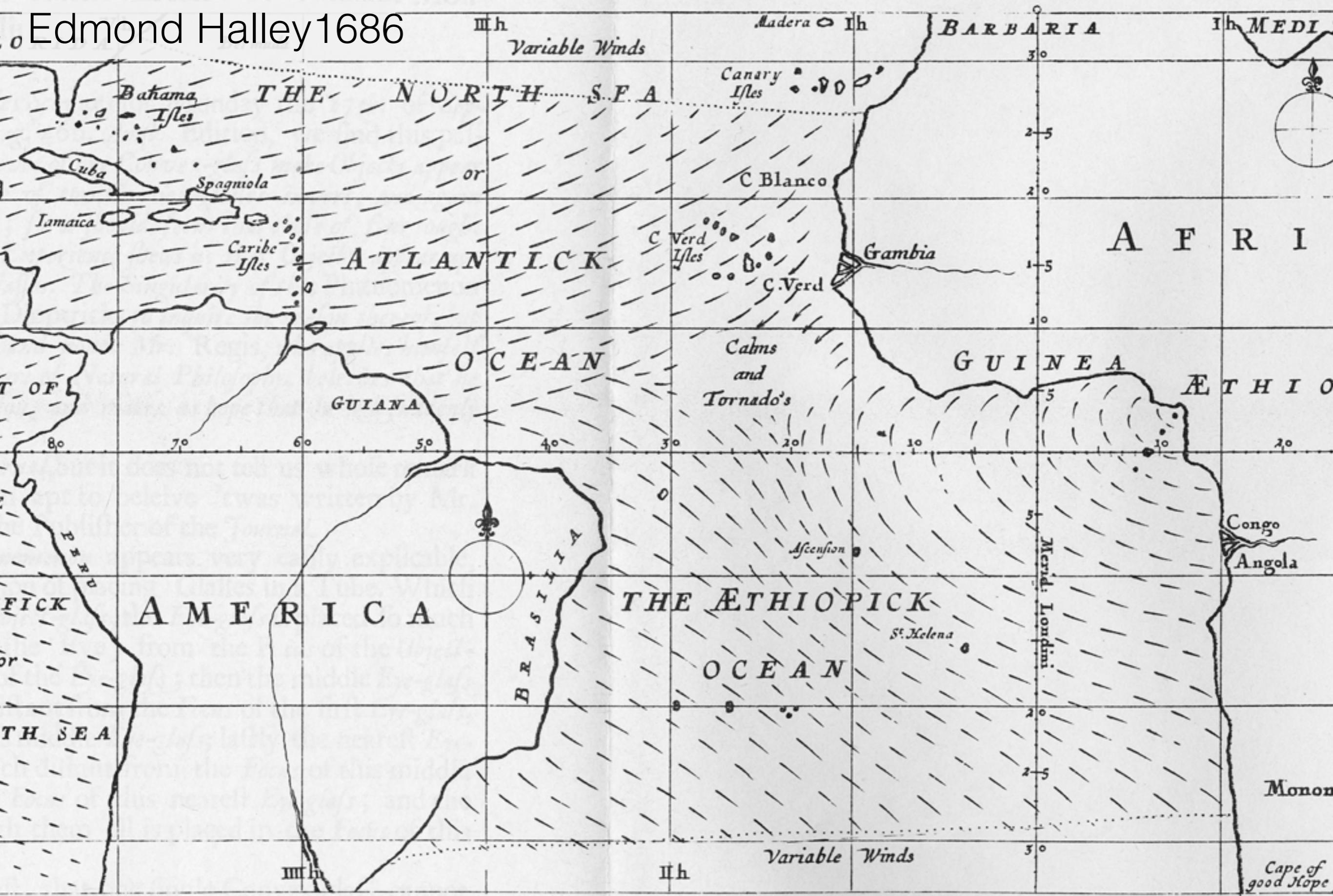
AUTOMATIC ELECTRO-PHOTOGRAPH.

"SALLIE GARDNER," owned by LELAND STANFORD; ridden by G. DOMM, running at a 1.40 gait over the Palo Alto track, 19th June, 1878.

The negatives of these photographs were made at intervals of twenty-seven inches of distance, and about the twenty-fifth part of a second of time; they illustrate consecutive positions assumed during a single stride of the mare. The vertical lines were twenty-seven inches apart; the horizontal lines represent elevations of four inches each.

The negatives were each exposed during the two-thousandth part of a second, and are absolutely "untouched."

Edmond Halley 1686



17th Century

Nº3.

18th Century

William Playfair 1820

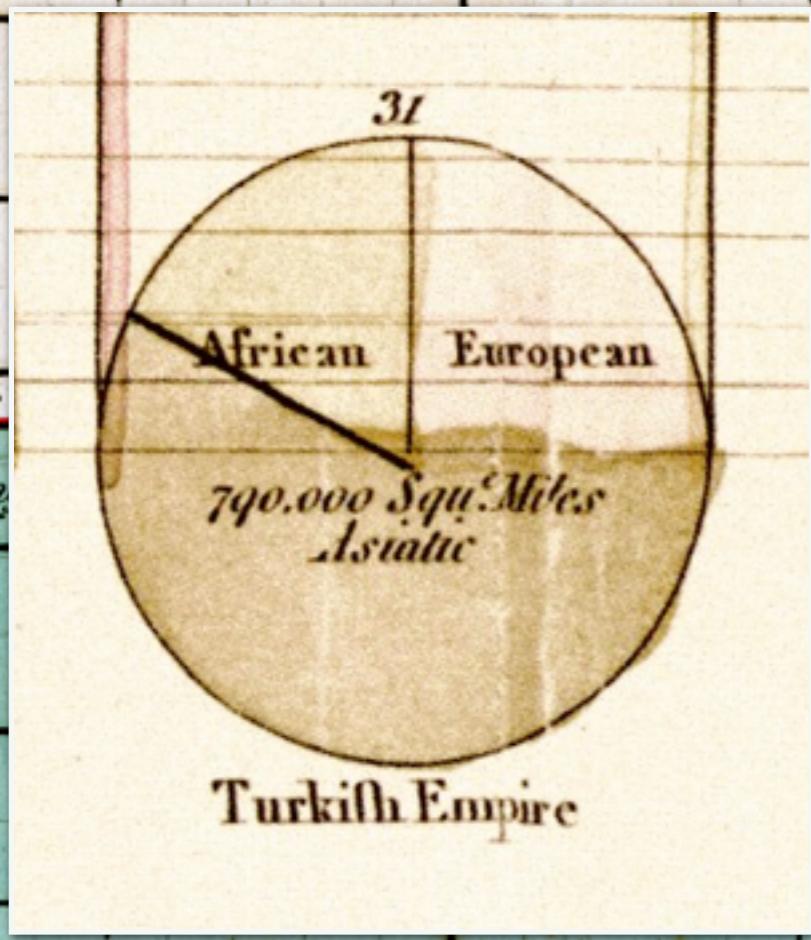


CHART
*Shewing the Value of the Quarter of Wheat
In Shillings & in Days Wages
OF A GOOD MECHANIC*
from
1565 to 1821.

Shillings

in Shillings

in Wages

in Shillings

in Wages

Wa

1625

1650

1675

1700

1725

1750

1775

1800

New! Try the [NameMapper](#) to see where your favorite names are being used, and [Namipedia](#) for full info on every name!

>LILLY■

 boys girls both

2007 rank, boys

1000	500	100	25	1
------	-----	-----	----	---

girls

1000	500	100	25	1
------	-----	-----	----	---

Usage of
"LILLY", per
million babies

500

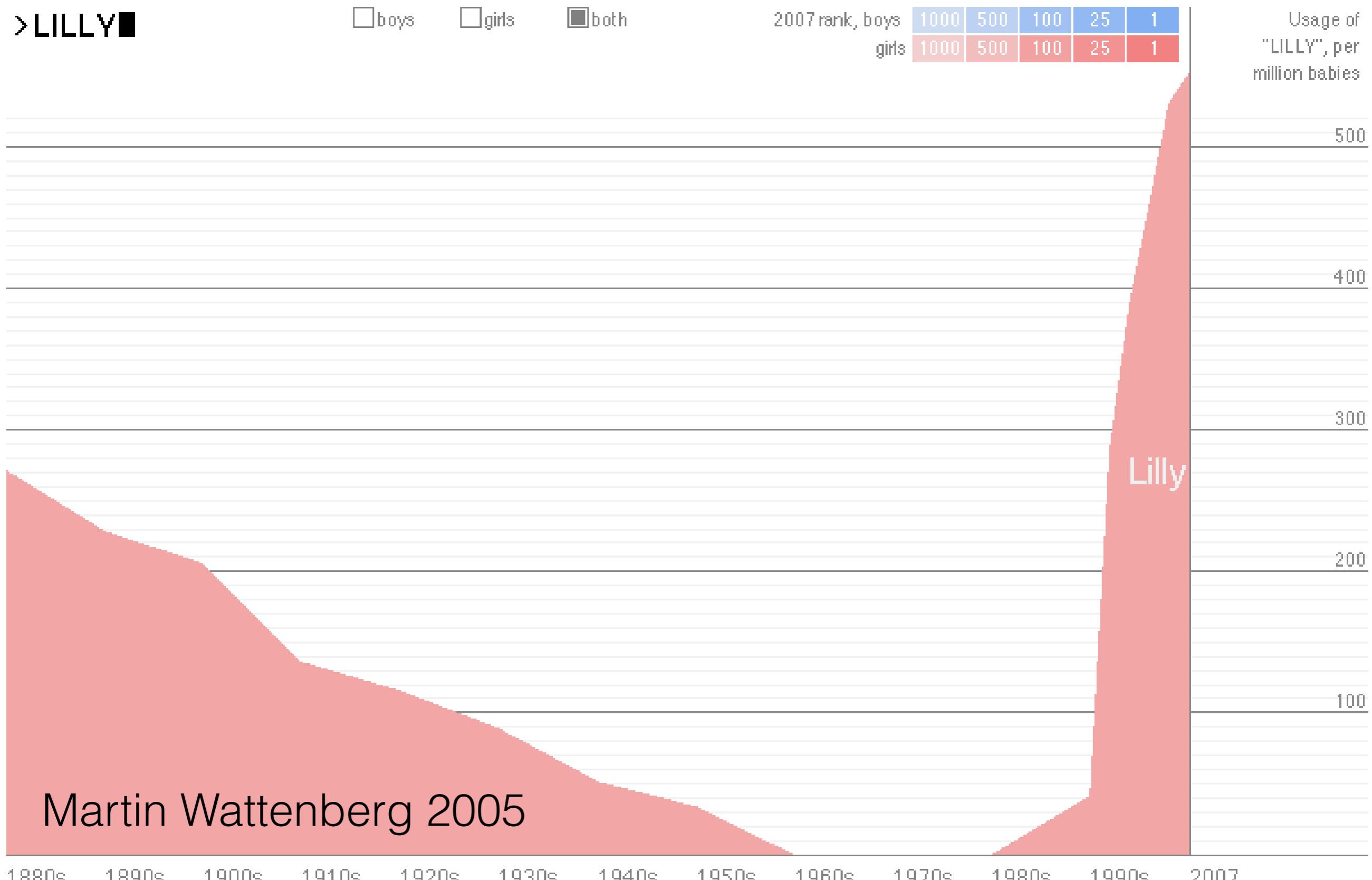
400

300

200

100

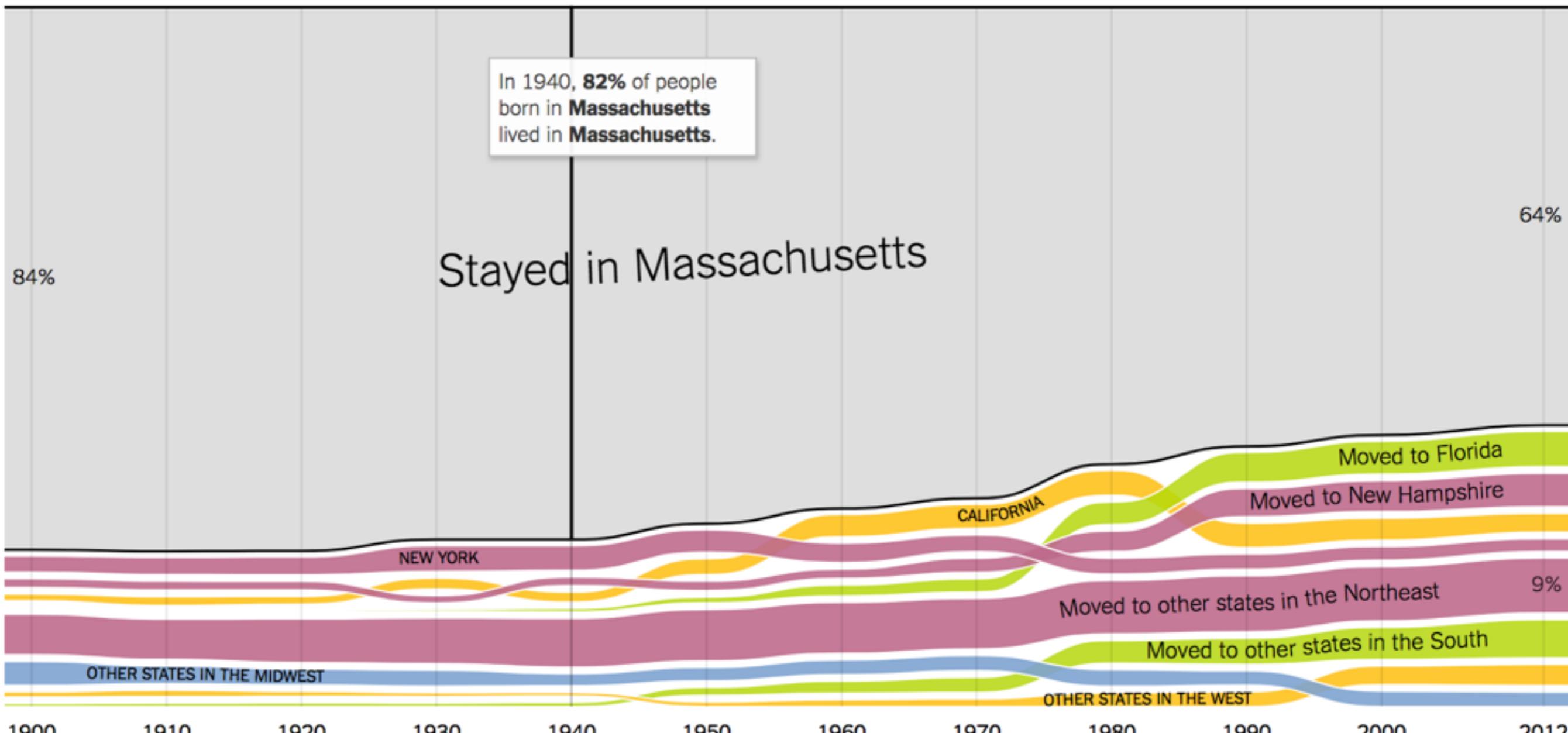
Lilly



Where people born in Massachusetts **have moved to**:

New!

 Switch to Migration Into Massachusetts

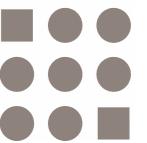


New York Times

Communicate

CS

171





Hans Rosling 2006

Konya town map, Turkey, c. 6200 BC



John Snow 1854

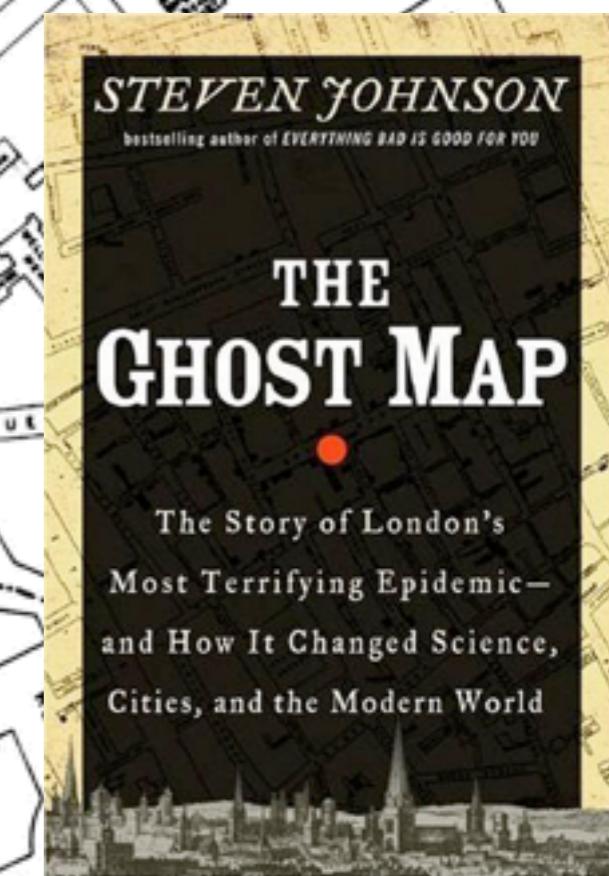
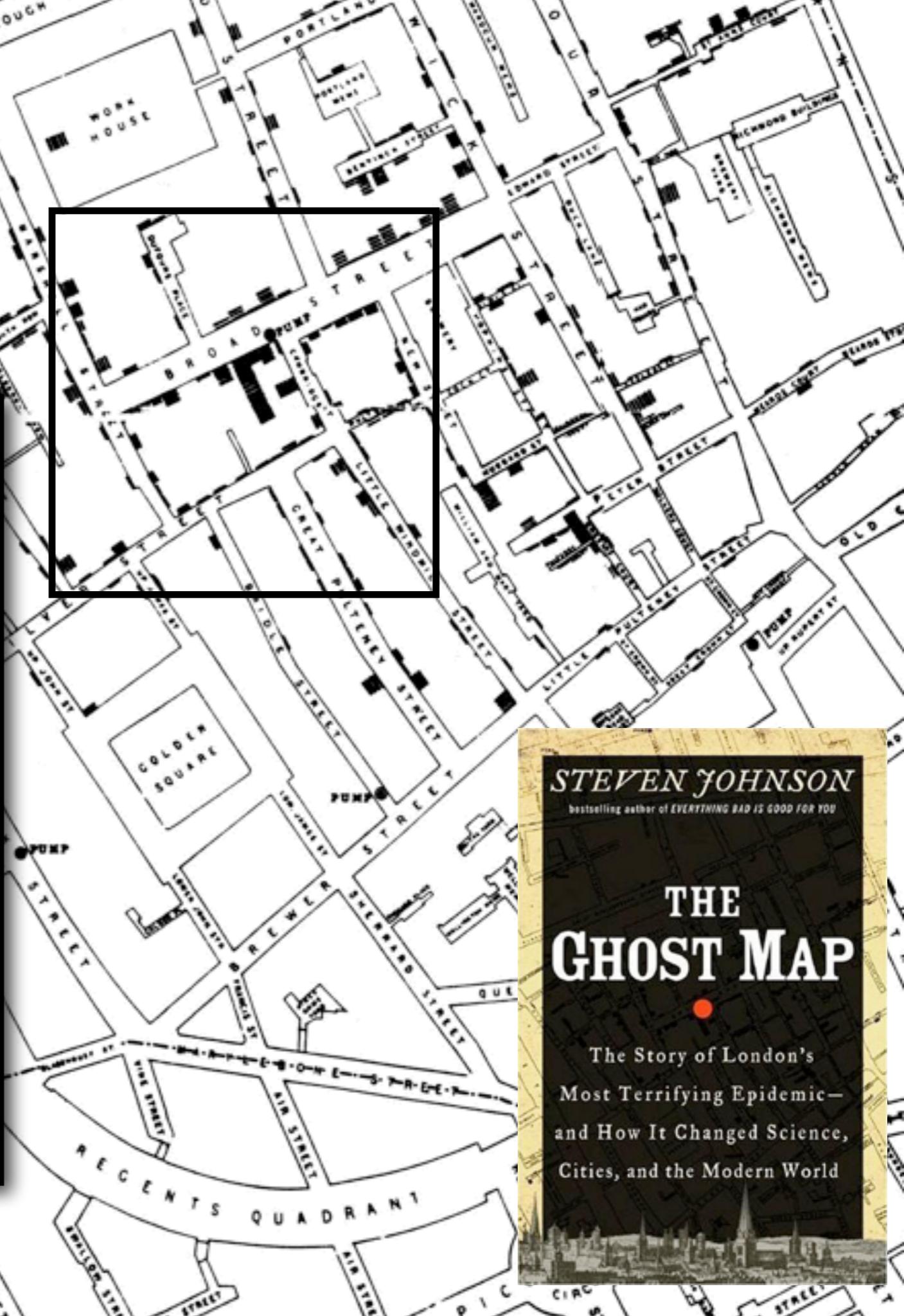
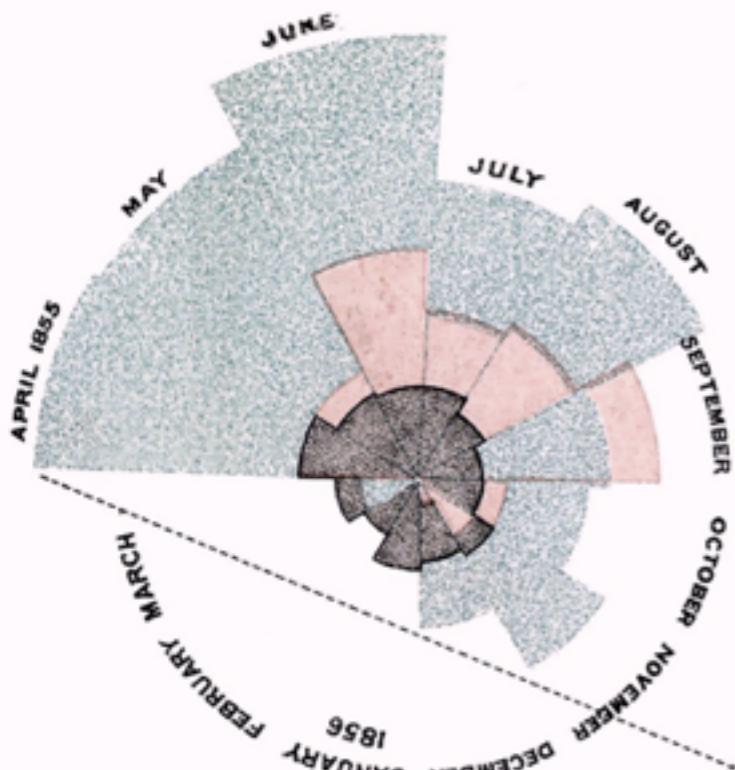


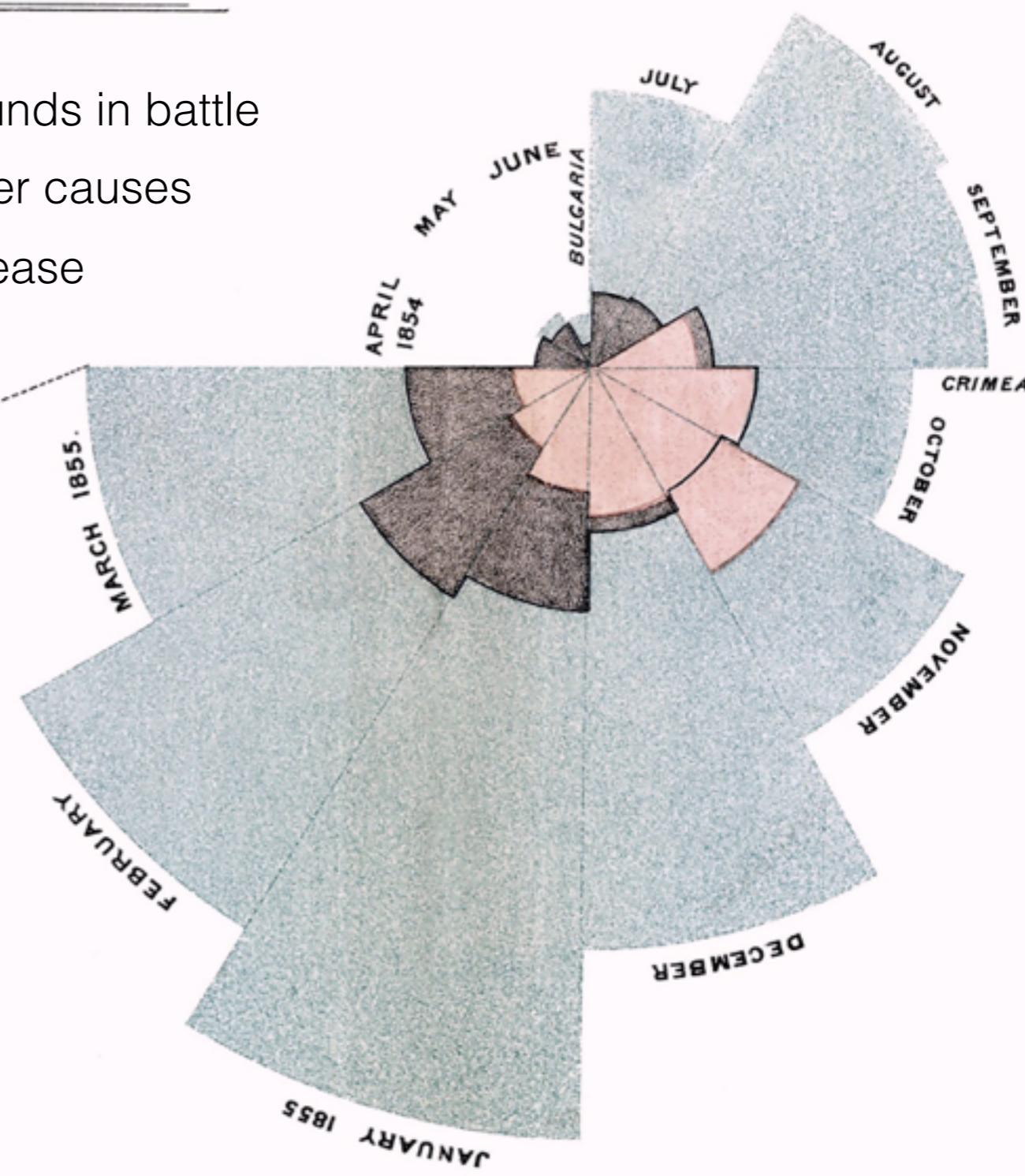


DIAGRAM OF THE CAUSES OF MORTALITY IN THE ARMY IN THE EAST.

2.
APRIL 1855 to MARCH 1856.



1.
APRIL 1854 to MARCH 1855.



The Areas of the blue, red, & black wedges are each measured from the centre as the common vertex.

The blue wedges measured from the centre of the circle represent area for area the deaths from Preventible or Mitigable Zymotic diseases; the red wedges measured from the centre the deaths from wounds, & the black wedges measured from the centre the deaths from all other causes.

The black line across the red triangle in Nov. 1854 marks the boundary of the deaths from all other causes during the month.

In October 1854, & April 1855, the black area coincides with the red; in January & February 1856, the blue coincides with the black.

The entire areas may be compared by following the blue, the red & the black lines enclosing them.

Joseph Minard 1861

Carte Figurative des pertes successives en hommes de l'Armée Française dans la Campagne de Russie 1812-1813.

Dessinée par M. Minard, Inspecteur Général des Ponts et Chaussées en retraite
Paris, le 20 Novembre 1869.

Les nombres d'hommes perdus sont représentés par les larges des zones colorées à raison d'un millimètre pour dix mille hommes ; ils sont de plus écrits en lettres des zones. Le rouge désigne les hommes qui ont été en Russie, le noir ceux qui en sortirent. — Les renseignements qui ont servi à dresser la carte on été pris dans les ouvrages de M. Chiers, de Segur, de Fezensac, de Chambray et le journal médical de Jacob, pharmacien de l'Armée depuis le 28 Octobre.

Pour mieux faire juger à l'œil la diminution de l'armée, j'ai supposé que les corps du Prince Jérôme et du Maréchal Davout, qui avaient été détachés sur Minsk à Mohilow et qui rejoignirent Osscha en Wilcok, avaient toujours marché avec l'armée.

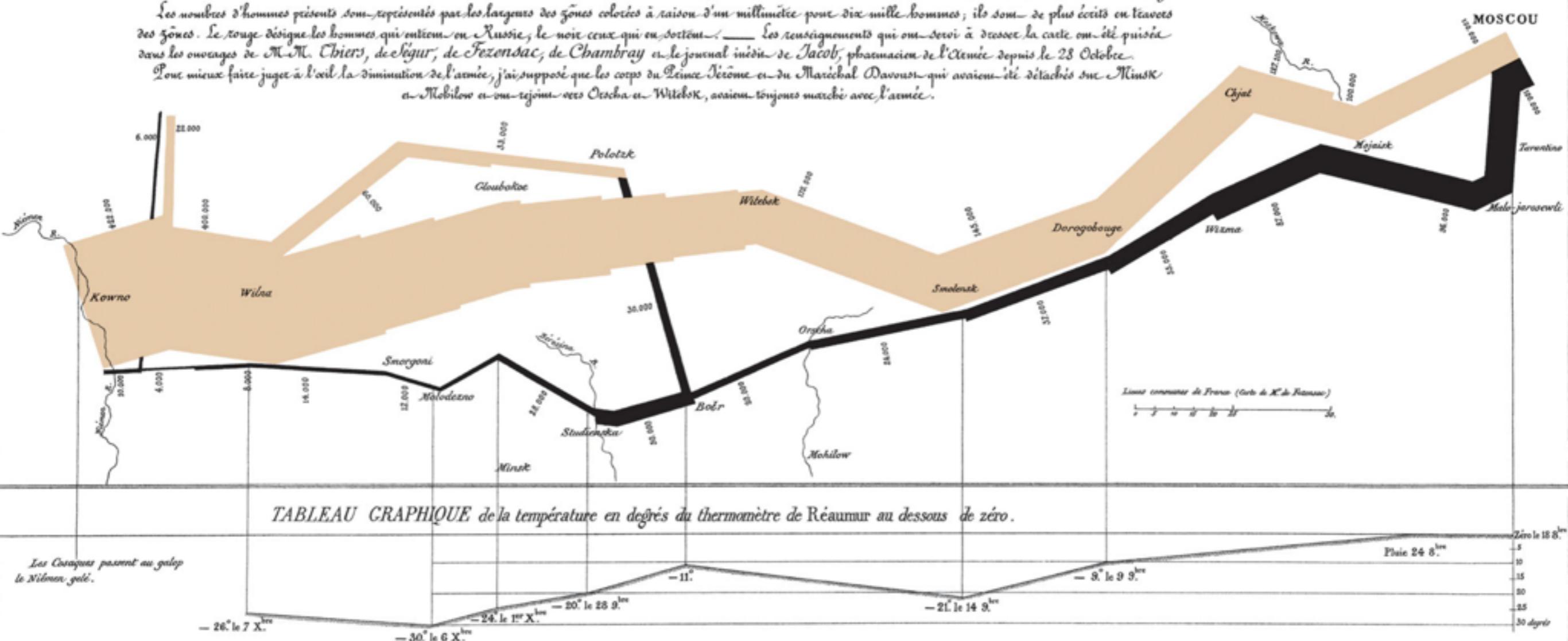


TABLEAU GRAPHIQUE de la température en degrés du thermomètre de Réaumur au dessous de zéro.

Les Cosaques passent au galop
le Nilens gelé.

-26° le 7 X^{me}

-30° le 6 X^{me}

-24° le 1^{er} X^{me}

-11°

-21° le 14 9^{me}

-9° le 9 9^{me}

Pluie 24 8^{me}

Zero le 18 8^{me}
5
10
15
20
25
30 degrés

Evaluating Visualizations

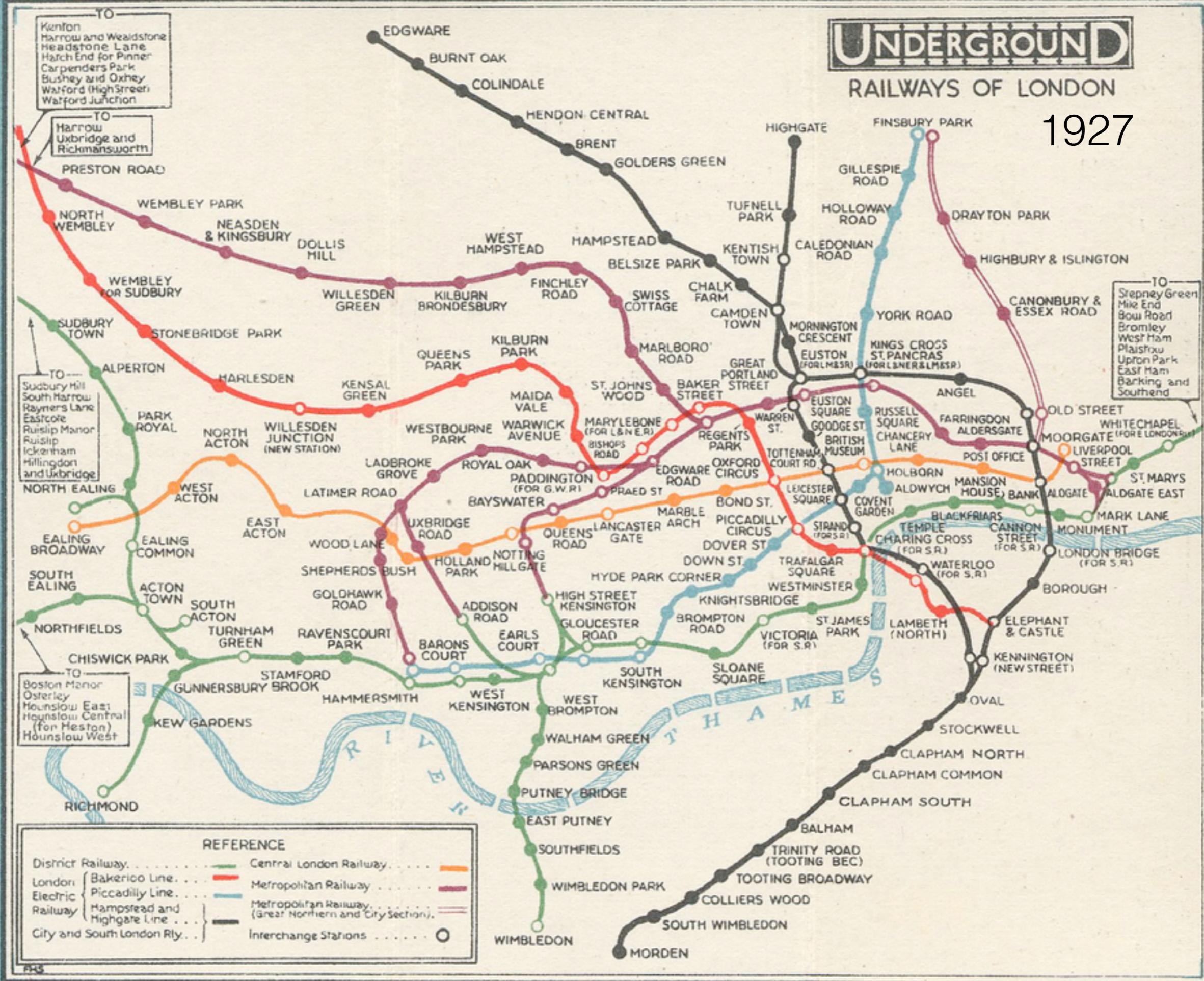
CS
171



UNDERGROUND

RAILWAYS OF LONDON

1927



Harry Beck 1933



REFERENCE

DISTRICT LINE GREEN CENTRAL LONDON LINE — RED
 PICCADILLY LINE BLUE METROPOLITAN LINE ... PURPLE
 BAKERLOO LINE BROWN NORTHERN CITY LINE ... GRAY
 MORDEN-EDGWARE LINE — INTERCHANGE STATIONS O

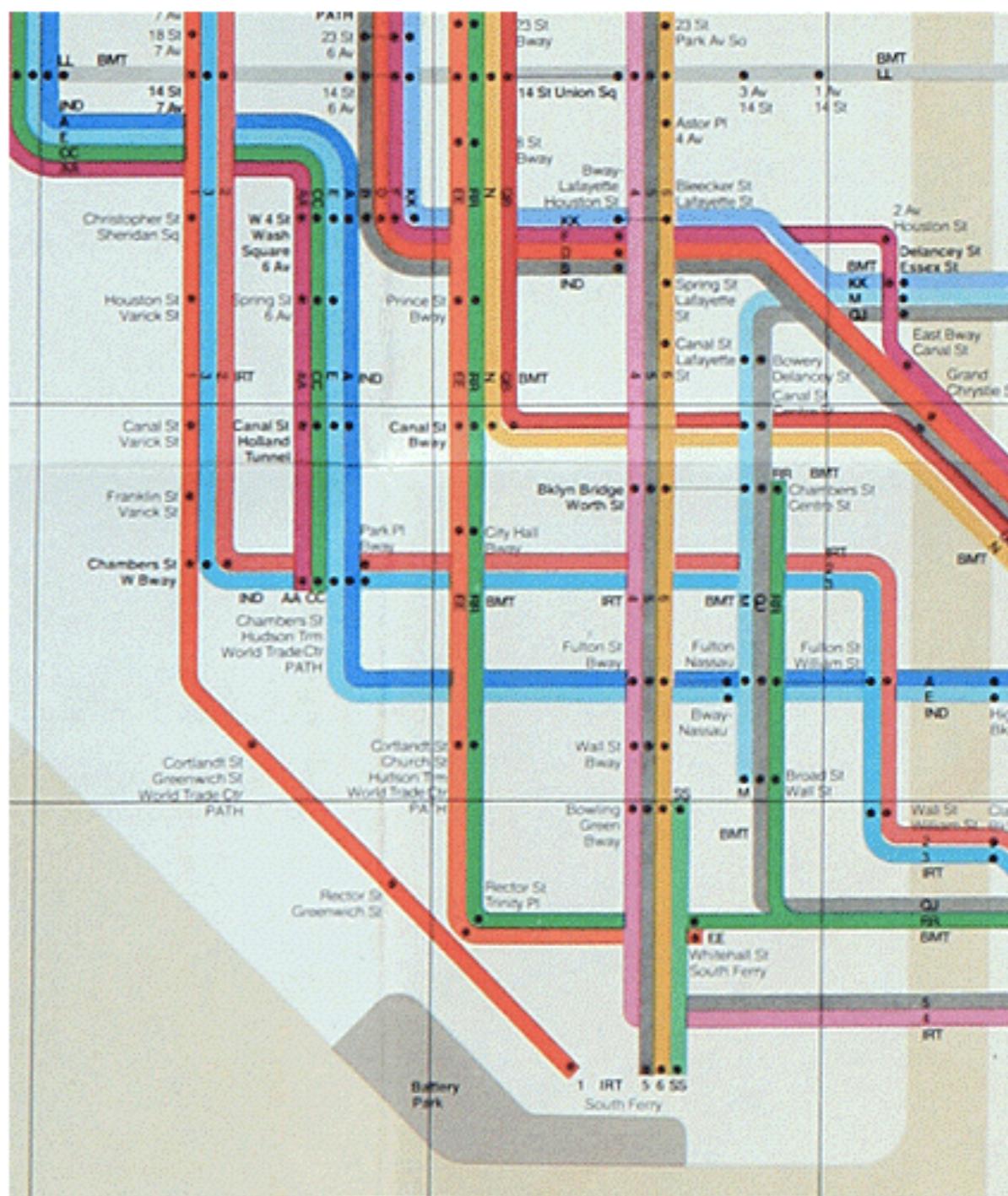

X C BECK

An Overhaul of an Underground Icon

Next month, the Metropolitan Transportation Authority will unveil a resized, recolored and simplified edition of the well-known map, its first overhaul in more than a decade. [Related Article »](#)

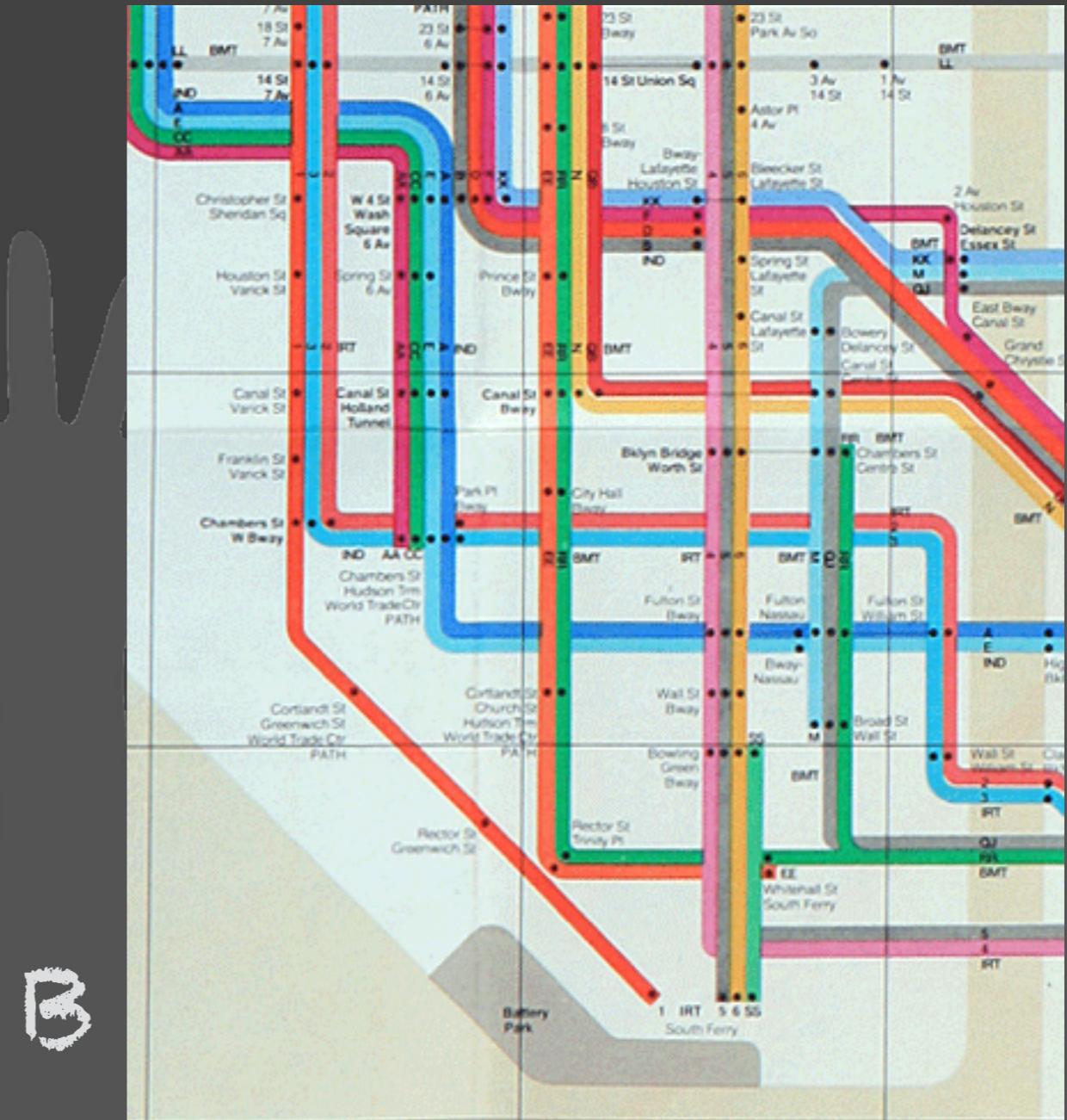


1972: Vignelli's Classic



Activity

Which of these two subway maps is better? Why? [2 min]



A

B



Massachusetts Bay Transportation Authority
Rapid Transit/Key Bus Routes Map



Legend

RL RED LINE

M MATTAPAN LINE

OL ORANGE LINE

BL BLUE LINE

SL SILVER LINE and branches

GL GREEN LINE and branches

RL (M) Terminates at Park St (N. Station during off-peak)

RL (C) Terminates at Lechmere

OL (C) Terminates at N. Station

OL (B) Terminates at Alewife

OL (E) Terminates at Forest Hills

FRANKLIN LINE

PROVIDENCE LINE

NEEDHAM LINE

STOUGHTON PROVINCETOWN LINE

T COMMUTER RAIL

— KEY BUS ROUTE

Frequent Service

— FERRYS

Accessible station
All MBTA and Massport bus and
ferry services are accessible

Rapid Transit transfer station

Commuter Rail transfer station

Stations: Accessible for Silver Line only

→ Free Logan Airport shuttle bus

Amtrak service
Back Bay, North & South Stations

***Beyton:** Accessible for Silver Line only

Customer Communications & Travel Info
617-222-3200, 1-800-392-6100,
TTY 617-222-5146, www.mta.com

MBTA Transit Police: 911
TTY 617-222-1200

Elevators/escalator/lift updates: 800-392-6100

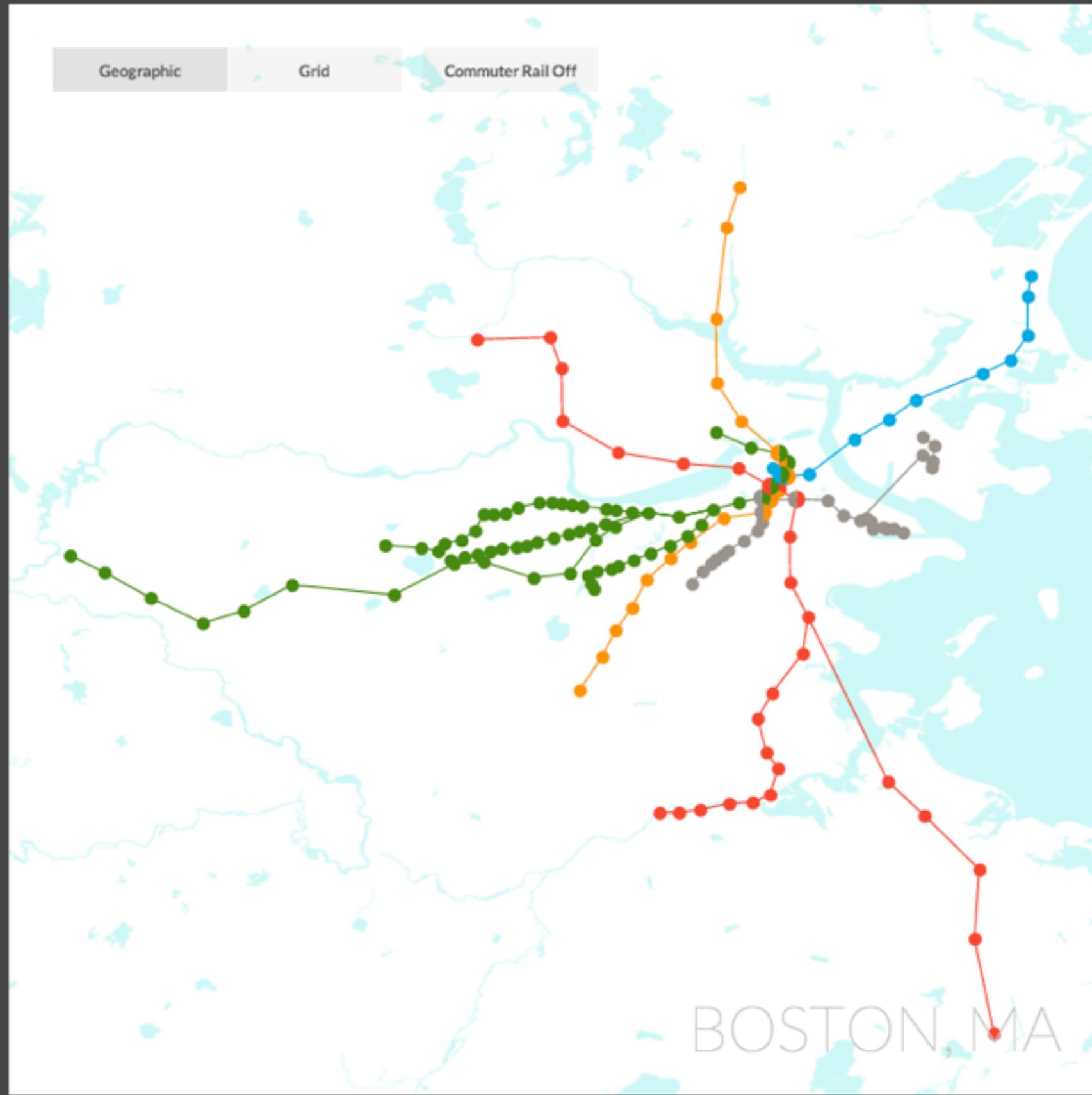
Not to scale

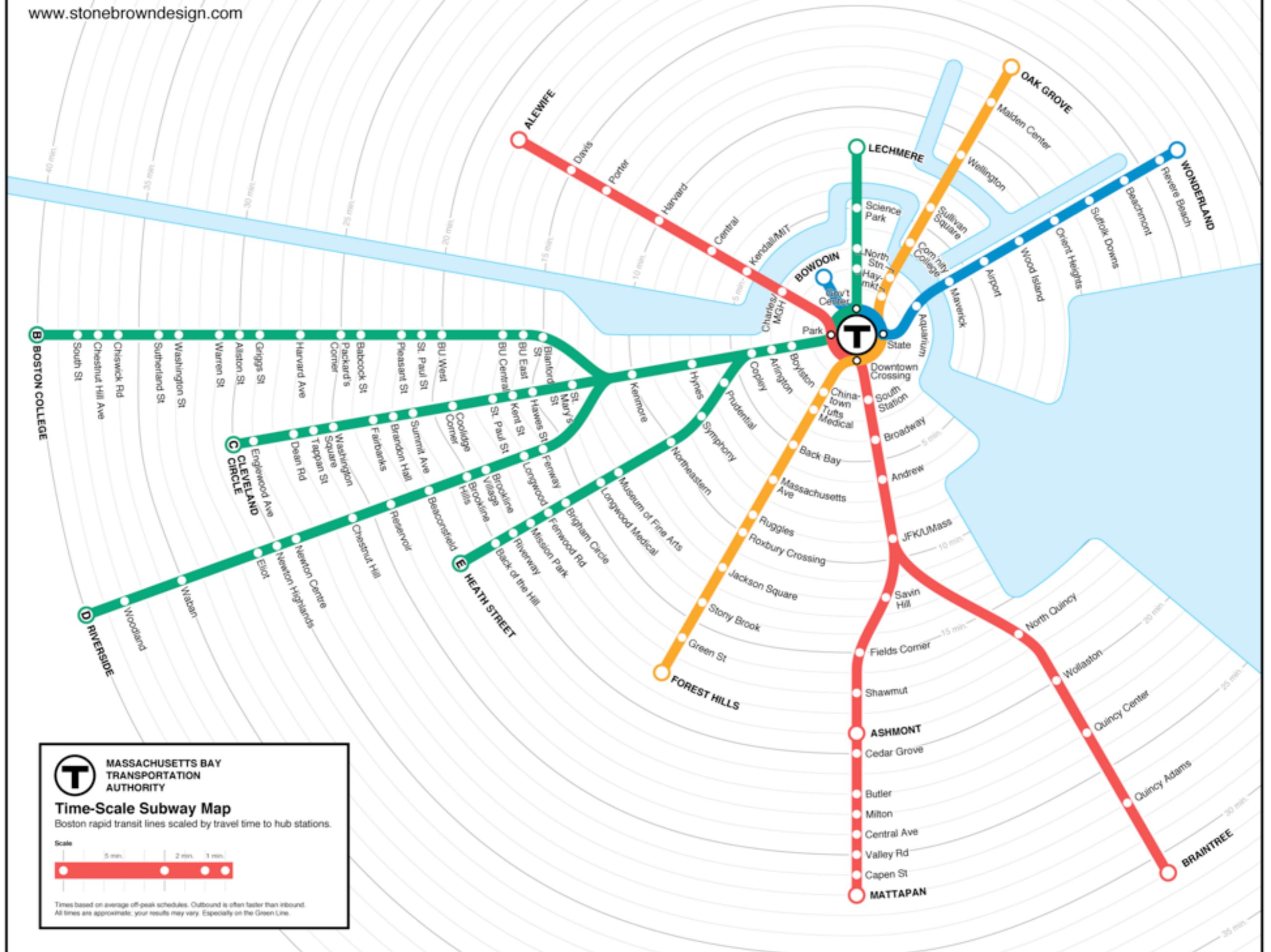
Geographic vs Topological Metro Map

FATHOM, 2013



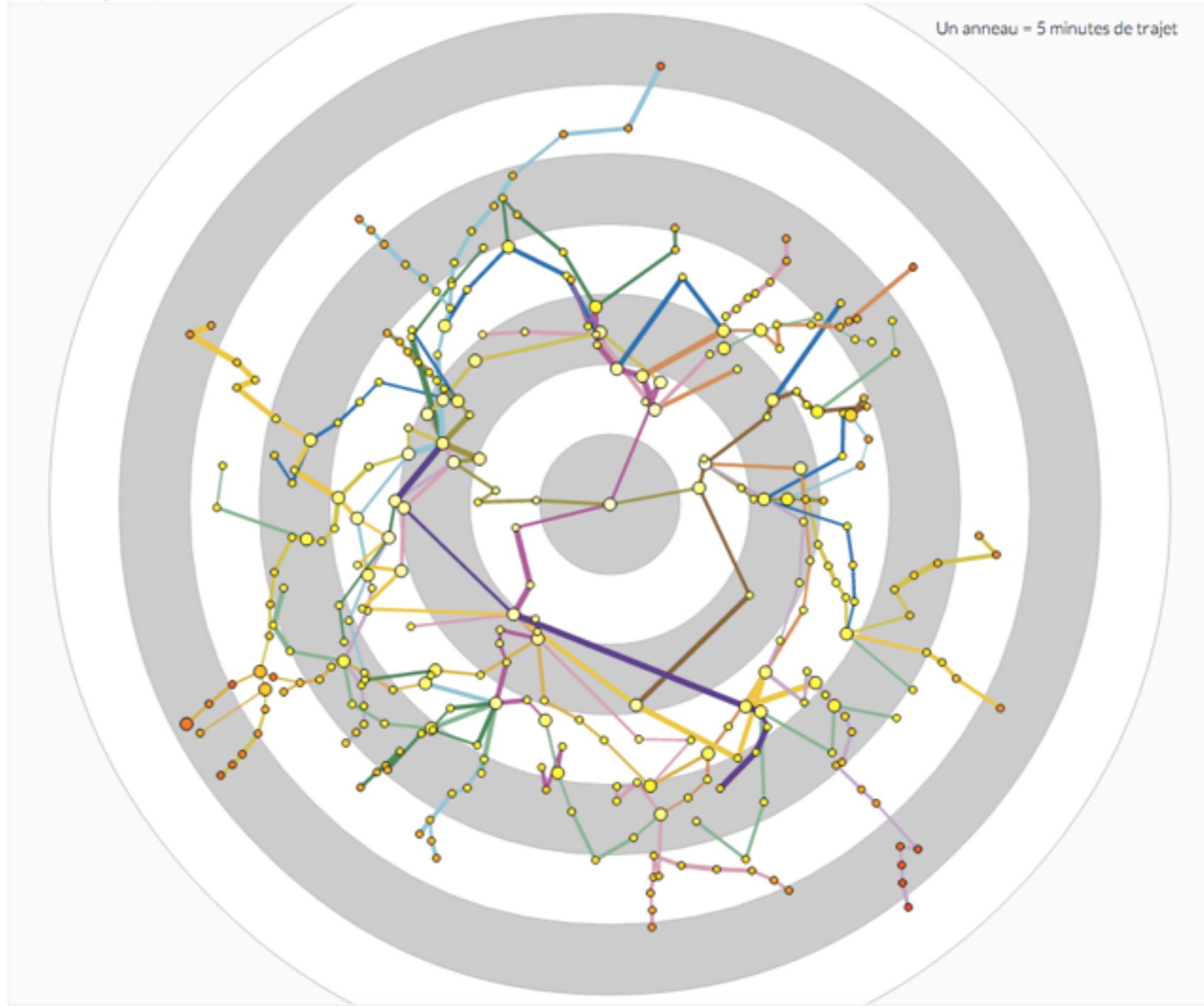
Terrence
Fradet
2013





Réaumur – Sébastopol

Temps de trajet moyen: 18 minutes 26 secondes



Utiliser les positions exactes des stations

Améliorez le plan!

Vous connaissez bien la station Réaumur – Sébastopol ? Cliquez dans les zones grises pour améliorer les estimations.

Quelle distance entre la sortie et les quais ?

3

4

Quelle est la longueur des correspondances ?

3

4

Outline

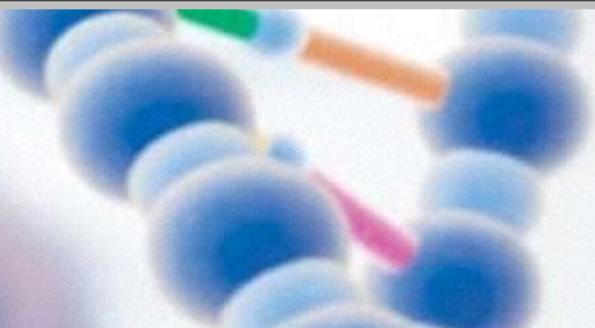
- Who?
- How?
- What?
- Why?



SHAKESPEARE QUARTERLY

INDUSTRIAL REVOLUTION OF DATA

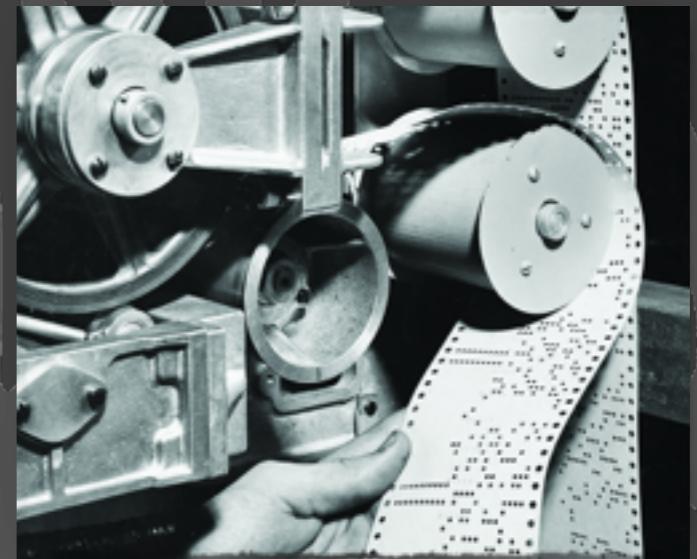
Joe Hellerstein, UC Berkley, 2008



Activity

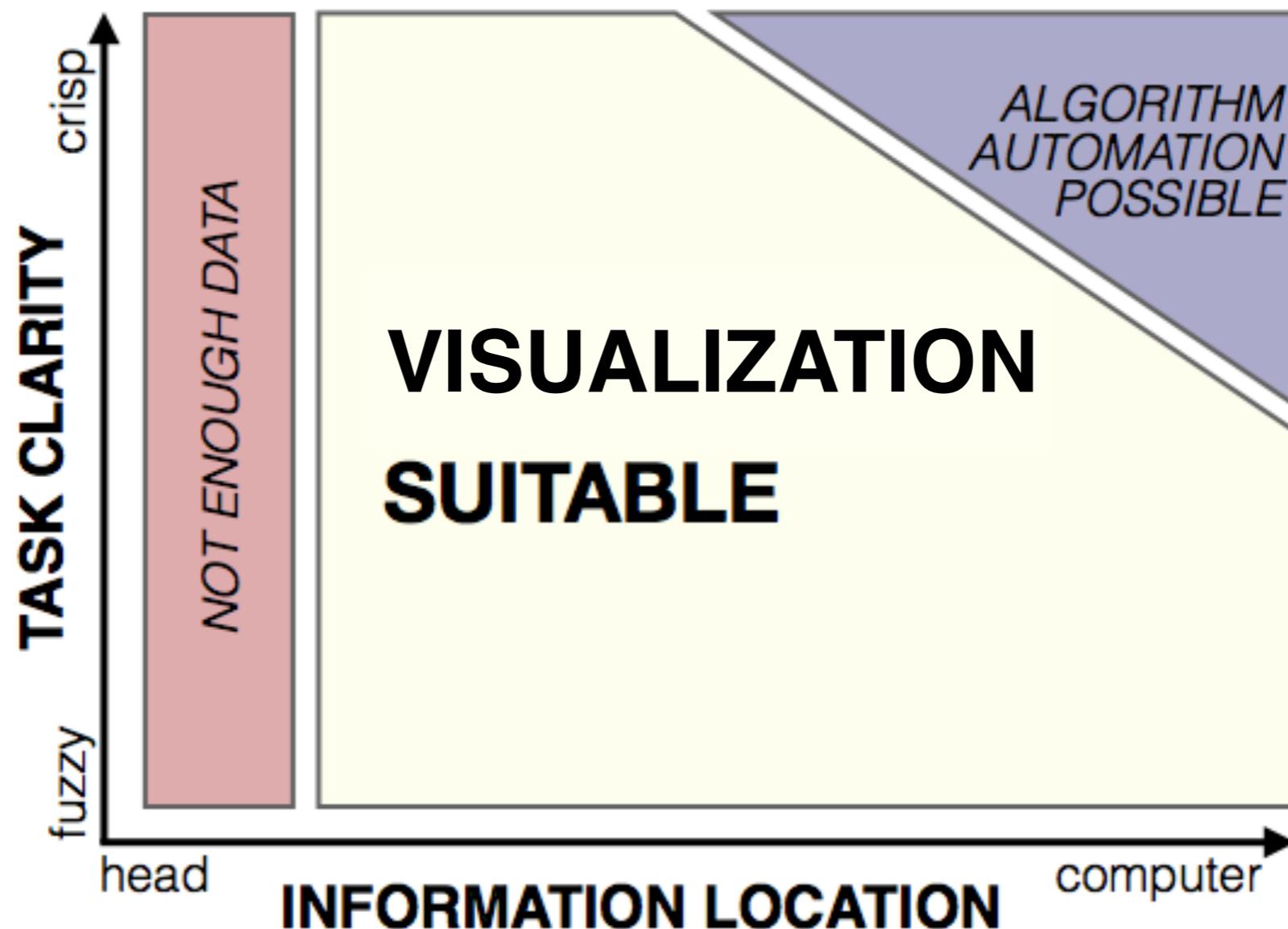
Imagine a system to analyze large amounts of data. Collect and discuss arguments answering the questions:

Why would you have a human in the loop?



Why would you have a computer in the loop?

Is visualization the appropriate method to solve the problem?



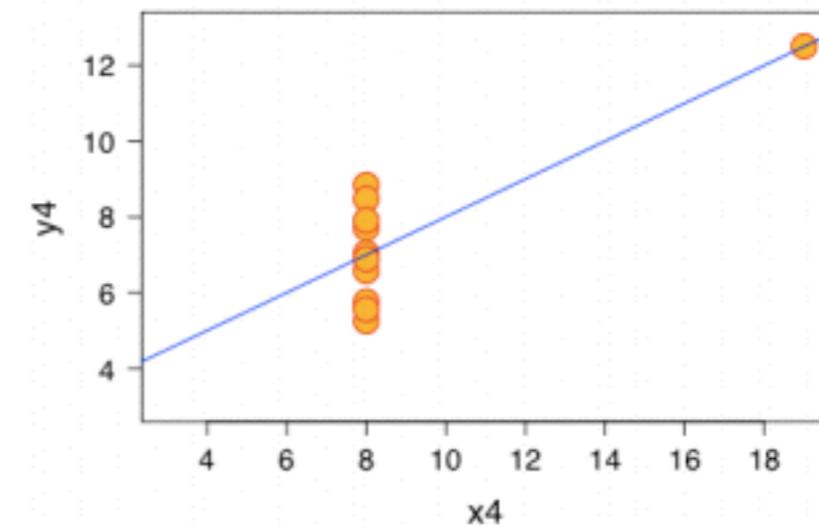
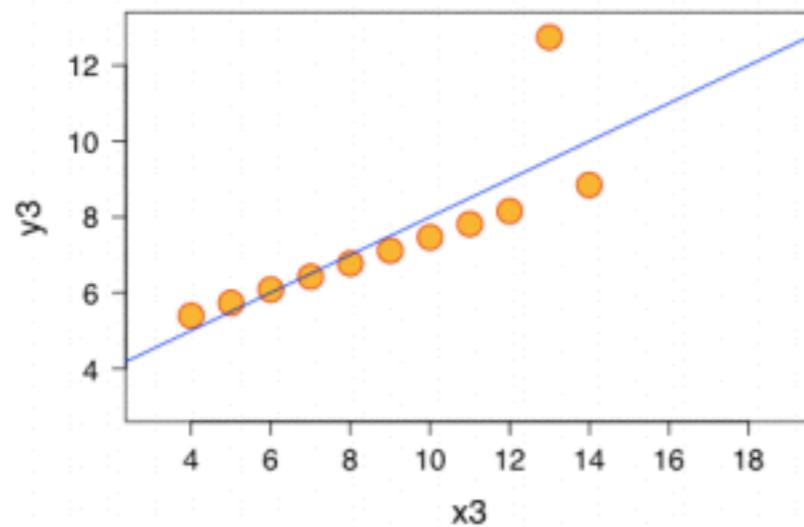
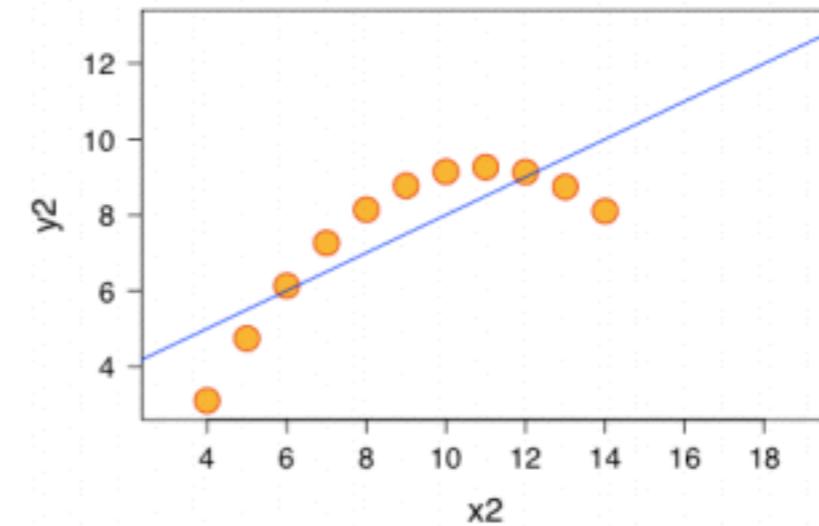
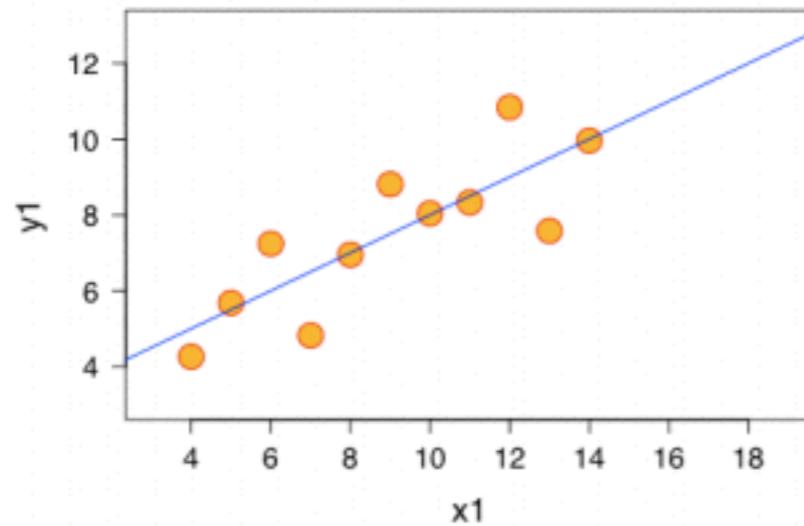
Anscombe's Quartet

Anscombe's Quartet: Raw Data

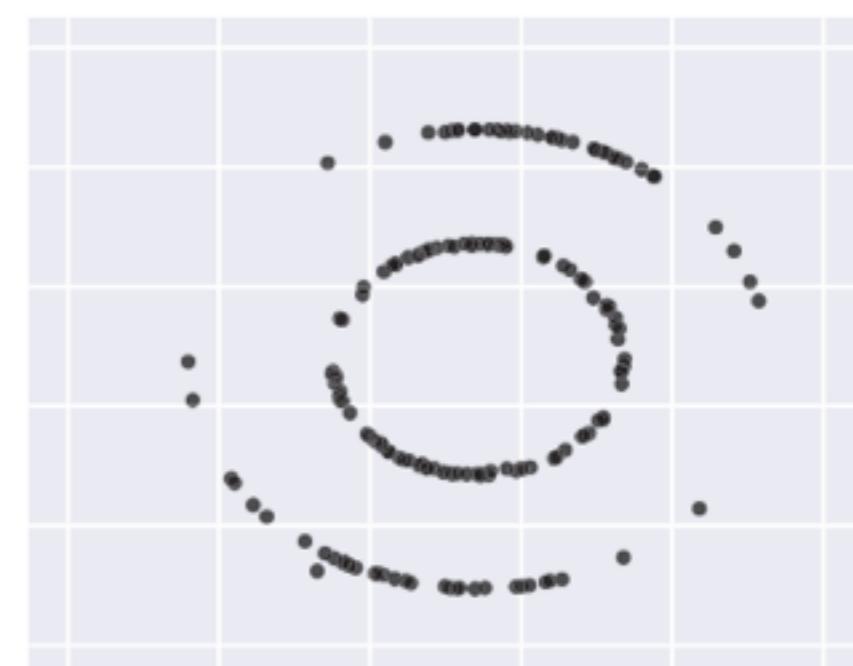
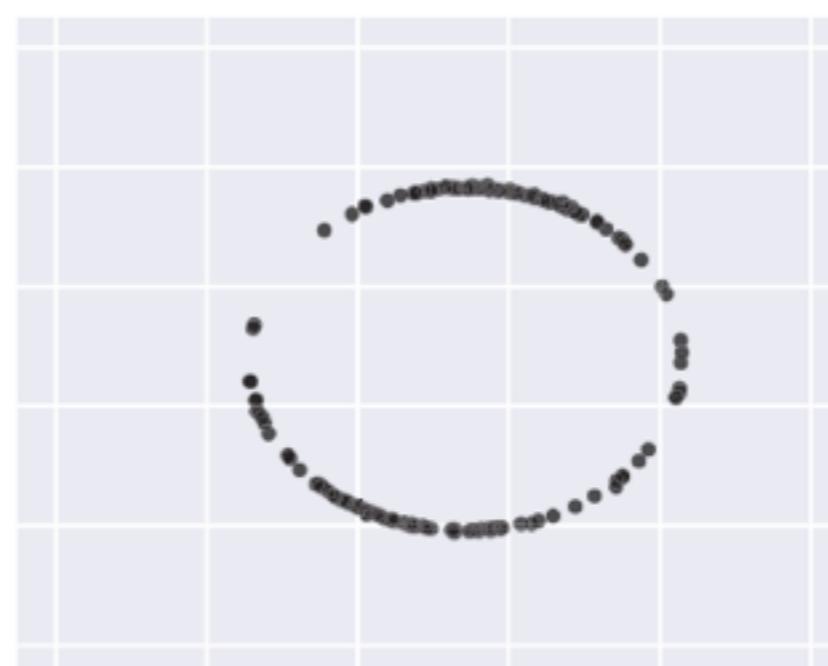
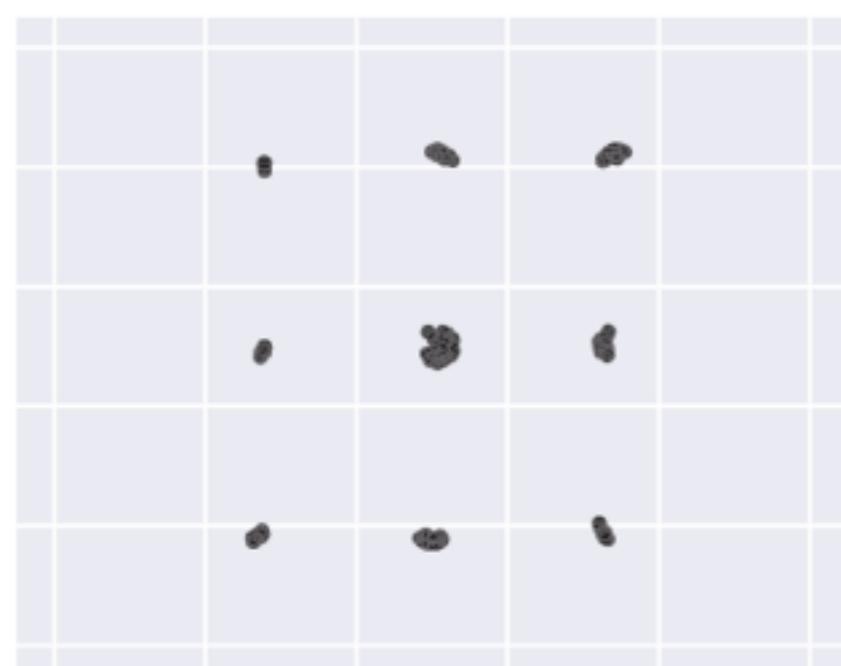
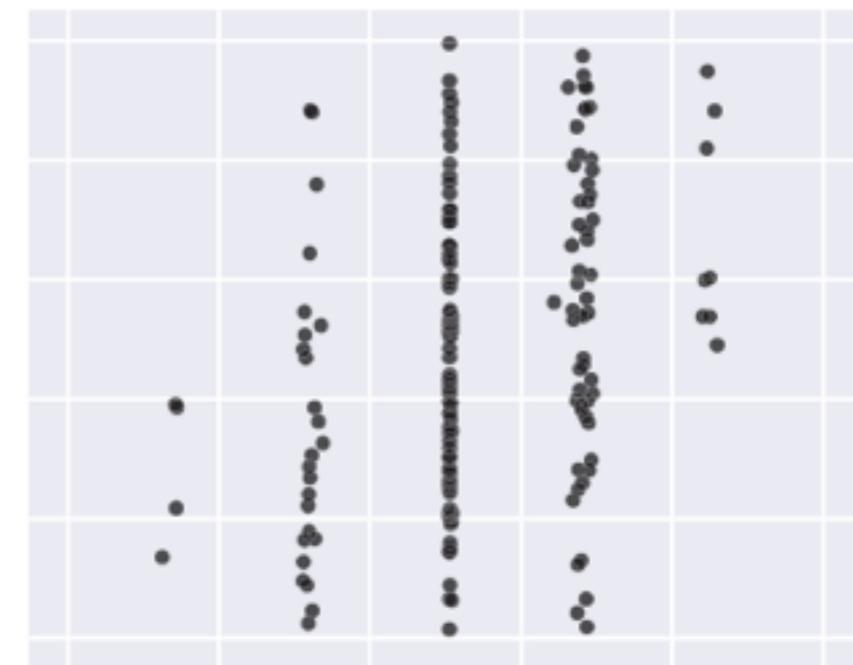
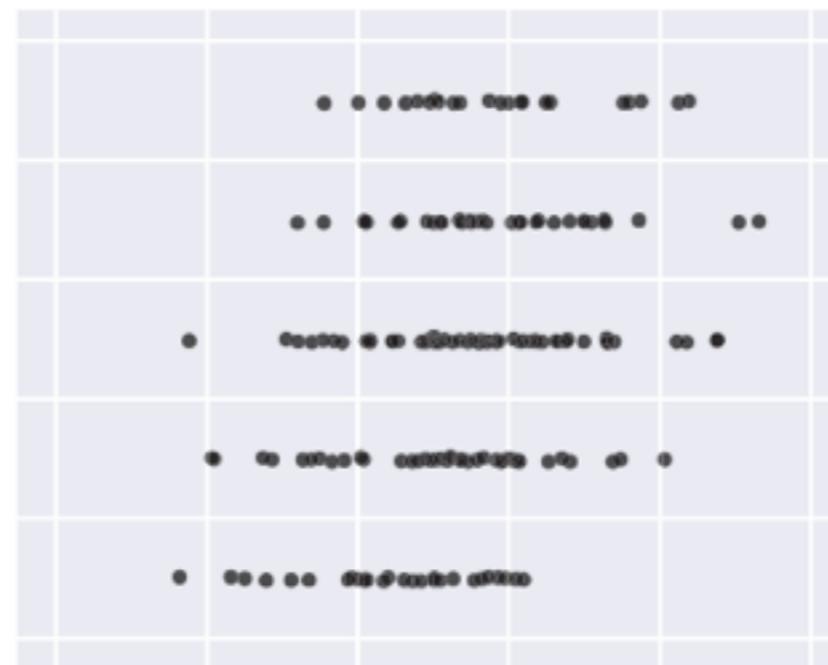
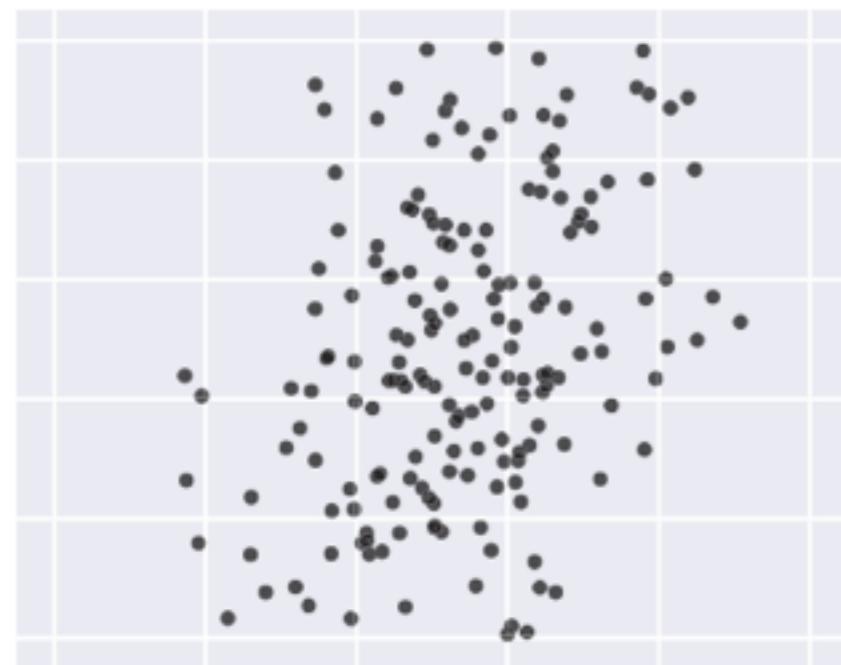
I		II		III		IV		
x	y	x	y	x	y	x	y	
10.0	8.04	10.0	9.14	10.0	7.46	8.0	6.58	
8.0	6.95	8.0	8.14	8.0	6.77	8.0	5.76	
13.0	7.58	13.0	8.74	13.0	12.74	8.0	7.71	
9.0	8.81	9.0	8.77	9.0	7.11	8.0	8.84	
11.0	8.33	11.0	9.26	11.0	7.81	8.0	8.47	
14.0	9.96	14.0	8.10	14.0	8.84	8.0	7.04	
6.0	7.24	6.0	6.13	6.0	6.08	8.0	5.25	
4.0	4.26	4.0	3.10	4.0	5.39	19.0	12.50	
12.0	10.84	12.0	9.13	12.0	8.15	8.0	5.56	
7.0	4.82	7.0	7.26	7.0	6.42	8.0	7.91	
5.0	5.08	5.0	4.74	5.0	5.73	8.0	6.89	
mean	9.0	7.5	9.0	7.5	9.0	7.5	9.0	7.5
var.	10.0	3.75	10.0	3.75	10.0	3.75	10.0	3.75
corr.		0.816		0.816		0.816		0.816

Anscombe's Quartet

Same mean, variance, correlation, and linear regression line



Same Stats, Different Graphs



Daniel Simons 1998

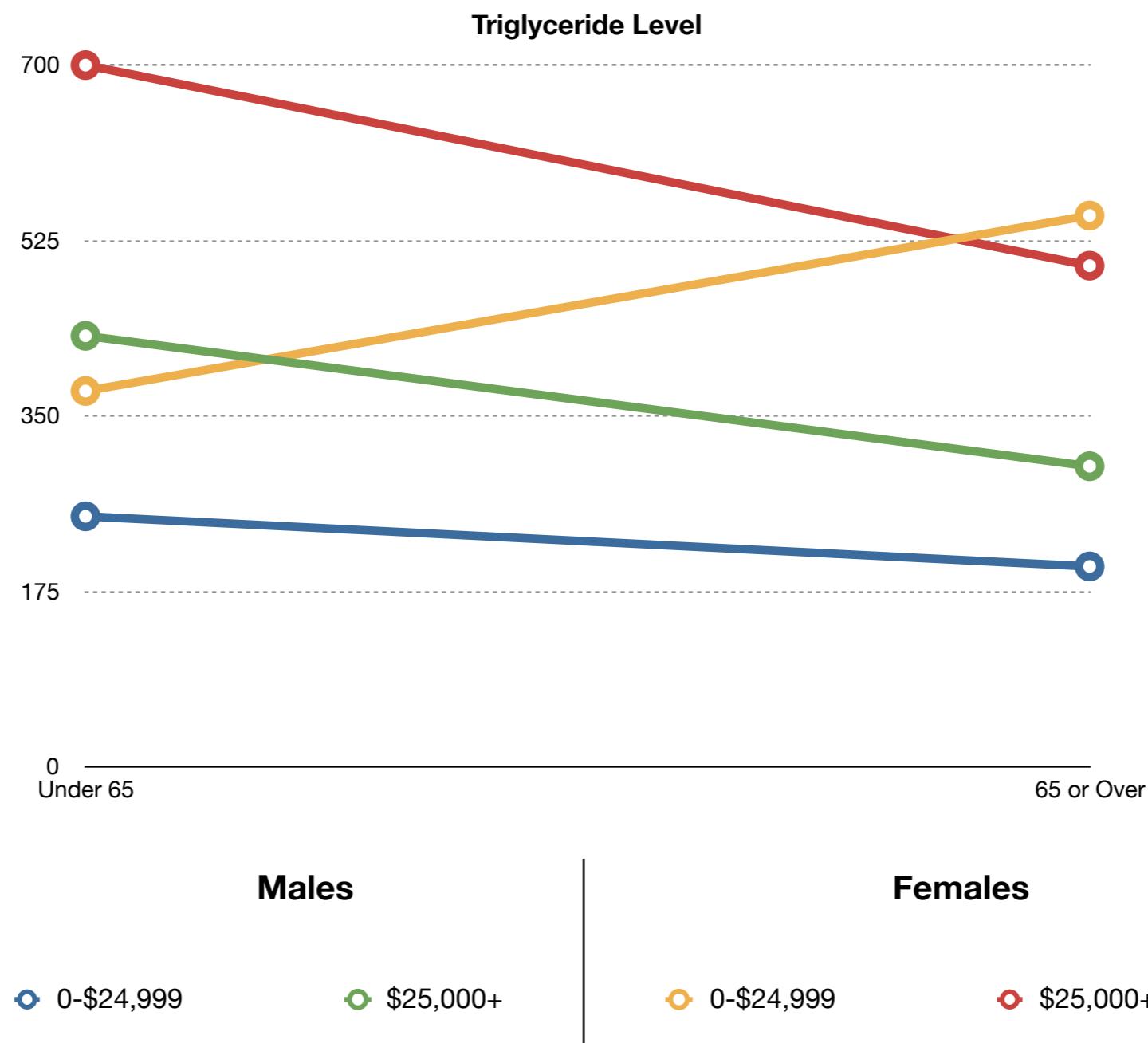


The power of graphical representations of data

Income Group	Males		Females	
	Under 65	65 or Over	Under 65	65 or Over
0-\$24,999	250	200	375	550
\$25,000+	430	300	700	500

Which gender or income level group shows different effects of age on cholesterol levels?

The power of graphical representations of data



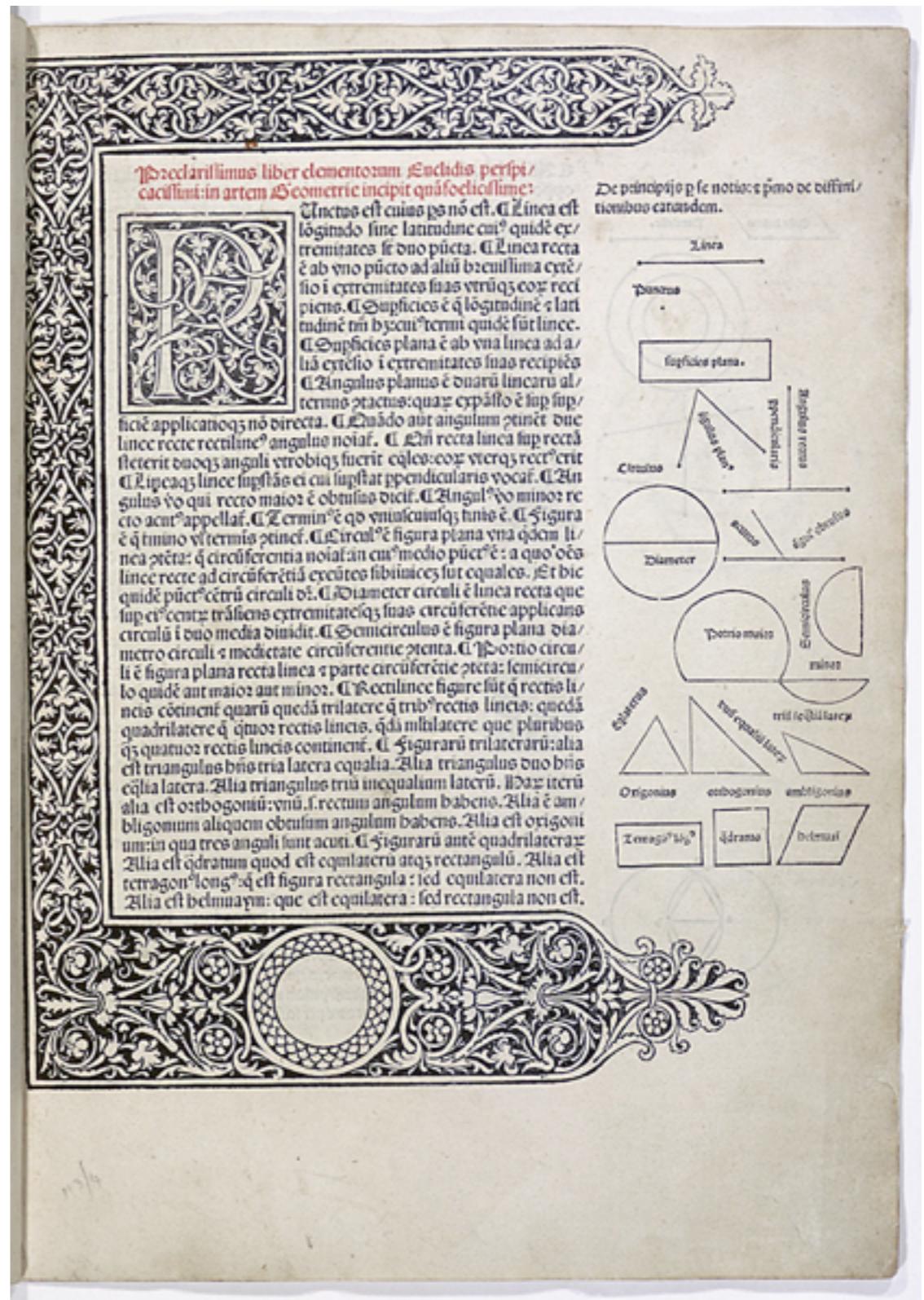
The power of perception

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ARDCAIREQGHLVKMFPSTWYARN
GFPSVCEILQGKMFPSNDRCEQDIFP
SGHLMFHKMVPSTWYACEQTWRN

The power of perception

MTHIVLVWYADCEQGHKILKMTWYN
ARDCAIREQGHLVKMFPSTWYARN
GFPSVCEILQGKMFPSNDRCEQDIFPS
GHLMFHKMVPSTWYACEQTWRN

Extending our cognitive powers





“Visualization is really about **external cognition**, that is, how resources outside the mind can be used to boost the cognitive capabilities of the mind.”

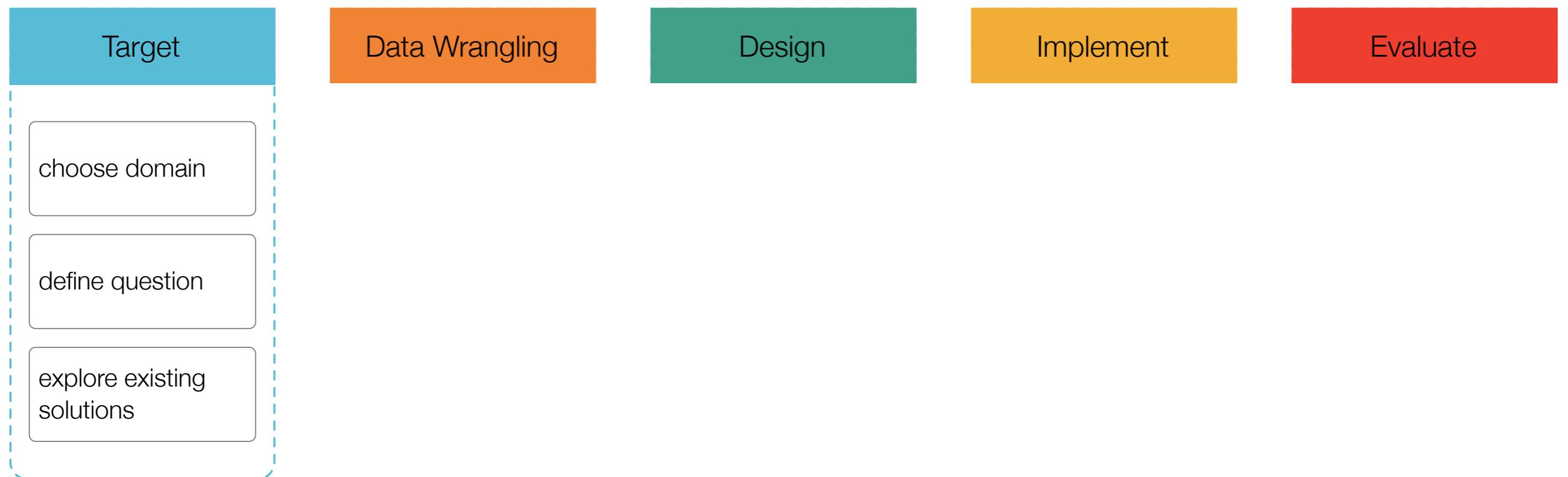
—Stuart Card

Overview of the Visualization Process

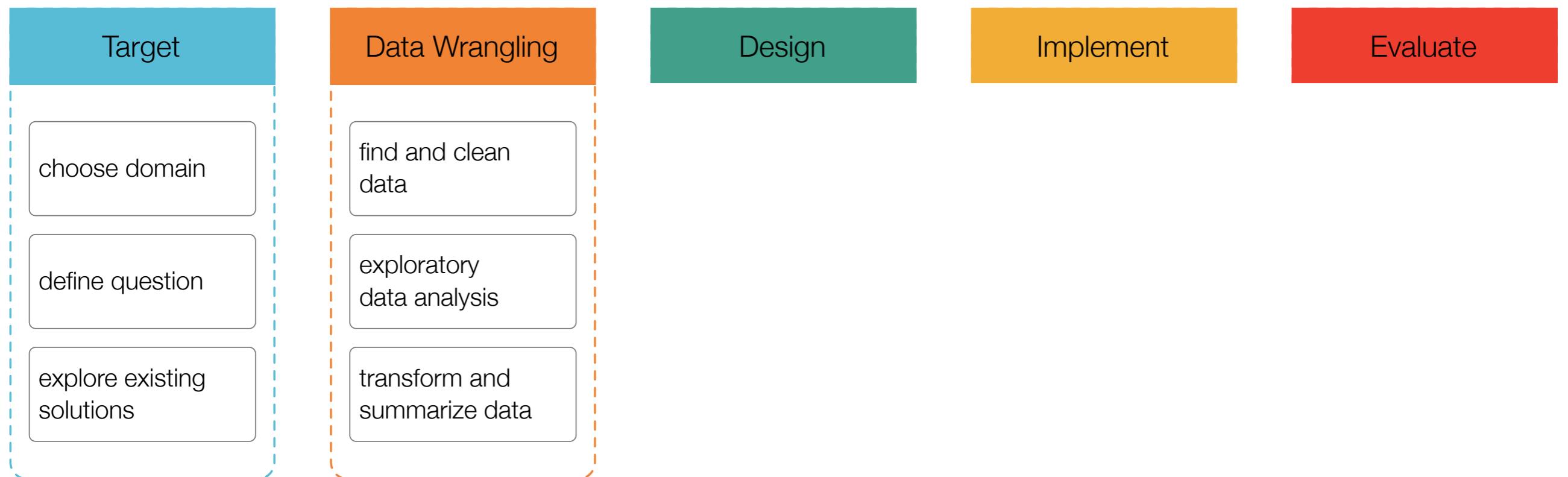
5-Step Model



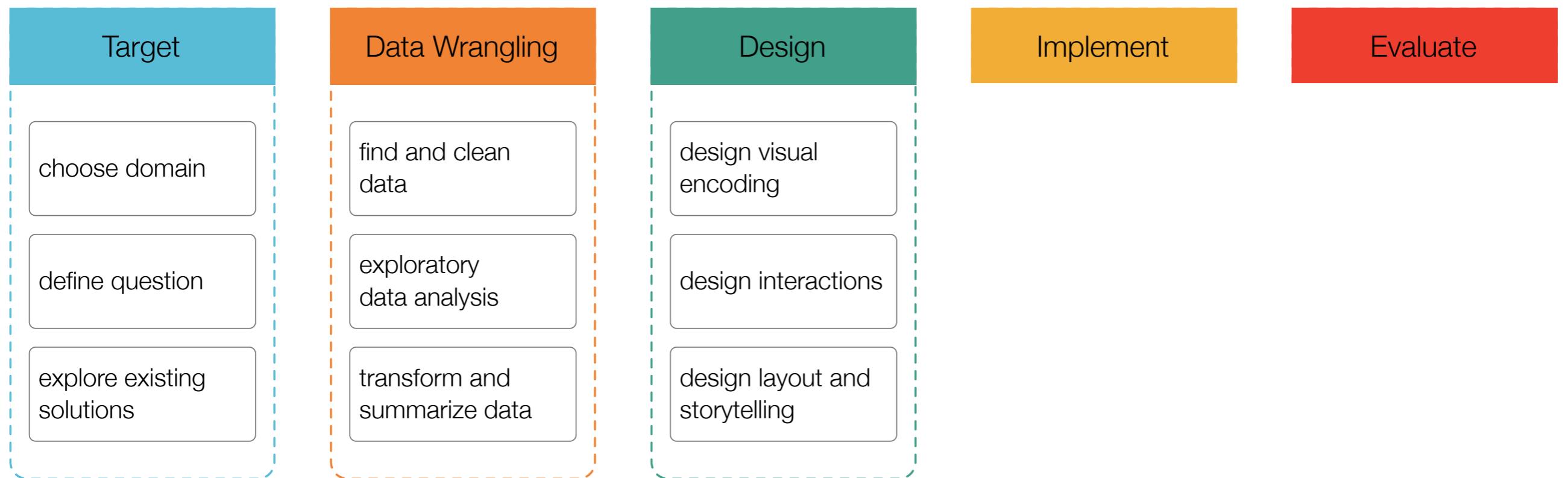
Our Model



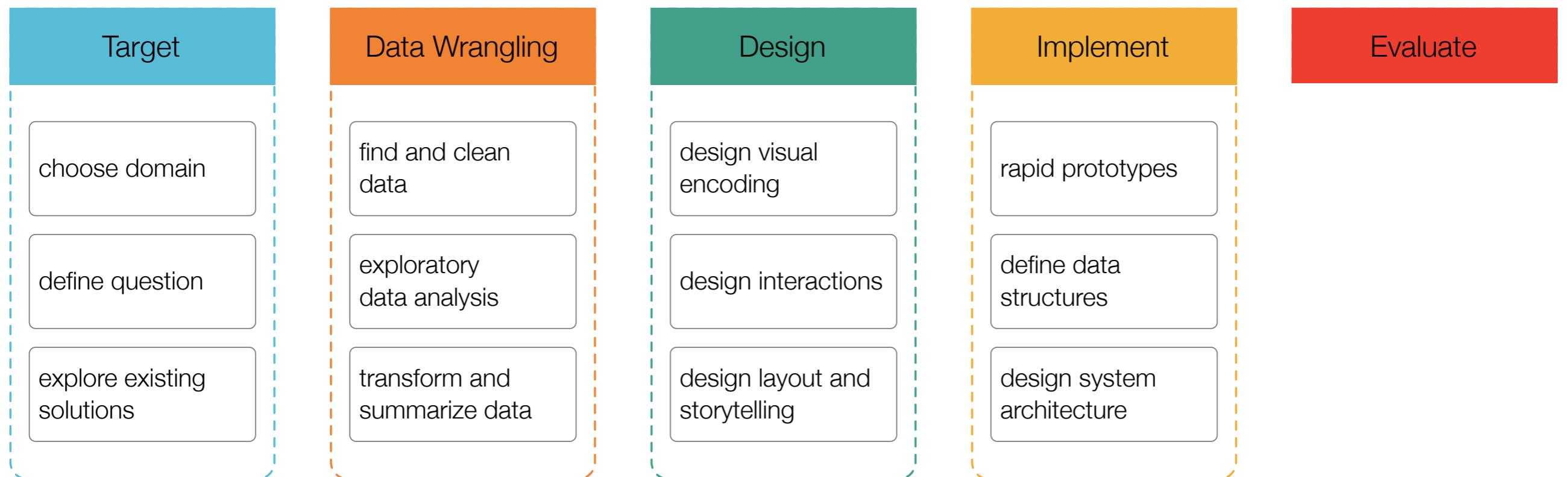
Our Model



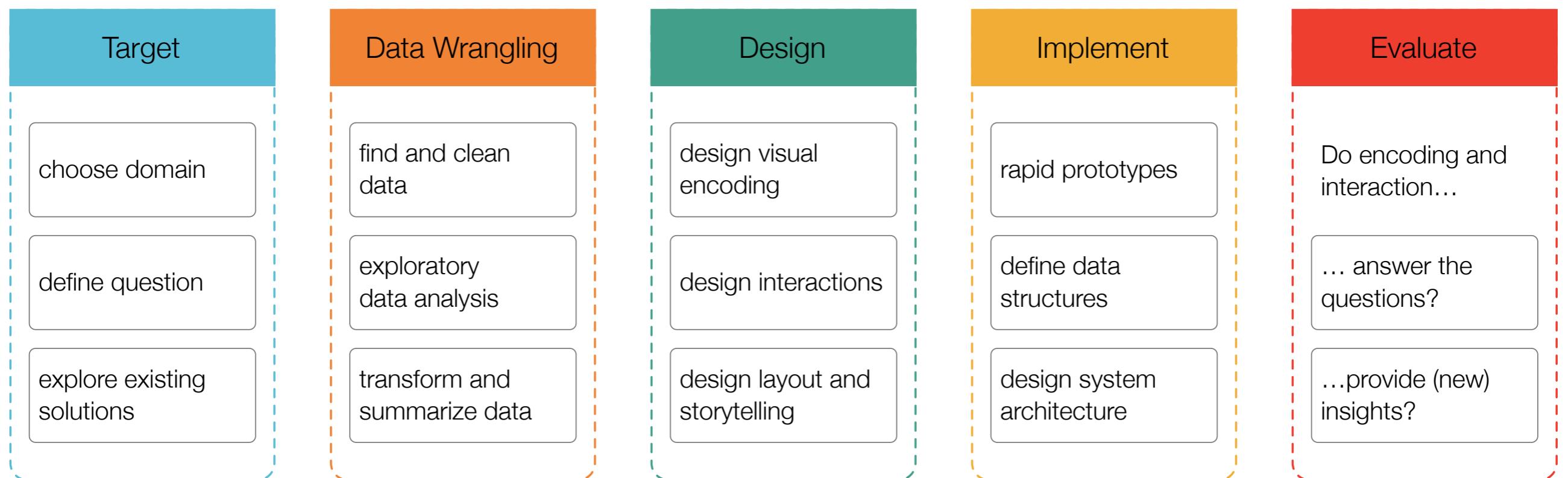
Our Model



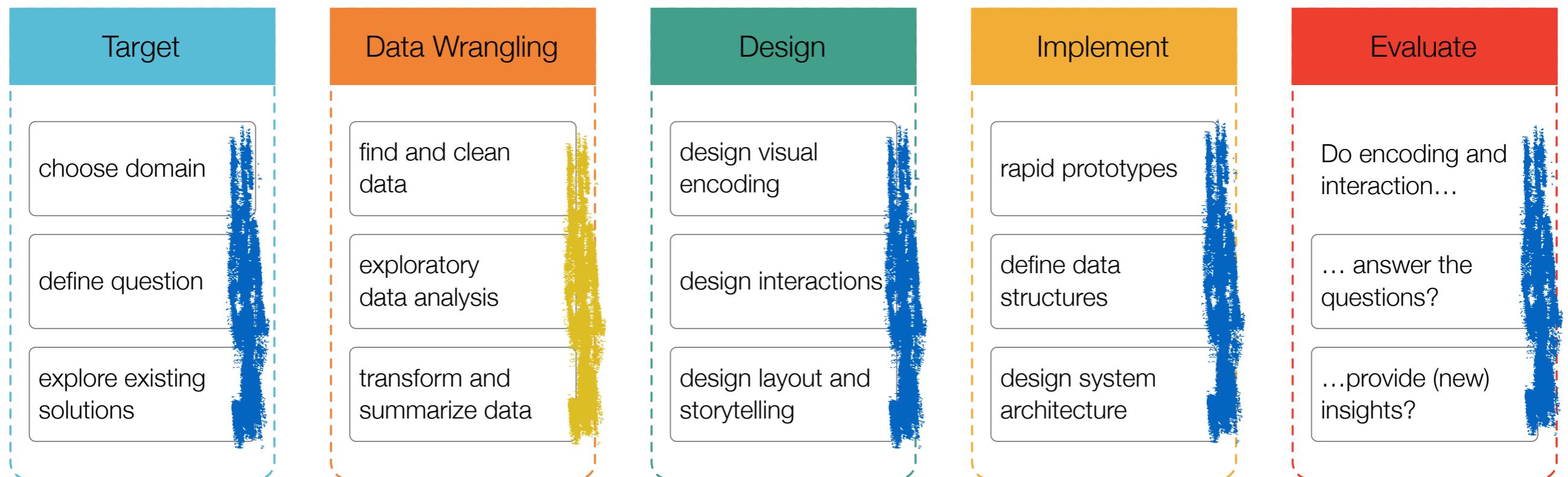
Our Model



Our Model



This Course

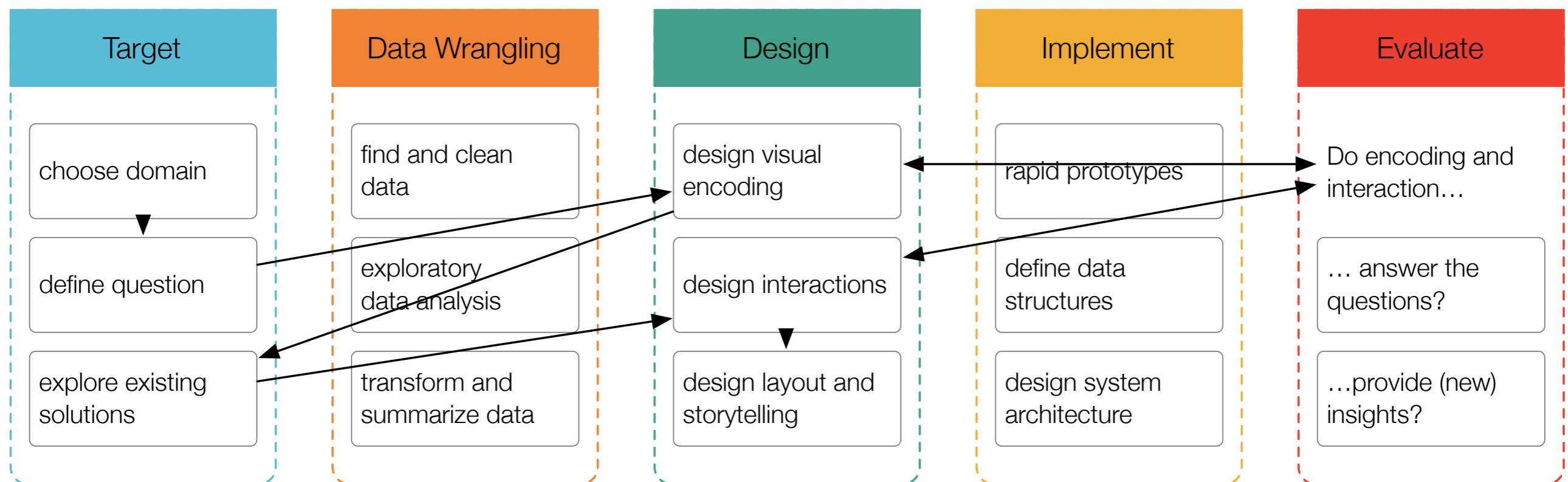


CS109 (www.cs109.org)



CS171 (www.cs171.org)

In Reality...

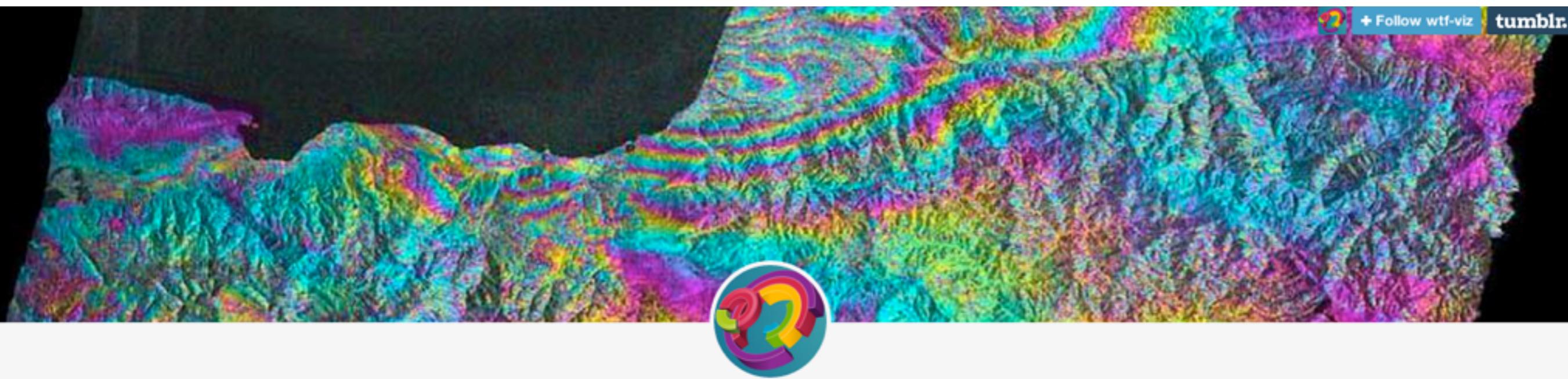


Design

“Design is a word that's come to mean so much that it's also a word that has come to mean nothing.”

–Johathan Ive

<http://wtfviz.net/>

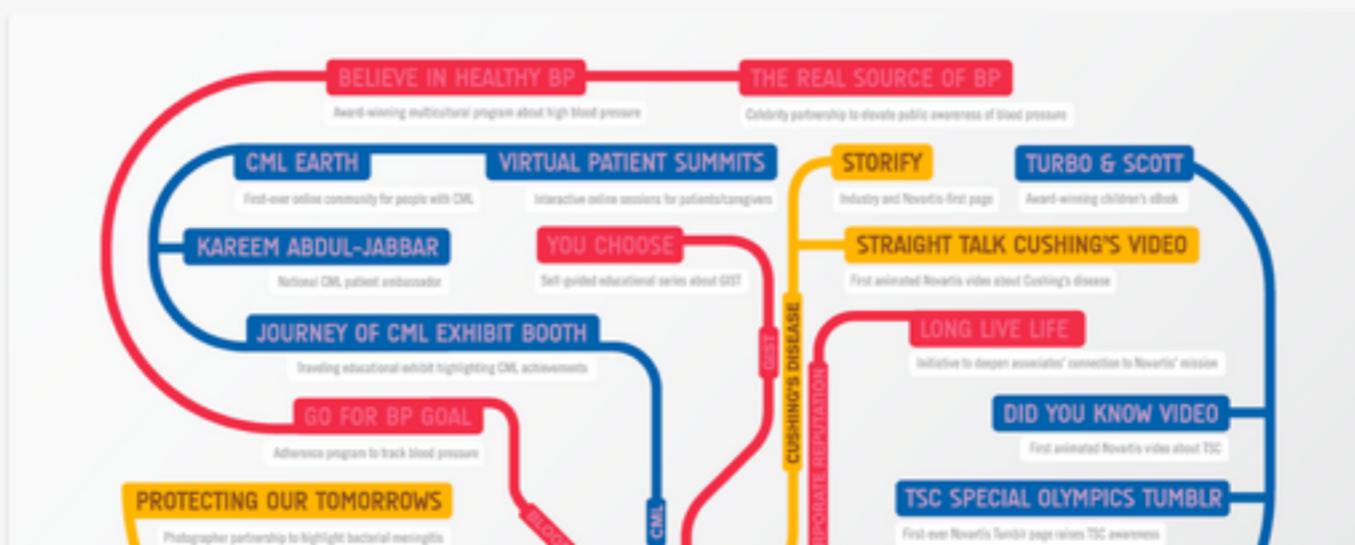


WTF Visualizations

Visualizations that make no sense.

For a discussion of what is wrong with a particular visualization, tweet at us [@WTFViz](#).

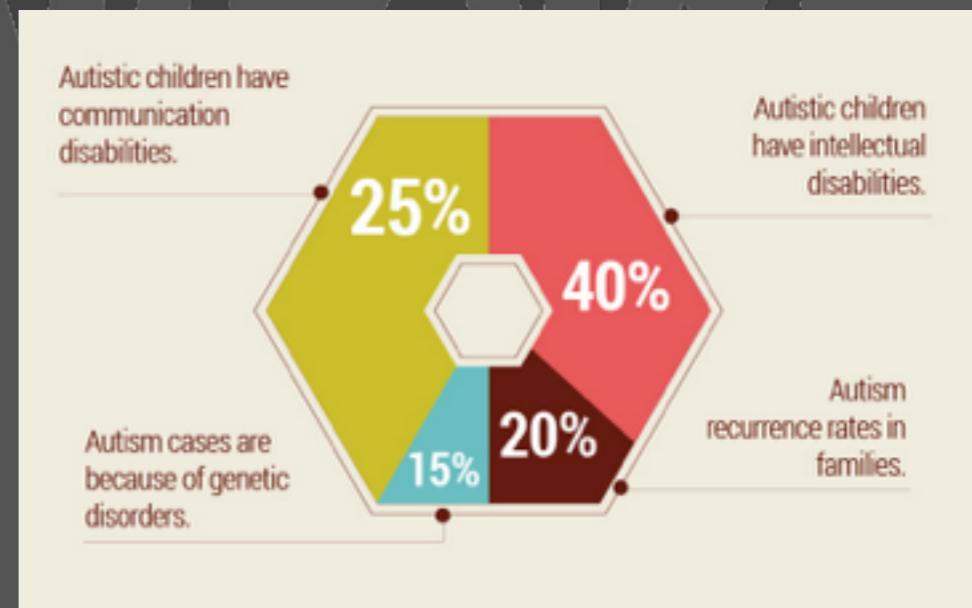
Check out our friends [Thumbs Up Viz](#) and [accidental aRt](#), or [submit](#).



Activity

Critique the following visualization answering the questions:

- What questions does this visualization answer?
- Why do you like / dislike about this visualization?

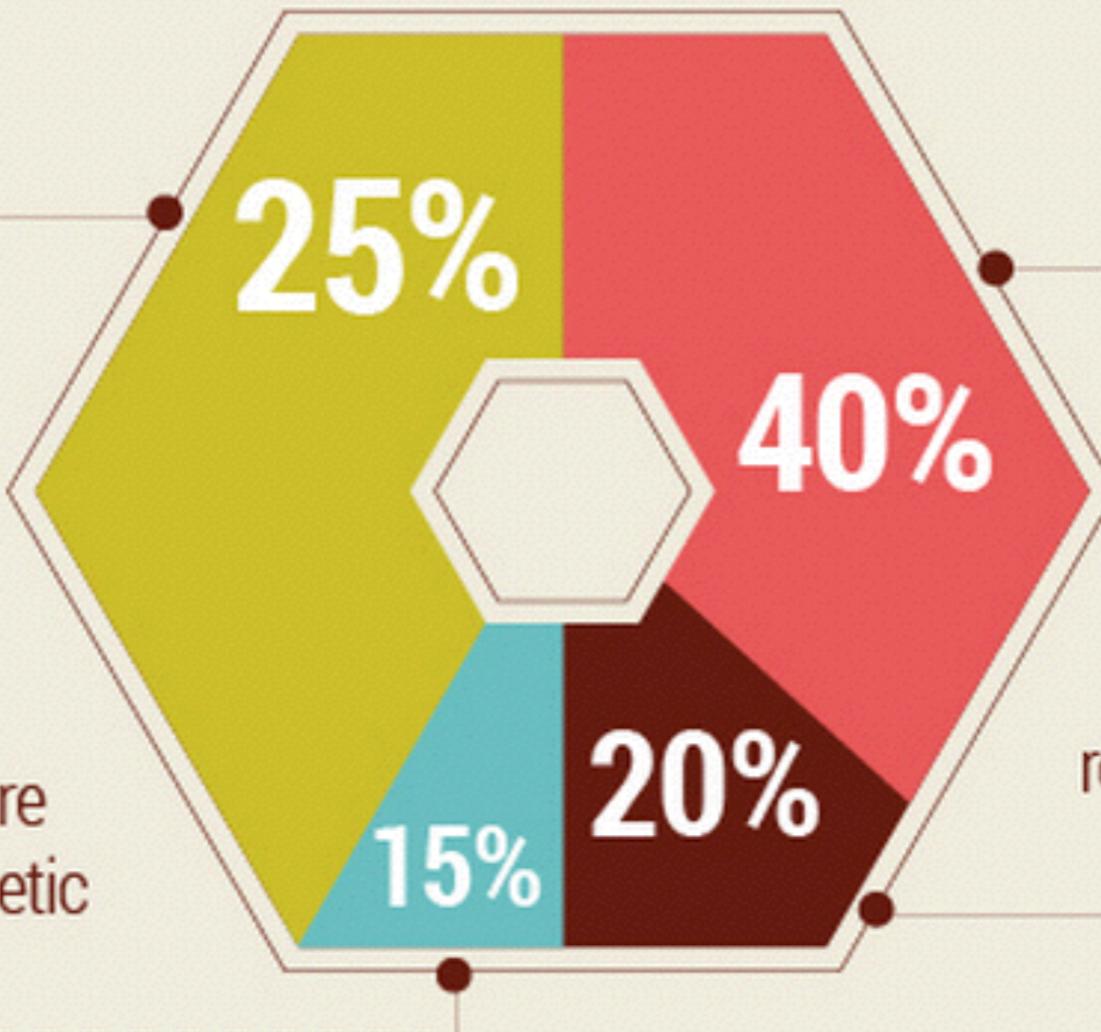


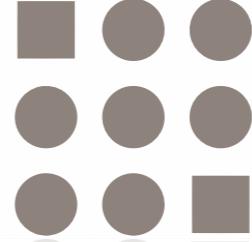
Autistic children have communication disabilities.

Autistic children have intellectual disabilities.

Autism cases are because of genetic disorders.

Autism recurrence rates in families.



CS 171 

Please fill out the 1-minute paper!

Available on Canvas, open until midnight tonight!

Homework



- HW 0 due **Monday** including enrollment survey

Lab (next Tuesday)



- HTML / CSS / DOM
- **Reading and Pre-Quiz:** Murray, Chapter 3 (p. 17-36)

Lecture (next Thursday)



- Design & Design Principles
- **Reading and Pre-Quiz:** Ware, Chapter 8