
Foundations for Natural Language Processing

Lecture 15

Syntax and Parsing (part 2)

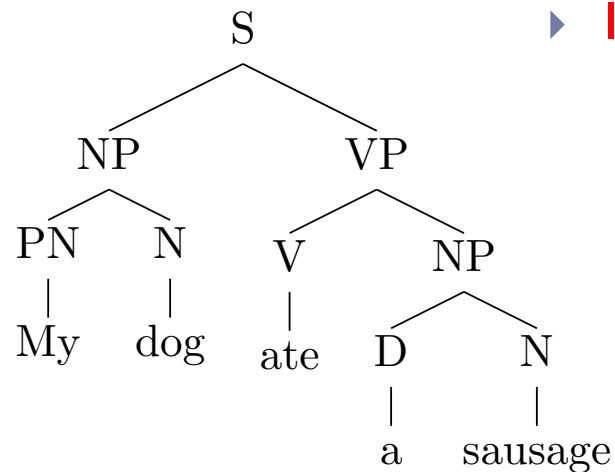
Ivan Titov



Last time

- ▶ We discussed syntax and ambiguity
- ▶ Context free grammars
- ▶ Classes of parsing algorithms
- ▶ Today:
 - ▶ CKY algorithm
 - ▶ Probabilistic CFGs, and CKY for PCFGs

Recap: Constituent trees



- Internal nodes correspond to phrases

S – a sentence

NP (Noun Phrase): My dog, a sandwich, lakes, ..

VP (Verb Phrase): ate a sausage, barked, ...

PP (Prepositional phrases): with a friend, in a car, ...

- Nodes immediately above words are PoS tags

PN – pronoun

D – determiner

V – verb

N – noun

P – preposition

Recap: An example grammar

$V = \{S, VP, NP, PP, N, V, PN, P\}$

$\Sigma = \{girl, telescope, sandwich, I, saw, ate, with, in, a, the\}$

$S = \{S\}$

$R :$

Inner rules

$S \rightarrow NP VP$ (NP A girl) (VP ate a sandwich)

$VP \rightarrow V$

$VP \rightarrow V NP$ (V ate) (NP a sandwich)

$VP \rightarrow VP PP$ (VP saw a girl) (PP with a telescope)

$NP \rightarrow NP PP$ (NP a girl) (PP with a sandwich)

$NP \rightarrow D N$ (D a) (N sandwich)

$NP \rightarrow PN$

$PP \rightarrow P NP$ (P with) (NP with a sandwich)

Preterminal rules

$N \rightarrow girl$

$N \rightarrow telescope$

$N \rightarrow sandwich$

$PN \rightarrow I$

$V \rightarrow saw$

$V \rightarrow ate$

$P \rightarrow with$

$P \rightarrow in$

$D \rightarrow a$

$D \rightarrow the$

CKY algorithm (aka CYK)

- ▶ **Cocke-Kasami-Younger** algorithm
 - ▶ Independently discovered in late 60s / early 70s
- ▶ An efficient bottom-up parsing algorithm for CFGs
 - ▶ can be used both for the recognition and parsing problems
- ▶ Very important in NLP (and beyond)
- ▶ As we will see, it is generalizable to probabilistic modeling / PCFGs

Constraints on the grammar

- ▶ The basic CKY algorithm supports only rules in the **Chomsky Normal Form (CNF)**:

$$C \rightarrow x$$

Unary **preterminal** rules, generation of words given PoS tags

$D \rightarrow the$ $N \rightarrow telescope$

$$C \rightarrow C_1 C_2$$

Binary **inner** rules (e.g., $S \rightarrow NP VP$, $NP \rightarrow D N$)

Constraints on the grammar

- ▶ The basic CKY algorithm supports only rules in the **Chomsky Normal Form (CNF)**:

$$C \rightarrow x$$

Unary **preterminal** rules, generation of words given PoS tags

$D \rightarrow the$ $N \rightarrow telescope$

$$C \rightarrow C_1 C_2$$

Binary **inner** rules (e.g., $S \rightarrow NP VP$, $NP \rightarrow D N$)

- ▶ Any CFG can be converted to an equivalent CNF
 - ▶ Equivalent means that they define **the same language**
 - ▶ However (syntactic) **trees will look differently**
 - ▶ It is possible to address it but defining such transformations that allows for easy **reverse transformation**

Transformation to CNF form

► What one need to do to convert to CNF form

- Get rid of empty (aka epsilon) productions: $C \rightarrow \epsilon$
- Get rid of unary rules: $C \rightarrow C_1$
- N-ary rules: $C \rightarrow C_1 C_2 \dots C_n \ (n > 2)$

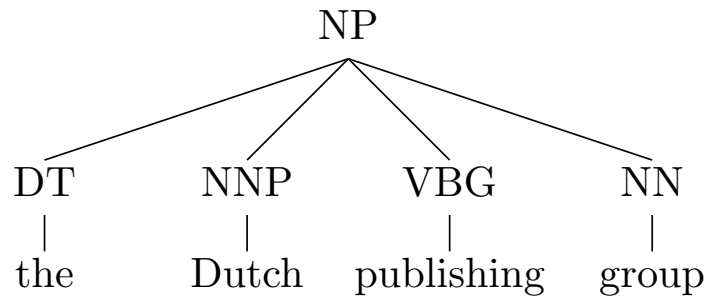
Generally not a problem as there are no empty production in the standard treebanks (or they can be disregarded)

Not a problem, as our CKY algorithm will support unary rules

Crucial to process them, as required for efficient parsing

Transformation to CNF form: binarization

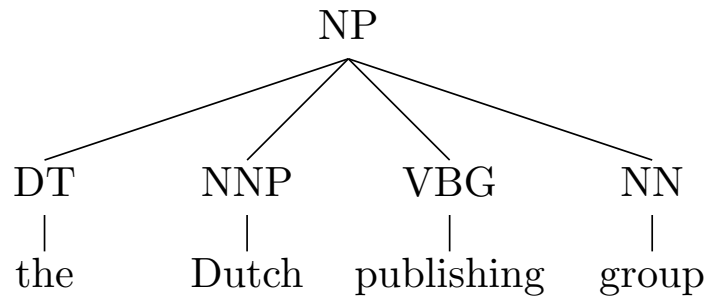
- ▶ **Consider** $NP \rightarrow DT\ NNP\ VBG\ NN$



- ▶ **How do we get a set of binary rules which are equivalent?**

Transformation to CNF form: binarization

- ▶ **Consider** $NP \rightarrow DT\ NNP\ VBG\ NN$



- ▶ **How do we get a set of binary rules which are equivalent?**

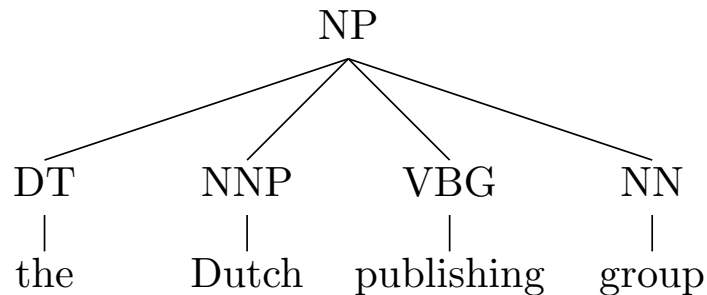
$NP \rightarrow DT\ X$

$X \rightarrow NNP\ Y$

$Y \rightarrow VBG\ NN$

Transformation to CNF form: binarization

- ▶ **Consider** $NP \rightarrow DT \ NNP \ VBG \ NN$



- ▶ **How do we get a set of binary rules which are equivalent?**

$NP \rightarrow DT \ X$

$X \rightarrow NNP \ Y$

$Y \rightarrow VBG \ NN$

- ▶ **A more systematic way to refer to new non-terminals**

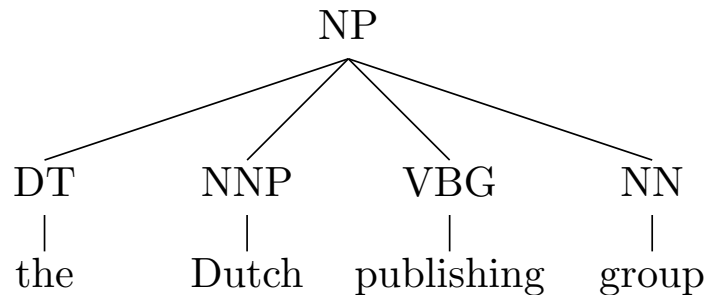
$NP \rightarrow DT \ @NP|DT$

$@NP|DT \rightarrow NNP \ @NP|DT_NNP$

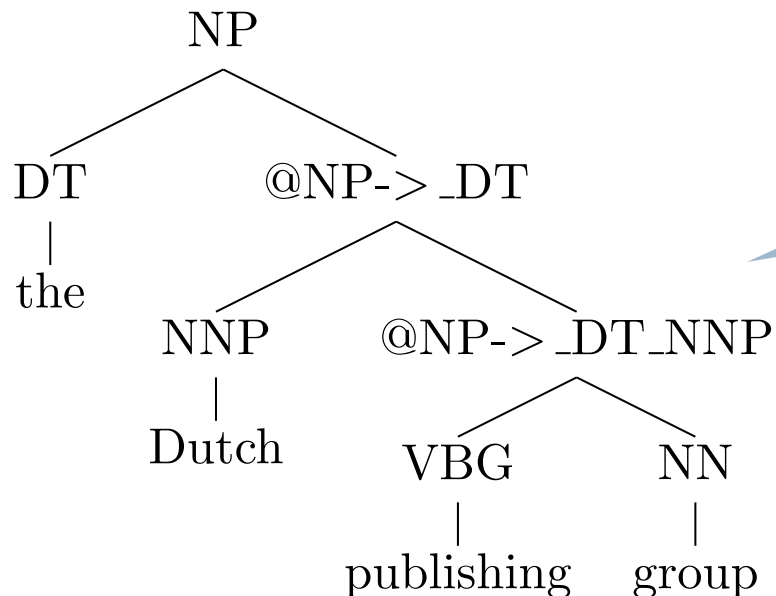
$@NP|DT_NNP \rightarrow VBG \ NN$

Transformation to CNF form: binarization

- Instead of binarizing rules we can binarize trees on preprocessing:



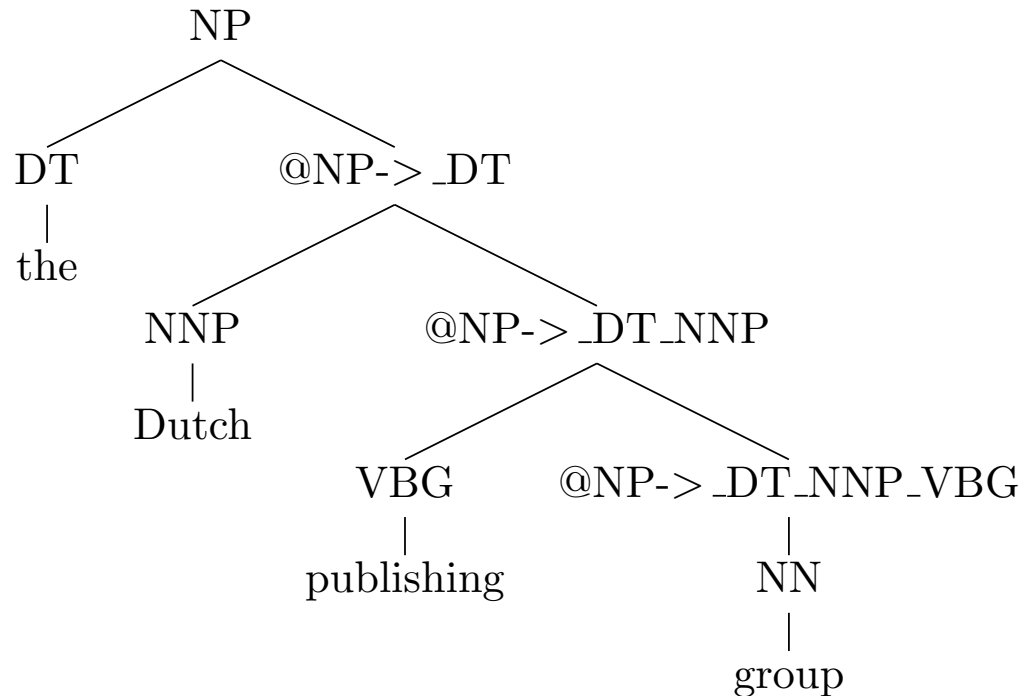
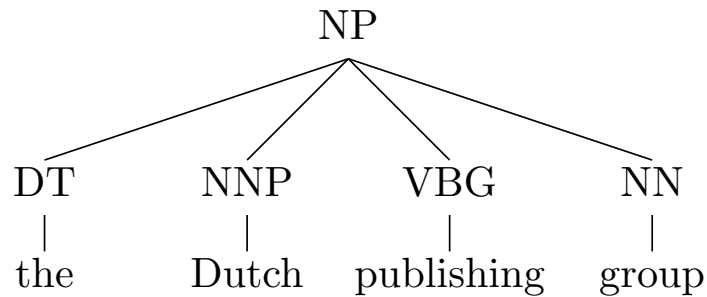
Also known as **lossless Markovization** in the context of PCFGs



Can be easily reversed on postprocessing

Transformation to CNF form: binarization

- Instead of binarizing rules we can binarize trees on preprocessing:



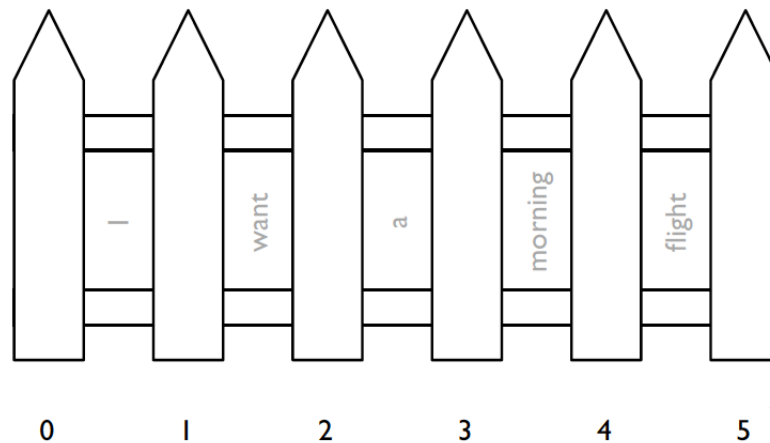
CKY: Parsing task

start symbol

- ▶ We are given
 - ▶ a grammar $G = (V, \Sigma, R, S)$
 - ▶ a sequence of words $w = (w_1, w_2, \dots, w_n)$
- ▶ Our goal is to produce a parse tree for w

CKY: Parsing task

- ▶ We are given
 - ▶ a grammar $G = (V, \Sigma, R, S)$
 - ▶ a sequence of words $w = (w_1, w_2, \dots, w_n)$
- ▶ Our goal is to produce a parse tree for w
- ▶ We need an easy way to refer to substrings of w



span (i, j) refers to words between fence posts i and j

Recall -- Key problems

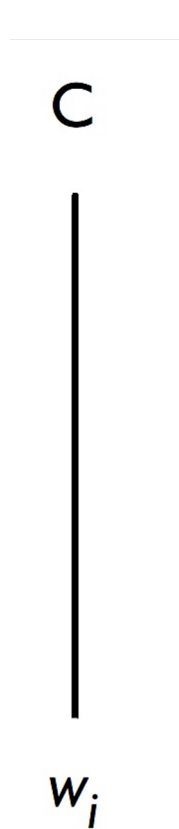
- ▶ **Recognition problem:** does the sentence belong to the language defined by CFG?
 - ▶ Is there a derivation which yields the sentence?
- ▶ **Parsing problem:** what is a derivation (tree) corresponding the sentence?
 - ▶ Probabilistic parsing: what is the most probable tree for the sentence?

Parsing one word

$$C \rightarrow w_i$$

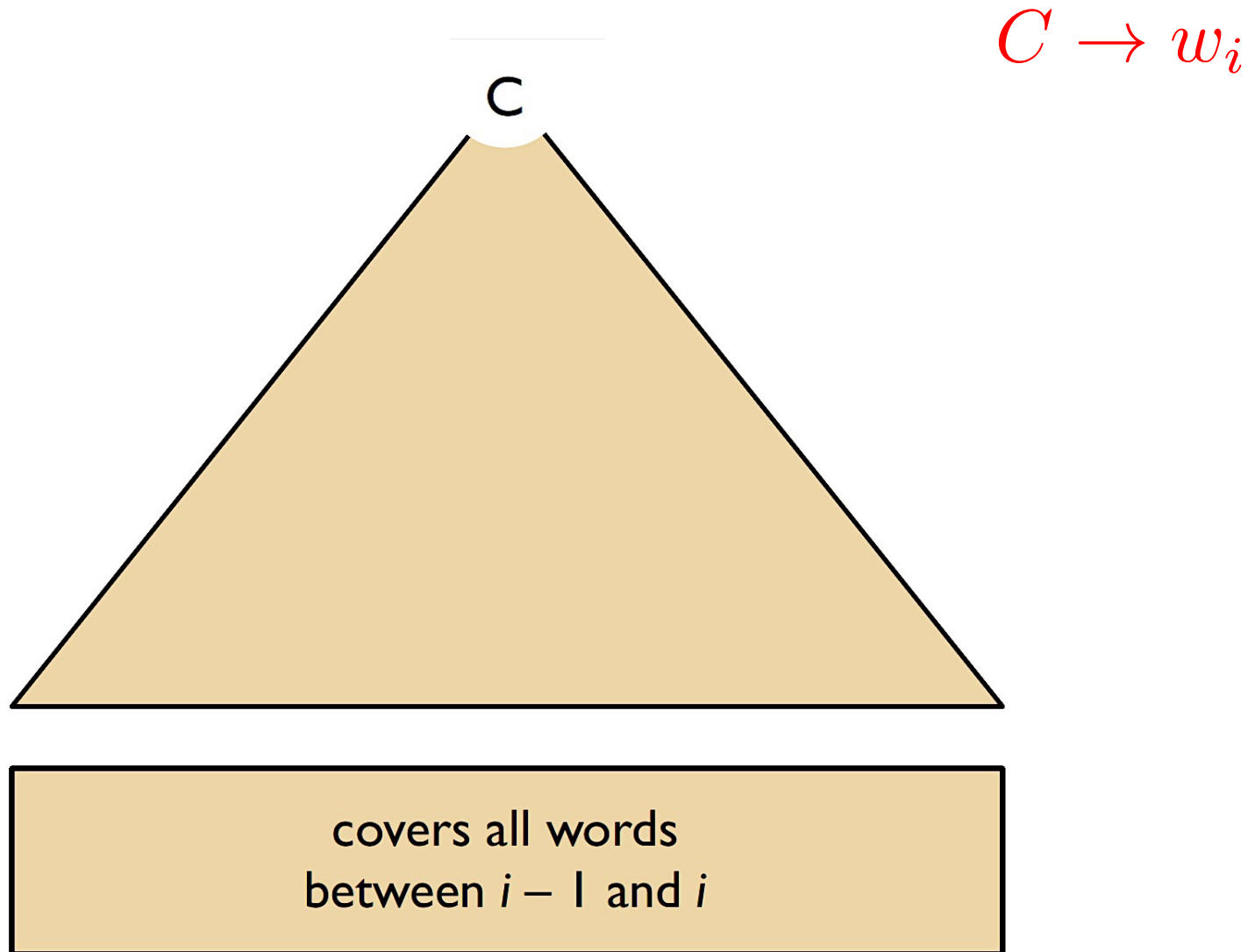
w_i

Parsing one word



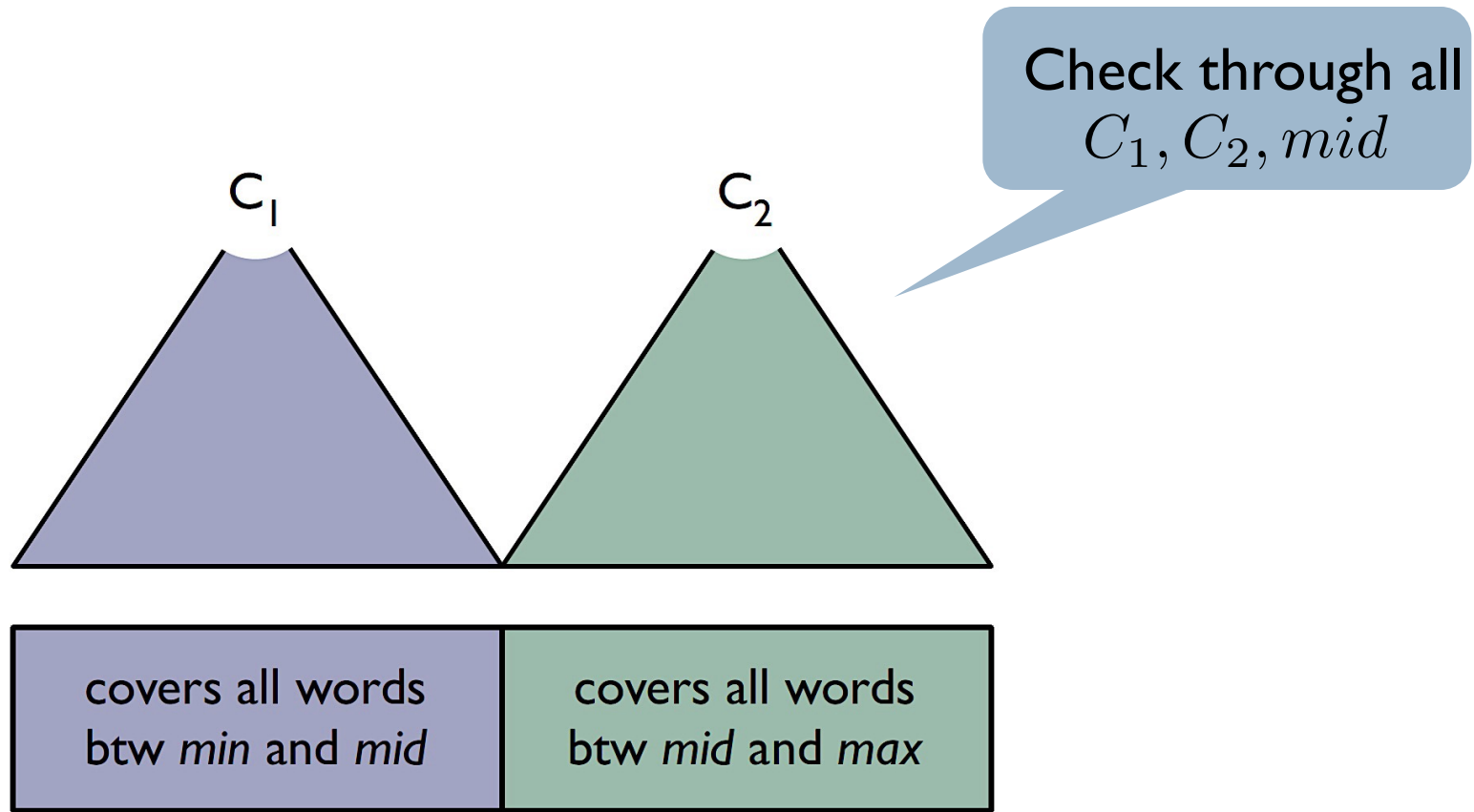
$$C \rightarrow w_i$$

Parsing one word



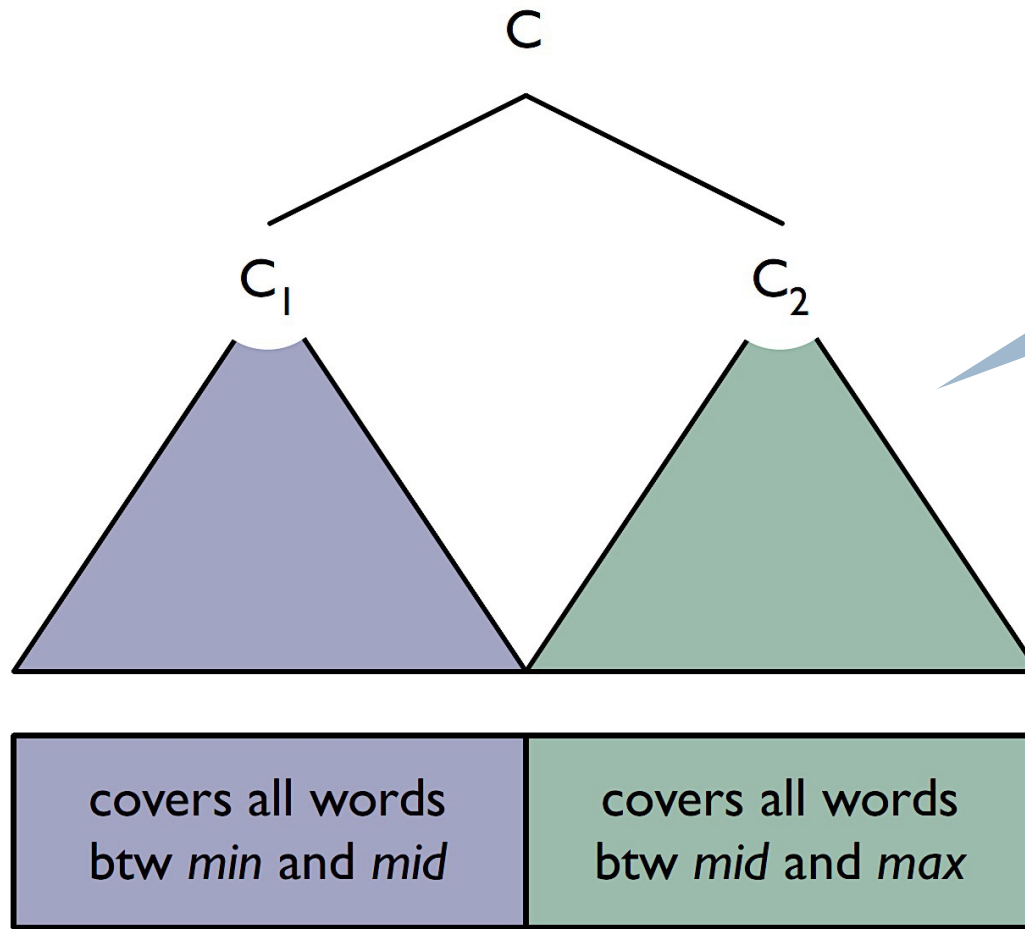
Parsing longer spans

$$C \rightarrow C_1 \ C_2$$



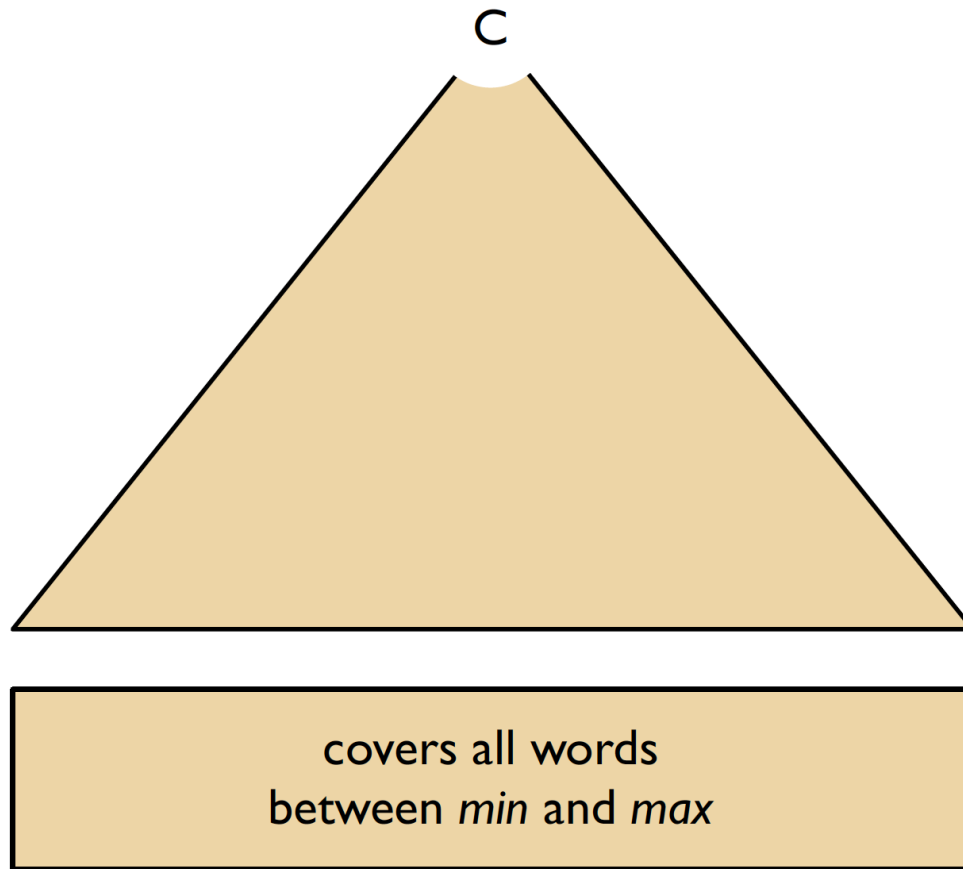
Parsing longer spans

$$C \rightarrow C_1 \ C_2$$



Check through all
 C_1, C_2, mid

Parsing longer spans



Signatures

- ▶ Applications of rules is **independent of inner structure of a parse tree**
- ▶ We only need to know the corresponding span and the root label of the tree
 - ▶ Its signature $[min, max, C]$



Also known as an edge

CKY idea

- ▶ Compute for every span a set of admissible labels (may be empty for some spans)
 - ▶ Start from small trees (single words) and proceed to larger ones
- ▶ When done, check if S is among admissible labels for the whole sentence, if yes – the sentence belong to the language
 - ▶ That is if a tree with signature $[0, n, S]$ exists
- ▶ Unary rules?

CKY in action

	lead		can		poison	
0		1		2		3

$$S \rightarrow NP \ VP$$

$$VP \rightarrow M \ V$$

$$VP \rightarrow V$$

$$NP \rightarrow N$$

$$NP \rightarrow N \ NP$$

Inner rules

$$N \rightarrow can$$

$$N \rightarrow lead$$

$$N \rightarrow poison$$

$$M \rightarrow can$$

$$M \rightarrow must$$

$$V \rightarrow poison$$

$$V \rightarrow lead$$

Preterminal rules

CKY in action

lead	can	poison
0	1	2

	max = 1	max = 2	max = 3
min = 0			<i>S?</i>
min = 1			
min = 2			

Chart (aka
parsing
triangle)

$S \rightarrow NP VP$

$VP \rightarrow M V$

$VP \rightarrow V$

$NP \rightarrow N$

$NP \rightarrow N NP$

$N \rightarrow can$

$N \rightarrow lead$

$N \rightarrow poison$

$M \rightarrow can$

$M \rightarrow must$

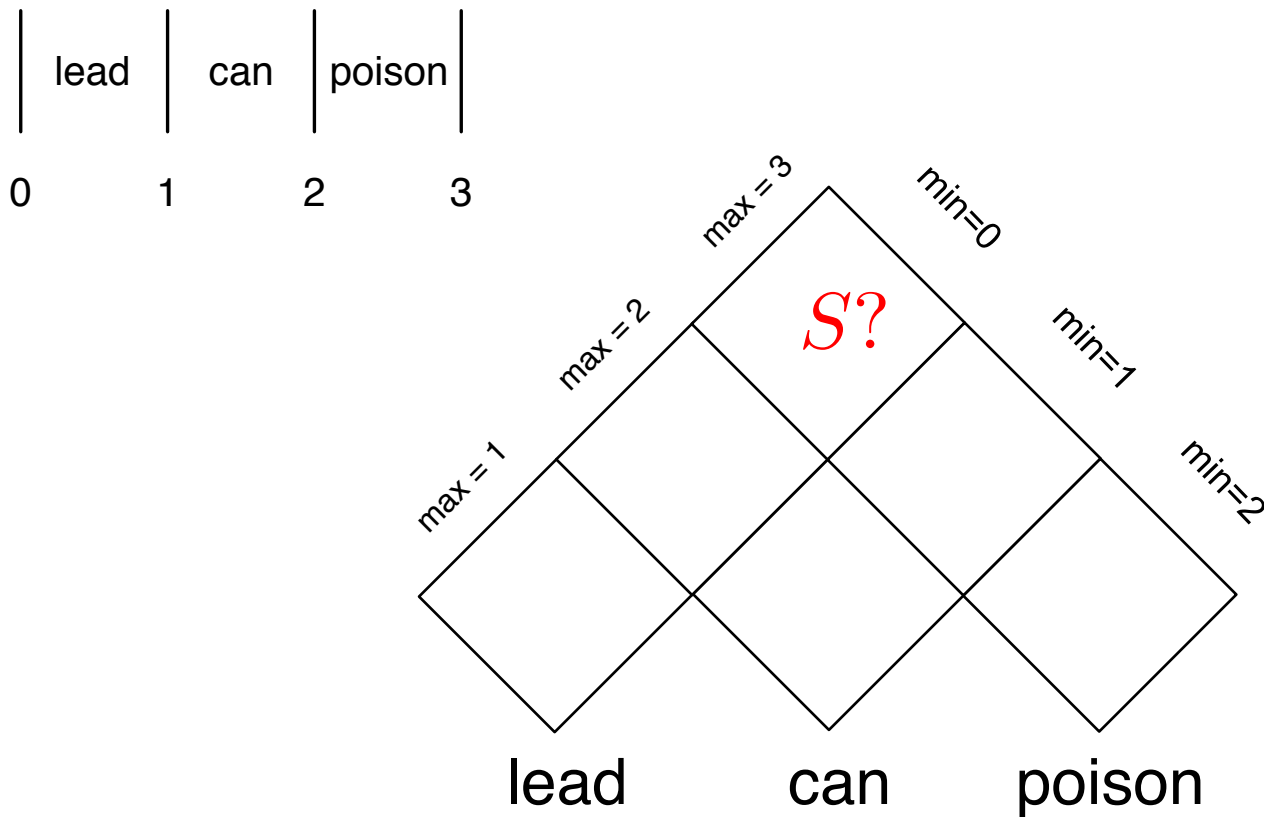
$V \rightarrow poison$

$V \rightarrow lead$

Inner rules

Preterminal rules

CKY in action



$$S \rightarrow NP \ VP$$

$$VP \rightarrow M \ V$$

$$VP \rightarrow V$$

$$NP \rightarrow N$$

$$NP \rightarrow N \ NP$$

$$N \rightarrow can$$

$$N \rightarrow lead$$

$$N \rightarrow poison$$

$$M \rightarrow can$$

$$M \rightarrow must$$

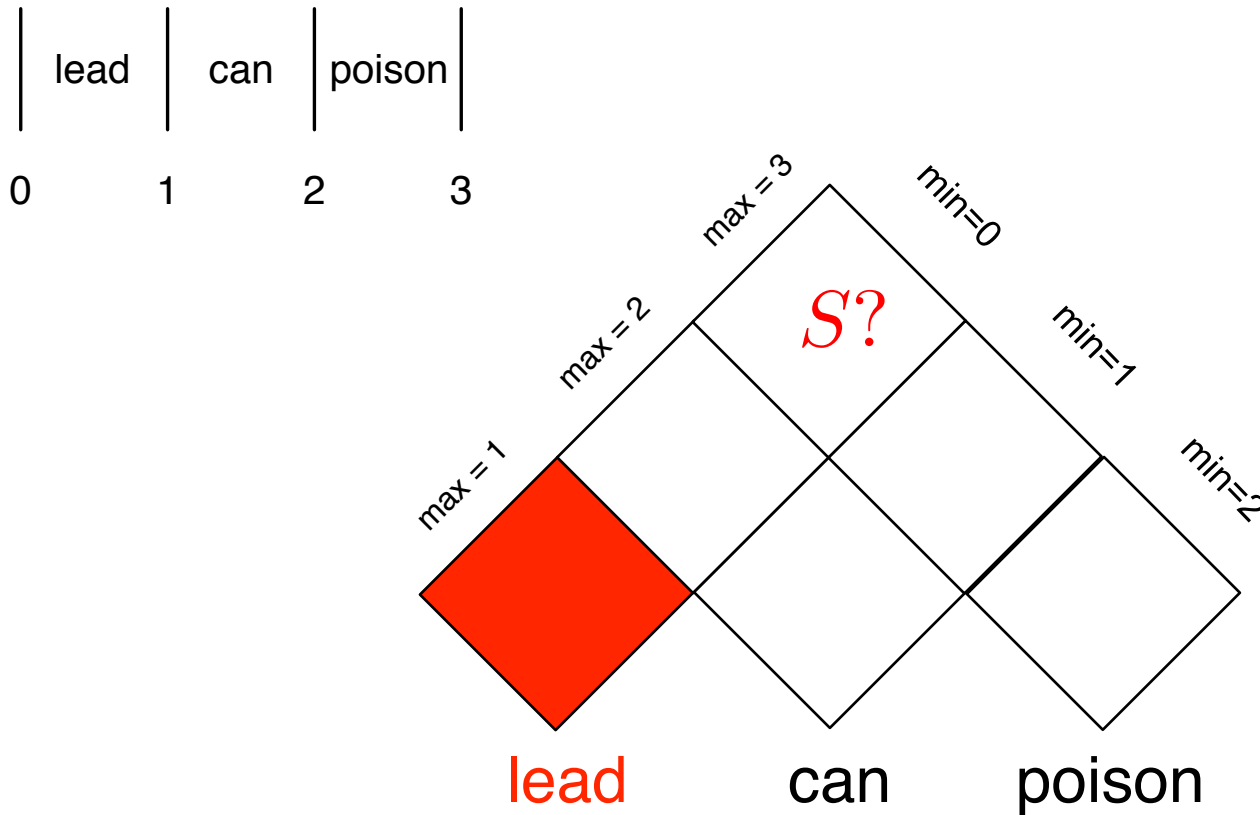
$$V \rightarrow poison$$

$$V \rightarrow lead$$

Inner rules

Preterminal rules

CKY in action



$$S \rightarrow NP \ VP$$

$$VP \rightarrow M \ V$$

$$VP \rightarrow V$$

$$NP \rightarrow N$$

$$NP \rightarrow N \ NP$$

$$N \rightarrow can$$

$$N \rightarrow lead$$

$$N \rightarrow poison$$

$$M \rightarrow can$$

$$M \rightarrow must$$

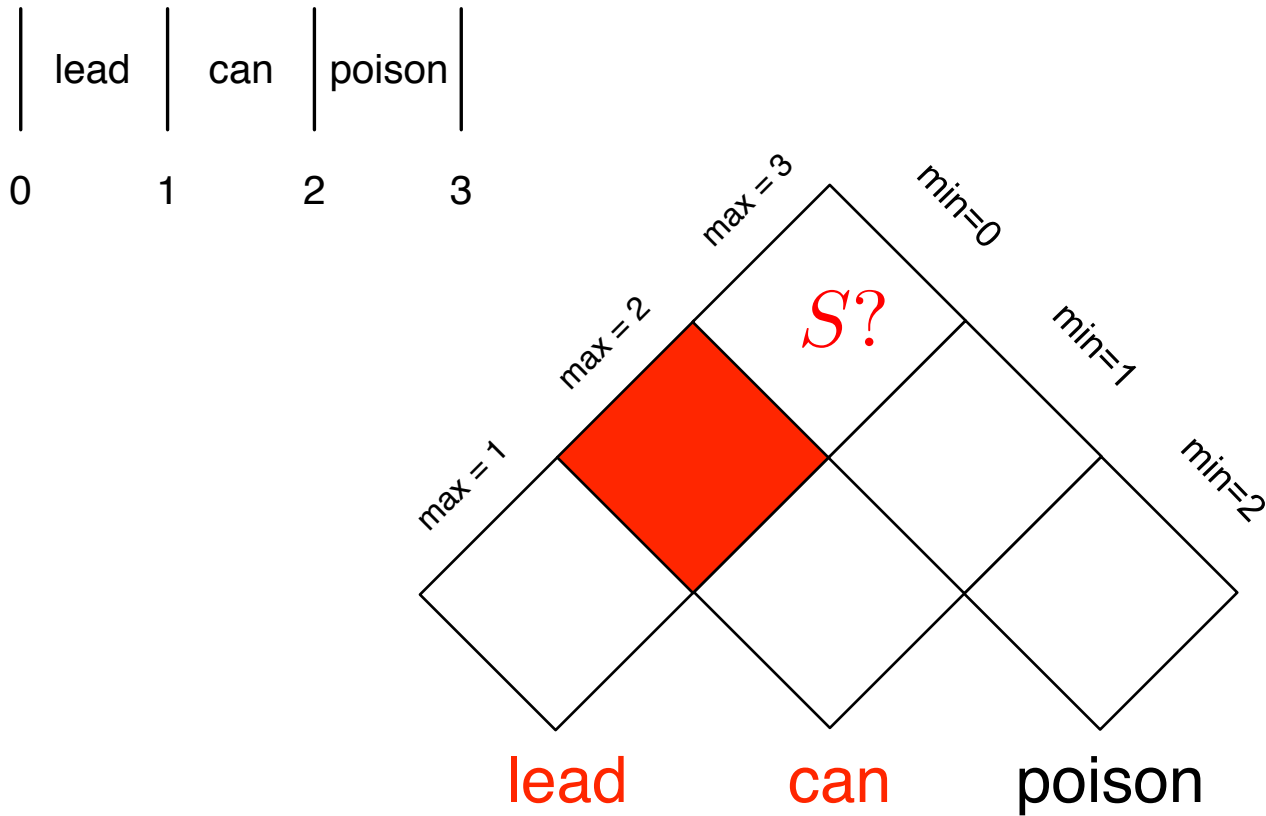
$$V \rightarrow poison$$

$$V \rightarrow lead$$

Inner rules

Preterminal rules

CKY in action


$$S \rightarrow NP \ VP$$
$$VP \rightarrow M \quad V$$
$$VP \rightarrow V$$
$$NP \rightarrow N$$
$$NP \rightarrow N \ NP$$
$$N \rightarrow can$$
$$N \rightarrow lead$$
$$N \rightarrow poison$$
$$M \rightarrow can$$
$$M \rightarrow must$$
$$V \rightarrow \textit{poison}$$
$$V \rightarrow lead$$

Inner rules

Preterminal rules

CKY in action

lead	can	poison
0	1	2

	max = 1	max = 2	max = 3
min = 0			<i>S?</i>
min = 1			
min = 2			

$$S \rightarrow NP \ VP$$

$$VP \rightarrow M \ V$$

$$VP \rightarrow V$$

$$NP \rightarrow N$$

$$NP \rightarrow N \ NP$$

$$N \rightarrow can$$

$$N \rightarrow lead$$

$$N \rightarrow poison$$

$$M \rightarrow can$$

$$M \rightarrow must$$

$$V \rightarrow poison$$

$$V \rightarrow lead$$

Inner rules

Preterminal rules

CKY in action

lead	can	poison
0	1	2
		3

max = 1 max = 2 max = 3

min = 0	1	4	6
			<i>S?</i>
min = 1		2	5
min = 2			3

$S \rightarrow NP VP$

$VP \rightarrow M V$

$VP \rightarrow V$

$NP \rightarrow N$

$NP \rightarrow N NP$

$N \rightarrow can$

$N \rightarrow lead$

$N \rightarrow poison$

$M \rightarrow can$

$M \rightarrow must$

$V \rightarrow poison$

$V \rightarrow lead$

Inner rules

Preterminal rules

CKY in action

lead	can	poison
0	1	2

max = 1 max = 2 max = 3

min = 0	1 ?		
min = 1		2 ?	
min = 2			3 ?

$S \rightarrow NP VP$

$VP \rightarrow M V$

$VP \rightarrow V$

$NP \rightarrow N$

$NP \rightarrow N NP$

$N \rightarrow can$

$N \rightarrow lead$

$N \rightarrow poison$

$M \rightarrow can$

$M \rightarrow must$

$V \rightarrow poison$

$V \rightarrow lead$

Inner rules

Preterminal rules

CKY in action

lead	can	poison	
0	1	2	3

max = 1

max = 2

max = 3

min = 0	1 ?		
min = 1		2 ?	
min = 2			3 ?

$S \rightarrow NP VP$

$VP \rightarrow M V$

$VP \rightarrow V$

$NP \rightarrow N$

$NP \rightarrow N NP$

Inner rules

$N \rightarrow can$

$N \rightarrow lead$

$N \rightarrow poison$

$M \rightarrow can$

$M \rightarrow must$

$V \rightarrow poison$

$V \rightarrow lead$

Preterminal rules

CKY in action

	lead		can		poison	
0		1		2		3

max = 1

max = 2

max = 3

min = 0	1 <i>N, V</i>		
min = 1		2 <i>N, M</i>	
min = 2			3 <i>N, V</i>

$S \rightarrow NP VP$

$VP \rightarrow M V$

$VP \rightarrow V$

$NP \rightarrow N$

$NP \rightarrow N NP$

Inner rules

$N \rightarrow can$

$N \rightarrow lead$

$N \rightarrow poison$

$M \rightarrow can$

$M \rightarrow must$

$V \rightarrow poison$

$V \rightarrow lead$

Preterminal rules

CKY in action

	lead		can		poison	
0		1		2		3

max = 1

max = 2

max = 3

min = 0	1 <i>N, V</i> <i>NP, VP</i>		
min = 1		2 <i>N, M</i> <i>NP</i>	
min = 2			3 <i>N, V</i> <i>NP, VP</i>

$S \rightarrow NP VP$

$VP \rightarrow M V$

$VP \rightarrow V$

$NP \rightarrow N$

$NP \rightarrow N NP$

Inner rules

$N \rightarrow can$

$N \rightarrow lead$

$N \rightarrow poison$

$M \rightarrow can$

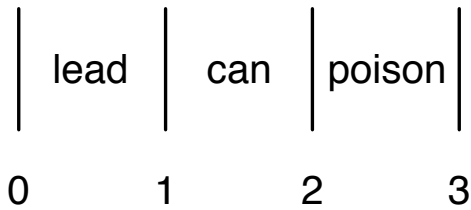
$M \rightarrow must$

$V \rightarrow poison$

$V \rightarrow lead$

Preterminal rules

CKY in action



max = 1 max = 2 max = 3

min = 0	1	4	
	N, V NP, VP	?	
		2	
min = 1		N, M NP	
			3
min = 2			N, V NP, VP

$S \rightarrow NP \ VP$

$VP \rightarrow M \ V$

$VP \rightarrow V$

$NP \rightarrow N$

$NP \rightarrow N \ NP$

$N \rightarrow can$

$N \rightarrow lead$

$N \rightarrow poison$

$M \rightarrow can$

$M \rightarrow must$

$V \rightarrow poison$

$V \rightarrow lead$

Inner rules

Preterminal rules

CKY in action

lead	can	poison	
0	1	2	3

max = 1

max = 2

max = 3

min = 0	1 <i>N, V</i> <i>NP, VP</i>	4 ?	
min = 1		2 <i>N, M</i> <i>NP</i>	
min = 2			3 <i>N, V</i> <i>NP, VP</i>

$S \rightarrow NP VP$

$VP \rightarrow M V$

$VP \rightarrow V$

$NP \rightarrow N$

$NP \rightarrow N NP$

$N \rightarrow can$

$N \rightarrow lead$

$N \rightarrow poison$

$M \rightarrow can$

$M \rightarrow must$

$V \rightarrow poison$

$V \rightarrow lead$

Inner rules

Preterminal rules

CKY in action

lead	can	poison	
0	1	2	3

max = 1

max = 2

max = 3

min = 0	1 <i>N, V</i> <i>NP, VP</i>	4 <i>NP</i>	
min = 1		2 <i>N, M</i> <i>NP</i>	
min = 2			3 <i>N, V</i> <i>NP, VP</i>

$S \rightarrow NP VP$

$VP \rightarrow M V$

$VP \rightarrow V$

$NP \rightarrow N$

$NP \rightarrow N NP$

Inner rules

$N \rightarrow can$

$N \rightarrow lead$

$N \rightarrow poison$

$M \rightarrow can$

$M \rightarrow must$

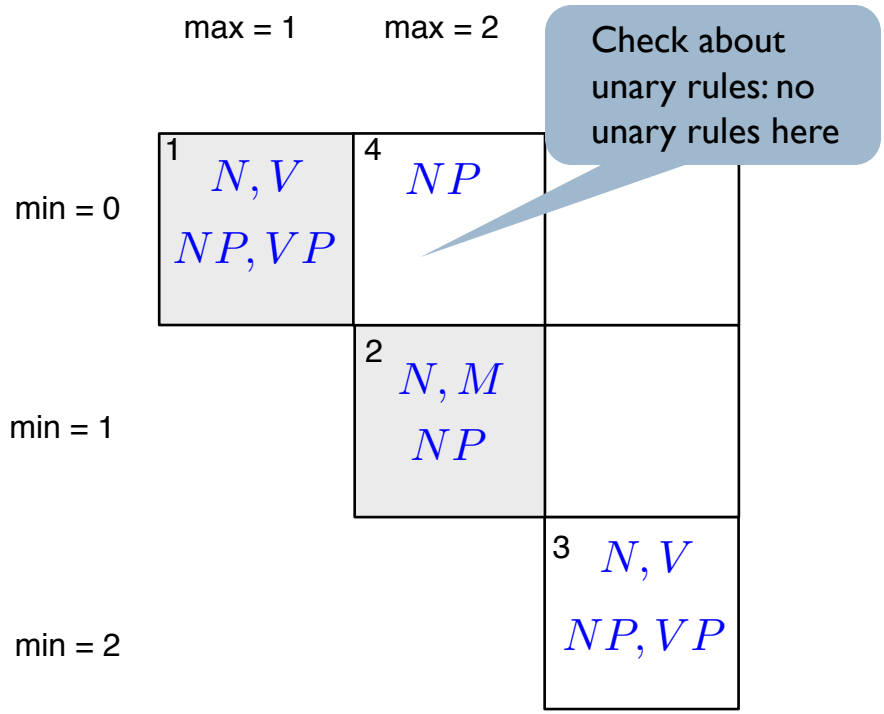
$V \rightarrow poison$

$V \rightarrow lead$

Preterminal rules

CKY in action

lead	can	poison	
0	1	2	3



$S \rightarrow NP VP$

$VP \rightarrow M V$

$VP \rightarrow V$

$NP \rightarrow N$

$NP \rightarrow N NP$

$N \rightarrow can$

$N \rightarrow lead$

$N \rightarrow poison$

$M \rightarrow can$

$M \rightarrow must$

$V \rightarrow poison$

$V \rightarrow lead$

Inner rules

Preterminal rules

CKY in action

lead	can	poison	
0	1	2	3

max = 1

max = 2

max = 3

min = 0	1 <i>N, V</i> <i>NP, VP</i>	4 <i>NP</i>	
min = 1		2 <i>N, M</i> <i>NP</i>	5 ?
min = 2			3 <i>N, V</i> <i>NP, VP</i>

$S \rightarrow NP VP$

$VP \rightarrow M V$

$VP \rightarrow V$

$NP \rightarrow N$

$NP \rightarrow N NP$

$N \rightarrow can$

$N \rightarrow lead$

$N \rightarrow poison$

$M \rightarrow can$

$M \rightarrow must$

$V \rightarrow poison$

$V \rightarrow lead$

Inner rules

Preterminal rules

CKY in action

	lead	can	poison
0	1	2	3

max = 1

max = 2

max = 3

min = 0	1 <i>N, V</i> <i>NP, VP</i>	4 <i>NP</i>	
min = 1		2 <i>N, M</i> <i>NP</i>	5 <i>S, VP,</i> <i>NP</i>
min = 2			3 <i>N, V</i> <i>NP, VP</i>

$S \rightarrow NP VP$

$VP \rightarrow M V$

$VP \rightarrow V$

$NP \rightarrow N$

$NP \rightarrow N NP$

Inner rules

$N \rightarrow can$

$N \rightarrow lead$

$N \rightarrow poison$

$M \rightarrow can$

$M \rightarrow must$

$V \rightarrow poison$

$V \rightarrow lead$

Preterminal rules

CKY in action

lead	can	poison	
0	1	2	3

max = 1

max = 2

max = 3

min = 0	1 <i>N, V</i> <i>NP, VP</i>	4 <i>NP</i>	
min = 1		2 <i>N, M</i> <i>NP</i>	5 <i>S, VP,</i> <i>NP</i>
min = 2			3 <i>N, V</i> <i>NP, VP</i>

Check about
unary rules: no
unary rules here

$S \rightarrow NP VP$

$VP \rightarrow M V$

$VP \rightarrow V$

$NP \rightarrow N$

$NP \rightarrow N NP$

$N \rightarrow can$

$N \rightarrow lead$

$N \rightarrow poison$

$M \rightarrow can$

$M \rightarrow must$

$V \rightarrow poison$

$V \rightarrow lead$

Inner rules

Preterminal rules

CKY in action

	lead	can	poison
0	1	2	3

max = 1

max = 2

max = 3

min = 0	1 <i>N, V</i> <i>NP, VP</i>	4 <i>NP</i>	6 ?
min = 1		2 <i>N, M</i> <i>NP</i>	5 <i>S, VP,</i> <i>NP</i>
min = 2			3 <i>N, V</i> <i>NP, VP</i>

$S \rightarrow NP VP$

$VP \rightarrow M V$

$VP \rightarrow V$

$NP \rightarrow N$

$NP \rightarrow N NP$

$N \rightarrow can$

$N \rightarrow lead$

$N \rightarrow poison$

$M \rightarrow can$

$M \rightarrow must$

$V \rightarrow poison$

$V \rightarrow lead$

Inner rules

Preterminal rules

CKY in action

lead	can	poison	
0	1	2	3

max = 1

max = 2

max = 3

min = 0	1 <i>N, V</i> <i>NP, VP</i>	4 <i>NP</i>	6 ?
		2 <i>N, M</i> <i>NP</i>	5 <i>S, VP,</i> <i>NP</i>
			3 <i>N V</i> <i>NP VP</i>
min = 1			
min = 2			

$S \rightarrow NP VP$

$VP \rightarrow M V$

$VP \rightarrow V$

$NP \rightarrow N$

$NP \rightarrow N NP$

$N \rightarrow can$

$N \rightarrow lead$

$N \rightarrow poison$

$M \rightarrow can$

$M \rightarrow must$

$V \rightarrow poison$

$V \rightarrow lead$

Inner rules

Preterminal rules

CKY in action

lead	can	poison	
0	1	2	3

max = 1 max = 2 max = 3

min = 0	1 <i>N, V</i> <i>NP, VP</i>	4 <i>NP</i>	6 <i>S, NP</i>
min = 1		2 <i>N, M</i> <i>NP</i>	5 <i>S, VP,</i> <i>NP</i>
min = 2			3 <i>N, V</i> <i>NP, VP</i>

mid = 1

$S \rightarrow NP VP$

$VP \rightarrow M V$

$VP \rightarrow V$

$NP \rightarrow N$

$NP \rightarrow N NP$

Inner rules

$N \rightarrow can$

$N \rightarrow lead$

$N \rightarrow poison$

$M \rightarrow can$

$M \rightarrow must$

$V \rightarrow poison$

$V \rightarrow lead$

Preterminal rules

CKY in action

$S \rightarrow NP VP$

lead	can	poison
0	1	2

max = 1 max = 2 max = 3

mid = 2

min = 0	<div>1</div> <div>N, V NP, VP</div>	<div>4</div> <div>NP</div>	<div>6</div> <div>S, NP $S(?!)$</div>
min = 1		<div>2</div> <div>N, M NP</div>	<div>5</div> <div>$S, VP,$ NP</div>
min = 2			<div>3</div> <div>N, V NP, VP</div>

$VP \rightarrow M V$

$VP \rightarrow V$

$NP \rightarrow N$

$NP \rightarrow N NP$

$N \rightarrow can$

$N \rightarrow lead$

$N \rightarrow poison$

$M \rightarrow can$

$M \rightarrow must$

$V \rightarrow poison$

$V \rightarrow lead$

Inner rules

Preterminal rules

CKY in action

$S \rightarrow NP VP$

lead	can	poison
0	1	2

$VP \rightarrow M V$
 $VP \rightarrow V$

Inner rules

$NP \rightarrow N$
 $NP \rightarrow N NP$

max = 1 max = 2 max = 3

min = 0	1 N, V NP, VP	4 NP	6 S, NP $S(?!)$
min = 1		2 N, M NP	5 $S, VP,$ NP
			3 $N V$

mid = 2

Apparently the sentence is ambiguous with the grammar

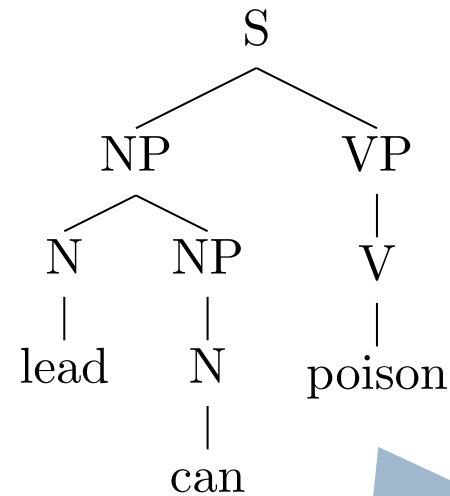
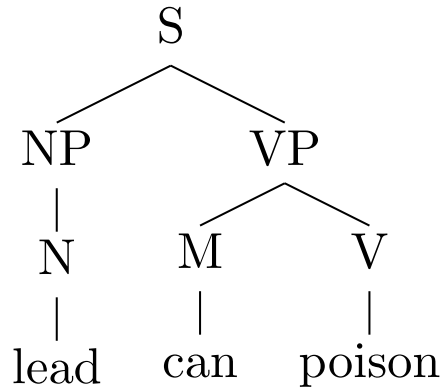
$N \rightarrow can$
 $N \rightarrow lead$
 $N \rightarrow poison$

$M \rightarrow can$
 $M \rightarrow must$

$V \rightarrow poison$
 $V \rightarrow lead$

Preterminal rules

Ambiguity



No subject-verb agreement, and *poison* used as an intransitive verb

Apparently the sentence is ambiguous with the grammar

CKY more formally

Here we assume that labels (C) are integer indices

- ▶ Chart can be represented by a Boolean array `chart [min] [max] [C]`
 - ▶ Relevant entries have $0 \leq \min < \max \leq n$
- ▶ `chart [min] [max] [C] = true` if the signature (min, max, C) is already added to the chart; false otherwise.

	max = 1	max = 2	max = 3
min = 0	1 <i>N, V</i> <i>NP, VP</i>	4 <i>NP</i>	6 <i>S, VP,</i> <i>NP</i>
min = 1		2 <i>N, M</i> <i>NP</i>	5 <i>S, VP,</i> <i>NP</i>
min = 2			3 <i>N, V</i> <i>NP, VP</i>

CKY more formally

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min = 0	1 <i>N, V</i> <i>NP, VP</i>	4 <i>NP</i>	6 <i>S, VP,</i> <i>NP</i>
min = 1		2 <i>N, M</i> <i>NP</i>	5 <i>S, VP,</i> <i>NP</i>
min = 2			3 <i>N, V</i> <i>NP, VP</i>

Implementation: preterminal rules

```
for each  $w_i$  from left to right  
  for each preterminal rule  $C \rightarrow w_i$   
    chart[i - 1][i][C] = true
```

Implementation: binary rules

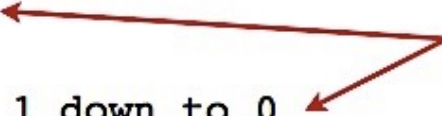
```
for each max from 2 to n
  for each min from max - 2 down to 0
    for each syntactic category C
      for each binary rule  $C \rightarrow C_1 C_2$ 
        for each mid from min + 1 to max - 1
          if chart[min][mid][ $C_1$ ] and chart[mid][max][ $C_2$ ] then
            chart[min][max][C] = true
```

Unary rules

- ▶ How to integrate unary rules $C \rightarrow C_1$?

Implementation: unary rules

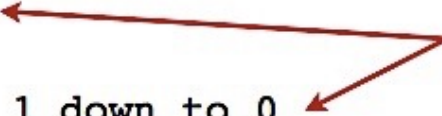
```
for each max from 1 to n
  for each min from max - 1 down to 0
    // First, try all binary rules as before.
    ...
    // Then, try all unary rules.
    for each syntactic category C
      for each unary rule  $C \rightarrow C_1$ 
        if chart[min][max][ $C_1$ ] then
          chart[min][max][C] = true
```



The text "new bounds!" is written in red. Two red arrows originate from it: one points to the "max" variable in the first loop, and the other points to the "min" variable in the second loop, indicating that these bounds are being updated or redefined.

Implementation: unary rules

```
for each max from 1 to n
  for each min from max - 1 down to 0
    // First, try all binary rules as before.
    ...
    // Then, try all unary rules.
    for each syntactic category C
      for each unary rule  $C \rightarrow C_1$ 
        if chart[min][max][ $C_1$ ] then
          chart[min][max][C] = true
```



But we forgot something!

Unary closure

- ▶ What if the grammar contained 2 rules:

$$A \rightarrow B$$

$$B \rightarrow C$$

- ▶ But C can be derived from A by a chain of rules:

$$A \rightarrow B \rightarrow C$$

- ▶ One could support chains in the algorithm but it is easier to extend the grammar, to get the **transitive closure**

$$\begin{array}{l} A \rightarrow B \\ B \rightarrow C \end{array} \quad \Rightarrow \quad \begin{array}{l} A \rightarrow B \\ B \rightarrow C \\ A \rightarrow C \end{array}$$

Implementation: skeleton

```
// int n = number of words in the sequence

// int m = number of syntactic categories in the grammar

// int s = the (number of the) grammar's start symbol

boolean[][][] chart = new boolean[n + 1][n + 1][m]

// Recognize all parse trees built with with preterminal rules.

// Recognize all parse trees built with inner rules.

return chart[0][n][s]
```

Algorithm analysis

- ▶ Time complexity?

Algorithm analysis

► Time complexity?

```
for each max from 2 to n
```

```
  for each min from max - 2 down to 0
```

```
    for each syntactic category C
```

```
      for each binary rule  $C \rightarrow C_1 C_2$ 
```

```
        for each mid from min + 1 to max - 1
```

Algorithm analysis

► Time complexity?

for each max from 2 to n

for each min from max - 2 down to 0

for each syntactic category C

for each binary rule $C \rightarrow C_1 C_2$

for each mid from min + 1 to max - 1

► $\theta(n^3 |R|)$, where $|R|$ is the number of rules in the grammar

A few seconds for sentences under < 20 words for a non-optimized parser

Algorithm analysis

- ▶ Time complexity?

```
for each max from 2 to n
```

```
  for each min from max - 2 down to 0
```

```
    for each syntactic category C
```

```
      for each binary rule  $C \rightarrow C_1 C_2$ 
```

```
        for each mid from min + 1 to max - 1
```

- ▶ $\theta(n^3 |R|)$, where $|R|$ is the number of rules in the grammar

A few seconds for sentences under < 20 words for a non-optimized parser

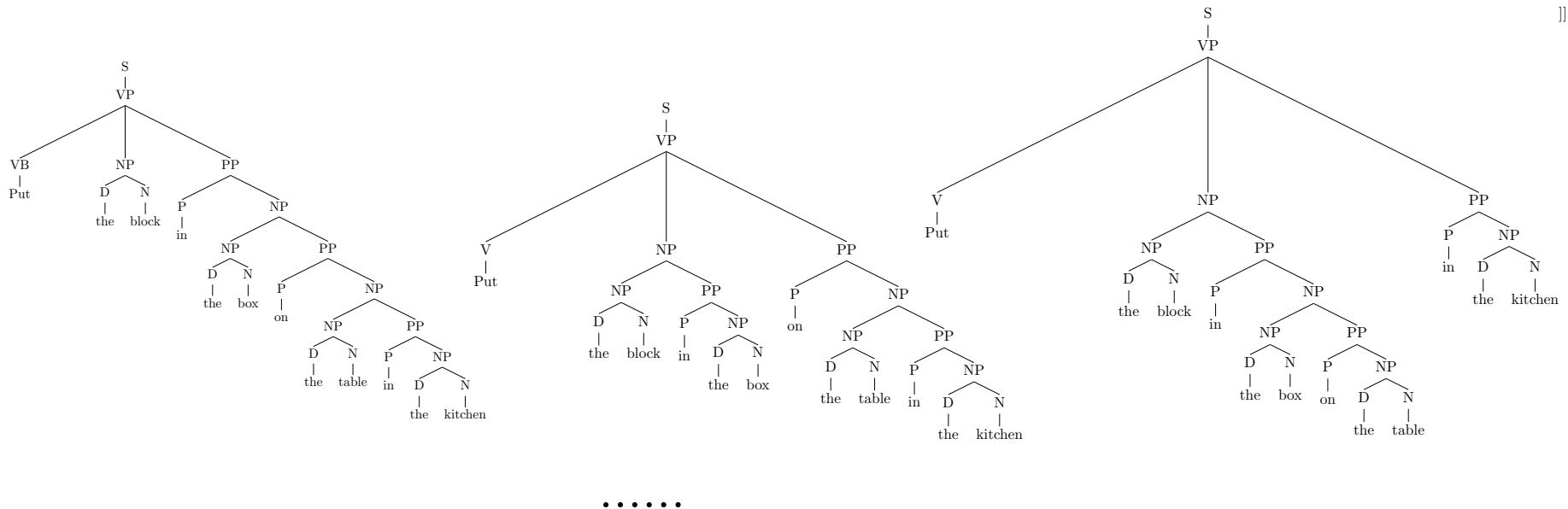
- ▶ There exist algorithms with better asymptotical time complexity but the 'constant' makes them slower in practice (in general)

Today

- ▶ CKY for the recognition problem
- ▶ Probabilistic PCFGs
- ▶ CKY for PCFGs

How to deal with ambiguity?

- There are (exponentially) many derivations for a typical sentence



Put the block in the box on the table in the kitchen

- We want to **score all the derivations** to encode how plausible they are

An example probabilistic CFG

Associate probabilities with the rules $p(X \rightarrow \alpha)$:

$$\forall X \rightarrow \alpha \in R : 0 \leq p(X \rightarrow \alpha) \leq 1$$

$$\forall X \in N : \sum_{\alpha: X \rightarrow \alpha \in R} p(X \rightarrow \alpha) = 1$$

Now we can score a tree as a product of probabilities corresponding to the used rules

$S \rightarrow NP VP$	1.0	(NP A girl) (VP ate a sandwich)	$N \rightarrow girl$	0.2
$VP \rightarrow V$	0.2		$N \rightarrow telescope$	0.7
$VP \rightarrow V NP$	0.4	(VP ate) (NP a sandwich)	$N \rightarrow sandwich$	0.1
$VP \rightarrow VP PP$	0.4	(VP saw a girl) (PP with ...)	$PN \rightarrow I$	1.0
$NP \rightarrow NP PP$	0.3	(NP a girl) (PP with)	$V \rightarrow saw$	0.5
$NP \rightarrow D N$	0.5	(D a) (N sandwich)	$V \rightarrow ate$	0.5
$NP \rightarrow PN$	0.2		$P \rightarrow with$	0.6
$PP \rightarrow P NP$	1.0	(P with) (NP with a sandwich)	$P \rightarrow in$	0.4
			$D \rightarrow a$	0.3
			$D \rightarrow the$	0.7

CFGs

S

$S \rightarrow NP VP$ 1.0

$VP \rightarrow V$ 0.2

$VP \rightarrow V NP$ 0.4

$VP \rightarrow VP PP$ 0.4

$NP \rightarrow NP PP$ 0.3

$NP \rightarrow D N$ 0.5

$NP \rightarrow PN$ 0.2

$PP \rightarrow P NP$ 1.0

$N \rightarrow girl$ 0.2

$N \rightarrow telescope$ 0.7

$N \rightarrow sandwich$ 0.1

$PN \rightarrow I$ 1.0

$V \rightarrow saw$ 0.5

$V \rightarrow ate$ 0.5

$P \rightarrow with$ 0.6

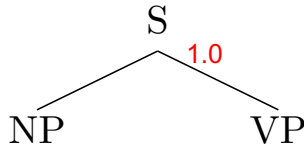
$P \rightarrow in$ 0.4

$D \rightarrow a$ 0.3

$D \rightarrow the$ 0.7

$p(T) =$

CFGs



$S \rightarrow NP \ VP \ 1.0$

$VP \rightarrow V \ 0.2$

$VP \rightarrow V \ NP \ 0.4$

$VP \rightarrow VP \ PP \ 0.4$

$NP \rightarrow NP \ PP \ 0.3$

$NP \rightarrow D \ N \ 0.5$

$NP \rightarrow PN \ 0.2$

$PP \rightarrow P \ NP \ 1.0$

$N \rightarrow girl \ 0.2$

$N \rightarrow telescope \ 0.7$

$N \rightarrow sandwich \ 0.1$

$PN \rightarrow I \ 1.0$

$V \rightarrow saw \ 0.5$

$V \rightarrow ate \ 0.5$

$P \rightarrow with \ 0.6$

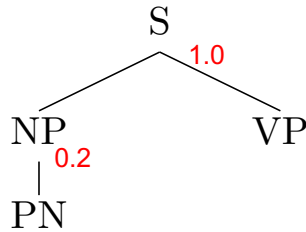
$P \rightarrow in \ 0.4$

$D \rightarrow a \ 0.3$

$D \rightarrow the \ 0.7$

$$p(T) = 1.0 \times$$

CFGs



$S \rightarrow NP \ VP \ 1.0$

$VP \rightarrow V \ 0.2$

$VP \rightarrow V \ NP \ 0.4$

$VP \rightarrow VP \ PP \ 0.4$

$NP \rightarrow NP \ PP \ 0.3$

$NP \rightarrow D \ N \ 0.5$

$NP \rightarrow PN \ 0.2$

$PP \rightarrow P \ NP \ 1.0$

$N \rightarrow girl \ 0.2$

$N \rightarrow telescope \ 0.7$

$N \rightarrow sandwich \ 0.1$

$PN \rightarrow I \ 1.0$

$V \rightarrow saw \ 0.5$

$V \rightarrow ate \ 0.5$

$P \rightarrow with \ 0.6$

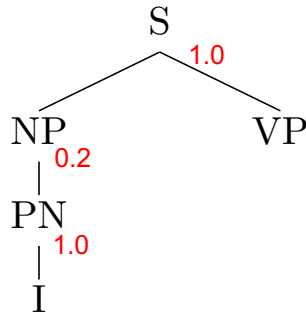
$P \rightarrow in \ 0.4$

$D \rightarrow a \ 0.3$

$D \rightarrow the \ 0.7$

$$p(T) = 1.0 \times 0.2 \times$$

CFGs



$S \rightarrow NP \ VP \ 1.0$

$VP \rightarrow V \ 0.2$

$VP \rightarrow V \ NP \ 0.4$

$VP \rightarrow VP \ PP \ 0.4$

$NP \rightarrow NP \ PP \ 0.3$

$NP \rightarrow D \ N \ 0.5$

$NP \rightarrow PN \ 0.2$

$PP \rightarrow P \ NP \ 1.0$

$N \rightarrow girl \ 0.2$

$N \rightarrow telescope \ 0.7$

$N \rightarrow sandwich \ 0.1$

$PN \rightarrow I \ 1.0$

$V \rightarrow saw \ 0.5$

$V \rightarrow ate \ 0.5$

$P \rightarrow with \ 0.6$

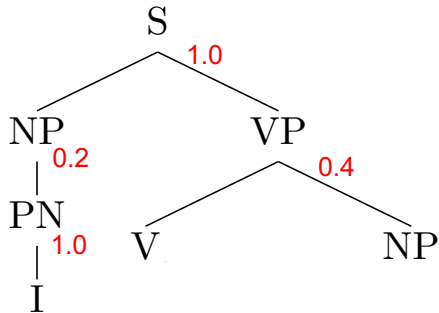
$P \rightarrow in \ 0.4$

$D \rightarrow a \ 0.3$

$D \rightarrow the \ 0.7$

$$p(T) = 1.0 \times 0.2 \times 1.0 \times$$

CFGs



$$p(T) = 1.0 \times 0.2 \times 1.0 \times 0.4 \times$$

$S \rightarrow NP \ VP \ 1.0$

$VP \rightarrow V \ 0.2$

$VP \rightarrow V \ NP \ 0.4$

$VP \rightarrow VP \ PP \ 0.4$

$NP \rightarrow NP \ PP \ 0.3$

$NP \rightarrow D \ N \ 0.5$

$NP \rightarrow PN \ 0.2$

$PP \rightarrow P \ NP \ 1.0$

$N \rightarrow girl \ 0.2$

$N \rightarrow telescope \ 0.7$

$N \rightarrow sandwich \ 0.1$

$PN \rightarrow I \ 1.0$

$V \rightarrow saw \ 0.5$

$V \rightarrow ate \ 0.5$

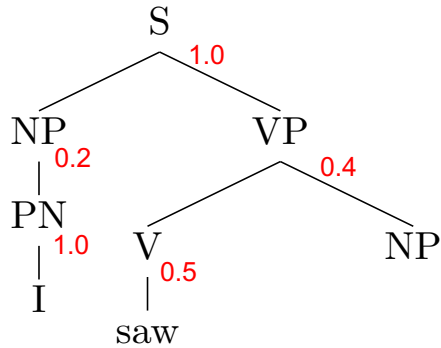
$P \rightarrow with \ 0.6$

$P \rightarrow in \ 0.4$

$D \rightarrow a \ 0.3$

$D \rightarrow the \ 0.7$

CFGs



$S \rightarrow NP \ VP \ 1.0$

$VP \rightarrow V \ 0.2$

$VP \rightarrow V \ NP \ 0.4$

$VP \rightarrow VP \ PP \ 0.4$

$NP \rightarrow NP \ PP \ 0.3$

$NP \rightarrow D \ N \ 0.5$

$NP \rightarrow PN \ 0.2$

$PP \rightarrow P \ NP \ 1.0$

$N \rightarrow girl \ 0.2$

$N \rightarrow telescope \ 0.7$

$N \rightarrow sandwich \ 0.1$

$PN \rightarrow I \ 1.0$

$V \rightarrow saw \ 0.5$

$V \rightarrow ate \ 0.5$

$P \rightarrow with \ 0.6$

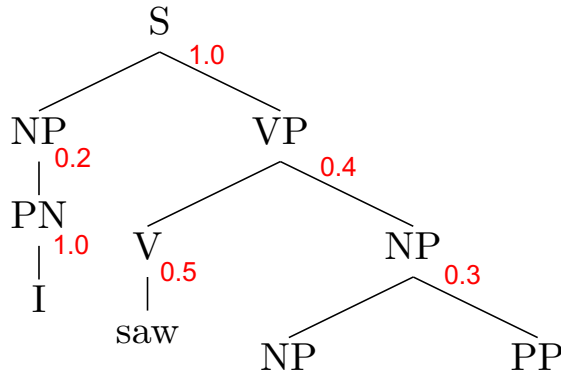
$P \rightarrow in \ 0.4$

$D \rightarrow a \ 0.3$

$D \rightarrow the \ 0.7$

$$p(T) = 1.0 \times 0.2 \times 1.0 \times 0.4 \times 0.5 \times$$

CFGs



$S \rightarrow NP \ VP \ 1.0$

$VP \rightarrow V \ 0.2$

$VP \rightarrow V \ NP \ 0.4$

$VP \rightarrow VP \ PP \ 0.4$

$NP \rightarrow NP \ PP \ 0.3$

$NP \rightarrow D \ N \ 0.5$

$NP \rightarrow PN \ 0.2$

$PP \rightarrow P \ NP \ 1.0$

$N \rightarrow girl \ 0.2$

$N \rightarrow telescope \ 0.7$

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$PN \rightarrow I \ 1.0$

$V \rightarrow saw \ 0.5$

$V \rightarrow ate \ 0.5$

$P \rightarrow with \ 0.6$

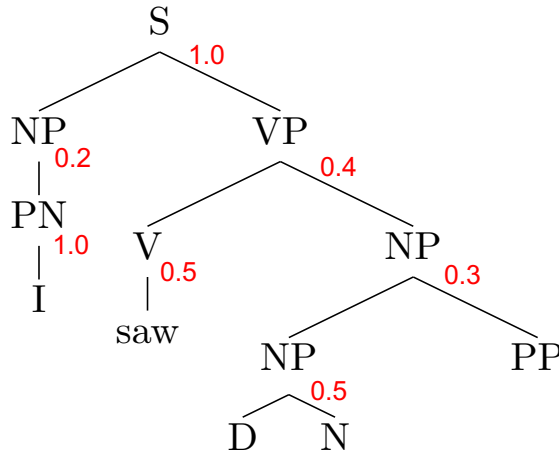
$P \rightarrow in \ 0.4$

$D \rightarrow a \ 0.3$

$D \rightarrow the \ 0.7$

$$p(T) = 1.0 \times 0.2 \times 1.0 \times 0.4 \times 0.5 \times 0.3 \times$$

CFGs



$S \rightarrow NP \ VP \ 1.0$

$VP \rightarrow V \ 0.2$

$VP \rightarrow V \ NP \ 0.4$

$VP \rightarrow VP \ PP \ 0.4$

$NP \rightarrow NP \ PP \ 0.3$

$NP \rightarrow D \ N \ 0.5$

$NP \rightarrow PN \ 0.2$

$PP \rightarrow P \ NP \ 1.0$

$N \rightarrow girl \ 0.2$

$N \rightarrow telescope \ 0.7$

$N \rightarrow sandwich \ 0.1$

$PN \rightarrow I \ 1.0$

$V \rightarrow saw \ 0.5$

$V \rightarrow ate \ 0.5$

$P \rightarrow with \ 0.6$

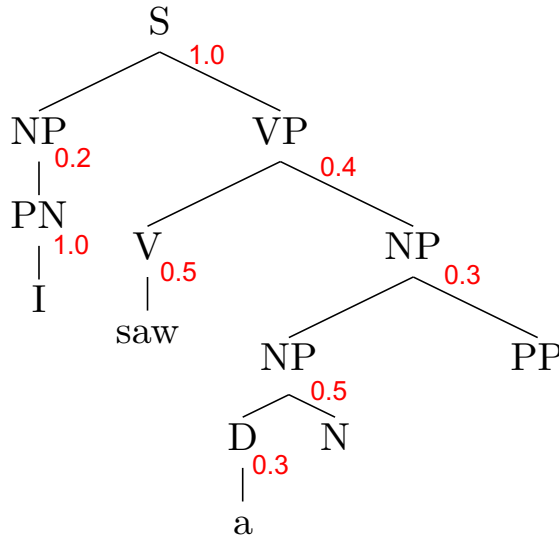
$P \rightarrow in \ 0.4$

$D \rightarrow a \ 0.3$

$D \rightarrow the \ 0.7$

$$p(T) = 1.0 \times 0.2 \times 1.0 \times 0.4 \times 0.5 \times 0.3 \times 0.5 \times$$

CFGs



$S \rightarrow NP \ VP \ 1.0$

$VP \rightarrow V \ 0.2$

$VP \rightarrow V \ NP \ 0.4$

$VP \rightarrow VP \ PP \ 0.4$

$NP \rightarrow NP \ PP \ 0.3$

$NP \rightarrow D \ N \ 0.5$

$NP \rightarrow PN \ 0.2$

$PP \rightarrow P \ NP \ 1.0$

$N \rightarrow girl \ 0.2$

$N \rightarrow telescope \ 0.7$

$N \rightarrow sandwich \ 0.1$

$PN \rightarrow I \ 1.0$

$V \rightarrow saw \ 0.5$

$V \rightarrow ate \ 0.5$

$P \rightarrow with \ 0.6$

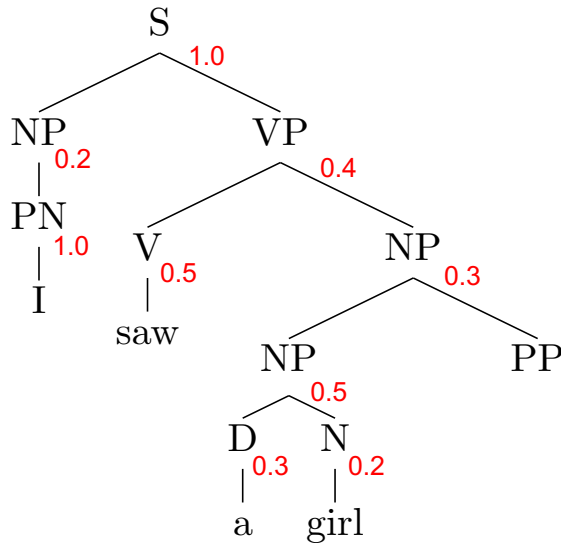
$P \rightarrow in \ 0.4$

$D \rightarrow a \ 0.3$

$D \rightarrow the \ 0.7$

$$p(T) = 1.0 \times 0.2 \times 1.0 \times 0.4 \times 0.5 \times 0.3 \times \\ 0.5 \times 0.3 \times$$

CFGs



$S \rightarrow NP \ VP \ 1.0$

$VP \rightarrow V \ 0.2$

$VP \rightarrow V \ NP \ 0.4$

$VP \rightarrow VP \ PP \ 0.4$

$NP \rightarrow NP \ PP \ 0.3$

$NP \rightarrow D \ N \ 0.5$

$NP \rightarrow PN \ 0.2$

$PP \rightarrow P \ NP \ 1.0$

$N \rightarrow girl \ 0.2$

$N \rightarrow telescope \ 0.7$

$N \rightarrow sandwich \ 0.1$

$PN \rightarrow I \ 1.0$

$V \rightarrow saw \ 0.5$

$V \rightarrow ate \ 0.5$

$P \rightarrow with \ 0.6$

$P \rightarrow in \ 0.4$

$D \rightarrow a \ 0.3$

$D \rightarrow the \ 0.7$

$$p(T) = 1.0 \times 0.2 \times 1.0 \times 0.4 \times 0.5 \times 0.3 \times 0.5 \times 0.3 \times 0.2$$

CFGs

$S \rightarrow NP VP$ 1.0

$VP \rightarrow V$ 0.2

$VP \rightarrow V NP$ 0.4

$VP \rightarrow VP PP$ 0.4

$NP \rightarrow NP PP$ 0.3

$NP \rightarrow D N$ 0.5

$NP \rightarrow PN$ 0.2

$PP \rightarrow P NP$ 1.0

$N \rightarrow girl$ 0.2

$N \rightarrow telescope$ 0.7

$N \rightarrow sandwich$ 0.1

$PN \rightarrow I$ 1.0

$V \rightarrow saw$ 0.5

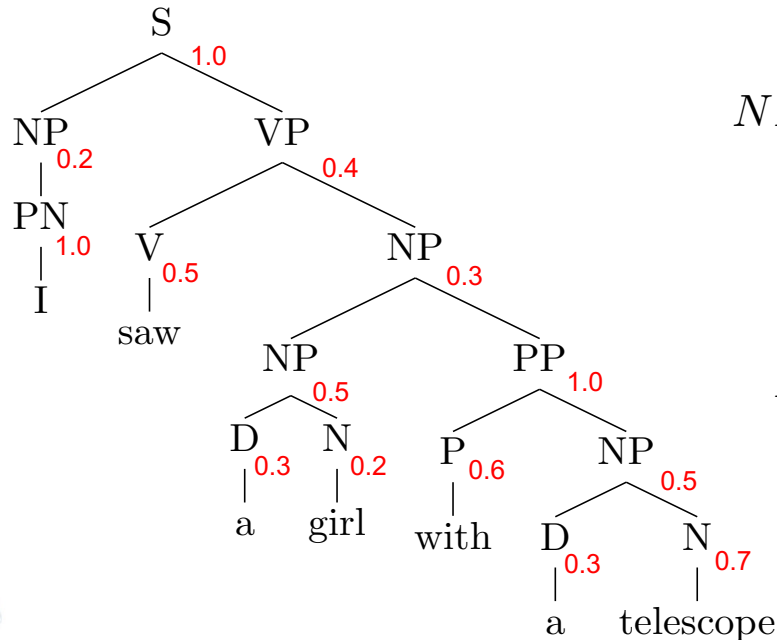
$V \rightarrow ate$ 0.5

$P \rightarrow with$ 0.6

$P \rightarrow in$ 0.4

$D \rightarrow a$ 0.3

$D \rightarrow the$ 0.7



$$\begin{aligned}
 p(T) &= 1.0 \times 0.2 \times 1.0 \times 0.4 \times 0.5 \times 0.3 \times \\
 &\quad 0.5 \times 0.3 \times 0.2 \times 1.0 \times 0.6 \times 0.5 \times 0.3 \times 0.7 \\
 &= 2.26 \times 10^{-5}
 \end{aligned}$$

Distribution over trees

- ▶ We defined a distribution over production rules for each nonterminal
- ▶ Our goal was to define a distribution over parse trees

Unfortunately, not all PCFGs give rise to a proper distribution over trees, i.e. the sum over probabilities of all trees the grammar can generate may be less than 1: $\sum_T P(T) < 1$

Distribution over trees

- ▶ We defined a distribution **over production rules for each nonterminal**
- ▶ Our goal was to define **a distribution over parse trees**

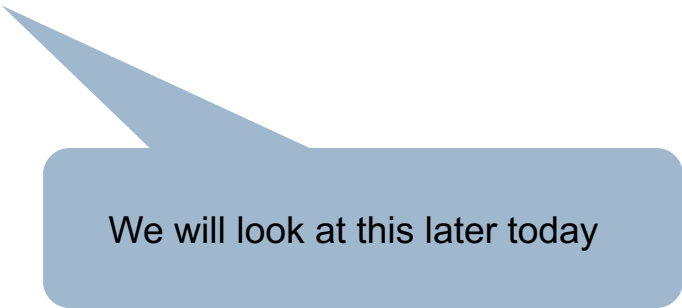
Unfortunately, not all PCFGs give rise to a proper distribution over trees, i.e. the sum over probabilities of all trees the grammar can generate may be less than 1: $\sum_T P(T) < 1$

- ▶ **Good news:** any PCFG estimated with the maximum likelihood procedure are always proper [Chi and Geman, 98]

Distribution over trees

- ▶ Let us denote by $G(x)$ the set of derivations for the sentence x
- ▶ The probability distribution defines the scoring $P(T)$ over the trees $T \in G(x)$
- ▶ Finding the best parse for the sentence according to PCFG:

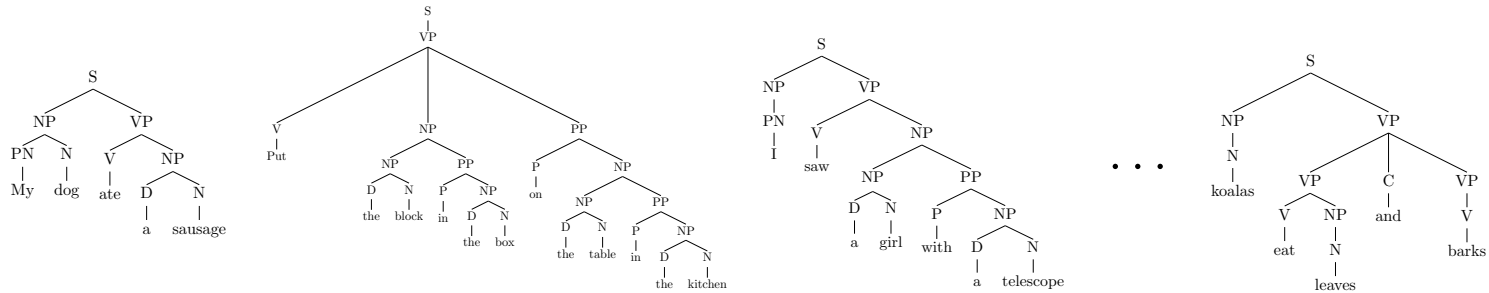
$$\arg \max_{T \in G(x)} P(T)$$



We will look at this later today

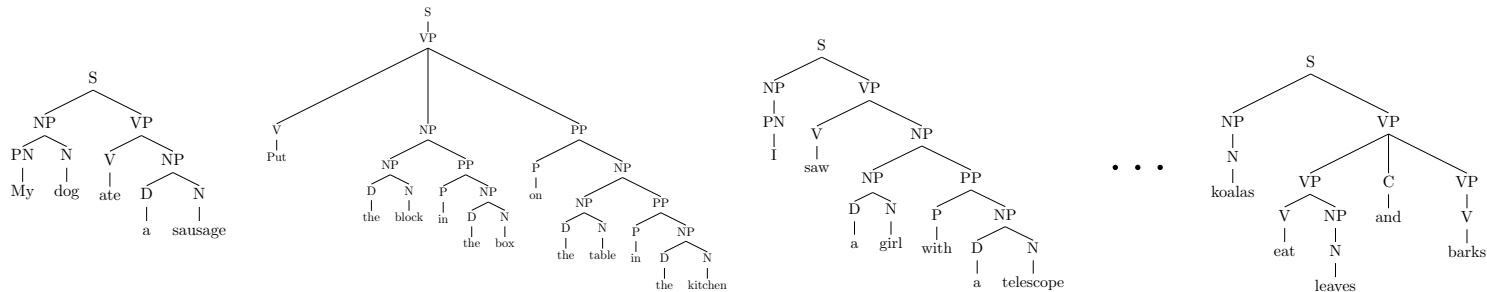
ML estimation

- ▶ A treebank: a collection sentences annotated with constituent trees



ML estimation

- ▶ A treebank: a collection sentences annotated with constituent trees



- ▶ An estimated probability of a rule (maximum likelihood estimates)

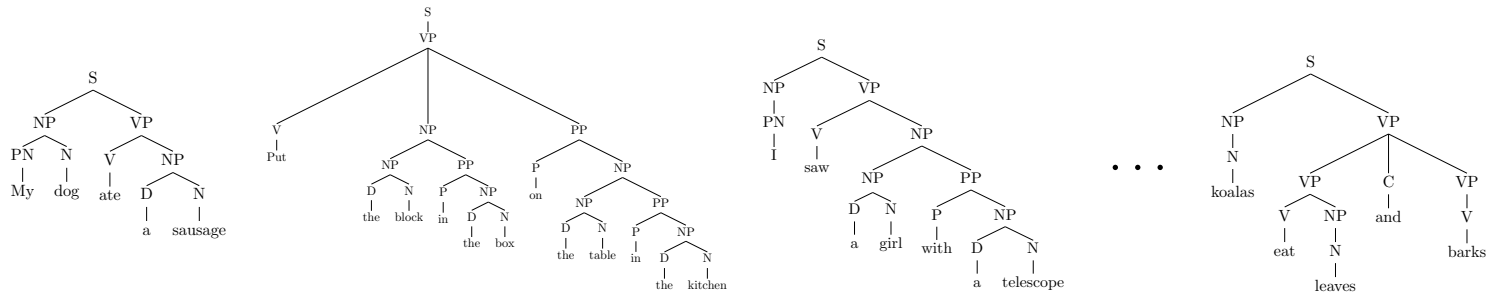
$$p(X \rightarrow \alpha) = \frac{C(X \rightarrow \alpha)}{C(X)}$$

The number of times the rule used in the corpus

The number of times the nonterminal X appears in the treebank

ML estimation

- ▶ A treebank: a collection sentences annotated with constituent trees



- ▶ An estimated probability of a rule (maximum likelihood estimates)

$$p(X \rightarrow \alpha) = \frac{C(X \rightarrow \alpha)}{C(X)}$$

The number of times the rule used in the corpus

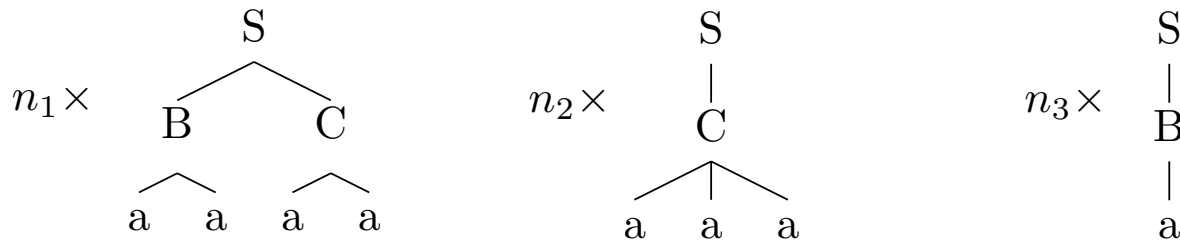
The number of times the nonterminal X appears in the treebank

- ▶ Smoothing is helpful
 - ▶ Especially important for preterminal rules, i.e. generation of words (= the task model in PoS tagging)
 - ▶ The same smoothing techniques as studied before can be used (e.g., GT or add 1 smoothing)

ML estimation: an example

[Ex. from Collins
IWPT 01]

► A toy treebank:



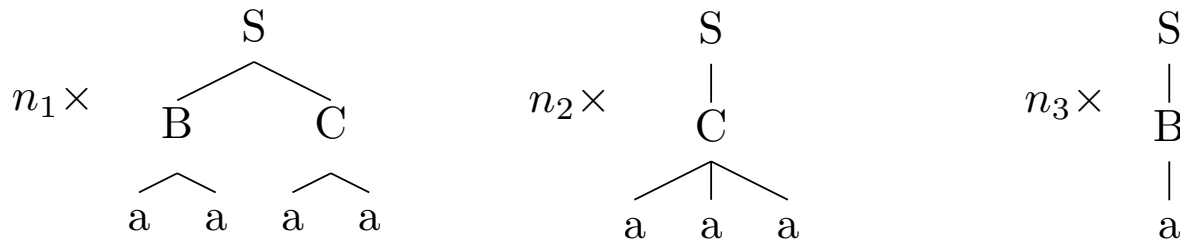
► Without smoothing:

Rule	Count	Prob. estimate
$S \rightarrow B C$		
$S \rightarrow C$		
$S \rightarrow B$		
$B \rightarrow a a$		
$B \rightarrow a$		
$C \rightarrow a a$		
$C \rightarrow a a a$		

ML estimation: an example

[Ex. from Collins
IWPT 01]

► A toy treebank:



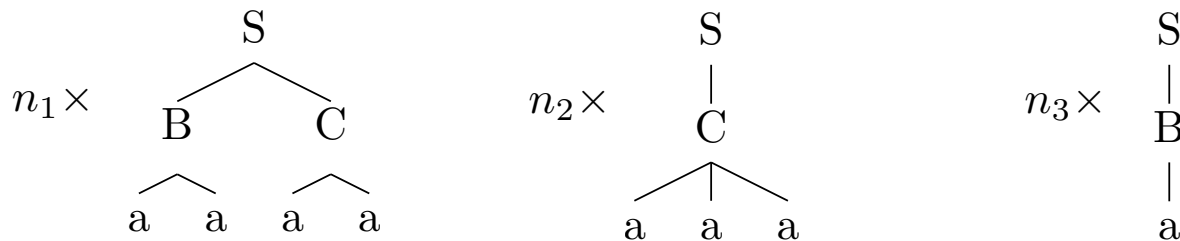
► Without smoothing:

Rule	Count	Prob. estimate
$S \rightarrow B C$	n_1	$n_1 / (n_1 + n_2 + n_3)$
$S \rightarrow C$		
$S \rightarrow B$		
$B \rightarrow a a$		
$B \rightarrow a$		
$C \rightarrow a a$		
$C \rightarrow a a a$		

ML estimation: an example

[Ex. from Collins
IWPT 01]

► A toy treebank:



► Without smoothing:

Rule	Count	Prob. estimate
$S \rightarrow B C$	n_1	$n_1 / (n_1 + n_2 + n_3)$
$S \rightarrow C$	n_2	$n_2 / (n_1 + n_2 + n_3)$
$S \rightarrow B$	n_3	$n_3 / (n_1 + n_2 + n_3)$
$B \rightarrow a a$	n_1	$n_1 / (n_1 + n_3)$
$B \rightarrow a$	n_3	$n_3 / (n_1 + n_3)$
$C \rightarrow a a$	n_1	$n_1 / (n_1 + n_2)$
$C \rightarrow a a a$	n_2	$n_2 / (n_1 + n_2)$

Penn Treebank: peculiarities

- ▶ Wall street journal: around 40,000 annotated sentences, 1,000,000 words
- ▶ Fine-grain part of speech tags (45), e.g., for verbs

VBD Verb, past tense

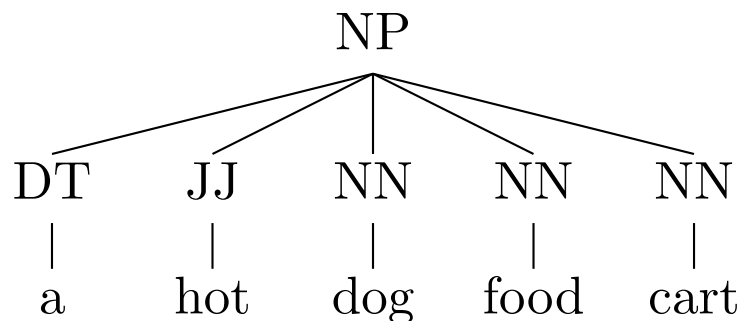
VBG Verb, gerund or present participle

VBP Verb, present (non-3rd person singular)

VBZ Verb, present (3rd person singular)

MD Modal

- ▶ Flat NPs (no attempt to disambiguate NP attachment)



Today

- ▶ CKY for the recognition problem
- ▶ Probabilistic PCFGs
- ▶ **CKY for PCFGs**

Summary

- ▶ CKY is an important tool, used in many applications
- ▶ PCFGs for statistical parsing
- ▶ Next time:
 - ▶ CKY for PCFGs,
 - ▶ ‘Vanilla’ PCFGs weakness and how to address them