

SMART CONTRACT CODE REVIEW AND SECURITY ANALYSIS REPORT

Customer: Viking DeFi **Date**: February 25th, 2021



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The report containing confidential information can be used internally by the Customer, or it can be disclosed publicly after all vulnerabilities fixed - upon a decision of the Customer.

Document

| Name | Smart Contract Code Review and Security Analysis Report for VikingDeFi. |
|-------------|---|
| Approved by | Andrew Matiukhin CTO Hacken OU |
| Туре | Token, Governance, TimeLock, Defi |
| Platform | Binance Smart Chain / Solidity |
| Methods | Architecture Review, Functional Testing, Computer-Aided Verification, Manual Review |
| Deployed | https://bscscan.com/address/0xc9d5dE27Cffa9F249211ac2CF5fD1f789d7018D5 |
| contract | https://bscscan.com/address/0xEf6e807fD2c0Ef5883A03Ed1b962333E8C9b725f |
| | https://bscscan.com/address/0x896eDE222D3f7f3414e136a2791BDB08AAa25Ce0 |
| Timeline | 25 FEB 2021 |
| Changelog | 25 FEB 2021 – INITIAL AUDIT |

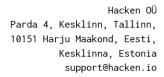




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Introduction

Hacken OÜ (Consultant) was contracted by Viking DeFi (Customer) to conduct a Smart Contract Code Review and Security Analysis. This report presents the findings of the security assessment of Customer's smart contract and its code review conducted between February 25th, 2021.

Scope

The scope of the project is smart contracts in the repository:

Contract deployment address:

Timelock: https://bscscan.com/address/0xc9d5dE27Cffa9F249211ac2CF5fD1f789d7018D5
Master Chef: https://bscscan.com/address/0xEf6e807fD2c0Ef5883A03Ed1b962333E8C9b725f
Viking Token:

https://bscscan.com/address/0x896eDE222D3f7f3414e136a2791BDB08AAa25Ce0

We have scanned this smart contract for commonly known and more specific vulnerabilities. Here are some of the commonly known vulnerabilities that are considered:

| Category | Check Item |
|-------------|---|
| Code review | Reentrancy |
| | Ownership Takeover |
| | Timestamp Dependence |
| | Gas Limit and Loops |
| | DoS with (Unexpected) Throw |
| | DoS with Block Gas Limit |
| | Transaction-Ordering Dependence |
| | Style guide violation |
| | Costly Loop |
| | ERC20 API violation |
| | Unchecked external call |
| | Unchecked math |
| | Unsafe type inference |
| | Implicit visibility level |
| | Deployment Consistency |
| | Repository Consistency |
| | Data Consistency |



| Functional review | Business Logics Review |
|-------------------|---|
| | Functionality Checks |
| | Access Control & Authorization |
| | Escrow manipulation |
| | Token Supply manipulation |
| | Assets integrity |
| | User Balances manipulation |
| | Kill-Switch Mechanism |
| | Operation Trails & Event Generation |

Executive Summary

According to the assessment, the Customer's smart contracts are well-secured. Viking DeFi is a fork of Goose DeFi, and last project was already audited.

| Insecure | Poor secured | Secured | Well-secured | |
|----------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--|
| | | You are here | | |

Our team performed an analysis of code functionality, manual audit, and automated checks with Mythril and Slither. All issues found during automated analysis were manually reviewed, and important vulnerabilities are presented in the Audit overview section. A general overview is presented in AS-IS section, and all found issues can be found in the Audit overview section.

Security engineers found 2 medium, 1 informational issue during the audit.

Notice: the audit scope is limited and not include all files in the repository. Though, reviewed contracts are secure, we may not guarantee secureness of contracts that are not in the scope.

Informational

25%

Medium

Medium

75%

Graph 1. The distribution of vulnerabilities after the first review.

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Severity Definitions

| Risk Level | Description |
|-------------------------------------|---|
| Critical | Critical vulnerabilities are usually straightforward to exploit and can lead to assets loss or data manipulations. |
| High | High-level vulnerabilities are difficult to exploit; however, they also have a significant impact on smart contract execution, e.g., public access to crucial functions |
| Medium | Medium-level vulnerabilities are important to fix; however, they can't lead to assets loss or data manipulations. |
| Low | Low-level vulnerabilities are mostly related to outdated, unused, etc. code snippets that can't have a significant impact on execution |
| Lowest / Code Style / Best Practice | Lowest-level vulnerabilities, code style violations, and info statements can't affect smart contract execution and can be ignored. |



AS-IS overview

Timelock.sol

Description

Timelock queues and executes transactions.

Imports

Timelock has following imports:

SafeMath.sol – from the OpenZeppelin.

Inheritance

Timelock does not inherit anything.

Usages

Timelock contract has following usages:

SafeMath for uint.

Structs

Timelock contract has no data structures.

Enums

Timelock contract has no enums.

Events

Timelock contract has following events:

- event NewAdmin(address indexed newAdmin);
- event NewPendingAdmin(address indexed newPendingAdmin);
- event NewDelay(uint indexed newDelay);
- event CancelTransaction(bytes32 indexed txHash, address indexed target, uint value, string signature, bytes data, uint eta);
- event ExecuteTransaction(bytes32 indexed txHash, address indexed target, uint value, string signature, bytes data, uint eta);
- event QueueTransaction(bytes32 indexed txHash, address indexed target, uint value, string signature, bytes data, uint eta);

Modifiers

Timelock has no modifiers.

Fields

Timelock contract has following fields and constants:

- uint public constant GRACE PERIOD = 14 days;
- uint public constant MINIMUM DELAY = 6 hours;



- uint public constant MAXIMUM DELAY = 30 days;
- address public admin an admin address.
- address public pendingAdmin a pending admin.
- uint public delay delay between a transaction queueing and execution.
- mapping (bytes32 => bool) public queuedTransactions queued transactions.

Functions

Timelock has following public functions:

constructor

Description

Inits the contract and sets default parameters.

Visibility

public

Input parameters

- o address admin_ admin address.
- uint delay_ delay between a transaction queuing and execution.

Constraints

A 'delay_' value should be between DELAY and MAXIMUM_DELAY.

Events emit

None

Output

None

receive

Description

Allows ETH transfers.

setDelay

Description

Sets a delay.

Visibility

public

Input parameters

uint delay_ - delay between a transaction queuing and execution.

Constraints

- A message sender should be the contract itself.
- o A 'delay 'value should be between DELAY and MAXIMUM DELAY.

Events emit

Emits the 'NewDelay' event.

Output

None



acceptAdmin

Description

Accept the admin permissions.

Visibility

public

Input parameters

None

Constraints

o A message sender should be a pending admin.

Events emit

Emits the 'NewAdmin' event.

Output

None

setPendingAdmin

Description

Accept the admin permissions.

Visibility

public

Input parameters

o address pendingAdmin_ - a pending admin address.

Constraints

A message sender should be the contract itself.

Events emit

Emits the 'NewPendingAdmin' event.

Output

None

queueTransaction

Description

Add a new transaction to the queue.

Visibility

public

Input parameters

- o address target a tx target.
- o uint value a tx value.
- string memory signature a method signature.
- bytes memory data a tx data.
- o uint eta a minimum delay between a tx queuing and execution.

Constraints

- A message sender should be admin.
- o `eta` should be more than current time plus delay value.



Events emit

Emits the 'QueueTransaction' event.

Output

bytes32 – a tx hash.

cancelTransaction

Description

Cancel a transaction.

Visibility

public

Input parameters

- o address target a tx target.
- o uint value a tx value.
- o string memory signature a method signature.
- o bytes memory data a tx data.
- o uint eta a minimum delay between a tx queuing and execution.

Constraints

A message sender should be admin.

Events emit

Emits the 'CancelTransaction' event.

Output

None

• executeTransaction

Description

Execute a transaction.

Visibility

public

Input parameters

- address target a tx target.
- o uint value a tx value.
- o string memory signature a method signature.
- bytes memory data a tx data.
- o uint eta a minimum delay between a tx queuing and execution.

Constraints

- A message sender should be admin.
- A transaction should be queued.
- Current timestamp should be between `eta` and `eta` + GRACE PERIOD.

Events emit

Emits the `ExecuteTransaction` event.

Output



None

MasterChef.sol

Description

MasterChef is a liquidity pool with rewards in Viking token.

Imports

MasterChef has following imports:

- @openzeppelin/contracts/math/SafeMath.sol
- ./libs/IBEP20.sol
- ./libs/SafeBEP20.sol
- @openzeppelin/contracts/access/Ownable.sol
- ./VikingToken.sol

Inheritance

MasterChef is Ownable.

Usages

MasterChef contract has following usages:

- SafeMath for uint256
- SafeBEP20 for IBEP20

Structs

MasterChef contract has following data structures:

- UserInfo
- PoolInfo

Enums

MasterChef contract has no enums.

Events

MasterChef contract has following events:

- Deposit
- Withdraw
- EmergencyWithdraw

Modifiers

MasterChef has no custom modifiers.

Fields

MasterChef contract has following fields and constants:

VikingToken public viking



- address public devaddr
- uint256 public vikingPerBlock
- uint256 public constant BONUS_MULTIPLIER = 1
- address public feeAddress
- PoolInfo[] public poolInfo
- mapping (uint256 => mapping (address => UserInfo)) public userInfo
- uint256 public totalAllocPoint = 0
- uint256 public startBlock

Functions

MasterChef has following public functions:

constructor

Description

Sets initial values of the contract.

Visibility

public

Input parameters

- VikingToken _viking,
- address _devaddr
- o address feeAddress
- uint256 _vikingPerBlock
- o uint256 startBlock

Constraints

None

Events emit

None

Output

None

poolLength

Description

Returns a number of pools.

Visibility

external view

Input parameters

None

Constraints

None

Events emit

None

Output



o uint256 – a number of pools.

changeFactor

Description

Updates the rewardTimeFactor.

Visibility

public

Input parameters

None

Constraints

o onlyOwner modifier.

Events emit

None

Output

None

add

Description

Add a new lp to the pool.

Visibility

public

Input parameters

- uint256 _allocPoint
- o IERC20 _lpToken
- o uint16 _depositFeeBP
- bool _withUpdate

Constraints

o onlyOwner modifier.

Events emit

None

Output

None

set

Description

Update the given pool's allocation point

Visibility

public

Input parameters

- o uint256 _pid
- o uint256 _allocPoint
- bool _withUpdate

Constraints



o onlyOwner modifier.

Events emit

None

Output

None

getMultiplier

Description

Return reward multiplier over the given _from to _to block.

Visibility

Public view

Input parameters

- o uint256 from
- o uint256 to

Constraints

None

Events emit

None

Output

o uint256 – requested multiplier.

pendingEgg

Description

Returns pending reward tokens of a _user for a _pid reward pool.

Visibility

external view

Input parameters

- o uint256 _pid
- o address user

Constraints

None

Events emit

None

Output

o uint256 – available tokens.

massUpdatePools

Description

Update reward variables for all pools.

Visibility

public

Input parameters

None



Constraints

None

Events emit

None

Output

None

updatePool

Description

Update reward variables of the given pool to be up-to-date.

Visibility

public

Input parameters

o uint256 pid

Constraints

None

Events emit

None

Output

None

deposit

Description

Deposit LP tokens.

Visibility

public

Input parameters

- o uint256 _pid
- o uint256 _amount

Constraints

None

Events emit

Emits the Deposit event.

Output

None

withdraw

Description

Withdraw LP tokens.

Visibility

public

Input parameters

o uint256 pid



o uint256 _amount

Constraints

An _amount should not exceed a user balance of a _pid pool

Events emit

Emits the Withdraw event.

Output

None

emergencyWithdraw

Description

Withdraw LP tokens without a reward.

Visibility

public

Input parameters

uint256 _pid

Constraints

None

Events emit

Emits the EmergencyWithdraw event.

Output

None

dev

Description

Allows dev address to set another dev address.

• setFeeAddress

Description

Allows fee address to set another fee address.

• updateEmissionRate

Description

Mass update pool and sets new vikingPerBlock value.

Visibility

public

Input parameters

o uint256 _vikingPerBlock

Constraints

o onlyOwner modifier.

Events emit

None

Output

None



VikingToken.sol

Description

VikingToken is a token with following parameters:

• Name: VikingSwap Token

Symbol: VIKINGDecimals: 18

The VikingToken has voting functionality.

Imports

VikingToken contract has following imports:

./libs/BEP20.sol

Inheritance

VikingToken contract is BEP20.

Usages

VikingToken contract has no custom usages.

Structs

VikingToken contract has following data structures:

struct Checkpoint – stores votes checkpoints.

Enums

VikingToken contract has no custom enums.

Events

VikingToken contract has following custom evets:

- event DelegateChanged(address indexed delegator, address indexed fromDelegate, address indexed toDelegate)
- event DelegateVotesChanged(address indexed delegate, uint256 previousBalance, uint256 newBalance)

Modifiers

VikingToken has no custom modifiers.

Fields

VikingToken contract has following fields and constants:

- mapping (address => mapping (uint32 => Checkpoint)) public checkpoints
- mapping (address => uint32) public numCheckpoints
- bytes32 public constant DOMAIN_TYPEHASH = keccak256("EIP712Domain(string name,uint256 chainId,address verifyingContract)")



- bytes32 public constant DELEGATION_TYPEHASH = keccak256("Delegation(address delegatee,uint256 nonce,uint256 expiry)")
- mapping (address => uint) public nonces

Functions

VikingToken has following public functions:

delegates

Description

Returns an address to whom delegator delegates his votes.

Visibility

external view

Input parameters

o address delegator

Constraints

None

Events emit

None

Output

address

delegate

Description

Delegate votes from *msg.sender* to *delegate*.

Visibility

external

Input parameters

address delegatee

Constraints

None

Events emit

Emits DelegateChanged event.

Output

None

delegateBySig

Description

Delegates votes from signatory to delegatee.

Visibility

public

Input parameters

address delegate



- o uint256 nonce
- o uint256 expiry
- o uint8 v
- o bytes32 r
- o bytes32 s

Constraints

None

Events emit

Emits DelegateChanged event.

Output

None

getCurrentVotes

Description

Get current votes balance for account.

Visibility

external view

Input parameters

o address account

Constraints

None

Events emit

None

Output

o uint256 — number of current votes for account.

getPriorVotes

Description

Determine the prior number of votes for an account as of a

blockNumber.

Visibility

public view

Input parameters

- address account
- uint256 blockNumber

Constraints

None

Events emit

None

Output

o uint256 — number of votes the account had as of the given block.



• mint

Description

Mints an _amount to _to address.

Visibility

public

Input parameters

- o address to
- o uint256 amount

Constraints

o *onlyOwner* modifier.

Events emit

None

Output

None

Audit overview

Critical

No critical issues were found.

High

No high severity issues were found.

■ ■ Medium

- 1. The *add* function of the *MasterChef* contract is lack of validations for the _*lpToken* existence.
- 2. The *updateEmissionRate* function of the *MasterChef* can fail due to block gas limit if the pool size is big enough.

Low

No low severity issues were found.

Lowest / Code style / Best Practice

1. Some code style issues were found by the static code analyzers.



Conclusion

Smart contracts within the scope were manually reviewed and analyzed with static analysis tools. For the contract, high-level description of functionality was presented in As-Is overview section of the report.

Audit report contains all found security vulnerabilities and other issues in the reviewed code.

Security engineers found 2 medium, 1 informational issue during the audit.

Notice: the audit scope is limited and not include all files in the repository. Though, reviewed contracts are secure, we may not guarantee secureness of contracts that are not in the scope.

Violations in the following categories were found and addressed to Customer:

| Category | Check Item | Comments |
|-------------|--------------------------------------|--|
| Code review | Costly loops | Execution of the updateEmissionRate function of the MasterChef may fail due to block gas limit |
| | Data consistency | The add function of the MasterChef is lack of _lpToken validation. |



Disclaimers

Hacken Disclaimer

The smart contracts given for audit have been analyzed in accordance with the best industry practices at the date of this report, in relation to cybersecurity vulnerabilities and issues in smart contract source code, the details of which are disclosed in this report (Source Code); the Source Code compilation, deployment, and functionality (performing the intended functions).

The audit makes no statements or warranties on security of the code. It also cannot be considered as a sufficient assessment regarding the utility and safety of the code, bugfree status or any other statements of the contract. While we have done our best in conducting the analysis and producing this report, it is important to note that you should not rely on this report only - we recommend proceeding with several independent audits and a public bug bounty program to ensure security of smart contracts.

Technical Disclaimer

Smart contracts are deployed and executed on blockchain platform. The platform, its programming language, and other software related to the smart contract can have its vulnerabilities that can lead to hacks. Thus, the audit can't guarantee the explicit security of the audited smart contracts.