$$\mathbf{p} = \sum_{i} q_{i} \mathbf{r}_{i}$$

What is the magnitude of the dipole moment of this charge distribution?

A. qd

B. 2qd

C. 3qd

D. 4qd

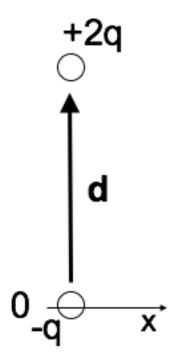
E. It's not determined

$$\mathbf{p} = \sum_{i} q_{i} \mathbf{r}_{i}$$

What is the dipole moment of this system?

(BTW, it is NOT overall neutral!)

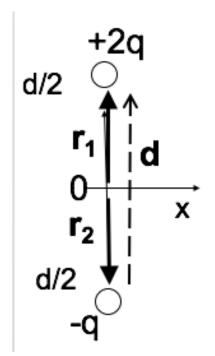
- A. **qd**
- B. 2*q***d**
- C. $\frac{3}{2}q$ **d**
- D. 3q**d**
- E. Someting else (or not defined)



$$\mathbf{p} = \sum_{i} q_{i} \mathbf{r}_{i}$$

What is the dipole moment of this system? (Same as last question, just shifted in z.)

- A. **qd**
- B. 2*q***d**
- C. $\frac{3}{2}q$ **d**
- D. 3q**d**
- E. Someting else (or not defined)



You have a physical dipole, +q and -q a finite distance d apart. When can you use the expression:

$$V(\mathbf{r}) = \frac{1}{4\pi\varepsilon_0} \frac{\mathbf{p} \cdot \hat{\mathbf{r}}}{r^2}$$

A. This is an exact expression everywhere.

B. It's valid for large *r*

C. It's valid for small *r*

D. No idea...

You have a physical dipole, +q and -q a finite distance d apart. When can you use the expression:

$$V(\mathbf{r}) = \frac{1}{4\pi\varepsilon_0} \sum_{i} \frac{q_i}{\Re_i}$$

A. This is an exact expression everywhere.

B. It's valid for large *r*

C. It's valid for small *r*

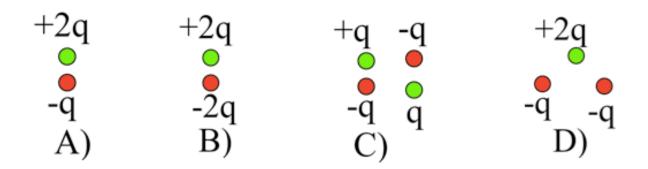
D. No idea...

Which charge distributions below produce a potential that looks like $\frac{C}{r^2}$ when you are far away?

E) None of these, or more than one of these!

(For any which you did not select, how DO they behave at large r?)

Which charge distributions below produce a potential that looks like $\frac{C}{r^2}$ when you are far away?



E) None of these, or more than one of these!

(For any which you did not select, how DO they behave at large r?)

In terms of the multipole expansion V(r) = V(mono) + V(dip) + V(quad) + ..., the following charge distribution has the form:

- A. V(r) = V(mono) + V(dip) + higher order terms
- B. V(r) = V(dip) + higher order terms
- C. V(r) = V(dip)
- D. V(r) = only higher order terms than dipole
- E. No higher terms, V(r) = 0 for this one.