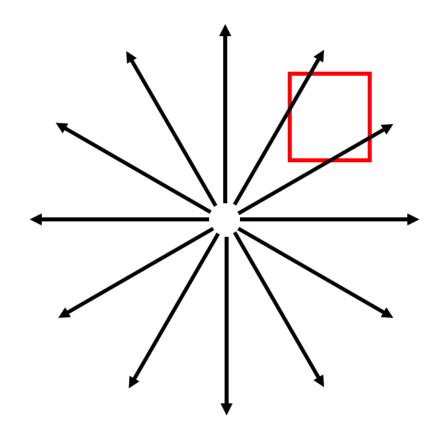
What is the divergence in the boxed region?

A. Zero

B. Not zero

C. ???



Consider a vector field defined as the gradient of some wellbehaved scalar function:

$$\mathbf{v}(x, y, z) = \nabla T(x, y, z).$$

What is the value of $\oint_C \mathbf{v} \cdot d\mathbf{l}$?

- A. Zero
- B. Non-zero, but finite
- C. Can't tell without a function for T

ANNOUNCEMENTS

- Homework 1 solutions posted immediately after class
- Graded Homework 1 returned next Friday
- Homework 2 posted (due next Friday)
- WAMPS is organizing GRE study sessions
 - First session: Wed., Sept. 12 4-5 pm (BPS 1400)

LET THE SHAMING BEGIN

REGISTER YOUR CLICKER!

- Adams, Joe
- Allen, Grant
- Bensley, Justin
- Bertus, Thomas
- Boyd, Brendan
- Briseno, Robert
- Brook, Evan
- Byrd, Benjamin
- Czyzewski, Austin
- Dara, Jacob
- Ding, Fang
- Evasic, Jacob
- Fowler, David

AND IT COTINUES...

- Hindenach, John
- Jiang, Shan
- Lewis, Jim
- Li, Xingyu
- Li, Zihan
- Maestrales, Sarah
- Myers, Cody
- Osella, Anna
- Patel, Shivang
- Smith, Dylan
- Wallace, Ian
- Ward, Jenny

AND YET, WE ARE NOT DONE...

- Wicklund, Courtney
- Wilks, Gavin
- Williams, Brandon
- Xu, Fu
- Zuzelski, Joel

NOW WE ARE DONE.

Register clicker here: https://goo.gl/nrebCr

For me, the first homework was ...

- A. entirely a review.
- B. mostly a review, but it had a few new things in it.
- C. somewhat of a review, but it had quite a few new things in it.
- D. completely new for me.

I spent ... hours on the first homework.

A. 1-2

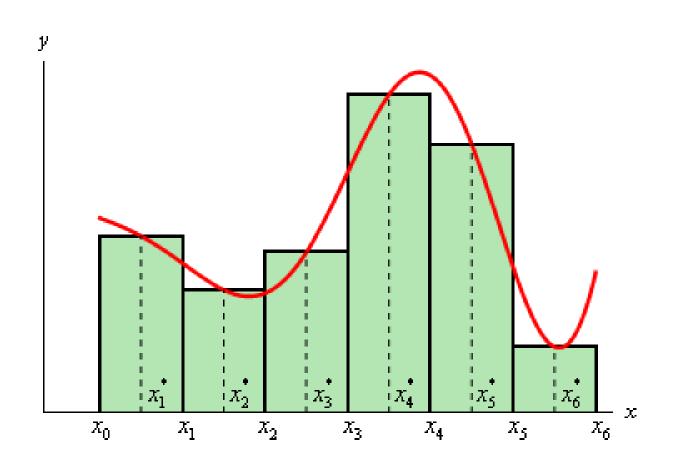
B. 3-4

C. 5-6

D. 7-8

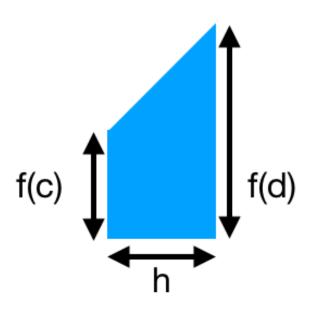
E. More than 9

NUMERICAL INTEGRATION



Consider this trapezoid

What is the area of this trapezoid?



$$C.f(c)h + \frac{1}{2}f(d)h$$

C.
$$f(c)h + \frac{1}{2}f(d)h$$

D. $\frac{1}{2}f(c)h + \frac{1}{2}f(d)h$

E. Something else

The trapezoidal rule for a function f(x) gives the area of the kth slice of width k to be,

$$A_k = \frac{1}{2}h(f(a + (k - 1)h) + f(a + kh))$$

What is the approximate integral, $I(a,b) = \int_a^b f(x) dx$, $I(a,b) \approx$

A.
$$\sum_{k=1}^{N} \frac{1}{2}h \left(f(a + (k-1)h) + f(a + kh) \right)$$

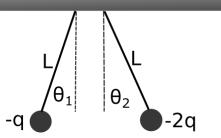
B. $h\left(\frac{1}{2}f(a) + \frac{1}{2}f(b) + \frac{1}{2}\sum_{k=1}^{N-1}f(a + kh) \right)$

C.
$$h\left(\frac{1}{2}f(a) + \frac{1}{2}f(b) + \sum_{k=1}^{N-1} f(a+kh)\right)$$

- D. None of these is correct.
- E. More than one is correct.

The trapezoidal rule takes into account the value and slope of the function. The next "best" approximation will also take into account:

- A. Concavity of the function
- B. Curvature of the function
- C. Unequally spaced intervals
- D. More than one of these
- E. Something else entirely



Two small spheres (mass, m) are attached to insulating strings (length, L) and hung from the ceiling as shown.

How does the angle (with respect of the vertical) that the string attached to the -q charge (θ_1) compare to that of the -2q charge (θ_2)?

A.
$$\theta_1 > \theta_2$$

$$B. \theta_1 = \theta_2$$

$$C. \theta_1 > \theta_2$$