STA302H1 – Final Report

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Introduction

The purpose of this report is to study the relationship between a student's country of origin, the time they spent studying for STA302H1 (weeks 1 - 4), the time they spent thinking about COVID-19 (weeks 1 - 4), and their interim STA302H1 quiz scores (quizzes 1 - 3) versus final STA302H1 quiz scores (quiz 4).

Existing studies in pedagogy tend to focus on individual factors that affect course performance, such as the number of hours slept, or the number of hours spent studying for a course. However, this study intends to explore multiple covariates simultaneously to assess their collective effect on final quiz grades, as well as the effects of two covariates on each other.

Information about Our Popoulation

The population of interest is a group of students from the online summer 2021 (July - August) STA302H1S cohort, which originally had 227 students at the start of the term, but has 198 students enrolled as of August 13, 2021.

Experiment Description

For this study, students were surveyed on Quercus at the end of each week for the first 4 weeks of STA302H1. Each week is specified by a date range below:

- End of Week 1 (July 5 July 9)
- End of Week 2 (July 12 July 16)
- End of Week 3 (July 19 July 23)
- End of Week 4 (July 26 July 30)

The survey asked about their country of origin (first week only), the number of hours they spent thinking about COVID-19, and the number of hours they spent studying for STA302H1. Quiz scores were also collected and combined into a dataset, where student names were anonymized before the dataset was made available to all STA302H1 students on Quercus for analysis during the STA302H1 final report.

Purpose of Developing A Model

The purpose of developing a model is to try to understand the relationship between quiz 4 scores and the other predictor variables (interim STA302H1 quiz scores, study time, COVID contemplation time, country, or some combination of these factors) in explaining the variability among quiz 4 marks.

If the model shows some relationship, it may be possible to use the regression model to determine which of the variables are strong predictors of Quiz 4 grades, and estimate unknown values for quiz 4 scores whenever the values of the independent variables are known.

Developing this model primarily benefits professors and students. Current professors can identify possible weak topics by identifying topics that yield the lowest quiz scores, reflect on things they did/did not help students, and then devote resources to improving lectures or creating carefully curated tutorials that address topics that students find challenging. Teaching stream professors and future STA302H1 professors would inherit these resources so they can establish reasonable STA302H1 learning goals, thoroughly prepare for more formative lectures, and address common student conceptual pitfalls that undermine student quiz scores.

When current STA302H1 students understand the most important factors that contribute to high quiz 4 grades, they can develop informed strategies that can help them effectively learn key material and maximize their grades on formative quizzes. Future students can establish reasonable expectations about workload and develop strategies to maximize their time and success in STA302H1 with available resources.

Plan for Developing Model

The dataset contained a small number of typos, which were cleaned manually rather than programatically. This included removing the word "hours" to safely cast numeric parts of strings as integers, removing non-Unicode characters like "UTF-098", and capitalizing "canada" and "china", so that they would be treated the same as the countries "Canada" and "China." To finish off the data cleaning process, similar columns (i.e., COVID times, study times, and quiz scores) were grouped together to make further data analysis more convenient.

Although some entries in the dataset contained missing (NA) data, missing quiz grades were considered more problematic than rows with only missing number of COVID hours, number of STA302H1 study hours, or even missing countries of origin. To preserve as much of the original dataset as possible, NA countries were categorized as unknown, and NA COVID hours and STA302H1 hours were ignored.

Students who miss 3 or more quizzes were removed from the original dataset, since they may not have quiz 4 scores available. Additionally, students without Quiz 4 scores were also removed.

(TODO: Also remove students without Quiz 4 scores either way?)

Due to the fact that influential outliers tend to have high residuals, they will be removed to prevent them from influencing the magnitude and direction of the regression coefficients, as well as the power of the overall power.

(TODO: Add influential outlier checks later on.)

Descriptive statistics such as histograms, boxplots, 5-number summaries, and pairs scatterplots will be created to reveal useful relationships that will help to inform the model selection.

Model diagnostics will be used to verify assumptions of the final model, and address whether or not any variable transformation or variable re-centering is necessary.

Lastly, scholarly research will be consulted to confirm the results and propose ways to improve the final model.

(TODO: Consult scholarly research.)

Explanatory Data Analysis

There are a total of 13 variables in the dataset. The response variable is a student's quiz 4 score, and the predictor variables are the remaining 12 variables: a student's country of origin, the time they spent thinking about COVID-19 during weeks 1 - 4, the time they spent studying for STA302H1 during weeks 1 - 4, and their Quiz 1 - 3 scores.

The following table describes each variable, its meaning, and its type:

Variable	Meaning	Type of Variable
Country	Student's country of origin	Categorical/nominal
Quiz_1_Score	Student's quiz 1 score out of 10	Ordinal numeric
Quiz_2_Score	Student's quiz 2 score out of 10	Ordinal numeric
Quiz_3_Score	Student's quiz 3 score out of 10	Ordinal numeric
Quiz_4_Score	Student's quiz 4 score out of 10	Ordinal numeric
COVIDhours.W1	Time student spent thinking about COVID-19 during Week 1 in hours	Continuous numeric
COVIDhours.W2	Time student spent thinking about COVID-19 during Week 2 in hours	Continuous numeric
COVIDhours.W3	Time student spent thinking about COVID-19 during Week 3 in hours	Continuous numeric
COVIDhours.W4	Time student spent thinking about COVID-19 during Week 4 in hours	Continuous numeric
STA302hours.W1	Time student spent studying for STA302H1 during Week 1	Continuous numeric
STA302hours.W2	Time student spent studying for STA302H1 during Week 2	Continuous numeric
STA302hours.W3	Time student spent studying for STA302H1 during Week 3	Continuous numeric
STA302hours.W4	Time student spent studying for STA302H1 during Week 4	Continuous numeric

Note that time spent studying for STA302H1 can include lecture time, review time, quiz time, or assignment time.

Relevant Tables and Figures for Noteworthy Variables

Histograms

Times spent thinking about COVID-19, study times, and quiz scores among all students were summarized using histograms. The green dotted vertical line represents the mean and the solid blue vertical line represents the median. Seven-number summaries were also included to display meaningful statistics such as the mean, median, minimum, maximum, 1st quartile, 3rd quartile, and the number of NAs.

The histograms for COVID hours during weeks 1 - 4 are all right skewed (mean > median), indicating that a few students tend to spend a lot of time thinking about COVID-19 during the week. The median times spent thinking about COVID-19 remained constant at 1 hour/week across all 4 weeks, however the mean time spent thinking about COVID-19 decreased for the first 3 weeks from a maximum of 3.7 hours in week 1 to a minimum of 2.227 hours in week 3, and increased from week 3 to week 4.

The histograms for study hours during weeks 1 - 3 are approximately normal with a few outliers in the right tail. However, study hours week 4 exhibits a right skewed distribution. In fact, the mean study time increased by approximately 23%, and the median study time increased by approximately 44% from week 3 to week 4.

The histograms for quiz scores during weeks 1 - 4 are all left skewed (mean < median), as few students tend to underperform on quizzes. The median for weeks 1, 3, and 4 remain at 8/10 points, except for week 3 which had a median of 8.8/10. Week 1 had the smallest difference between mean and median quiz scores (about 0.26/10 points), while week 2 has the largest divide between mean and median quiz scores (about 1.38/10 points).





Week 2 Time Spent on COVID-19



Week 3 Time Spent on COVID-19



Week 4 Time Spent on COVID-19



Week 1 Time Spent Studying for STA302H1



Week 2 Time Spent Studying for STA302H1



Week 3 Time Spent Studying for STA302H1



Week 4 Time Spent Studying for STA302H1











Boxplots

Side-by-side boxplots were used to compare COVID-19 times, study times, and quiz scores among students from all countries.

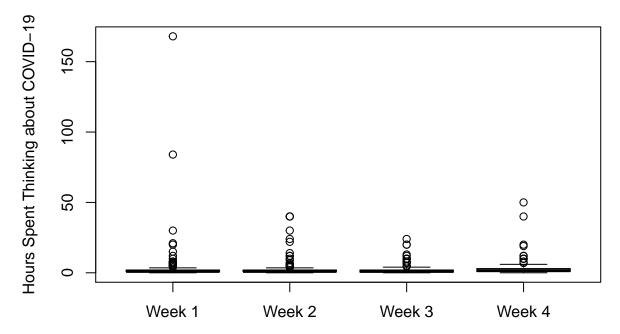
All 4 weeks contain outliers, although week 1 had the largest outliers: two students thought about COVID-19 for 168 and 84 hours. Among all students, weeks 1 - 3 median COVID times were approximately 1 hour with a slightly increased median COVID time of around 1.5 hours from week 3 to week 4. The spread (IQR) of COVID times were both 1 hour for weeks 1 and 3, although there is more spread in week 3 (1.5 hours), and week 4 has the largest spread (2 hours).

Although all 4 weeks contained outliers, week 4 has outliers ranging from a median study time of 30 - 70 hours. The median amount of study time steadily increased from 7 hours to 9 hours in weeks 1 - 3, with a noticeable increase in median study time from 9 hours to 11 hours from week 3 to week 4. Median study times had similar spreads (IQR) of 4 hours for weeks 1 and 2, but there is more spread in week 3 (6 hours), and even larger spread in week 4 (9 hours).

Median quiz 1 scores have the most outliers, although they are milder than the single quiz 2 outlier which displays the lowest quiz 2 score (1/10). Quizzes 1, 3, and 4 has similar median quiz scores of 8/10, with week 2 having the highest median quiz score of 8.8/10. Weeks 2 and 3 have similarly large spreads (IQRs of 3.6 and 4 point gaps), though week 1 has the smallest spread. Week 4 quiz scores are the least skewed.

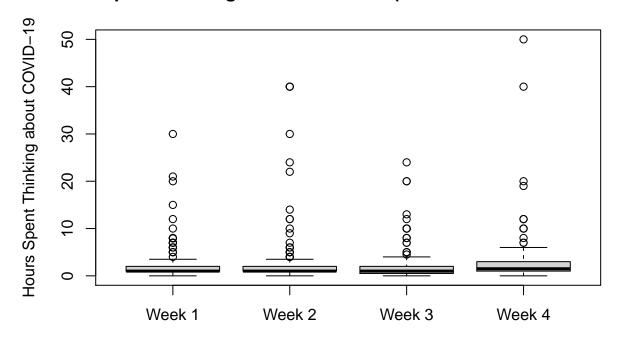
```
boxplot(remaining_data$COVID.hours..W1., remaining_data$COVID.hours..W2.,
    remaining_data$COVID.hours..W3., remaining_data$COVID.hours..W4.,
    names = c("Week 1", "Week 2", "Week 3", "Week 4"),
    yscale = 50,
    ylab = "Hours Spent Thinking about COVID-19",
    main = "Time Spent Thinking about COVID-19")
```

Time Spent Thinking about COVID-19



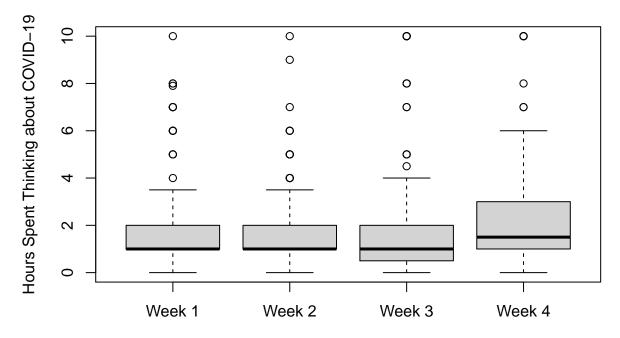
```
ylim = c(0, 50),
yscale = 10,
ylab = "Hours Spent Thinking about COVID-19",
main = "Time Spent Thinking about COVID-19 (Extreme Outliers Removed)")
```

Time Spent Thinking about COVID-19 (Extreme Outliers Removed)



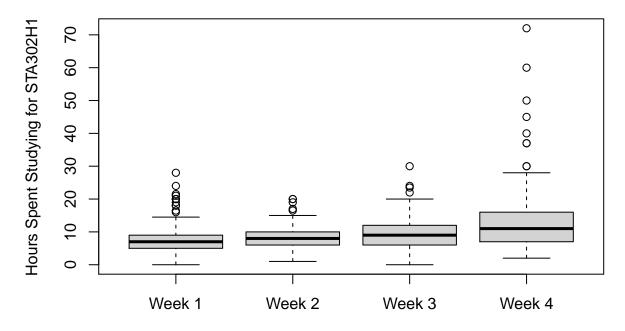
```
boxplot(remaining_data$COVID.hours..W1., remaining_data$COVID.hours..W2.,
    remaining_data$COVID.hours..W3., remaining_data$COVID.hours..W4.,
    names = c("Week 1", "Week 2", "Week 3", "Week 4"),
    ylim = c(0, 10),
    yscale = 10,
    ylab = "Hours Spent Thinking about COVID-19",
    main = "Time Spent Thinking about COVID-19 (Moderate Outliers Removed)")
```

Time Spent Thinking about COVID-19 (Moderate Outliers Removed



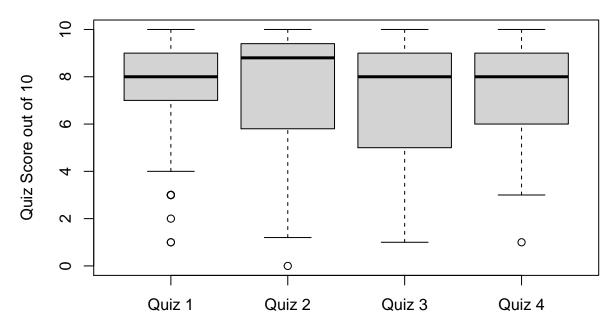
```
boxplot(remaining_data$STA302.hours..W1., remaining_data$STA302.hours..W2.,
    remaining_data$STA302.hours..W3., remaining_data$STA302.hours..W4.,
    names = c("Week 1", "Week 2", "Week 3", "Week 4"),
    ylab = "Hours Spent Studying for STA302H1",
    main = "Time Spent Studying for STA302H1")
```

Time Spent Studying for STA302H1



```
names = c("Quiz 1", "Quiz 2", "Quiz 3", "Quiz 4"),
ylab = "Quiz Score out of 10", main = "Quiz Scores")
```

Quiz Scores



Side-by-side boxplots were used to compare COVID-19 times, study times, and quiz scores among students from various countries.

In week 1, most students from all countries spent a small amount of time thinking about COVID-19. Japan has the highest median COVID times, whereas India and USA have the lowest median COVID times. Clear outliers for Canada and China in all 4 weeks indicate that some Canadian and Chinese STA302H1 students were spending an above average amount of time thinking about COVID-19. Among all countries, Mongolia had the highest median COVID time during weeks 2 - 4. Pakistan and Singapore students also showed increased median and IQR COVID times between week 1 and week 2. Additionally, China and USA have the lowest median COVID times in week 2. In week 4, all countries returned to low median COVID-19 times, except for Mongolia which increased by approximately 150% from about 20 hours to about 50 hours).

Clear outliers exist for Canada in weeks 1 - 4, and China in weeks 1, 2, and 4. South Korea has the lowest median study time, wheras Japan has the highest median study time in week 1. Median study times in week 1 for a given country seem to fall within the IQR of other countries. This may indicate that median week 1 study times might not be statistically different from each other. More specifically, median study times for all countries fall between 0 - 10 hours.

In week 2, all countries have higher median study times compated to week 1, with Canada and China both having median study times of approximately 8 hours. The majority of median study times cluster between 5 - 10 hours, except for USA which has a median study time of approximately 20 hours -300% more than week 1.

Roughly half of the countries saw a decrease in median study time, and other half saw an increase median study times in week 3. The boxplots for 7 out of 12 countries (China, India, Pakistan, Singapore, South Korea, UAE, and USA) all display approximately normally distributed study times. From week 3 to week 4, students from some countries increased their median study times from a range of 5 - 10 hours, to a range of 10 - 20 hours.

During week 1, the quiz scores for India, Singapore, Taiwan, and UAE students are all approximately normally distributed. Mongolia, Pakistan, and South Korea all had the highest median quiz scores roughly

equal to the 75th percentile of Canada, China, and Singapore: around 9/10.

There were clear outliers for quiz scores among Chinese students in week 2. UAE has lowest median quiz score among all countries (1.25/10), while China and Taiwan have the highest median quiz scores among all countries (9.375/10). Among all countries, Canada and NA have the largest spread of quiz scores. Additionally, UAE decreased median quiz score from 4/10 to 1.25/10 (-68.75%), while Mongolia decreased median quiz score from 9/10 to 2/10 (-77.78%).

The median quiz scores for Canada, Pakistan, Singapore, Taiwan, and USA were all 7/10, whereas Japan and Mongolia have median quiz scores of 9/10 for week 4. The median quiz scores for most countries was between 7/10 and 9/10, with Japan, Mongolia, Singapore, South Korea, Taiwan, and USA having the smallest spread of quiz 4 scores.

(TODO: Display boxplot of COVID times weeks 1 - 4 against quiz 4 score.)

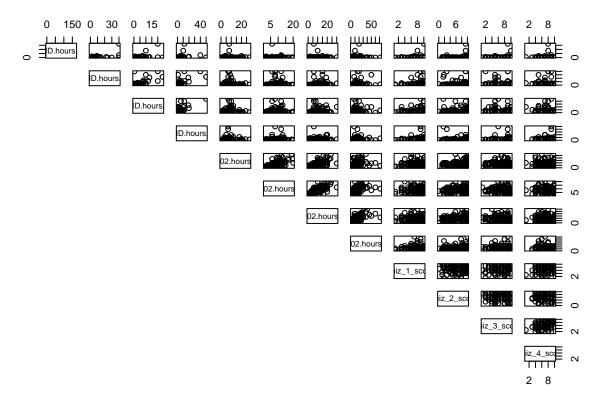
(TODO: Display boxplot of study times weeks 1 - 4.)

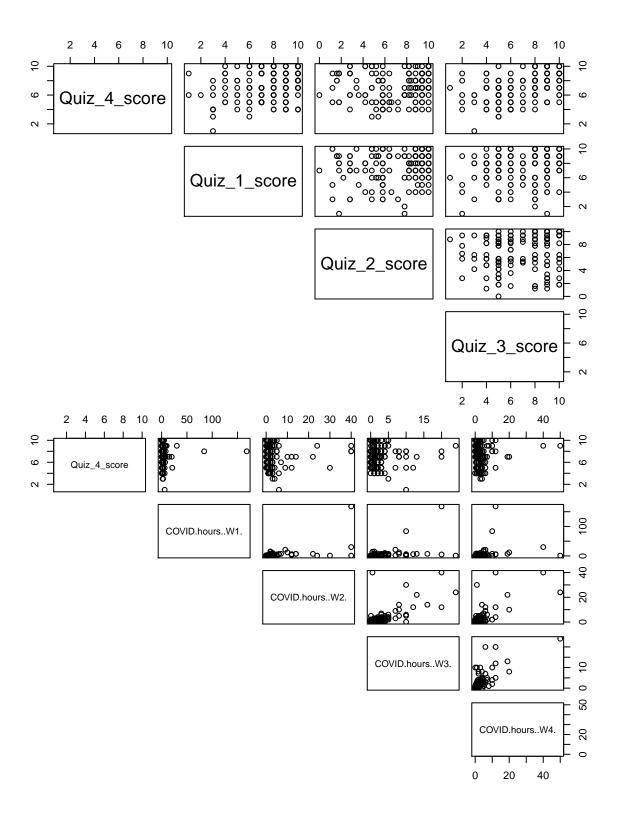
(TODO: Display boxplot of quiz scores 1 - 3.)

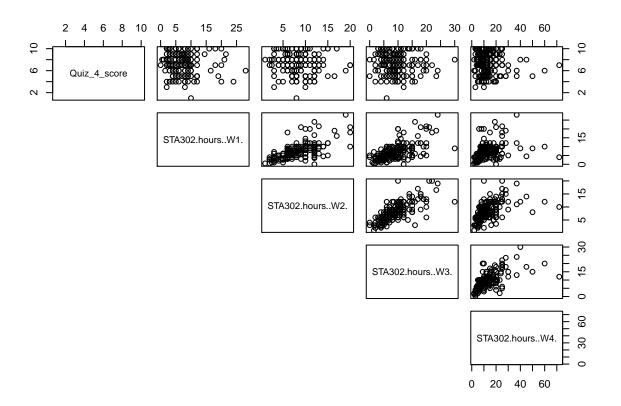
Pairwise Scatterplots and Correlation Matrix

Pairwise scatterplots were created to observe the relationships between all combinations of variables, especially between the response variable and the explanatory variables. Since the pairs scatterplot were symmetric along its main diagonal, the bottom half of the pairs scatterplot could be safely omitted.

Furthermore, a correlation matrix was constructed to determine the correlations of each pair of covariates along with the response variable and each covariate. Since the correlation matrices for underrepresented countries (i.e. every country except Canada, China, and NA) contained a lot of NA or ± 1 entries, it made more sense to use the correlation matrix for all countries. A correlation between 0.0 - 0.3 is considered low, 0.3 - 0.5 is moderate, and 0.5 - 1.0 is high.







Model Development Section

Process Used to Determine Final Model

Checking for Influential Outliers

First, influential outliers were identified in the original dataset using (what method?)

(TODO: Use Cook's distance and leverage points to find influential outliers?)

(TODO: Use VIF method to find influential outliers?)

(TODO: Use DDFITS, DDBETA to find influential outliers?)

Notice that there are no influential outliers because no points outside of cook's distance in upper right and lower left quadrants of plot, so there are no points to remove.

Proposing an Initial Model

Simpler (e.g., linear, quadratic) relationships were prioritized over more complex relationships (e.g., higher order polynomial, logarithmic, square root) for the sake of straightforward analysis and intuitive interpretation. The pairs scatterplot and the correlation matrix were primarily used to derive most of the terms for the initial model.

The non-interactive covariate terms were determined by examining the pairs scatterplots for quiz 4 scores regressed on quiz 1 - 3 scores, weeks 1 - 4 COVID-19 times, and weeks 1 - 4 STA302H1 study times to hypothesize a relationship between quiz 4 scores and each predictor variable.

The weeks 1 - 4 COVID times vs. quiz 4 scatterplots show a moderate quadratic relationship between quiz 4 scores and weeks 1 - 4 COVID times (except for week 3 COVID, which seems to have a stronger linear relationship than a quadratic relationship). Therefore, both the linear and quadratic terms for weeks 1, 2, and 4 COVID times (i.e., covid1, covid1 ** 2, covid2, covid2 ** 2, covid4, and covid4 ** 2 - along with covid3 only) were included in the initial model.

Further analysis indicates that there is a possibly moderate linear relationship between quiz 4 scores and weeks 1 - 4 study times. Therefore, only the linear terms for weeks 1 - 4 study times (i.e., study1, study2, study3, and study4) were included in the model.

Similarly, there might be a moderate linear relationship between quiz 4 scores and quiz 1 - 3 scores. Therefore, only the linear terms for quiz 1 - 3 scores (i.e., quiz1, quiz2, and quiz3) were included in the model.

```
(TODO: Show scatterplot of covid1 vs. quiz4.)
```

(TODO: Display summary statistics for covid1 vs. quiz4 in appendix.)

(TODO: Show scatterplot of covid2 vs. quiz4.)

(TODO: Display summary statistics for covid2 vs. quiz4 in appendix.)

(TODO: Show scatterplot of covid3 vs. quiz4.)

(TODO: Display summary statistics for covid3 vs. quiz4 in appendix.)

(TODO: Show scatterplot of covid4 vs. quiz4.)

(TODO: Display summary statistics for covid4 vs. quiz4 in appendix.)

(TODO: Show scatterplot of study1 vs. quiz4.)

(TODO: Display summary statistics for study1 vs. quiz4 in appendix.)

(TODO: Show scatterplot of study 2 vs. quiz 4.)

(TODO: Display summary statistics for study2 vs. quiz4 in appendix.)

(TODO: Show scatterplot of study3 vs. quiz4.)

(TODO: Display summary statistics for study3 vs. quiz4 in appendix.)

(TODO: Show scatterplot of study4 vs. quiz4.)

(TODO: Display summary statistics for study4 vs. quiz4 in appendix.)

```
(TODO: Show scatterplot of quiz1 vs. quiz4.)
```

(TODO: Display summary statistics for quiz1 vs. quiz4 in appendix.)

(TODO: Show scatterplot of quiz2 vs. quiz4.)

(TODO: Display summary statistics for quiz2 vs. quiz4 in appendix.)

(TODO: Show scatterplot of quiz3 vs. quiz4.)

(TODO: Display summary statistics for quiz3 vs. quiz4 in appendix.)

Pairs of covariates, as well as response variable-covariate combinations from the correlation matrix with high correlation were used as a heuristic for determining potentially significant interaction terms in the initial model.

The initial model was fitted using quiz4 as the response variable; and quiz1, quiz2, quiz3, covid1, covid2, covid3, covid4, (including 3 quadratic terms 8 interaction terms), and country as predictor variables. However, only the predictor variables quiz3, I(covid1 ** 2), I(covid2 ** 2), I(covid1 * covid2), and I(study1 * study2) were significant at the 5% significance level. The global F-statistic value is 3.098, and the global p-value is approximately 1.436×10^{-5} . The residual standard error is 1.582. The multiple R^2 value is 0.4211 and the adjusted R^2 value of 0.2851.

Characteristic	Beta	95% CI	p-value
quiz1	0.03	-0.13, 0.20	0.7
quiz2	0.05	-0.07, 0.17	0.4
quiz3	0.48	0.32, 0.63	< 0.001
covid1	0.18	-0.07, 0.43	0.2
$I(covid1^2)$	0.02	0.00, 0.03	0.029
covid2	0.29	-0.09, 0.67	0.13
$I(covid2^2)$	-0.02	-0.05, 0.00	0.046
covid3	-0.05	-0.30, 0.20	0.7
covid4	-0.25	-0.55, 0.06	0.11
$I(covid4^2)$	0.02	-0.01, 0.05	0.2
I(covid1 * covid2)	-0.07	-0.14, -0.01	0.029
I(covid2 * covid3)	0.05	-0.01, 0.11	0.12
I(covid2 * covid4)	0.04	-0.01, 0.09	0.093
I(covid3 * covid4)	-0.08	-0.18, 0.02	0.13
I(study1 * study2)	-0.02	-0.03, 0.00	0.018
I(study1 * study3)	0.01	0.00, 0.02	0.14
I(study2 * study3)	0.01	0.00, 0.02	0.095
I(study3 * study4)	0.00	0.00, 0.00	0.14
country			
Canada			
China	0.59	-0.10, 1.3	0.092
India	0.87	-1.5, 3.2	0.5
Mongolia	-13	-51, 26	0.5
Pakistan	-0.15	-3.3, 3.0	> 0.9
Singapore	1.2	-2.1, 4.5	0.5
South Korea	-0.02	-2.3, 2.3	> 0.9
Taiwan	-1.2	-3.5, 1.1	0.3
UAE	-0.63	-3.9, 2.6	0.7
USA	1.5	-2.0, 5.0	0.4

Improving the Original Model

To refine the original model, backwards selection was used to remove insignificant terms (terms whose p-values were > 0.05) and find the subset model with the lowest AIC value.

The final model has quiz4 as the response variable; quiz3, the quadratic term I(covid1 ** 2), and the interaction terms I(covid1 * covid2), I(covid2 * covid3), study1 * study2, study1 * study3, study2 * study3 * study3 * study4 as the predictor variables. Out of all of the predictors variables in the final model, only the predictor variables quiz3, I(covid1 ** 2, I(covid1 * covid2), I(study1 * study2), I(study2 * study3), and I(study3 * study4) are significant at the 5% significance level. The global F-statistic value increased to 8.764, the global p-value increased to 1.374 × 10⁻⁹. The residual standard error decreased marginally to 1.561. Even though the multiple R^2 value dropped significantly to 0.3435, the adjusted R^2 value increase slightly to 0.3043 – there is a smaller difference between the R^2 value and the adjusted R^2 value in the final model than the original model. The coefficient of 0.499110 for quiz3 suggests that for every 1 point increase in quiz 3, there is an increase in quiz 4 grades by about 0.50/10 points. There also exists a quadratic relationship between variables covid1 and quiz4, as well as an interaction effect between covid1 and covid2, study1 and study2, study2 and study3, and study3 and study4. I perform all further analyses on the final model.

Beta	95% CI	p-value
0.50	0.38,0.62	< 0.001
0.00	0.00, 0.01	0.046
-0.02	-0.04, 0.00	0.043
0.00	0.00, 0.01	0.066
-0.02	-0.03, 0.00	0.014
0.01	0.00, 0.02	0.2
0.01	0.00, 0.02	0.029
0.00	0.00, 0.00	0.035
	0.50 0.00 -0.02 0.00 -0.02 0.01 0.01	0.50 0.38, 0.62 0.00 0.00, 0.01 -0.02 -0.04, 0.00 0.00 0.00, 0.01 -0.02 -0.03, 0.00 0.01 0.00, 0.02 0.01 0.00, 0.02 0.01 0.00, 0.02

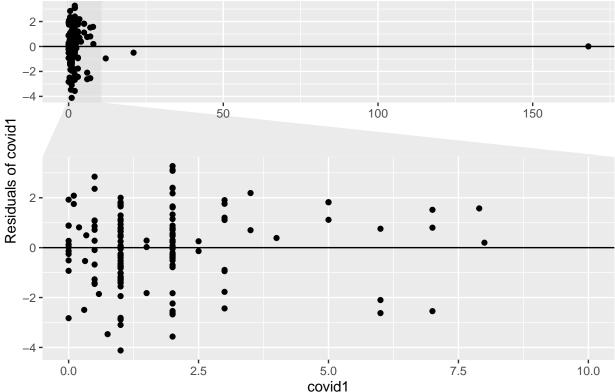
Statistical and Empirical Justifications for Final Model

To show that a quadratic relationship for the final model is valid, the following assumptions must hold.

Assumption 1. Quadratic Relationship

Since the quiz 4 vs. covid1 scatterplot in figure X indicates a moderate quadratic relationship between the variable, and the residual vs. covid1 plot for the fitted model is random, the final model has a quadratic relationship.

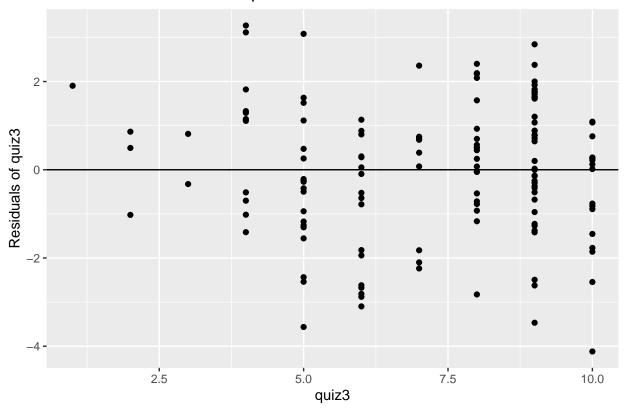
Residual Plot for Variable covid1



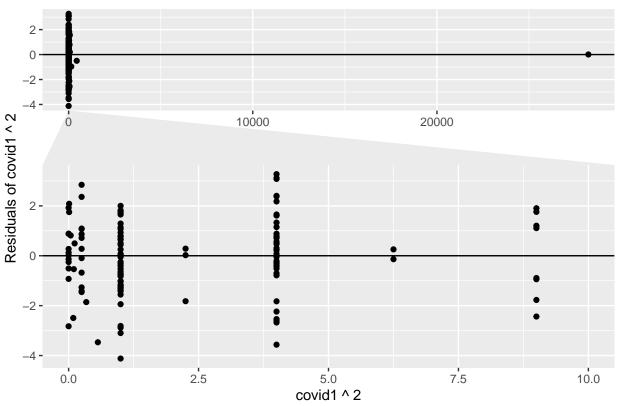
Assumption 2. Independence of Errors

From above, the residual vs. covid1 plot for the fitted model show no discernible relationship, and neither do the residual plots for the other predictor variables (ingoring all outliers). The dataset comes from a random sample, so the error terms must be independent.

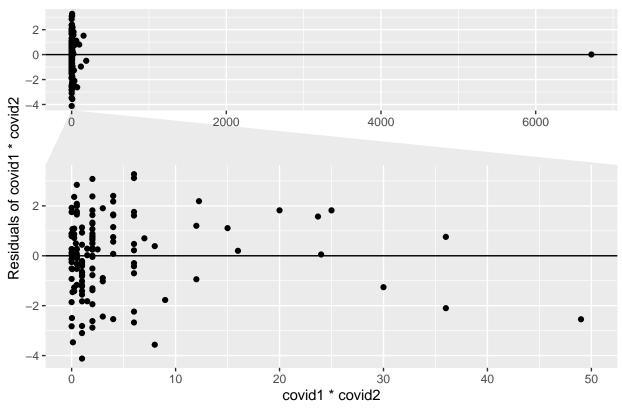
Residual Plot for Variable quiz3



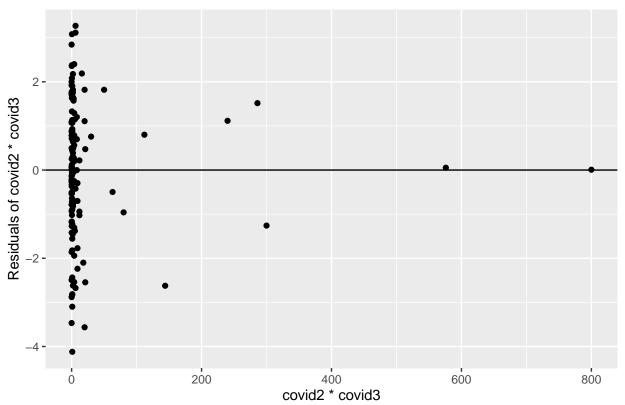
Residual Plot for Variable covid1 ^ 2



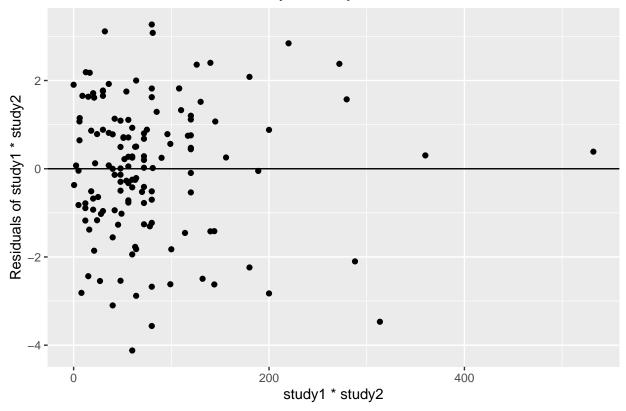
Residual Plot for Variable covid1 * covid2



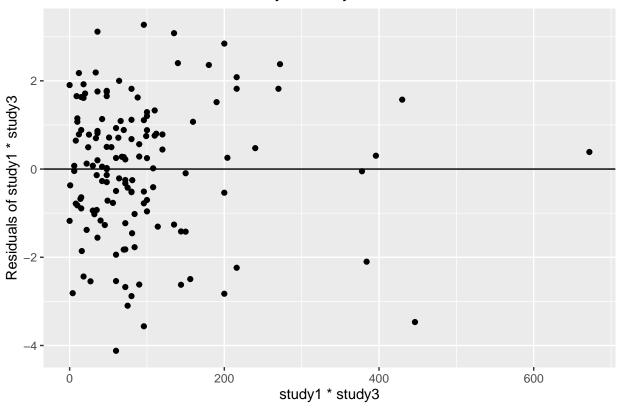
Residual Plot for Variable covid2 * covid3



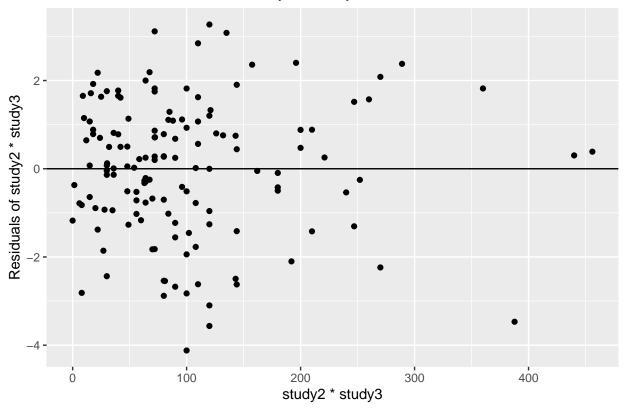
Residual Plot for Variable study1 * study2



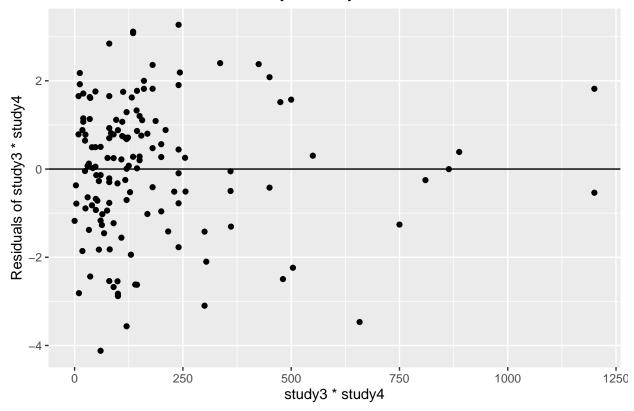
Residual Plot for Variable study1 * study3



Residual Plot for Variable study2 * study3



Residual Plot for Variable study3 * study4



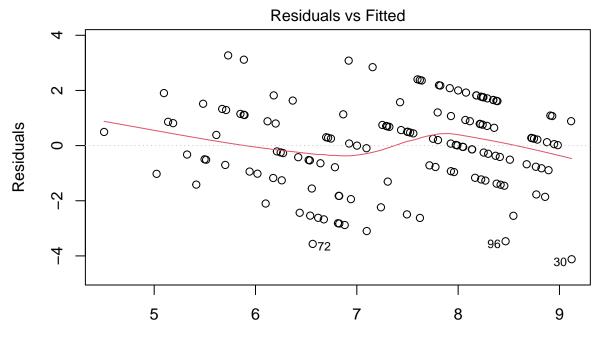
Assumption 3. Homoscedasticity (constant variance)

The scale-location model appears to have a straight horizontal line with randomly spread points, and the residual vs. fitted model show equally spread residuals around the horizontal line. Additionally, the residual plots for all predictor variables do not show any trend as fits increase. Therefore, the errors terms have constant variance.

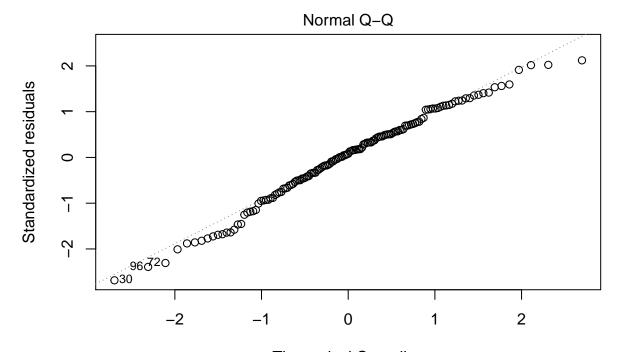
Assumption 4. Normality of Error

Almost all of the points in the middle follow the QQplot line very closely, except for the last 2 points in the right-tail which is only a little bit right-skewed. By inspection, the histograms of residuals for the final model looks approximately normal. Therefore, the error terms are approximately normal.

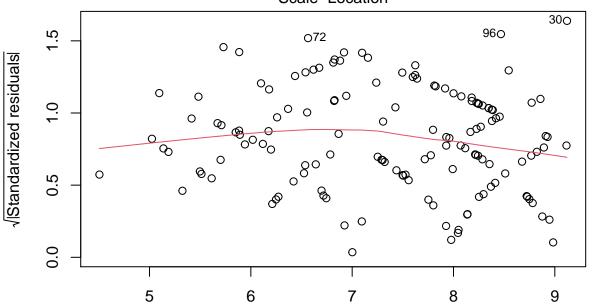
Hence, our model satisfies the assumptions for a quadratic model.



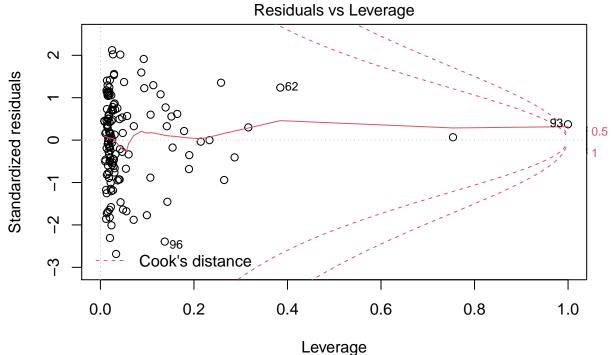
Fitted values lm(quiz4 ~ quiz3 + I(covid1^2) + I(covid1 * covid2) + I(covid2 * covid3) + ...



Theoretical Quantiles $Im(quiz4 \sim quiz3 + I(covid1^2) + I(covid1 * covid2) + I(covid2 * covid3) + ... \\ Scale-Location$

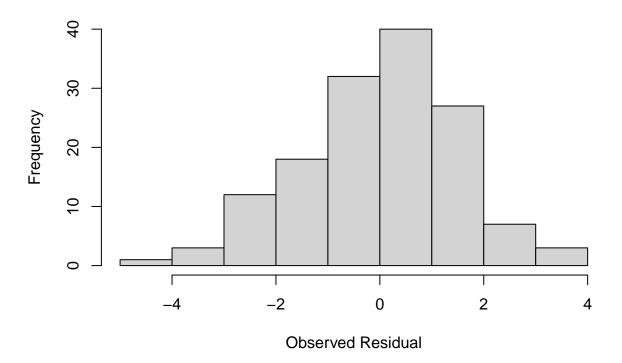


Fitted values Im(quiz4 ~ quiz3 + I(covid1^2) + I(covid1 * covid2) + I(covid2 * covid3) + ...



 $Im(quiz4 \sim quiz3 + I(covid1^2) + I(covid1 * covid2) + I(covid2 * covid3) + ...$

Histogram of Residuals



Any Variable Transformation or Recentering Necessary?

No variable transformations were performed on the final model because the error terms are independent, homoscedastic, and approximately normal.

No variable re-centering was required since only a few entries in the correlation matrix have high correlation. Most of the entries in the correlation matrix had low to moderate correlation, so re-centering variables likely has negligible effect on the correlation matrix.

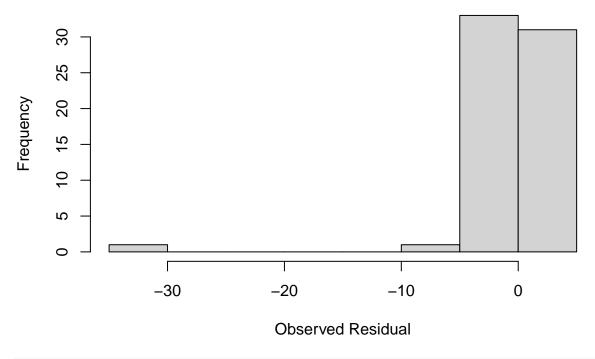
In-Depth Diagnostics to Verify Goodness of Model

To validate my linear model, I decided to use a 55/45 training-testing strategy, as well as perform a t-test for significance.

55/45 Training/Testing Split

Out of n = 142 data points, I want to use 55% of the data points to train my linear model, and the remaining 45% to try to predict new values and create a new distribution to see if the mean of this new distribution is close to 0.

Histogram of Residuals of Trained Model



```
mean(predicted_values - actual_values)
```

[1] -0.7223123

median(predicted_values - actual_values)

[1] -0.1126939

Moreover, the histogram of residuals looks approximately symmetric, with the mean of this new distribution being -0.2102 (see figure X in appendix). To be sure, since there are n = 142 points, the central limit theorem states that the sample mean is approximately normally distributed.

T-test for significance

For our t-test, we hypothesized that the mean of residuals was identically equal to 0. More formally,

• $H_0: \mu_{residuals} = 0$ • $H_1: \mu_{residuals} \neq 0$

(TODO: Add t-test results in a nice table.)

The t-test results showed that the *p*-value is 0.7938, which means that we fail to reject H_0 , meaning that $\mu_{residuals} = 0$ holds. The 95% confidence interval for the mean of residuals is (-0.4510668, 0.3462948), and since $0 \in (-0.4510668, 0.3462948)$, we again fail to reject H_0 and conclude that $\mu_{residuals} = 0$. (TODO: See figure X in appendix for t-test output.)

Therefore, we've shown that our linear model is a reasonable model.

Conclusion

Purpose of Final Model

Recall that the purpose of the model is to see whether previous quiz scores, time spent thinking about COVID, and study time can predict future quiz scores.

Interpretation of Final Model

The final model suggests a strong evidence of a positive relationship between quiz 3 scores and quiz 4 scores, as well as study times between consecutive weeks (i.e., (STA302W1, STA302W2), (STA302W2, STA302W3), (STA302W3, STA302W4)), keeping all other variables constant.

Quiz 3 is much closer in difficulty to Quiz 4 because students are used to the online Quercus quiz format. Students better understood how many decimal places they should round their final answers to from Quizzes 1 and 2, and the style of Quiz 3 questions are very similar to Quiz 4. Students also ramped up their study efforts as they anticipated more challenging quizzes as the semester progressed.

Although STA302H1 studying increased throughout the semester, the final model suggests that students who made a consistent effort to start studying during the 1st week of classes tend to score higher than students who started studying during the 2nd or 3rd week of classes. (TODO: Insert author here) shows that studying many hours last minute (mass learning) is less effective than studying a few hours a day throughout the term (spaced learning). By studying frequently throughout the semester, students have more opportunities to review STA302H1 material and their STA302H1 knowledge has more time to "compound" throughout the semester.

(TODO: Insert scholarly source about how far students start studying for quizzes in advance vs. test scores.) (TODO: Insert scholarly source about how far students start studying for quizzes in advance improves material retention.)

Generalizability of Model

This model is only generalizable to online courses rather than in-person courses. Students may enroll in online courses from various time zones, as opposed to a standardized time zone for in person courses. STA302H1 is also a 3rd year course, so naturally 3rd year students tend to study more for their courses and score higher on average on quizzes than 1st year students.

Remaining Limitations and Problems with Model

This model fails to capture variables such as weekly anxiety levels, the weekly number of hours students sleep, and the weekly number of hours students participate in physical activity.

(TODO: Studies show high anxiety impairs course performance)

(TODO: Studies show high anxiety and more COVID think time)

(TODO: Studies show moderate sleep improves course performance)

(TODO: Studies show moderate exercise improves course performance)

The final dataset excluded 28 STA302H1 dropped students, and some blank entries remained for missing survey responses, and missing quiz scores remained due to some students skipping quizzes.

Some students may have underreported the number of study hours under the assumption that it only involves the number of hours spent attending lectures and the number of hours spend reviewing lecture notes, when in fact some students included hours spent doing assignments, writing quizzes, and even hours spent attending office hours – overall the number of hours spent doing any kind of coursework for STA302H1.

Despite these limitations, further research may help inform us on benefits of study and COVID think times vs. quiz scores.

Proposed Improvements with Model

One way to improve the model is to introduce composite variables in the model, such as a student happiness index as a function of a student's anxiety levels, COVID, and physical activity.

Another improvement is to use empirical research to propose some more new terms to improve model.

Another improvement to this model is to take the median of a student's 1 - 3 quizzes that they wrote, the median of a student's 1 - 4 COVID hours they report, and the median of a student's 1 - 4 study hours they report. Using the median as opposed to the mean makes these values less prone to skewness, and even smaller residuals since medians are more reliable statistic than mean.

Appendix

```
summary(remaining_data$COVID.hours..W1.)
     Min. 1st Qu. Median
                                                   NA's
##
                            Mean 3rd Qu.
                                            Max.
##
      0.0
              1.0
                      1.0
                             3.7
                                     2.0
                                           168.0
summary(remaining_data$COVID.hours..W2.)
##
     Min. 1st Qu. Median
                            Mean 3rd Qu.
                                                   NA's
                                            Max.
    0.000
           1.000
                  1.000
                           2.869
                                   2.000 40.000
##
summary(remaining_data$COVID.hours..W3.)
##
                                                   NA's
     Min. 1st Qu. Median
                            Mean 3rd Qu.
                                            Max.
    0.000
                   1.000
                           2.227
                                   2.000 24.000
##
          0.500
                                                      11
summary(remaining_data$COVID.hours..W4.)
##
     Min. 1st Qu. Median Mean 3rd Qu.
                                            Max.
                                                   NA's
    0.000 1.000 1.500
                           2.917 3.000 50.000
##
                                                      13
summary(remaining_data$STA302.hours..W1.)
##
     Min. 1st Qu. Median
                            Mean 3rd Qu.
                                                   NA's
##
    0.000
          5.000
                   7.000 7.539
                                  9.000 28.000
                                                     21
summary(remaining_data$STA302.hours..W2.)
##
     Min. 1st Qu. Median
                            Mean 3rd Qu.
                                            Max.
                                                   NA's
          6.000
                  8.000
                           8.403 10.000 20.000
##
                                                      19
summary(remaining_data$STA302.hours..W3.)
##
     Min. 1st Qu. Median
                            Mean 3rd Qu.
                                            Max.
                                                   NA's
##
     0.00
             6.00
                     9.00
                            9.32
                                   12.00
                                           30.00
                                                      10
summary(remaining_data$STA302.hours..W4.)
##
     Min. 1st Qu. Median Mean 3rd Qu.
                                            Max.
                                                   NA's
##
     2.00 7.00
                  11.00 13.44 16.00
                                           72.00
```

```
summary(remaining_data$Quiz_1_score)
##
     Min. 1st Qu. Median
                            Mean 3rd Qu.
                                            Max.
                                                    NA's
##
    1.000
           7.000 8.000
                          7.738
                                   9.000 10.000
summary(remaining_data$Quiz_2_score)
     Min. 1st Qu. Median
                            Mean 3rd Qu.
##
                                            Max.
                                                    NA's
    0.000
           5.800
                   8.800
                                    9.400 10.000
##
                            7.422
summary(remaining_data$Quiz_3_score)
##
     Min. 1st Qu. Median
                            Mean 3rd Qu.
                                            Max.
                                                    NA's
##
    1.000
           5.000 8.000 7.209
                                   9.000 10.000
                                                       3
summary(remaining_data$Quiz_4_score)
##
     Min. 1st Qu. Median
                            Mean 3rd Qu.
                                            Max.
                                                    NA's
##
    1.000
          6.000 8.000
                            7.375
                                   9.000 10.000
canada <- remaining_data %>%
 filter(as.character(country) == "Canada") %>%
 dplyr::select(-country)
unknown <- remaining_data %>%
 filter(is.na(as.character(country))) %>%
 dplyr::select(-country)
##
              Country
## Canada
                   97
## China
                   63
## India
                    2
## Japan
                    1
## Mongolia
                    1
## Pakistan
                    3
## Singapore
                    2
## South_Korea
                    2
## Taiwan
                    3
## UAE
                    2
## USA
                    2
## Unknown
                   21
display_correlation_matrix(all_countries)
        W1COV W2COV W3COV W4COV W1302 W2302 W3302 W4302
                                                          Q1
                                                                Q2
                                                                      QЗ
## W1COV 1.00 0.56 0.48 0.27 0.04 -0.03 -0.01 0.04 0.08 0.06 0.07 0.02
## W2COV 0.56 1.00 0.67 0.71 0.05 0.08 0.17 0.19 0.13 -0.10 -0.12 -0.01
## W3COV 0.48 0.67 1.00 0.72 0.08 0.08 0.14 0.13 0.09 -0.07 -0.11 -0.09
## W4COV 0.27 0.71 0.72 1.00 0.02 0.07 0.09 0.07 0.12 -0.10 0.02 0.06
```

```
## W1302 0.04 0.05 0.08 0.02 1.00 0.61 0.58 0.30 0.05
                                                              0.13 -0.04 -0.08
## W2302 -0.03 0.08
                          0.07
                    0.08
                                0.61
                                      1.00
                                            0.70
                                                  0.48
                                                       0.00
                                                              0.06 -0.05 -0.11
                                                  0.62 -0.01
                                                              0.08 -0.12 -0.08
## W3302 -0.01
              0.17
                     0.14
                          0.09
                                0.58
                                      0.70
                                            1.00
                                                  1.00 -0.01
## W4302 0.04 0.19 0.13
                          0.07
                                 0.30
                                      0.48
                                            0.62
                                                              0.04 -0.05 -0.06
## Q1
         0.08 0.13 0.09
                          0.12
                                0.05
                                      0.00 -0.01 -0.01
                                                        1.00
                                                              0.25
                                                                    0.29
## Q2
         0.06 -0.10 -0.07 -0.10 0.13 0.06 0.08
                                                 0.04
                                                        0.25
                                                              1.00 0.23
## Q3
         0.07 -0.12 -0.11 0.02 -0.04 -0.05 -0.12 -0.05
                                                        0.29
                                                              0.23
                                                                    1.00
         ## Q4
                                                              0.19 0.55 1.00
summary(first_model)
##
## Call:
  lm(formula = quiz4 ~ quiz1 + quiz2 + quiz3 + covid1 + I(covid1^2) +
      covid2 + I(covid2^2) + covid3 + covid4 + I(covid4^2) + I(covid1 *
##
      covid2) + I(covid2 * covid3) + I(covid2 * covid4) + I(covid3 *
      covid4) + I(study1 * study2) + I(study1 * study3) + I(study2 *
##
      study3) + I(study3 * study4) + country)
##
##
## Residuals:
##
      Min
               10 Median
                               30
                                      Max
## -3.6275 -0.7355 0.0014 0.6288
                                  2.7781
## Coefficients:
##
                       Estimate Std. Error t value Pr(>|t|)
## (Intercept)
                       3.731387
                                  1.510588
                                            2.470 0.01798 *
                      -0.034423
                                  0.161168 -0.214 0.83199
## quiz1
                       0.138773
                                  0.123186
                                             1.127
                                                   0.26682
## quiz2
                       0.482881
                                             3.468 0.00129 **
## quiz3
                                  0.139227
## covid1
                       0.094306
                                  0.208550
                                            0.452 0.65363
                                           -0.109 0.91383
## I(covid1^2)
                      -0.004155
                                  0.038152
## covid2
                       0.849125
                                  0.349455
                                            2.430 0.01981 *
## I(covid2^2)
                      -0.020882
                                 0.052274
                                           -0.399 0.69172
                      -0.259371
                                  0.202338
                                           -1.282 0.20746
## covid3
## covid4
                                           -2.380 0.02230 *
                      -0.680654
                                 0.286004
## I(covid4^2)
                       0.119039
                                0.049500
                                            2.405 0.02103 *
                       0.029931
                                  0.169737
                                            0.176 0.86094
## I(covid1 * covid2)
## I(covid2 * covid3)
                       0.013749 0.158817
                                            0.087 0.93146
## I(covid2 * covid4)
                      -0.271492
                                  0.166464
                                           -1.631 0.11095
## I(covid3 * covid4)
                       0.060357
                                  0.106757
                                            0.565 0.57506
## I(study1 * study2)
                       0.010443
                                 0.015438
                                            0.676 0.50274
## I(study1 * study3)
                      -0.012374
                                  0.010616 -1.166 0.25086
## I(study2 * study3)
                       0.003487
                                  0.010655
                                            0.327
                                                   0.74518
                                           -0.810 0.42290
## I(study3 * study4)
                      -0.002321
                                  0.002866
## countryChina
                      -0.448703
                                  0.626767
                                           -0.716 0.47832
                                            0.591 0.55772
## countryIndia
                       0.809059
                                  1.368214
## countryMongolia
                     -18.719109
                                 78.498326
                                           -0.238
                                                   0.81277
                                            2.222 0.03215 *
## countryPakistan
                      55.547442
                                 24.998716
## countrySingapore
                       4.663132
                                 23.331796
                                            0.200
                                                   0.84263
## countrySouth Korea -1.652658
                                  1.865824
                                           -0.886 0.38118
                      -1.342125
                                           -0.713
## countryTaiwan
                                  1.881775
                                                   0.47995
## countryUAE
                      -0.055239
                                  1.930858
                                           -0.029 0.97732
## ---
```

Signif. codes: 0 '*** 0.001 '** 0.01 '* 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' 1

```
##
## Residual standard error: 1.692 on 39 degrees of freedom
## Multiple R-squared: 0.5314, Adjusted R-squared: 0.219
## F-statistic: 1.701 on 26 and 39 DF, p-value: 0.06501
## Start: AIC=88.69
## quiz4 ~ quiz1 + quiz2 + quiz3 + covid1 + I(covid1^2) + covid2 +
       I(covid2^2) + covid3 + covid4 + I(covid4^2) + I(covid1 *
       covid2) + I(covid2 * covid3) + I(covid2 * covid4) + I(covid3 *
##
##
       covid4) + I(study1 * study2) + I(study1 * study3) + I(study2 *
##
       study3) + I(study3 * study4) + country
##
##
                        Df Sum of Sq
                                        RSS
                                                AIC
## - I(covid2 * covid3)
                               0.021 111.67
                                            86.706
                        1
## - I(covid1^2)
                               0.034 111.68
                                             86.714
## - I(covid1 * covid2)
                               0.089 111.73
                                             86.746
                        1
## - quiz1
                         1
                               0.131 111.77
                                             86.771
## - I(study2 * study3)
                         1
                               0.307 111.95 86.875
## - I(covid2^2)
                         1
                               0.457 112.10
                                             86.963
## - covid1
                         1
                               0.585 112.23 87.039
## - I(covid3 * covid4)
                               0.915 112.56 87.232
                         1
## - I(study1 * study2)
                        1
                               1.310 112.95 87.463
## - I(study3 * study4) 1
                               1.878 113.52 87.794
                                     111.64 88.693
## <none>
## - quiz2
                               3.633 115.28 88.807
                         1
## - I(study1 * study3)
                               3.889 115.53 88.954
                         1
## - covid3
                         1
                              4.704 116.35 89.417
## - country
                              33.737 145.38
                         8
                                            90.120
## - I(covid2 * covid4)
                         1
                              7.615 119.26
                                             91.048
## - covid4
                         1
                              16.214 127.86 95.643
## - I(covid4^2)
                         1
                              16.555 128.20 95.819
## - covid2
                         1
                              16.902 128.55 95.997
## - quiz3
                         1
                              34.435 146.08 104.437
##
## Step: AIC=86.71
## quiz4 \sim quiz1 + quiz2 + quiz3 + covid1 + I(covid1^2) + covid2 +
##
       I(covid2^2) + covid3 + covid4 + I(covid4^2) + I(covid1 *
       covid2) + I(covid2 * covid4) + I(covid3 * covid4) + I(study1 *
##
       study2) + I(study1 * study3) + I(study2 * study3) + I(study3 *
##
       study4) + country
##
##
                        Df Sum of Sq
                                        RSS
                                                ATC
## - I(covid1^2)
                               0.036 111.70 84.728
                         1
## - I(covid1 * covid2)
                        1
                               0.094 111.76
                                             84.762
## - quiz1
                               0.154 111.82
                         1
                                             84.797
## - I(study2 * study3)
                               0.330 112.00
                                             84.901
                         1
## - covid1
                         1
                               0.608 112.27
                                             85.065
## - I(covid3 * covid4)
                               1.252 112.92 85.442
                         1
## - I(study1 * study2)
                         1
                               1.289 112.95
                                             85.463
## - I(study3 * study4) 1
                               1.926 113.59
                                             85.835
## <none>
                                     111.67
                                             86.706
## - quiz2
                               3.867 115.53
                                             86.953
                         1
## - I(study1 * study3)
                               3.878 115.54 86.959
                        1
## - covid3
                         1
                               5.244 116.91 87.735
```

```
## + I(covid2 * covid3) 1
                              0.021 111.64 88.693
## - I(covid2^2)
                         1
                              7.358 119.02 88.918
## - country
                         8
                              35.823 147.49 89.070
## - I(covid2 * covid4) 1
                              7.683 119.35
                                            89.098
## - covid2
                         1
                              16.920 128.59
                                             94.018
## - covid4
                         1
                              17.163 128.83 94.142
## - I(covid4^2)
                         1
                              18.950 130.62 95.051
## - quiz3
                         1
                              34.654 146.32 102.545
##
## Step: AIC=84.73
## quiz4 \sim quiz1 + quiz2 + quiz3 + covid1 + covid2 + I(covid2^2) +
       covid3 + covid4 + I(covid4^2) + I(covid1 * covid2) + I(covid2 *
##
       covid4) + I(covid3 * covid4) + I(study1 * study2) + I(study1 *
##
       study3) + I(study2 * study3) + I(study3 * study4) + country
##
##
##
                        Df Sum of Sq
                                        RSS
                                                AIC
## - quiz1
                               0.160 111.86 82.822
                         1
## - I(study2 * study3)
                               0.301 112.00 82.905
                        1
## - covid1
                               0.729 112.43 83.157
                         1
## - I(study1 * study2)
                         1
                               1.260 112.96
## - I(covid3 * covid4)
                         1
                               1.332 113.03 83.510
## - I(study3 * study4)
                               2.007 113.71 83.903
## <none>
                                     111.70 84.728
                               4.013 115.72 85.057
## - quiz2
                         1
## - I(study1 * study3)
                         1
                               4.347 116.05 85.248
## - covid3
                         1
                               5.465 117.17
                                             85.880
## + I(covid1^2)
                               0.036 111.67
                         1
                                             86.706
## + I(covid2 * covid3)
                        1
                              0.024 111.68 86.714
                         8
## - country
                              35.788 147.49 87.071
## - I(covid2^2)
                         1
                              8.538 120.24
                                             87.589
## - I(covid1 * covid2)
                       1
                              8.542 120.24
                                             87.591
                              18.282 129.98 92.732
## - covid4
                         1
## - covid2
                         1
                              19.024 130.73
## - I(covid4^2)
                              21.194 132.90 94.194
                         1
## - I(covid2 * covid4)
                        1
                              23.875 135.58 95.512
                         1
                              34.625 146.33 100.548
## - quiz3
##
## Step: AIC=82.82
## quiz4 ~ quiz2 + quiz3 + covid1 + covid2 + I(covid2^2) + covid3 +
##
       covid4 + I(covid4^2) + I(covid1 * covid2) + I(covid2 * covid4) +
       I(covid3 * covid4) + I(study1 * study2) + I(study1 * study3) +
##
##
       I(study2 * study3) + I(study3 * study4) + country
##
##
                        Df Sum of Sq
                                        RSS
                                                AIC
## - I(study2 * study3)
                               0.336 112.20 81.020
                        1
## - covid1
                               0.734 112.59
                                             81.253
                         1
## - I(study1 * study2)
                         1
                               1.145 113.01 81.494
## - I(covid3 * covid4)
                         1
                               1.365 113.23 81.622
                               1.954 113.81 81.965
## - I(study3 * study4) 1
## <none>
                                     111.86 82.822
## - quiz2
                               3.890 115.75 83.078
                         1
## - I(study1 * study3)
                        1
                               4.199 116.06 83.254
## - covid3
                         1
                               5.526 117.39 84.004
## + quiz1
                         1
                               0.160 111.70 84.728
```

```
## + I(covid2 * covid3) 1
                               0.049 111.81 84.793
## + I(covid1^2)
                               0.042 111.82 84.797
                         1
## - I(covid1 * covid2) 1
                               8.476 120.34 85.642
## - I(covid2^2)
                               8.562 120.42 85.690
                         1
## - country
                         8
                              37.275 149.14
                                             85.803
## - covid4
                         1
                              18.714 130.57 91.031
## - covid2
                         1
                              20.439 132.30 91.897
## - I(covid4^2)
                         1
                              22.723 134.58 93.027
## - I(covid2 * covid4) 1
                              24.701 136.56 93.990
## - quiz3
                         1
                              45.672 157.53 103.419
##
## Step: AIC=81.02
## quiz4 ~ quiz2 + quiz3 + covid1 + covid2 + I(covid2^2) + covid3 +
       covid4 + I(covid4^2) + I(covid1 * covid2) + I(covid2 * covid4) +
##
##
       I(covid3 * covid4) + I(study1 * study2) + I(study1 * study3) +
##
       I(study3 * study4) + country
##
##
                        Df Sum of Sq
                                        RSS
                                                AIC
## - covid1
                               0.503 112.70
                                            79.315
                         1
## - I(covid3 * covid4)
                         1
                               1.155 113.35
                                             79.696
## - I(study3 * study4)
                         1
                               1.967 114.16 80.167
## - I(study1 * study2)
                               2.988 115.19 80.755
                        1
## <none>
                                     112.20 81.020
## - quiz2
                               3.598 115.80 81.103
                         1
## - I(study1 * study3)
                         1
                               4.541 116.74 81.639
## - covid3
                         1
                               5.400 117.60 82.123
## + I(study2 * study3)
                               0.336 111.86 82.822
                         1
## + quiz1
                         1
                               0.195 112.00 82.905
## + I(covid2 * covid3)
                         1
                              0.084 112.11 82.970
## + I(covid1^2)
                         1
                              0.007 112.19
                                             83.016
## - country
                         8
                              37.353 149.55
                                             83.986
## - I(covid2^2)
                         1
                              9.590 121.79
                                             84.433
## - I(covid1 * covid2)
                       1
                              10.088 122.28
                                            84.702
                              19.925 132.12 89.809
## - covid4
                         1
## - covid2
                         1
                              20.675 132.87
                                             90.183
## - I(covid4^2)
                              24.285 136.48 91.952
                         1
## - I(covid2 * covid4)
                        1
                              24.365 136.56 91.990
## - quiz3
                         1
                              45.751 157.95 101.593
##
## Step: AIC=79.32
## quiz4 \sim quiz2 + quiz3 + covid2 + I(covid2^2) + covid3 + covid4 +
##
       I(covid4^2) + I(covid1 * covid2) + I(covid2 * covid4) + I(covid3 *
       covid4) + I(study1 * study2) + I(study1 * study3) + I(study3 *
##
##
       study4) + country
##
##
                        Df Sum of Sq
                                        RSS
                                                AIC
## - I(covid3 * covid4)
                         1
                               1.205 113.91
                                            78.017
## - I(study3 * study4)
                         1
                               2.455 115.16 78.737
## - I(study1 * study2)
                        1
                               2.935 115.64
                                            79.012
## - quiz2
                         1
                               3.273 115.97
                                             79.205
                                     112.70 79.315
## <none>
## - I(study1 * study3)
                       1
                               4.205 116.91 79.733
## - covid3
                         1
                               5.416 118.12 80.413
## + covid1
                         1
                               0.503 112.20 81.020
```

```
## + quiz1
                               0.184 112.52 81.207
                         1
## + I(covid2 * covid3) 1
                               0.110 112.59 81.251
## + I(study2 * study3) 1
                               0.106 112.59 81.253
## + I(covid1^2)
                               0.033 112.67
                                             81.296
                         1
## - country
                         8
                              36.954 149.66
                                             82.033
## - I(covid2^2)
                         1
                              12.524 125.22 84.270
## - covid4
                         1
                              19.833 132.53
## - I(covid2 * covid4)
                        1
                              24.146 136.85
                                              90.127
## - I(covid4^2)
                         1
                              24.225 136.93
                                              90.165
## - covid2
                         1
                              24.360 137.06
                                             90.231
## - I(covid1 * covid2)
                        1
                              29.751 142.45 92.777
                              47.315 160.02 100.451
## - quiz3
                         1
##
## Step: AIC=78.02
## quiz4 \sim quiz2 + quiz3 + covid2 + I(covid2^2) + covid3 + covid4 +
##
       I(covid4^2) + I(covid1 * covid2) + I(covid2 * covid4) + I(study1 *
       study2) + I(study1 * study3) + I(study3 * study4) + country
##
##
##
                        Df Sum of Sq
                                        RSS
## - I(study1 * study2)
                         1
                               2.051 115.96 77.195
## - I(study3 * study4)
                         1
                               2.353 116.26 77.366
## - quiz2
                               2.995 116.90 77.730
## - I(study1 * study3)
                               3.210 117.11 77.851
                         1
## <none>
                                      113.91 78.017
## - covid3
                         1
                               4.240 118.14 78.429
## + I(covid3 * covid4)
                         1
                               1.205 112.70 79.315
## + I(covid2 * covid3)
                               0.591 113.31 79.674
                         1
## + covid1
                         1
                               0.553 113.35 79.696
## + quiz1
                         1
                               0.203 113.70 79.900
## + I(covid1^2)
                               0.026 113.88 80.002
                         1
## + I(study2 * study3)
                         1
                               0.010 113.89 80.011
## - country
                         8
                              37.305 151.21 80.715
## - I(covid2^2)
                         1
                              13.246 127.15 83.278
                              18.639 132.54 86.019
## - covid4
                         1
## - covid2
                         1
                              23.482 137.39 88.388
## - I(covid2 * covid4)
                              25.720 139.62 89.454
                        1
## - I(covid4^2)
                         1
                              27.718 141.62 90.392
## - I(covid1 * covid2)
                              29.182 143.09 91.071
                        1
## - quiz3
                         1
                              47.525 161.43 99.032
##
## Step: AIC=77.19
## quiz4 \sim quiz2 + quiz3 + covid2 + I(covid2^2) + covid3 + covid4 +
       I(covid4^2) + I(covid1 * covid2) + I(covid2 * covid4) + I(study1 *
##
       study3) + I(study3 * study4) + country
##
##
                        Df Sum of Sq
                                        RSS
## - I(study1 * study3)
                        1
                               1.564 117.52 76.079
## - I(study3 * study4)
                               1.677 117.63 76.142
## <none>
                                      115.96 77.195
## - covid3
                         1
                               3.615 119.57 77.221
## - quiz2
                               3.726 119.68 77.282
                         1
## + I(study1 * study2)
                         1
                               2.051 113.91 78.017
                               0.922 115.03 78.668
## + I(study2 * study3) 1
## + covid1
                         1
                               0.480 115.47 78.921
```

```
## - country
                         8
                              35.838 151.79 78.969
## + I(covid1^2)
                               0.335 115.62 79.004
                         1
## + I(covid3 * covid4)
                               0.321 115.64 79.012
                        1
## + I(covid2 * covid3) 1
                               0.163 115.79 79.102
## + quiz1
                         1
                               0.039 115.92 79.173
## - I(covid2^2)
                              13.430 129.39 82.428
                         1
## - covid4
                              17.983 133.94 84.710
                         1
## - covid2
                         1
                              22.127 138.08 86.721
## - I(covid2 * covid4)
                        1
                              23.730 139.69 87.483
## - I(covid4^2)
                         1
                              25.668 141.62 88.392
## - I(covid1 * covid2)
                        1
                              27.292 143.25 89.145
## - quiz3
                              50.272 166.23 98.964
                         1
##
## Step: AIC=76.08
## quiz4 ~ quiz2 + quiz3 + covid2 + I(covid2^2) + covid3 + covid4 +
##
       I(covid4^2) + I(covid1 * covid2) + I(covid2 * covid4) + I(study3 *
##
       study4) + country
##
##
                        Df Sum of Sq
                                        RSS
                                                ATC
## - quiz2
                               2.691 120.21 75.573
## <none>
                                     117.52 76.079
## - covid3
                               3.636 121.16 76.090
## + I(study1 * study3)
                               1.564 115.96 77.195
                         1
## + I(covid1^2)
                         1
                               0.883 116.64 77.581
## + I(study1 * study2)
                         1
                               0.405 117.11 77.851
## - I(study3 * study4)
                         1
                               6.975 124.50 77.884
## + I(covid3 * covid4)
                               0.255 117.27 77.936
                         1
## + I(covid2 * covid3)
                        1
                               0.174 117.35 77.981
## + I(study2 * study3)
                               0.062 117.46 78.044
                        1
## + covid1
                         1
                               0.054 117.47 78.049
## + quiz1
                         1
                               0.015 117.50 78.070
## - country
                         8
                              37.380 154.90 78.306
## - I(covid2^2)
                         1
                              11.990 129.51 80.491
## - covid4
                              16.874 134.39 82.934
                         1
## - covid2
                         1
                              20.900 138.42 84.882
## - I(covid2 * covid4)
                              26.449 143.97 87.476
                        1
## - I(covid4^2)
                         1
                              27.583 145.10 87.994
## - I(covid1 * covid2)
                              28.948 146.47 88.612
                        1
## - quiz3
                         1
                              49.116 166.64 97.126
##
## Step: AIC=75.57
## quiz4 \sim quiz3 + covid2 + I(covid2^2) + covid3 + covid4 + I(covid4^2) +
       I(covid1 * covid2) + I(covid2 * covid4) + I(study3 * study4) +
##
       country
##
                        Df Sum of Sq
##
                                        RSS
                                                AIC
## <none>
                                     120.21 75.573
## - covid3
                               3.853 124.06 75.656
## + quiz2
                               2.691 117.52 76.079
                         1
## - I(study3 * study4)
                         1
                               5.990 126.20 76.782
                         8
## - country
                              35.912 156.12 76.825
## + I(study1 * study3)
                         1
                               0.529 119.68 77.282
## + I(covid1^2)
                               0.376 119.83 77.366
                         1
## + I(covid3 * covid4) 1
                              0.109 120.10 77.513
```

```
## + I(covid2 * covid3) 1
                               0.077 120.13 77.531
## + quiz1
                               0.056 120.16 77.542
                         1
                               0.017 120.19 77.563
## + covid1
## + I(study1 * study2)
                               0.009 120.20 77.568
                         1
## + I(study2 * study3)
                         1
                               0.008 120.20 77.569
## - I(covid2^2)
                         1
                              12.216 132.43 79.961
## - covid4
                              15.259 135.47 81.460
                         1
## - covid2
                         1
                              19.866 140.08 83.667
## - I(covid2 * covid4)
                        1
                              24.986 145.20 86.037
## - I(covid4^2)
                         1
                              25.988 146.20 86.490
## - I(covid1 * covid2)
                         1
                              27.937 148.15 87.365
## - quiz3
                              53.701 173.91 97.947
                         1
## Stepwise Model Path
## Analysis of Deviance Table
##
## Initial Model:
## quiz4 ~ quiz1 + quiz2 + quiz3 + covid1 + I(covid1^2) + covid2 +
       I(covid2^2) + covid3 + covid4 + I(covid4^2) + I(covid1 *
       covid2) + I(covid2 * covid3) + I(covid2 * covid4) + I(covid3 *
##
       covid4) + I(study1 * study2) + I(study1 * study3) + I(study2 *
##
       study3) + I(study3 * study4) + country
##
##
## Final Model:
## quiz4 \sim quiz3 + covid2 + I(covid2^2) + covid3 + covid4 + I(covid4^2) +
##
       I(covid1 * covid2) + I(covid2 * covid4) + I(study3 * study4) +
##
       country
##
##
##
                                Deviance Resid. Df Resid. Dev
                      Step Df
                                                                    ATC
## 1
                                                39
                                                      111.6438 88.69347
     - I(covid2 * covid3) 1 0.02145312
## 2
                                                 40
                                                      111.6652 86.70615
## 3
             - I(covid1^2) 1 0.03620130
                                                 41
                                                     111.7014 84.72754
## 4
                   - quiz1 1 0.15959746
                                                42
                                                     111.8610 82.82178
                                                43
                                                     112.1974 81.01993
## 5
     - I(study2 * study3)
                            1 0.33634375
## 6
                  - covid1
                           1 0.50304297
                                                44
                                                     112.7004 79.31518
## 7 - I(covid3 * covid4) 1 1.20482595
                                                45
                                                     113.9053 78.01701
## 8 - I(study1 * study2)
                                                46
                                                     115.9560 77.19469
                           1 2.05072526
## 9 - I(study1 * study3)
                                                      117.5201 76.07899
                                                47
                           1 1.56409732
## 10
                                                     120.2107 75.57303
                   - quiz2 1 2.69063069
                                                48
summary(final_model)
##
## Call:
  lm(formula = quiz4 ~ quiz3 + I(covid1^2) + I(covid1 * covid2) +
       I(covid2 * covid3) + I(study1 * study2) + I(study1 * study3) +
##
##
       I(study2 * study3) + I(study3 * study4))
##
## Residuals:
                10 Median
                                3Q
                                       Max
## -3.9419 -0.6945 0.0498 0.8265 3.3047
##
```

```
## Coefficients:
                    Estimate Std. Error t value Pr(>|t|)
##
## (Intercept)
                    ## quiz3
                    0.001283 0.003044 0.422
## I(covid1^2)
                                                0.675
## I(covid1 * covid2) -0.005804 0.012988 -0.447
                                                0.657
## I(covid2 * covid3) 0.003321 0.003036 1.094
                                                0.278
## I(study1 * study2) 0.001616 0.011675 0.138
                                                0.890
## I(study1 * study3) -0.004016 0.007741 -0.519
                                                0.606
## I(study2 * study3) 0.004256 0.007382 0.577
                                                0.567
## I(study3 * study4) -0.001311
                            0.001945 -0.674
                                                0.503
## Signif. codes: 0 '*** 0.001 '** 0.01 '* 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' 1
##
## Residual standard error: 1.689 on 57 degrees of freedom
## Multiple R-squared: 0.3177, Adjusted R-squared: 0.2219
## F-statistic: 3.317 on 8 and 57 DF, p-value: 0.003518
##
##
  One Sample t-test
## data: predicted_values - actual_values
## t = -1.263, df = 65, p-value = 0.2111
## alternative hypothesis: true mean is not equal to 0
## 95 percent confidence interval:
## -1.8644405 0.4198159
## sample estimates:
## mean of x
## -0.7223123
```