COS10004 - Computer Systems

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LAB 10

4. Identify the parameters required when calling drawPixel:

To draw a pixel, we need parameters r0-r3:

- The screen address is r0.
- The positions of r1 and r2 are x and y, respectively.
- The color of the pixel is r3.

5. Identify the code which controls the calling of drawPixel:

To draw a line its use the lineloop loop, which controls the call to drawpixel:

```
push {r0-r3}
  mov r0,r7   ;screen address
  mov r1,r4 ;x
  mov r2,r5 ;y
  mov r3,r6 ;colour
    ;assume BITS_PER_PIXEL, SCREEN_X are shared constants
       bl drawpixel
  pop {r0-r3}

;increment and test
  add r4,#1
  mov r8,SCREEN_X AND $FF00
  orr r8,SCREEN_X AND $00FF   ;640 = 0x0280
  cmp r4,r8
bls lineloop   ;branch less than or same
```

In details, r4 and r5 respectively stands for the x and y position of the pixel. r0 is the screen address and r3 is the pixel colour. In this loop, r0, r5, and r3 remain constant. After a loop, r4 is increased in order to draw a pixel on a line at y position r5. After drawing a pixel in location (r4, r5), we proceed to draw further pixels in place (r4+1, r5) until r4 greater than r8, which is the screen's x limit.

```
format binary as 'img'
constants:
;memory addresses of BASE
BASE = $FE0000000 ; use $3F000000 for 3B/3B+ and 2B
org $8000
mov sp,$1000
; Return CPU ID (0..3) Of The CPU Executed On
;mrc p15,0,r0,c0,c0,5 ; R0 = Multiprocessor Affinity Register (MPIDR) ;ands r0,3 ; R0 = CPU ID (Bits 0..1)
;bne CoreLoop ; IF (CPU ID != 0) Branch To Infinite Loop (Core ID 1..3)
mov r0, BASE
bl FB_Init
;r0 now contains address of screen
;SCREEN X and BITS PER PIXEL are global constants populated by FB Init
and r0,$3FFFFFFF; Convert Mail Box Frame Buffer Pointer From BUS Address To Physical Address ($CXXXXXXX -> $3XXXXXXXX)
str r0, [FB_POINTER] ; Store Frame Buffer Pointer Physical Address
mov r7,r0 ; back-up a copy of the screen address + channel number
: Draw Pixel at (X.Y)
;r0 = address of screen we write to (r7 = backup of screen start address)
mov r4, #1 ;x ordinate
mov r5, #1 ;y
;set colour - while for SBPP, Yellow for 16BPP
mov r9, BITS PER PIXEL
 cmp r9, #8; if BITS_PER_PIXEL == 8
 beq sp_eight
 mov r6,$FF00
 orr r6,$000E ; yellow
 b sp endif
sp_eight:
 mov r6, #1 ; white for 8-bit colour
sp_endif:
```

kernel7.asm code of my shape drawer:

- ; Raspberry Pi B+,2 'Bare Metal' 16BPP Draw Pixel at any XY:
- ; 1. Setup Frame Buffer
- ; assemble struct with screen requirements
- ; receive pointer to screen or NULL
- ; 2. Start loop
- ; Send pixel colour to location on screen
- ; increment counter and loop if < 640

;note: r6 (colour) is 32-bit/4 byte register.

;at 16 bits/pixel, writing 32bits to adjacent pixels overwrites every second pixel.

```
; soln: write lower 2 bytes only (STRH) or lower byte(STRB).
;r0 = pointer + x * BITS_PER_PIXEL/8 + y * SCREEN_X * BITS_PER_PIXEL/8
format binary as 'img'
;constants
;memory addresses of BASE
BASE = \$3F000000; use \$3F000000 for 3B/3B + and 2B
;BASE = $20000000;
org $8000
mov sp,$1000
; Return CPU ID (0..3) Of The CPU Executed On
;mrc p15,0,r0,c0,c0,5; R0 = Multiprocessor Affinity Register (MPIDR)
;ands r0.3; R0 = CPU ID (Bits 0..1)
;bne CoreLoop; IF (CPU ID != 0) Branch To Infinite Loop (Core ID 1..3)
mov r0,BASE; r0 = BASE
bl FB_Init
;r0 now contains address of screen
;SCREEN_X and BITS_PER_PIXEL are global constants populated by FB_Init
```

```
and r0,$3FFFFFFF; Convert Mail Box Frame Buffer Pointer From BUS Address To Physical
Address ($CXXXXXXX -> $3XXXXXXX)
str r0,[FB_POINTER]; Store Frame Buffer Pointer Physical Address
mov r7,r0 ;back-up a copy of the screen address + channel number
; Draw Pixel at (X,Y)
;r0 = address of screen we write to (r7 = backup of screen start address)
mov r6,#1 ; white for 8-bit colour
mov r4, #10
mov r5, #10
; Draw Box has top left = (10, 10) and bottom right = (18, 26)
draw_horizontal_line:
 push {r0-r3}
 mov r0,r7 ;screen address
 mov r1,r4;x
 mov r2,r5;y
```

mov r3,r6; colour

bl drawpixel

pop {r0-r3}

```
;increment and test
 add r4,#1
 mov r8, #28
 cmp r4,r8
bls draw_horizontal_line
                           ;branch less than or same
draw_vertical_line:
 push {r0-r3}
 mov r0,r7 ;screen address
 mov r1,r4;x
 mov r2,r5;y
 mov r3,r6; colour
    bl drawpixel
 pop {r0-r3}
 ;increment and test
 add r5,#1
 mov r9, #37
 cmp r5,r9
bls draw_vertical_line
                        ;branch less than or same
mov r4, #10
```

```
draw_vertical_line2:
 push {r0-r3}
 mov r0,r7 ;screen address
 mov r1,r4;x
 mov r2,r5;y
 mov r3,r6; colour
   bl drawpixel
 pop {r0-r3}
 ;increment and test
 add r5,#1
 mov r8, #28
 mov r9, #36
 cmp r5,r9
bls draw_vertical_line2
                         ;branch less than or same
draw_horizontal_line2:
 push {r0-r3}
 mov r0,r7 ;screen address
```

```
mov r1,r4;x
 mov r2,r5;y
 mov r3,r6; colour
   bl drawpixel
 pop {r0-r3}
 ;increment and test
 add r4,#1
 mov r8, #28
 cmp r4,r8
bls draw_horizontal_line2
                            ;branch less than or same
mov r4, #40
mov r5, #40
draw_vertical_line3:
 push {r0-r3}
 mov r0,r7 ;screen address
 mov r1,r4;x
 mov r2,r5;y
 mov r3,r6; colour
   bl drawpixel
```

```
pop {r0-r3}
 ;increment and test
 add r5,#1
 mov r9, #80
 cmp r5,r9
bls draw_vertical_line3
                         ;branch less than or same
draw_horizontal_line3:
 push {r0-r3}
 mov r0,r7 ;screen address
 mov r1,r4;x
 mov r2,r5;y
 mov r3,r6;colour
    bl drawpixel
 pop {r0-r3}
 ;increment and test
 add r4,#1
 mov r8, #81
 cmp r4,r8
bls draw_horizontal_line3
                            ;branch less than or same
```

```
mov r4, #40
mov r5, #40
draw_diagonal_line:
 push {r0-r3}
 mov r0,r7 ;screen address
 mov r1,r4;x
 mov r2,r5;y
 mov r3,r6; colour
   bl drawpixel
 pop {r0-r3}
 ;increment and test
 add r4,#1
 add r5,#1
 mov r8, #80
 cmp r4,r8
bls draw_diagonal_line
                         ;branch less than or same
```

Loop:

b Loop ;wait forever

CoreLoop: ; Infinite Loop For Core 1..3

b CoreLoop

include "FBinit8.asm"

include "drawpixel.asm"