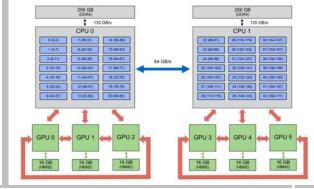
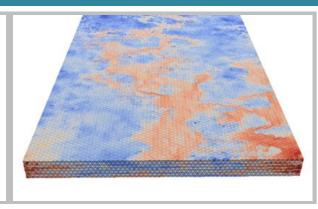
# Introduction to Trilinos and MrHyDE

MrHyDE = {M}ulti-{r}esolution {Hy}bridized {D}ifferential {E}quations









## Tim Wildey

Optimization and Uncertainty Quantification Department
Center for Computing Research





# Any questions from yesterday?

#### **Tutorial Outline**

#### **Day 1 - Introduction to Trilinos**

- High-level overview of Trilinos
  - An appropriate build of Trilinos will be available for anyone on the HPC systems. We will not be building Trilinos in this session. If someone does not have access to the HPC systems, I will work with them beforehand to get a build of Trilinos on their Mac or Linux machine.
- Deeper dive into Kokkos and Sacado.
  - A basic understanding of these packages will be helpful for day 2.
- Exercise: creating and working with arrays (Kokkos Views) and automatic differentiation objects (Sacado AD)

#### Day 2 - Introduction to MrHyDE

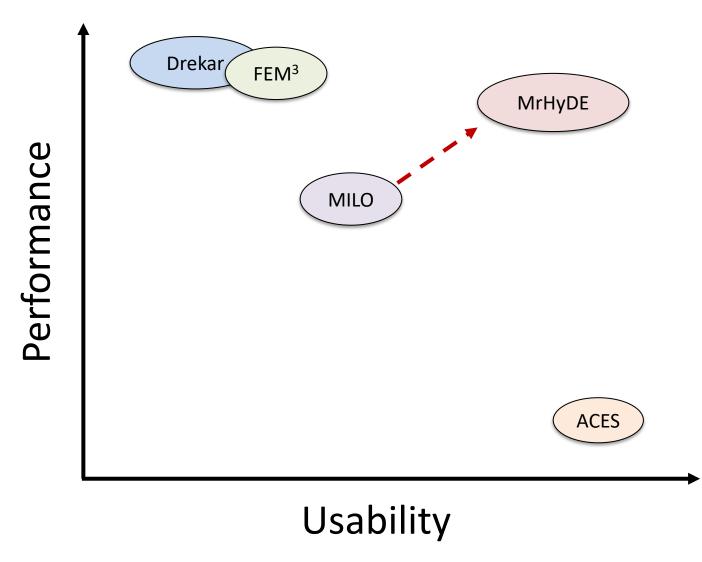
- High-level overview of MrHyDE
- How to download, compile, run and visualize results
- Exercise: adding a new PDE in MrHyDE

#### Day 3 - More advanced features in Trilinos/MrHyDE

- Solving coupled multiphysics problems
- Performance portability and using heterogeneous computational architectures
- Large-scale PDE constrained optimization
- Concurrent multiscale modeling



#### **Usability and Performance**



Disclaimer: This chart is based on the subjective assessment from one user/developer. Not included: Albany, MFEM, deal.II, FEniCS, ...



#### **Performance Gains**

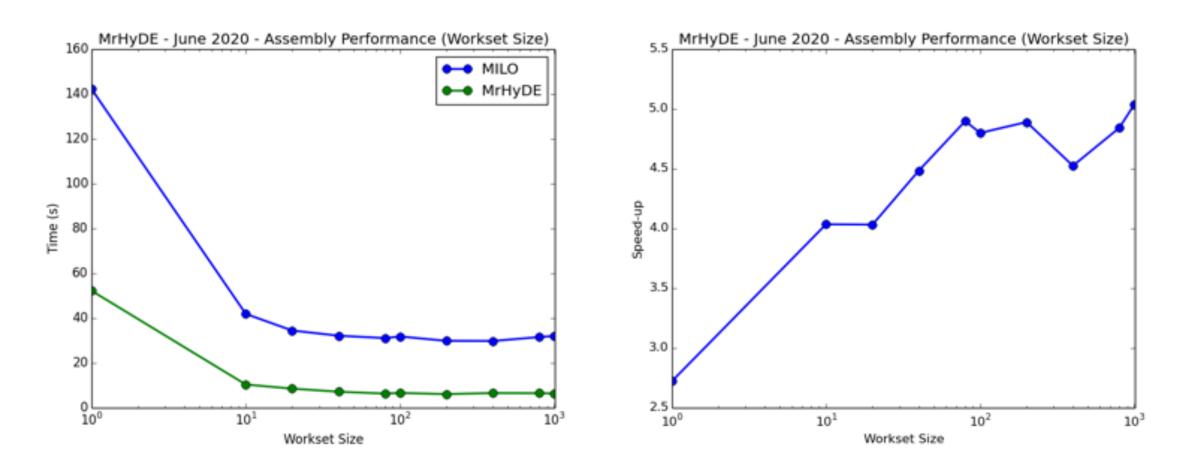
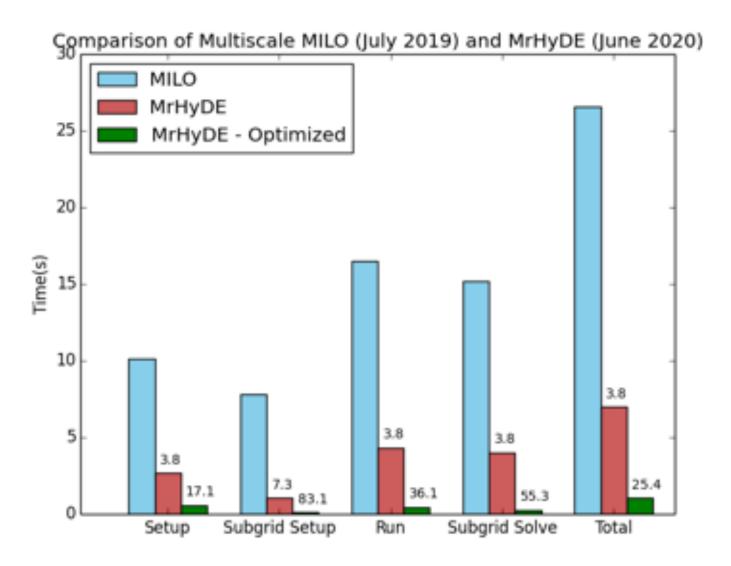


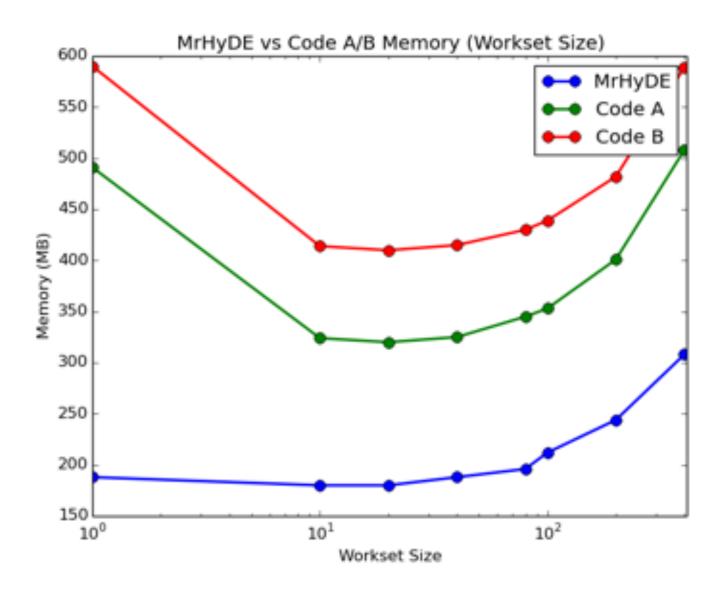
Figure: Comparison of total physics/assembly time between MILO-2019 and MrHyDE-2020 for transient nonlinear system with 40,000 elements and 300 linear systems.



#### **Performance Gains**



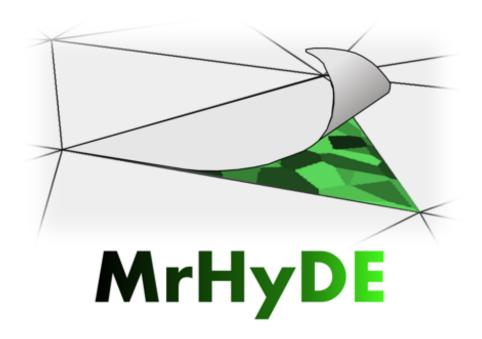
#### Memory Usage vs Another Trilinos-Based Code





## What is MrHyDE?

- A C++ framework designed and optimized for solving multiresolution hybridized differential equations.
- Provides an interface to powerful Trilinos tools within a user-friendly framework
- Portability with performance from laptops, to MPI-based clusters, to heterogeneous nodes, to MPI+X
- Ability to extract and inject data to develop data-informed physics-based simulations
- A modular and flexible environment for solving transient nonlinear multiphysics and multiscale systems in 1,2,3D
- Extensive set of examples/regression tests to maintain software quality and guide new users





## **How to Obtain and Build MrHyDE**

• If you haven't done so already, clone the MrHyDE repository

```
git clone https://github.com/TimWildey/MrHyDE.git
```

Create a build directory (suggest MrHyDE/build)

```
cd MrHyDE
mkdir build
cd build
```

• Copy one of the CMake configure scripts from MrHyDE/scripts/configure-MrHyDE

```
cp ../scripts/configure-MrHyDE/configure-MrHyDE-mac-catalina-serial configure
```

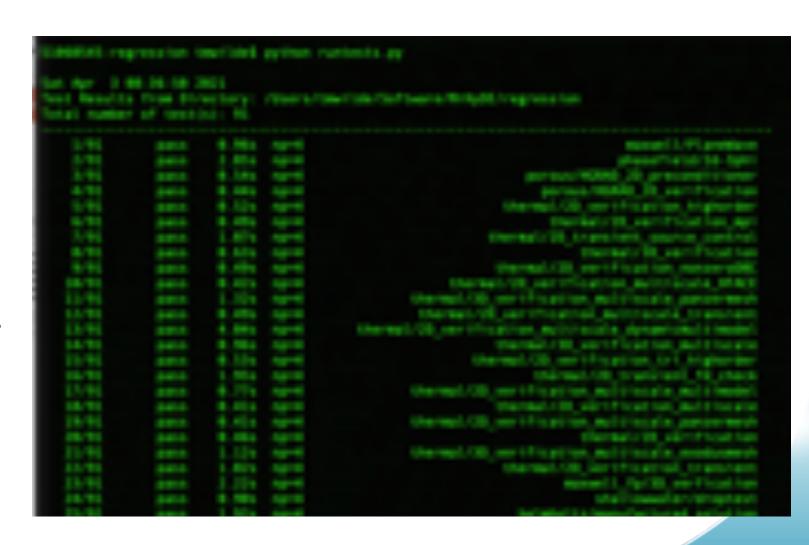
• Edit the Trilinos and MrHyDE paths in the configure file, then run

```
./configure
ninja
```



#### **Regression Testing**

- Python-based testing framework adapted from DGM by BvB/TS/TW
- Currently uses python2
  - Upgrade to python3 coming soon
- Currently 91 tests that also serve as a library of examples
- All are small tests that run in less than
   5 seconds (on a mac)
- Easy to take one and scale up to 1000s of cores or heterogeneous nodes
- General guidelines for code contributions:
  - Run the tests before checking in code
  - If you add a capability, add a test that covers it





#### **Regression Testing**

```
BRS regression towinded python runted a py --print Asyembs
```



#### **Exercise: Run the Regression Tests**

- Go into MrHyDE/regression
- Assume your build directory is in MrHyDE/build, create a soft link in the regression folder

ln -s ../build/src/mrhyde

• Now, just run the tests

python runtests.py

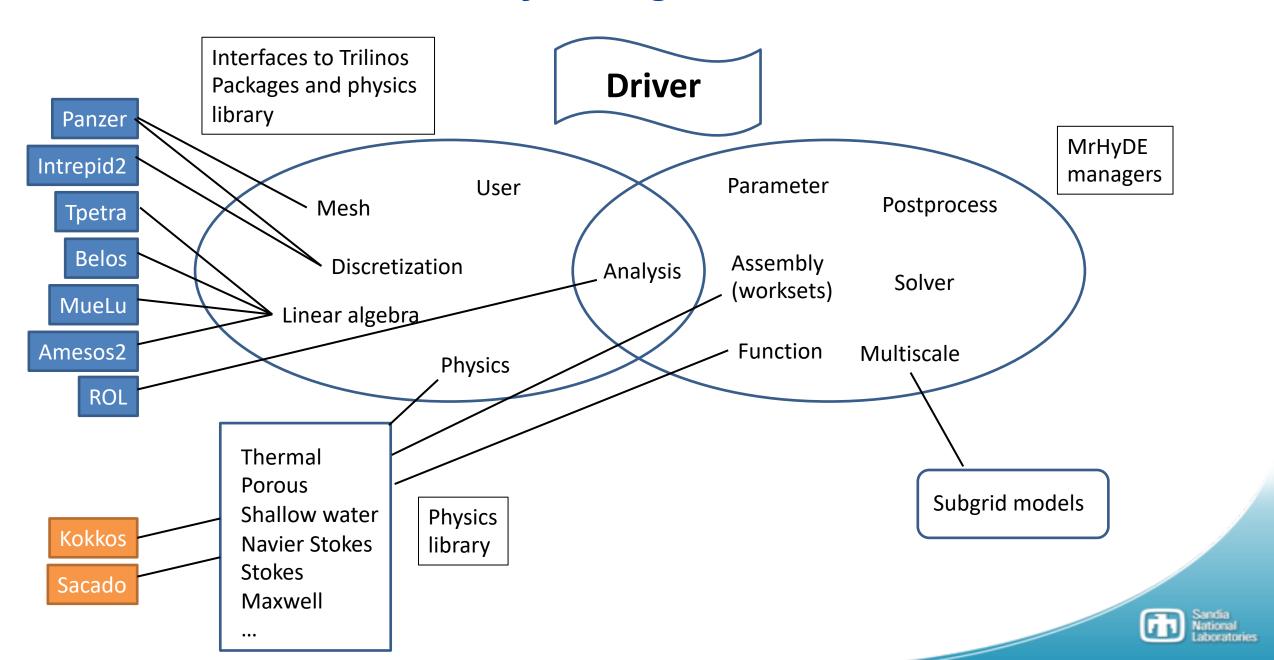
- Go into one of the tests and modify the input file to do something else
- Run the tests again and you should see a failure
- To visualize the solutions, add the following in the Postprocess sublist:

write solution: true

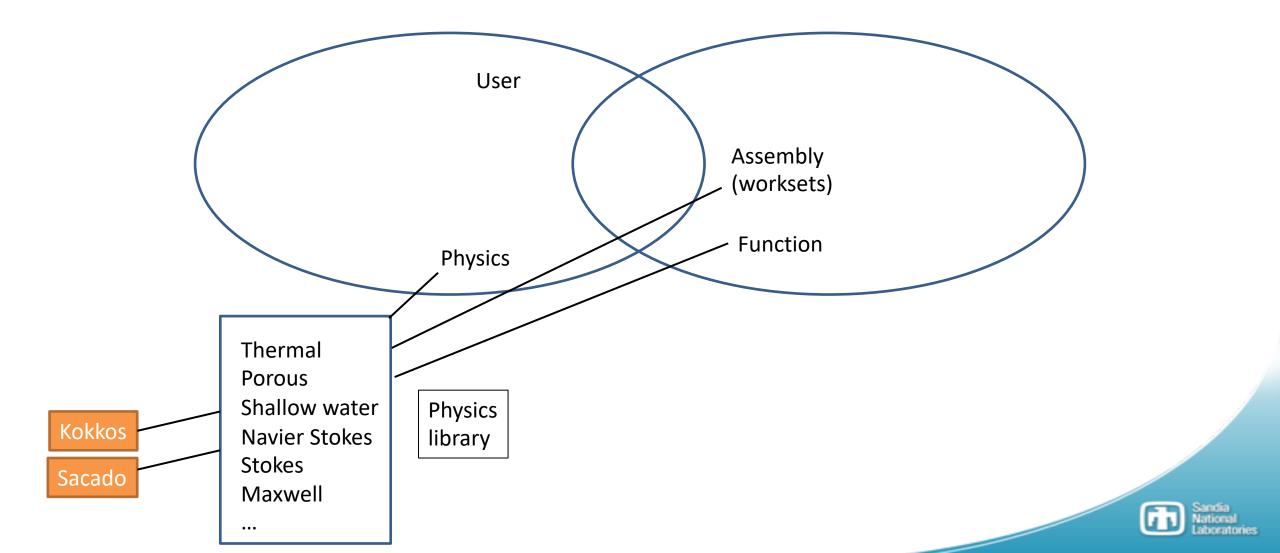
- This will create an exodus file. To visualize this, use ParaView
- If you work at Sandia: <a href="https://onestop.sandia.gov/paraview">https://onestop.sandia.gov/paraview</a>
- Otherwise: <a href="https://www.paraview.org/download/">https://www.paraview.org/download/</a>



#### **MrHyDE Organization**



## **MrHyDE Organization**

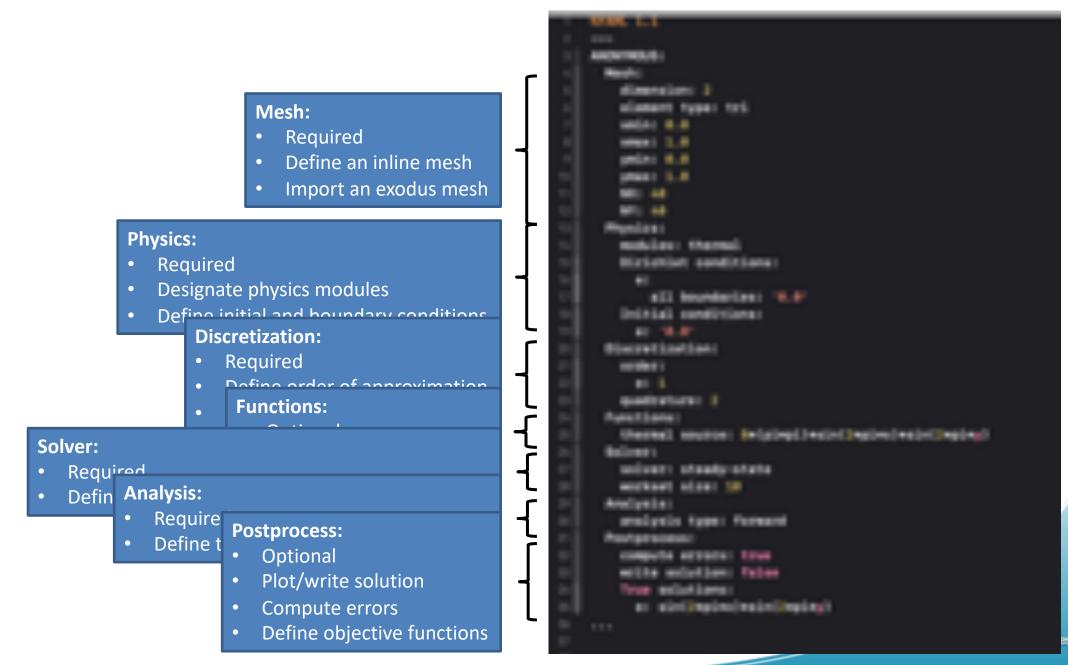


## Navigating the User Interface and Input File

- MrHyDE primarily uses the YAML format
   XML is also an option
- YAML (a <u>recursive acronym</u> for "YAML Ain't Markup Language") is a <u>human-readable data-serialization language</u>. <sup>1</sup>
- The user interface looks for input.yaml
- For examples, see the regression tests
- Also, see MrHyDE/scripts/input-files for all the available options.
- There are 5 required blocks and 4 options blocks
- Automatically determines data type
   int, double, char
- Can force a char by using single quotes



## Navigating the User Interface and Input File



#### **The Function Manager**

- One of the most important pieces of MrHyDE for a user to understand
- Similar to Phalanx builds Directed Acyclic Graphs (DAGs)
- Distinguishing feature: an interpreter that turns strings into DAGs
- Can be thought of as an auto-generator of evaluators (although it doesn't use PHX::evaluator)
- To add a function:

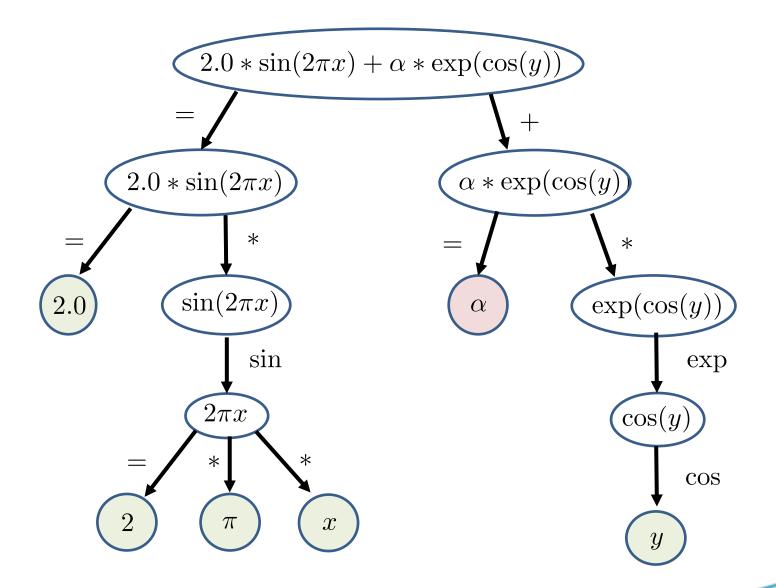
To evaluate a function:

auto data = functionManager->evaluate(name, location)

But, how does it decompose a function into a DAG?



# Directed Rooted Trees Special Case of a Directed Acyclic Graph (DAG)





#### What can be used in expressions?

Function managers are aware of a few types of variables:

- Spatial variables: "x", "y", "z"
- Time: "t"
- The value of \pi: "pi"
- Scalars: "2.0", "1.3e-4", 2.2E-3", "0.0000001", etc.
- Scalar parameters: "lambda"
- Components of vector parameters: "eta[1]"
- Discretized parameters: "mu"
- Solution variables: "u", "dx", "pr", "Hu", etc.
- Components of vector variables: "B[x]"
- Components of grad of HGRAD variables: "grad(dx)[x]"
- Components of curl of HCURL variables: "curl(E)[y]"
- Divergence of HDIV variables: "div(B)"
- Names of other functions, responses, objectives: "source", "obj0"
- Normals on sides/faces: "nx", "ny", "nz"



## Functions Sublist can be Arbitrarily Complicated<sup>1</sup>





## **Exercise: Create a New Physics Module**

• We are going to implement the following PDE:

$$-\Delta \{\text{varname}\} + c \{\text{varname}\} = s(x)$$

- Step 1: choose a name for your variable, e.g., "llama"
- Step 2: choose a name for the physics module, e.g., "Ilamas"
- Step 3: copy the template (newmodule.hpp) from MrHyDE/doc/Tutorial/Example into MrHyDE/src/physics

```
cd MrHyDE/src/physics
cp ../../doc/Tutorial/Example/newmodule.hpp llamas.hpp
```

- Step 4: open the file and edit the variable and module names
- Step 5: make MrHyDE aware of the new module. Open physicsImporter.cpp and add the header and the import command (just copy, paste and edit an existing one)
- Step 6: recompile MrHyDE
- Step 7: go back to MrHyDE/doc/Tutorial/Example and edit input.yaml
- Step 8: Create a soft link to MrHyDE/build/src/mrhyde
- Step 9: Run your new module



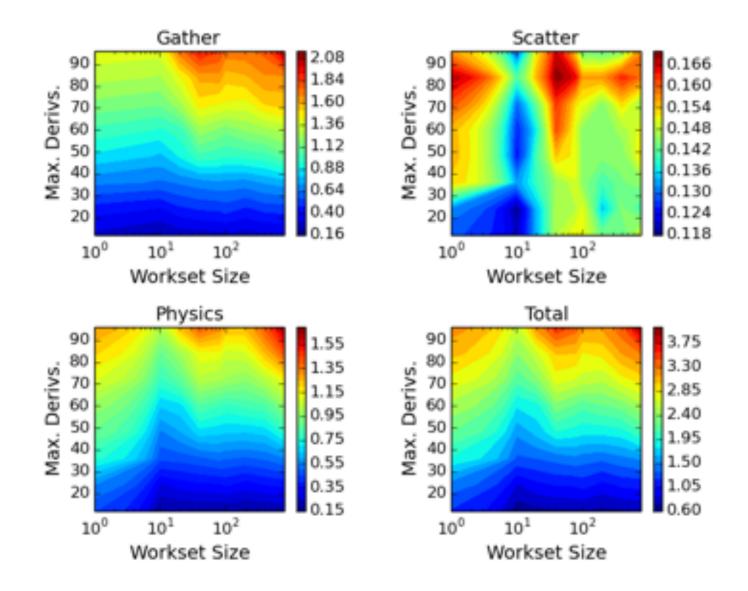
# **Boosting Performance**

- The default settings are suboptimal to allow all the regression tests to run
- For a specific problem, performance can be optimized without modifying the code
- The default workset size is 100.
  - This is a runtime option to define the number of elements that get processed together
  - 1 is almost never optimal
  - Larger values increase memory requirements
  - Even without threading, adjusting this can improve performance
  - Optimal number is problem dependent
- The default number of derivatives for the SFAD AD objects is 64
  - This is a compile time option (due to Sacado SFAD)
  - Tailoring this can significantly improve performance
  - Minimum value is the maximum of: DOFs per element, active parameters, discretized parameter DOFs per element
  - For example, for the shallow water equations in 2D using linear basis, maxDerivs = 12
  - Adjusted in the MrHyDE configure script:

-D MrHyDE\_MAX\_DERIVS=64 \



## **Impact of Performance Tuning**





#### **Preview of Tomorrow**

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