Danny Tan

AI Fall 2018

HW # 7

## Problem 1:

$$P(M=1) = (2+3+12+8)/100 = 0.25$$

$$P(M=2) = (8+4+1+6+6)/100 = 0.25$$

$$P(M=3) = (4+2+3+6+25+10)/100 = 0.5$$

$$P(M=1) * P(A=1|M=1) * P(D=2|M=1) * P(C=F|M=1) * P(R=1|M=1)$$

$$0.25 * 0.02 / 0.25 * 0.22 / 0.25 * 0.02 / 0.25 * 0.15 / 0.25 = 0.0008448$$

$$0.25 * 0.12/0.25 * 0.24/0.25 * 0.12/0.25 * 0.15/0.25 = 0.0331776$$

$$P(M=3) * P(A=1|M=3) * P(D=2|M=3) * P(C=F|M=3) * P(R=1|M=3)$$

$$0.5 * 0.06/0.5 * 0.47/0.5 * 0.12/0.5 * 0.17/0.5 = 0.00460224$$

Naïve Bayes would classify this instance as M = 2 since that gives the maximal probability.

## Problem 2:

2a)

1-nearest neighbors will classify Point A as red

1-nearest neighbors will classify Point B as red

1-nearest neighbors will classify Point C as blue

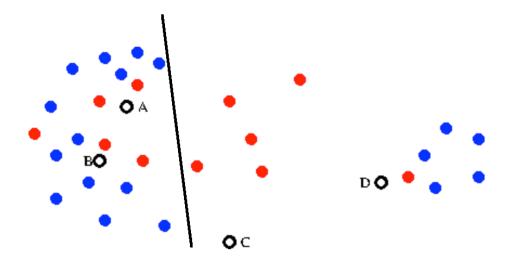
1-nearest neighbors will classify Point D as red

3-nearest neighbors will classify Point A as red

3-nearest neighbors will classify Point B as blue

3-nearest neighbors will classify Point C as red

3-nearest neighbors will classify Point D as blue



29 total points 5 misclassify red dots and 5 misclassify blue dots Accuracy is 65.5%

It will classify A and B as blue It will classify C and D as red