Odds of Non−Relapse Mortality with HHV−6 positivity by Age

Study	HHV−6 + Deaths	HHV−6 + Total	HHV−6 − Deaths	HHV−6 − Total	Odds Ratio	OR	95%−CI	Weight
Age of cohort = Adult								
Kadakia 1996	6	12	5	14		1.80	[0.37; 8.68]	4.1%
Aoki 2015	40	138	11	98		3.23	[1.56; 6.68]	19.3%
Dzieciatkowski 2008	6	10	4	16		4.50	[0.82; 24.57]	3.5%
Random effects model		160		128		3.08	[1.42; 6.68]	27.0%
Heterogeneity: $I^2 = 0\%$, $\tau^2 = 0$, $p = 0.72$								
Age of cohort = Pediatric								
Yoshikawa 1991	0	12	1	13		0.33	[0.01; 8.99]	0.9%
de Pagter 2008	12	39	3	19		2.37	[0.58; 9.69]	5.2%
Random effects model		51		32		1.60	[0.00; 34109.97]	6.1%
Heterogeneity: $I^2 = 13\%$, $\tau^2 = 0.2526$, $p = 0.28$								
Age of cohort = Both								
Zerr 2012	16	111	24	204		1.26	[0.64; 2.49]	22.1%
Han 2020	22	77	5	25		1.60	[0.53; 4.80]	8.5%
Zhou 2019	27	61	221	677		1.64	[0.96; 2.78]	36.3%
Random effects model		249		906		1.50	[1.04; 2.16]	66.9%
Heterogeneity: $I^2 = 0\%$, $\tau^2 = 0$, $p = 0.83$								
Random effects model	460		1066			1.84	[1.29; 2.62]	100.0%

Heterogeneity: $I^2 = 0\%$, $\tau^2 = 0$, $p = 0.55$

Test for subgroup differences: $\chi^2_2 = 13.17$, df = 2 ($p < 0.01$)

0.001   0.1 1 10   1000