

Query plan freezing extension design, issues and lessons learned

Belyalov D., Lepikhov A., Rybakina A.

Postgres Professional

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Self Introduction

- Specialist in Applied Mathematics graduated from Chelyabinsk State University in 2005
- Ph.D. in Computer Sciences (Distributed Databases) awarded at Moscow State University in 2008.
- Working in Postgres Professional as a Core Developer since 2017.
- Designed the Shardman project architecture on its earlier steps
- Worked on Multimaster project
- Working on various query optimization issues



Who we are

- Research team, part of Postgres Professional, dealing with optimization issues
- Caused by the idea of sustainable coding
- Design enterprise and core features to improve the planner effectiveness
- Projects: Self-Join Removal, Asymmetric JOIN, Optimized Group-by, AQO, sr_plan ...



Plan freezing?

Reason 1:

Don't optimize next time!

pgbench:

- With planning: \approx 6000 tps
- Prepared statements: \approx 7600 tps





Plan freezing?

Reason 2:

Pin tweaked query plan into the plan cache:

- Predictable execution time
- No planning surprises after minor upgrade





Rationale

- Stale statistics
- Imperfection of cost estimation algorithms
- Implicit functional dependencies between columns



Functional Dependencies (overestimation)

```
CREATE TABLE people (
 name
               text,
 occupation text,
               boolean,
 sex
  region
        text,
 is_vaccinated boolean
SELECT * FROM people t1
WHERE occupation = 'Tractor Driver' AND sex = 'female'
/*
Seq Scan on people (rows=1584) (actual rows=1)
   Filter: (is_woman AND (occupation = 'Tractor Driver'))
   Rows Removed by Filter: 99999
 */
```

Functional Dependencies (underestimation)

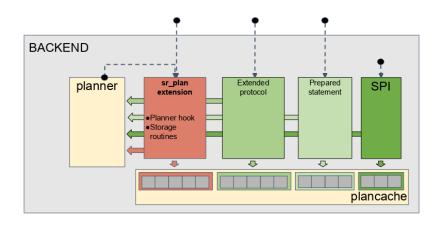
```
CREATE TABLE people (
 name
               text,
 occupation text,
               boolean,
 sex
  region
        text,
 is_vaccinated boolean
SELECT * FROM people
WHERE region = 'Chelyabinsk' AND is_vaccinated;
/*
Seq Scan on people (rows=114) (actual rows=907)
   Filter: (is_vaccinated AND (region = 'Chelyabinsk'))
   Rows Removed by Filter: 99094
 */
```

Our conjecture

Unfortunate planning is inevitable [at least, for now]. Assuming someone or something could force the planner to generate a better plan, we should provide the tool to freeze the right solution for the subsequent executions.



Stick on the plan in the Plan Cache?





The sr_plan extension

- Abbreviates save/restore plan
- Introduced in Postgres Pro Enterprise 15 (don't mix up with the extension sr_plan existed up to PGPro Enterprise 13!)
- Freezes specific plan for a [parameterized] query





How it works

- sr_register_query('SELECT ... WHERE x = \$1 AND y = 42', ...)
- sr_plan_freeze(srid)
- sr_plan_unfreeze(srid)

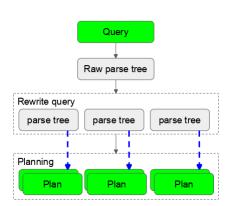
Frozen plan have a special node in explain

QUERY PLAN

```
Custom Scan (SRScan) (actual rows=1 loops=1)
Frozen plan ID: 1
-> Aggregate (actual rows=1 loops=1)
-> Seq Scan on a (actual rows=10 loops=1)
Filter: ((x = \$1) AND (y = 42)
```

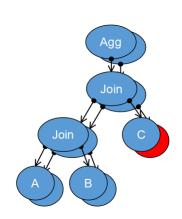


In DBMS, the way from a query text to the plan is not straightforward.



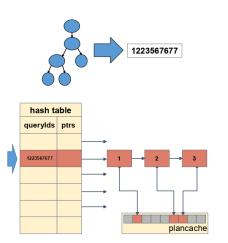


Only one way to prove applicability of the plan to the given query is to compare stored and incoming parse trees





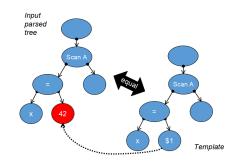
To make overhead admissible, we should have kind of parse tree signature - queryld





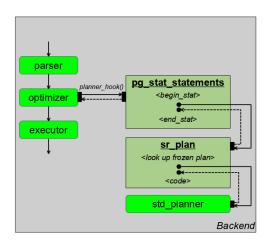
To apply plan freezing for parameterized queries we should 'generalize' the parse tree

sr_register_query('SELECT ... FROM A, ... WHERE x = \$1...')





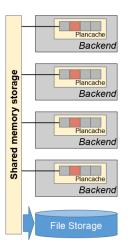
The extension loading order matters





Points of overhead

- Parse tree comparison
- Plan invalidation
 - Per-backend cache invalidation
 - Disc storage sync
 - Transactional issues





Freeze pgbench

Freezing procedure

```
SELECT srid FROM sr_register_query('
    SELECT abalance FROM pgbench_accounts
    WHERE aid = $1', 'int') \gset
SELECT abalance FROM pgbench_accounts WHERE aid = 1;
SELECT sr_plan_freeze(:srid);
```

```
UPDATE pgbench_accounts ...
UPDATE pgbench_tellers ...
UPDATE pgbench_branches ...
INSERT INTO pgbench_history ...
```

- With planning: \approx 6000 tps
- ullet Frozen statements: pprox 6500 tps



The future

- Detect bad plan and try something different
- Plan transfer procedure
- Global prepared statements





Questions?

