



A Robot System for Paddy Field Planting in the Philippines

A Thesis
Presented to the Faculty of the
Department of Electronics and Communications Engineering
Gokongwei College of Engineering
De La Salle University

In Partial Fulfillment of the
Requirements for the Degree of
Bachelor of Science in Electronics and Communications Engineering

by
ABE, Paul Vince A.
AMADO, Dan Paulo E.
MIRIDA, Joanna Katherine U.

June, 2016



De La Salle University

ORAL DEFENSE RECOMMENDATION SHEET

This thesis, entitled **A Robot System for Paddy Field Planting in the Philippines**, prepared and submitted by thesis group, ESG-04, composed of:

ABE, Paul Vince A.
AMADO, Dan Paulo E.
MIRIDA, Joanna Katherine U.

in partial fulfillment of the requirements for the degree of **Bachelor of Science in Electronics and Communications Engineering (BS-ECE)** has been examined and is recommended for acceptance and approval for **ORAL DEFENSE**.

Engr. Donabel D. Abuan
Adviser

June 8, 2016



De La Salle University

THESIS APPROVAL SHEET

This thesis entitled **A Robot System for Paddy Field Planting in the Philippines**, prepared and submitted by:

ABE, Paul Vince A.
AMADO, Dan Paulo E.
MIRIDA, Joanna Katherine U.

with group number ESG-04 in partial fulfillment of the requirements for the degree of **Bachelor of Science in Electronics and Communications Engineering (BS-ECE)** has been examined and is recommended for acceptance and approval.

PANEL OF EXAMINERS

Dr. Amado Z. Hernandez
Chair

Dr. Aaron F. Africa
Member

Engr. Argel A. Bandala
Member

Engr. Donabel D. Abuan
Adviser

Date: June 8, 2016



De La Salle University

54
55
56
57

2016

All Rights Reserved. No part of this publication may be reproduced, stored in an information retrieval system, or transmitted, in any form or by any means, electronic, mechanical, by photocopying, scanning, recording, or otherwise, except under the terms of the applicable law.



De La Salle University

58

ACKNOWLEDGMENT

59

60

Write this prior to hard binding if you have submitted all requirements and are told by your adviser that you have passed.



61

ABSTRACT

62

Keep your abstract short by giving the gist/nutshell of your thesis.

63

Index Terms—PIC16F877A, soil moisture, greenhouse, automation.



64

TABLE OF CONTENTS

65

Oral Defense Recommendation Sheet **ii**

66

Thesis Proposal Approval Sheet **iii**

67

Acknowledgment **v**

68

Abstract **vi**

69

Table of Contents **vii**

70

List of Figures **x**

71

List of Tables **xi**

72

Abbreviations **xii**

73

Notation **xiii**

74

Glossary **xiv**

75

Listings **xv**

76

Chapter 1 INTRODUCTION **1**

77

1.1 Background of the Study 2

78

1.2 Prior Studies 3

79

1.3 Problem Statement 4

80

1.4 Objectives 5

81

1.4.1 General Objective(s) 5

82

1.4.2 Specific Objectives 5

83

1.5 Significance of the Study 5

84

1.6 Assumptions, Scope and Delimitations 6

85

1.7 Description and Methodology 6

86

1.8 Overview 7

87

Chapter 2 LITERATURE REVIEW **8**

88

2.1 Summary 11



89	References	12
90	Appendix A ANSWERS TO QUESTIONS TO THIS THESIS PROPOSAL	13
91	A1 How important is the problem to practice?	14
92	A2 How will you know if the solution/s that you will achieve would be better	
93	than existing ones?	14
94	A2.1 How will you measure the improvement/s?	14
95	A2.1.1 What is/are your basis/bases for the improvement/s? . .	15
96	A2.1.2 Why did you choose that/those basis/bases?	15
97	A2.1.3 How significant are your measure/s of the improvement/s? .	15
98	A3 What is the difference of the solution/s from existing ones?	16
99	A3.1 How is it different from previous and existing ones?	16
100	A4 What are the assumptions made (that are behind for your proposed solution	
101	to work)?	16
102	A4.1 Will your proposed solution/s be sensitive to these assumptions? .	17
103	A4.2 Can your proposed solution/s be applied to more general cases	
104	when some of the assumptions are eliminated? If so, how?	17
105	A5 What is the necessity of your approach / proposed solution/s?	17
106	A5.1 What will be the limits of applicability of your proposed solution/s?	18
107	A5.2 What will be the message of the proposed solution to technical	
108	people? How about to non-technical managers and business men?	18
109	A6 How will you know if your proposed solution/s is/are correct?	18
110	A6.1 Will your results warrant the level of mathematics used (i.e., will	
111	the end justify the means)?	19
112	A7 Is/are there an/_ alternative way/s to get to the same solution/s?	19
113	A7.1 Can you come up with illustrating examples, or even better, counter	
114	examples to your proposed solution/s?	19
115	A7.2 Is there an approximation that can arrive at the essentially the same	
116	proposed solution/s more easily?	20
117	A8 If you were the examiner of your proposal, how would you present the	
118	proposal in another way?	20
119	A8.1 What are the weaknesses of your proposal?	20
120	Appendix B USAGE EXAMPLES	22
121	B1 Equations	23
122	B2 Notations	25
123	B3 Abbreviation	31
124	B4 Glossary	33
125	B5 Figure	34
126	B6 Table	40



De La Salle University

127	B7 Algorithm or Pseudocode Listing	44
128	B8 Program/Code Listing	46
129	B9 Referencing	48
130	B9.1 A subsection	49
131	B9.1.1 A sub-subsection	50
132	B10 Index	51
133	B11 Adding Relevant PDF Pages (e.g. Standards, Datasheets, Specification	
134	Sheets, Application Notes, etc.)	52
135	Appendix C PUBLICATION LIST AND AWARD	56
136	Appendix D VITA	58
137	Index	59



138

LIST OF FIGURES

139	B.1	A quadrilateral image example.	34
140	B.2	Figures on top of each other. See List. B.6 for the corresponding \LaTeX code.	36
141	B.3	Four figures in each corner. See List. B.7 for the corresponding \LaTeX code. .	38



142

LIST OF TABLES

143

B.1 Feasible triples for highly variable grid 40

144

B.2 Calculation of $y = x^n$ 44



145

ABBREVIATIONS

146	AC	Alternating Current	31
147	HTML	Hyper-text Markup Language	31
148	CSS	Cascading Style Sheet	31
149	XML	eXtensible Markup Language	31



NOTATION

151	\mathcal{S}	a collection of distinct objects	33
152	\mathcal{U}	the set containing everything	33
153	\emptyset	the set with no elements	33
154	$ \mathcal{S} $	the number of elements in the set \mathcal{S}	33
155	$h(t)$	impulse response	23
156	$x(t)$	input signal represented in the time domain	23
157	$y(t)$	output signal represented in the time domain	23

158 Throughout this thesis, mathematical notations conform to ISO 80000-2 standard, e.g.
159 variable names are printed in italics, the only exception being acronyms like e.g. SNR,
160 which are printed in regular font. Constants are also set in regular font like j . Functions are
161 also set in regular font, e.g. in $\sin(\cdot)$. Commonly used notations are t , f , $j = \sqrt{-1}$, n and
162 $\exp(\cdot)$, which refer to the time variable, frequency variable, imaginary unit, n th variable,
163 and exponential function, respectively.



164

GLOSSARY

165

matrix a concise and useful way of uniquely representing and working with linear transformations; a rectangular table of elements 33



166

LISTINGS

167	B.1 Sample \LaTeX code for equations and notations usage	24
168	B.2 Sample \LaTeX code for notations usage	28
169	B.3 Sample \LaTeX code for abbreviations usage	32
170	B.4 Sample \LaTeX code for glossary and notations usage	33
171	B.5 Sample \LaTeX code for a single figure	35
172	B.6 Sample \LaTeX code for three figures on top of each other	37
173	B.7 Sample \LaTeX code for the four figures	39
174	B.8 Sample \LaTeX code for making typical table environment	42
175	B.9 Sample \LaTeX code for algorithm or pseudocode listing usage	45
176	B.10 Computing Fibonacci numbers	46
177	B.11 Sample \LaTeX code for program listing	47
178	B.12 Sample \LaTeX code for referencing sections	48
179	B.13 Sample \LaTeX code for referencing subsections	49
180	B.14 Sample \LaTeX code for referencing sub-subsections	50
181	B.15 Sample \LaTeX code for Index usage	51
182	B.16 Sample \LaTeX code for including PDF pages	52



Chapter 1

INTRODUCTION

Contents

1.1	Background of the Study	2
1.2	Prior Studies	3
1.3	Problem Statement	4
1.4	Objectives	5
1.4.1	General Objective(s)	5
1.4.2	Specific Objectives	5
1.5	Significance of the Study	5
1.6	Assumptions, Scope and Delimitations	6
1.7	Description and Methodology	6
1.8	Overview	7



1.1 Background of the Study

The Philippines is the worlds eighth-largest rice producer. Its arable land totals 5.4 million hectares. Rice area harvested has expanded from nearly 3.8 million hectares in 1995 to about 4.4 million hectares in 2010. However, the countrys rice area harvested is still very small compared with that of the other major rice-producing countries in Asia. Climate change, growing population, declining land area, high cost of inputs, and poor drainage and inadequate irrigation facilities are the major constraints to rice production in the Philippines. Some of these constraints are interrelated. Unabated conversion of some agricultural land to residential, commercial, and industrial land reduces the area devoted to rice production, which leads to a shortage in domestic supply (ricepedia.org). The Philippines is one of the largest producers of rice in the world, despite of having an inadequate rice area caused by several factors which led to inadequacy of domestic supply.

The Philippines imports about 10% of its annual consumption requirements. In 2010 and 2011, the country was the biggest rice importer. Its rice imports amounted to 2.38 million t in 2010, mostly coming from Vietnam and Thailand. (ricepedia.org). Despite of being one of the largest rice producers in the world, the Philippines still imports rice from their neighboring countries to make up for the shortage in its domestic supply.

For the Philippines to become self-sufficient in rice, it has to adopt existing technologies such as improved varieties and know-how to have yield increase by 13 t/ha. Better quality seed combined with good management, including new postharvest technologies, is the best way to improve rice yields and the quality of production (ricepedia.org). The utilization of new technology could help increase the production of rice in the country, increase our domestic supply, decrease the need to import rice, reduce the consumer cost, and increase



221 the profit gain of farmers.

222 **1.2 Prior Studies**

223 A resource entitled "A Robot System for Paddy Field Farming in Japan" is set to utilize a
224 robot-operated farming technology guided from tillage to harvest in large-scale agriculture.
225 In such application, it is seen that in the cultivation of rice, wheat and soybean (in Japan, as
226 per the researchers' host country), there has been three types of robot in development. First,
227 a robot tractor, followed by a rice transplanter, finally, combines harvester robots. Real-time
228 Kinematic Global Positioning System (RTK-GPS) and Inertia Measurement Unit (IMU),
229 or Global Positioning System (GPS) compass are utilized for navigation system. These
230 robots have a Controller Area Network (CAN) bus that all sensors and computers can be
231 connected and interfaced in common among other robots such as tractors, rice transplanners
232 and combine harvesters. Hence, these could be officiated in autonomous operation in paddy
233 fields as well as discussing in this paper the ability of moving across fields for effective
234 operations and safe guidelines for robot systems.

235 Another is a resource entitled A Global Positioning System guided automated rice trans-
236 planter" that speaks about a new Global Positioning System (GPS) guided rice transplanter.
237 This study is very coherent to the aforementioned research as this resource speaks more
238 about the utilization of the GPS technology they used in implementing the three robots
239 as tractor, rice transplanter and combine harvester. With these, such robot systems were
240 GPS-guided with their respective position data and inertia measurement unit direction
241 data. This new one (inherent to this resource) is guided with GPS position data with tilt
242 correction during straight driving and guided with the data gathered from the IMU during



each robot's turning at the head land. An antenna prescribed to the GPS is set to 1.5 meters (as height) and 0.4 meters as its offset at the vehicle's front axle. The actuator control command and data communication protocols adhere through the controller area network (CAN) bus. Hence, steering and transmission systems are controlled through electrical actuators with respect to the location in a given field.

Lastly, a resource entitled Robot Farming System Using Multiple Tractors in Japan with the objective to develop a robot farming system using multiple robots. It discusses the application of multiple robots in Japan agriculture for rice, wheat, and soybean. The system that is discussed in this paper includes a rice planting robot, a seeding robot, a robot tractor, a combine robot harvester, and several tools attached on the robot tractor. The main objective of this paper is to help the farmers gain more profit thru farming. The paper focused on robot management system, low-cost system, robot farming safety, and real-time monitoring/documentation.

1.3 Problem Statement

The Philippines is rich in fertile lands suitable for agricultural development. However, due to the absence of advanced tools for farming, rice shortage is becoming a problem. Filipinos are importing rice from other countries such as Thailand and Vietnam in spite of the capability of the Philippine land to cultivate rice.

Philippine farmers are not equipped with tools that could compete with the advanced instruments used by foreign farmers. Most of the Philippine farmers rely on manual labor. Difficult tasks such as sowing the field are done by the farmers yet their salary is still below the minimum wage. The land may be rich and fertile for agriculture but the agricultural



sector, specifically the local farmers, are considered one of the poorest sector in the country. In turn, the rice fields are neglected. According to National Geographic, Some 25 to 30 percent of the terraces are abandoned and beginning to deteriorate, along with irrigation systems. Investors and laborers are avoiding the agricultural industry due to the absence of advanced systems used in planting rice.

1.4 Objectives

1.4.1 General Objective(s)

To ...;

1.4.2 Specific Objectives

1. To ...;

2. To ...;

3. To ...;

4. To ...;

5. To ...;

1.5 Significance of the Study

The implementation of this robot system for paddy field planting allows a decrease in production time of rice as it automates the planting of the crop. Furthermore, it would



lessen the manual labor provided by the local farmers. Instead of manually planting rice, local farmers would save time and effort as the robot system for paddy field planting would be utilized. The workload for the farmers would be decreased as the production is increased.

It is anticipated that the use of this system would increase the productivity of agricultural sector in the country. This technology can be used to aide local farmers in ensuring an increase in rice yield. It will not only benefit the agricultural area but also the economic status of the Philippines.

1.6 Assumptions, Scope and Delimitations

Bulletize your scope in one group, and then bulletize the delimitations in another. Bulletize your assumptions as well.

1.7 Description and Methodology

Lorem ipsum dolor sit amet, consectetur adipiscing elit. Etiam lobortis facilisis sem. Nullam nec mi et neque pharetra sollicitudin. Praesent imperdiet mi nec ante. Donec ullamcorper, felis non sodales commodo, lectus velit ultrices augue, a dignissim nibh lectus placerat pede. Vivamus nunc nunc, molestie ut, ultricies vel, semper in, velit. Ut porttitor. Praesent in sapien. Lorem ipsum dolor sit amet, consectetur adipiscing elit. Duis fringilla tristique neque. Sed interdum libero ut metus. Pellentesque placerat. Nam rutrum augue a leo. Morbi sed elit sit amet ante lobortis sollicitudin. Praesent blandit blandit mauris. Praesent lectus tellus, aliquet aliquam, luctus a, egestas a, turpis. Mauris lacinia lorem sit amet ipsum. Nunc quis urna dictum turpis accumsan semper.



302

1.8 Overview

303

Provide here a brief summary and what the reader should expect from each succeeding

304

chapter. Show how each chapter are connected with each other.



305

Chapter 2

306

LITERATURE REVIEW

307

Contents

308

309

310

2.1	Summary	11
-----	-------------------	----



311 Cite and summarize here relevant and significant literature (dissertations, theses, jour-
 312 nals, patents, notable conference papers) to prove that no one has done your work yet.

313 Lorem ipsum dolor sit amet, consectetur adipiscing elit. Etiam lobortis facilisis sem.
 314 Nullam nec mi et neque pharetra sollicitudin. Praesent imperdiet mi nec ante. Donec
 315 ullamcorper, felis non sodales commodo, lectus velit ultrices augue, a dignissim nibh lectus
 316 placerat pede. Vivamus nunc nunc, molestie ut, ultricies vel, semper in, velit. Ut porttitor.
 317 Praesent in sapien. Lorem ipsum dolor sit amet, consectetur adipiscing elit. Duis fringilla
 318 tristique neque. Sed interdum libero ut metus. Pellentesque placerat. Nam rutrum augue
 319 a leo. Morbi sed elit sit amet ante lobortis sollicitudin. Praesent blandit blandit mauris.
 320 Praesent lectus tellus, aliquet aliquam, luctus a, egestas a, turpis. Mauris lacinia lorem sit
 321 amet ipsum. Nunc quis urna dictum turpis accumsan semper.

322 Lorem ipsum dolor sit amet, consectetur adipiscing elit. Etiam lobortis facilisis sem.
 323 Nullam nec mi et neque pharetra sollicitudin. Praesent imperdiet mi nec ante. Donec
 324 ullamcorper, felis non sodales commodo, lectus velit ultrices augue, a dignissim nibh lectus
 325 placerat pede. Vivamus nunc nunc, molestie ut, ultricies vel, semper in, velit. Ut porttitor.
 326 Praesent in sapien. Lorem ipsum dolor sit amet, consectetur adipiscing elit. Duis fringilla
 327 tristique neque. Sed interdum libero ut metus. Pellentesque placerat. Nam rutrum augue
 328 a leo. Morbi sed elit sit amet ante lobortis sollicitudin. Praesent blandit blandit mauris.
 329 Praesent lectus tellus, aliquet aliquam, luctus a, egestas a, turpis. Mauris lacinia lorem sit
 330 amet ipsum. Nunc quis urna dictum turpis accumsan semper.

331 Lorem ipsum dolor sit amet, consectetur adipiscing elit. Etiam lobortis facilisis sem.
 332 Nullam nec mi et neque pharetra sollicitudin. Praesent imperdiet mi nec ante. Donec
 333 ullamcorper, felis non sodales commodo, lectus velit ultrices augue, a dignissim nibh lectus
 334 placerat pede. Vivamus nunc nunc, molestie ut, ultricies vel, semper in, velit. Ut porttitor.



335 Praesent in sapien. Lorem ipsum dolor sit amet, consectetur adipiscing elit. Duis fringilla
 336 tristique neque. Sed interdum libero ut metus. Pellentesque placerat. Nam rutrum augue
 337 a leo. Morbi sed elit sit amet ante lobortis sollicitudin. Praesent blandit blandit mauris.
 338 Praesent lectus tellus, aliquet aliquam, luctus a, egestas a, turpis. Mauris lacinia lorem sit
 339 amet ipsum. Nunc quis urna dictum turpis accumsan semper.

340 Lorem ipsum dolor sit amet, consectetur adipiscing elit. Etiam lobortis facilisis sem.
 341 Nullam nec mi et neque pharetra sollicitudin. Praesent imperdiet mi nec ante. Donec
 342 ullamcorper, felis non sodales commodo, lectus velit ultrices augue, a dignissim nibh lectus
 343 placerat pede. Vivamus nunc nunc, molestie ut, ultricies vel, semper in, velit. Ut porttitor.
 344 Praesent in sapien. Lorem ipsum dolor sit amet, consectetur adipiscing elit. Duis fringilla
 345 tristique neque. Sed interdum libero ut metus. Pellentesque placerat. Nam rutrum augue
 346 a leo. Morbi sed elit sit amet ante lobortis sollicitudin. Praesent blandit blandit mauris.
 347 Praesent lectus tellus, aliquet aliquam, luctus a, egestas a, turpis. Mauris lacinia lorem sit
 348 amet ipsum. Nunc quis urna dictum turpis accumsan semper.

349 Lorem ipsum dolor sit amet, consectetur adipiscing elit. Etiam lobortis facilisis sem.
 350 Nullam nec mi et neque pharetra sollicitudin. Praesent imperdiet mi nec ante. Donec
 351 ullamcorper, felis non sodales commodo, lectus velit ultrices augue, a dignissim nibh lectus
 352 placerat pede. Vivamus nunc nunc, molestie ut, ultricies vel, semper in, velit. Ut porttitor.
 353 Praesent in sapien. Lorem ipsum dolor sit amet, consectetur adipiscing elit. Duis fringilla
 354 tristique neque. Sed interdum libero ut metus. Pellentesque placerat. Nam rutrum augue
 355 a leo. Morbi sed elit sit amet ante lobortis sollicitudin. Praesent blandit blandit mauris.
 356 Praesent lectus tellus, aliquet aliquam, luctus a, egestas a, turpis. Mauris lacinia lorem sit
 357 amet ipsum. Nunc quis urna dictum turpis accumsan semper.



358

2.1 Summary



REFERENCES

[ISO, 2009] ISO (2009). 80000-2. *Quantities and units–Part 2: Mathematical signs and symbols to be used in the natural sciences and technology*.

[Oetiker et al., 2014] Oetiker, T., Partl, H., Hyna, I., and Schlegl, E. (2014). *The Not So Short Introduction to L^AT_EX 2_ε Or L^AT_EX 2_ε in 157 minutes*. n.a.



Appendix A ANSWERS TO QUESTIONS TO THIS THESIS

Contents

A1	How important is the problem to practice?	14
A2	How will you know if the solution/s that you will achieve would be better than existing ones?	14
A2.1	How will you measure the improvement/s?	14
A2.1.1	What is/are your basis/bases for the improvement/s?	15
A2.1.2	Why did you choose that/those basis/bases?	15
A2.1.3	How significant are your measure/s of the improvement/s?	15
A3	What is the difference of the solution/s from existing ones?	16
A3.1	How is it different from previous and existing ones?	16
A4	What are the assumptions made (that are behind for your proposed solution to work)?	16
A4.1	Will your proposed solution/s be sensitive to these assumptions?	17
A4.2	Can your proposed solution/s be applied to more general cases when some of the assumptions are eliminated? If so, how?	17
A5	What is the necessity of your approach / proposed solution/s?	17
A5.1	What will be the limits of applicability of your proposed solution/s?	18
A5.2	What will be the message of the proposed solution to technical people? How about to non-technical managers and business men?	18
A6	How will you know if your proposed solution/s is/are correct?	18
A6.1	Will your results warrant the level of mathematics used (i.e., will the end justify the means)?	19
A7	Is/are there an/_ alternative way/s to get to the same solution/s?	19
A7.1	Can you come up with illustrating examples, or even better, counter examples to your proposed solution/s?	19
A7.2	Is there an approximation that can arrive at the essentially the same proposed solution/s more easily?	20
A8	If you were the examiner of your proposal, how would you present the proposal in another way?	20
A8.1	What are the weaknesses of your proposal?	20



400 **A1 How important is the problem to practice?**

401 Lorem ipsum dolor sit amet, consectetur adipiscing elit. Etiam lobortis facilisis sem.
 402 Nullam nec mi et neque pharetra sollicitudin. Praesent imperdiet mi nec ante. Donec
 403 ullamcorper, felis non sodales commodo, lectus velit ultrices augue, a dignissim nibh lectus
 404 placerat pede. Vivamus nunc nunc, molestie ut, ultricies vel, semper in, velit. Ut porttitor.
 405 Praesent in sapien. Lorem ipsum dolor sit amet, consectetur adipiscing elit. Duis fringilla
 406 tristique neque. Sed interdum libero ut metus. Pellentesque placerat. Nam rutrum augue
 407 a leo. Morbi sed elit sit amet ante lobortis sollicitudin. Praesent blandit blandit mauris.
 408 Praesent lectus tellus, aliquet aliquam, luctus a, egestas a, turpis. Mauris lacinia lorem sit
 409 amet ipsum. Nunc quis urna dictum turpis accumsan semper.

410 **A2 How will you know if the solution/s that you will** 411 **achieve would be better than existing ones?**

412 Lorem ipsum dolor sit amet, consectetur adipiscing elit. Etiam lobortis facilisis sem.
 413 Nullam nec mi et neque pharetra sollicitudin. Praesent imperdiet mi nec ante. Donec
 414 ullamcorper, felis non sodales commodo, lectus velit ultrices augue, a dignissim nibh lectus
 415 placerat pede. Vivamus nunc nunc, molestie ut, ultricies vel, semper in, velit. Ut porttitor.
 416 Praesent in sapien. Lorem ipsum dolor sit amet, consectetur adipiscing elit. Duis fringilla
 417 tristique neque. Sed interdum libero ut metus. Pellentesque placerat. Nam rutrum augue
 418 a leo. Morbi sed elit sit amet ante lobortis sollicitudin. Praesent blandit blandit mauris.
 419 Praesent lectus tellus, aliquet aliquam, luctus a, egestas a, turpis. Mauris lacinia lorem sit
 420 amet ipsum. Nunc quis urna dictum turpis accumsan semper.

421 **A2.1 How will you measure the improvement/s?**

422 Lorem ipsum dolor sit amet, consectetur adipiscing elit. Etiam lobortis facilisis sem.
 423 Nullam nec mi et neque pharetra sollicitudin. Praesent imperdiet mi nec ante. Donec
 424 ullamcorper, felis non sodales commodo, lectus velit ultrices augue, a dignissim nibh lectus
 425 placerat pede. Vivamus nunc nunc, molestie ut, ultricies vel, semper in, velit. Ut porttitor.
 426 Praesent in sapien. Lorem ipsum dolor sit amet, consectetur adipiscing elit. Duis fringilla
 427 tristique neque. Sed interdum libero ut metus. Pellentesque placerat. Nam rutrum augue
 428 a leo. Morbi sed elit sit amet ante lobortis sollicitudin. Praesent blandit blandit mauris.
 429 Praesent lectus tellus, aliquet aliquam, luctus a, egestas a, turpis. Mauris lacinia lorem sit
 430 amet ipsum. Nunc quis urna dictum turpis accumsan semper.



431 **A2.1.1 What is/are your basis/bases for the improvement/s?**

432 Lorem ipsum dolor sit amet, consectetur adipiscing elit. Etiam lobortis facilisis sem.
 433 Nullam nec mi et neque pharetra sollicitudin. Praesent imperdiet mi nec ante. Donec
 434 ullamcorper, felis non sodales commodo, lectus velit ultrices augue, a dignissim nibh lectus
 435 placerat pede. Vivamus nunc nunc, molestie ut, ultricies vel, semper in, velit. Ut porttitor.
 436 Praesent in sapien. Lorem ipsum dolor sit amet, consectetur adipiscing elit. Duis fringilla
 437 tristique neque. Sed interdum libero ut metus. Pellentesque placerat. Nam rutrum augue
 438 a leo. Morbi sed elit sit amet ante lobortis sollicitudin. Praesent blandit blandit mauris.
 439 Praesent lectus tellus, aliquet aliquam, luctus a, egestas a, turpis. Mauris lacinia lorem sit
 440 amet ipsum. Nunc quis urna dictum turpis accumsan semper.

441 **A2.1.2 Why did you choose that/those basis/bases?**

442 Lorem ipsum dolor sit amet, consectetur adipiscing elit. Etiam lobortis facilisis sem.
 443 Nullam nec mi et neque pharetra sollicitudin. Praesent imperdiet mi nec ante. Donec
 444 ullamcorper, felis non sodales commodo, lectus velit ultrices augue, a dignissim nibh lectus
 445 placerat pede. Vivamus nunc nunc, molestie ut, ultricies vel, semper in, velit. Ut porttitor.
 446 Praesent in sapien. Lorem ipsum dolor sit amet, consectetur adipiscing elit. Duis fringilla
 447 tristique neque. Sed interdum libero ut metus. Pellentesque placerat. Nam rutrum augue
 448 a leo. Morbi sed elit sit amet ante lobortis sollicitudin. Praesent blandit blandit mauris.
 449 Praesent lectus tellus, aliquet aliquam, luctus a, egestas a, turpis. Mauris lacinia lorem sit
 450 amet ipsum. Nunc quis urna dictum turpis accumsan semper.

451 **A2.1.3 How significant are your measure/s of the improvement/s?**

452 Lorem ipsum dolor sit amet, consectetur adipiscing elit. Etiam lobortis facilisis sem.
 453 Nullam nec mi et neque pharetra sollicitudin. Praesent imperdiet mi nec ante. Donec
 454 ullamcorper, felis non sodales commodo, lectus velit ultrices augue, a dignissim nibh lectus
 455 placerat pede. Vivamus nunc nunc, molestie ut, ultricies vel, semper in, velit. Ut porttitor.
 456 Praesent in sapien. Lorem ipsum dolor sit amet, consectetur adipiscing elit. Duis fringilla
 457 tristique neque. Sed interdum libero ut metus. Pellentesque placerat. Nam rutrum augue
 458 a leo. Morbi sed elit sit amet ante lobortis sollicitudin. Praesent blandit blandit mauris.
 459 Praesent lectus tellus, aliquet aliquam, luctus a, egestas a, turpis. Mauris lacinia lorem sit
 460 amet ipsum. Nunc quis urna dictum turpis accumsan semper.



461

462

A3 What is the difference of the solution/s from existing ones?

463

464

465

466

467

468

469

470

471

Lorem ipsum dolor sit amet, consectetur adipiscing elit. Etiam lobortis facilisis sem. Nullam nec mi et neque pharetra sollicitudin. Praesent imperdiet mi nec ante. Donec ullamcorper, felis non sodales commodo, lectus velit ultrices augue, a dignissim nibh lectus placerat pede. Vivamus nunc nunc, molestie ut, ultricies vel, semper in, velit. Ut porttitor. Praesent in sapien. Lorem ipsum dolor sit amet, consectetur adipiscing elit. Duis fringilla tristique neque. Sed interdum libero ut metus. Pellentesque placerat. Nam rutrum augue a leo. Morbi sed elit sit amet ante lobortis sollicitudin. Praesent blandit blandit mauris. Praesent lectus tellus, aliquet aliquam, luctus a, egestas a, turpis. Mauris lacinia lorem sit amet ipsum. Nunc quis urna dictum turpis accumsan semper.

472

A3.1 How is it different from previous and existing ones?

473

474

475

476

477

478

479

480

481

Lorem ipsum dolor sit amet, consectetur adipiscing elit. Etiam lobortis facilisis sem. Nullam nec mi et neque pharetra sollicitudin. Praesent imperdiet mi nec ante. Donec ullamcorper, felis non sodales commodo, lectus velit ultrices augue, a dignissim nibh lectus placerat pede. Vivamus nunc nunc, molestie ut, ultricies vel, semper in, velit. Ut porttitor. Praesent in sapien. Lorem ipsum dolor sit amet, consectetur adipiscing elit. Duis fringilla tristique neque. Sed interdum libero ut metus. Pellentesque placerat. Nam rutrum augue a leo. Morbi sed elit sit amet ante lobortis sollicitudin. Praesent blandit blandit mauris. Praesent lectus tellus, aliquet aliquam, luctus a, egestas a, turpis. Mauris lacinia lorem sit amet ipsum. Nunc quis urna dictum turpis accumsan semper.

482

483

A4 What are the assumptions made (that are behind for your proposed solution to work)?

484

485

486

487

488

489

490

491

492

Lorem ipsum dolor sit amet, consectetur adipiscing elit. Etiam lobortis facilisis sem. Nullam nec mi et neque pharetra sollicitudin. Praesent imperdiet mi nec ante. Donec ullamcorper, felis non sodales commodo, lectus velit ultrices augue, a dignissim nibh lectus placerat pede. Vivamus nunc nunc, molestie ut, ultricies vel, semper in, velit. Ut porttitor. Praesent in sapien. Lorem ipsum dolor sit amet, consectetur adipiscing elit. Duis fringilla tristique neque. Sed interdum libero ut metus. Pellentesque placerat. Nam rutrum augue a leo. Morbi sed elit sit amet ante lobortis sollicitudin. Praesent blandit blandit mauris. Praesent lectus tellus, aliquet aliquam, luctus a, egestas a, turpis. Mauris lacinia lorem sit amet ipsum. Nunc quis urna dictum turpis accumsan semper.



493 **A4.1 Will your proposed solution/s be sensitive to these as-**
 494 **sumptions?**

495 Lorem ipsum dolor sit amet, consectetur adipiscing elit. Etiam lobortis facilisis sem.
 496 Nullam nec mi et neque pharetra sollicitudin. Praesent imperdiet mi nec ante. Donec
 497 ullamcorper, felis non sodales commodo, lectus velit ultrices augue, a dignissim nibh lectus
 498 placerat pede. Vivamus nunc nunc, molestie ut, ultricies vel, semper in, velit. Ut porttitor.
 499 Praesent in sapien. Lorem ipsum dolor sit amet, consectetur adipiscing elit. Duis fringilla
 500 tristique neque. Sed interdum libero ut metus. Pellentesque placerat. Nam rutrum augue
 501 a leo. Morbi sed elit sit amet ante lobortis sollicitudin. Praesent blandit blandit mauris.
 502 Praesent lectus tellus, aliquet aliquam, luctus a, egestas a, turpis. Mauris lacinia lorem sit
 503 amet ipsum. Nunc quis urna dictum turpis accumsan semper.

504 **A4.2 Can your proposed solution/s be applied to more general**
 505 **cases when some of the assumptions are eliminated? If**
 506 **so, how?**

507 Lorem ipsum dolor sit amet, consectetur adipiscing elit. Etiam lobortis facilisis sem.
 508 Nullam nec mi et neque pharetra sollicitudin. Praesent imperdiet mi nec ante. Donec
 509 ullamcorper, felis non sodales commodo, lectus velit ultrices augue, a dignissim nibh lectus
 510 placerat pede. Vivamus nunc nunc, molestie ut, ultricies vel, semper in, velit. Ut porttitor.
 511 Praesent in sapien. Lorem ipsum dolor sit amet, consectetur adipiscing elit. Duis fringilla
 512 tristique neque. Sed interdum libero ut metus. Pellentesque placerat. Nam rutrum augue
 513 a leo. Morbi sed elit sit amet ante lobortis sollicitudin. Praesent blandit blandit mauris.
 514 Praesent lectus tellus, aliquet aliquam, luctus a, egestas a, turpis. Mauris lacinia lorem sit
 515 amet ipsum. Nunc quis urna dictum turpis accumsan semper.

516 **A5 What is the necessity of your approach / pro-**
 517 **posed solution/s?**

518 Lorem ipsum dolor sit amet, consectetur adipiscing elit. Etiam lobortis facilisis sem.
 519 Nullam nec mi et neque pharetra sollicitudin. Praesent imperdiet mi nec ante. Donec
 520 ullamcorper, felis non sodales commodo, lectus velit ultrices augue, a dignissim nibh lectus
 521 placerat pede. Vivamus nunc nunc, molestie ut, ultricies vel, semper in, velit. Ut porttitor.
 522 Praesent in sapien. Lorem ipsum dolor sit amet, consectetur adipiscing elit. Duis fringilla
 523 tristique neque. Sed interdum libero ut metus. Pellentesque placerat. Nam rutrum augue
 524 a leo. Morbi sed elit sit amet ante lobortis sollicitudin. Praesent blandit blandit mauris.



525 Praesent lectus tellus, aliquet aliquam, luctus a, egestas a, turpis. Mauris lacinia lorem sit
526 amet ipsum. Nunc quis urna dictum turpis accumsan semper.

527 **A5.1 What will be the limits of applicability of your proposed so-**
528 **lution/s?**

529 Lorem ipsum dolor sit amet, consectetur adipiscing elit. Etiam lobortis facilisis sem.
530 Nullam nec mi et neque pharetra sollicitudin. Praesent imperdiet mi nec ante. Donec
531 ullamcorper, felis non sodales commodo, lectus velit ultrices augue, a dignissim nibh lectus
532 placerat pede. Vivamus nunc nunc, molestie ut, ultricies vel, semper in, velit. Ut porttitor.
533 Praesent in sapien. Lorem ipsum dolor sit amet, consectetur adipiscing elit. Duis fringilla
534 tristique neque. Sed interdum libero ut metus. Pellentesque placerat. Nam rutrum augue
535 a leo. Morbi sed elit sit amet ante lobortis sollicitudin. Praesent blandit blandit mauris.
536 Praesent lectus tellus, aliquet aliquam, luctus a, egestas a, turpis. Mauris lacinia lorem sit
537 amet ipsum. Nunc quis urna dictum turpis accumsan semper.

538 **A5.2 What will be the message of the proposed solution to**
539 **technical people? How about to non-technical managers**
540 **and business men?**

541 Lorem ipsum dolor sit amet, consectetur adipiscing elit. Etiam lobortis facilisis sem.
542 Nullam nec mi et neque pharetra sollicitudin. Praesent imperdiet mi nec ante. Donec
543 ullamcorper, felis non sodales commodo, lectus velit ultrices augue, a dignissim nibh lectus
544 placerat pede. Vivamus nunc nunc, molestie ut, ultricies vel, semper in, velit. Ut porttitor.
545 Praesent in sapien. Lorem ipsum dolor sit amet, consectetur adipiscing elit. Duis fringilla
546 tristique neque. Sed interdum libero ut metus. Pellentesque placerat. Nam rutrum augue
547 a leo. Morbi sed elit sit amet ante lobortis sollicitudin. Praesent blandit blandit mauris.
548 Praesent lectus tellus, aliquet aliquam, luctus a, egestas a, turpis. Mauris lacinia lorem sit
549 amet ipsum. Nunc quis urna dictum turpis accumsan semper.

550 **A6 How will you know if your proposed solution/s**
551 **is/are correct?**

552 Lorem ipsum dolor sit amet, consectetur adipiscing elit. Etiam lobortis facilisis sem.
553 Nullam nec mi et neque pharetra sollicitudin. Praesent imperdiet mi nec ante. Donec
554 ullamcorper, felis non sodales commodo, lectus velit ultrices augue, a dignissim nibh lectus
555 placerat pede. Vivamus nunc nunc, molestie ut, ultricies vel, semper in, velit. Ut porttitor.
556 Praesent in sapien. Lorem ipsum dolor sit amet, consectetur adipiscing elit. Duis fringilla



557 tristique neque. Sed interdum libero ut metus. Pellentesque placerat. Nam rutrum augue
558 a leo. Morbi sed elit sit amet ante lobortis sollicitudin. Praesent blandit blandit mauris.
559 Praesent lectus tellus, aliquet aliquam, luctus a, egestas a, turpis. Mauris lacinia lorem sit
560 amet ipsum. Nunc quis urna dictum turpis accumsan semper.

561 **A6.1 Will your results warrant the level of mathematics used**
562 **(i.e., will the end justify the means)?**

563 Lorem ipsum dolor sit amet, consectetur adipiscing elit. Etiam lobortis facilisis sem.
564 Nullam nec mi et neque pharetra sollicitudin. Praesent imperdiet mi nec ante. Donec
565 ullamcorper, felis non sodales commodo, lectus velit ultrices augue, a dignissim nibh lectus
566 placerat pede. Vivamus nunc nunc, molestie ut, ultricies vel, semper in, velit. Ut porttitor.
567 Praesent in sapien. Lorem ipsum dolor sit amet, consectetur adipiscing elit. Duis fringilla
568 tristique neque. Sed interdum libero ut metus. Pellentesque placerat. Nam rutrum augue
569 a leo. Morbi sed elit sit amet ante lobortis sollicitudin. Praesent blandit blandit mauris.
570 Praesent lectus tellus, aliquet aliquam, luctus a, egestas a, turpis. Mauris lacinia lorem sit
571 amet ipsum. Nunc quis urna dictum turpis accumsan semper.

572 **A7 Is/are there an/_ alternative way/s to get to the**
573 **same solution/s?**

574 Lorem ipsum dolor sit amet, consectetur adipiscing elit. Etiam lobortis facilisis sem.
575 Nullam nec mi et neque pharetra sollicitudin. Praesent imperdiet mi nec ante. Donec
576 ullamcorper, felis non sodales commodo, lectus velit ultrices augue, a dignissim nibh lectus
577 placerat pede. Vivamus nunc nunc, molestie ut, ultricies vel, semper in, velit. Ut porttitor.
578 Praesent in sapien. Lorem ipsum dolor sit amet, consectetur adipiscing elit. Duis fringilla
579 tristique neque. Sed interdum libero ut metus. Pellentesque placerat. Nam rutrum augue
580 a leo. Morbi sed elit sit amet ante lobortis sollicitudin. Praesent blandit blandit mauris.
581 Praesent lectus tellus, aliquet aliquam, luctus a, egestas a, turpis. Mauris lacinia lorem sit
582 amet ipsum. Nunc quis urna dictum turpis accumsan semper.

583 **A7.1 Can you come up with illustrating examples, or even bet-**
584 **ter, counter examples to your proposed solution/s?**

585 Lorem ipsum dolor sit amet, consectetur adipiscing elit. Etiam lobortis facilisis sem.
586 Nullam nec mi et neque pharetra sollicitudin. Praesent imperdiet mi nec ante. Donec
587 ullamcorper, felis non sodales commodo, lectus velit ultrices augue, a dignissim nibh lectus
588 placerat pede. Vivamus nunc nunc, molestie ut, ultricies vel, semper in, velit. Ut porttitor.



589 Praesent in sapien. Lorem ipsum dolor sit amet, consectetur adipiscing elit. Duis fringilla
 590 tristique neque. Sed interdum libero ut metus. Pellentesque placerat. Nam rutrum augue
 591 a leo. Morbi sed elit sit amet ante lobortis sollicitudin. Praesent blandit blandit mauris.
 592 Praesent lectus tellus, aliquet aliquam, luctus a, egestas a, turpis. Mauris lacinia lorem sit
 593 amet ipsum. Nunc quis urna dictum turpis accumsan semper.

594 **A7.2 Is there an approximation that can arrive at the essen-** 595 **tially the same proposed solution/s more easily?**

596 Lorem ipsum dolor sit amet, consectetur adipiscing elit. Etiam lobortis facilisis sem.
 597 Nullam nec mi et neque pharetra sollicitudin. Praesent imperdiet mi nec ante. Donec
 598 ullamcorper, felis non sodales commodo, lectus velit ultrices augue, a dignissim nibh lectus
 599 placerat pede. Vivamus nunc nunc, molestie ut, ultricies vel, semper in, velit. Ut porttitor.
 600 Praesent in sapien. Lorem ipsum dolor sit amet, consectetur adipiscing elit. Duis fringilla
 601 tristique neque. Sed interdum libero ut metus. Pellentesque placerat. Nam rutrum augue
 602 a leo. Morbi sed elit sit amet ante lobortis sollicitudin. Praesent blandit blandit mauris.
 603 Praesent lectus tellus, aliquet aliquam, luctus a, egestas a, turpis. Mauris lacinia lorem sit
 604 amet ipsum. Nunc quis urna dictum turpis accumsan semper.

605 **A8 If you were the examiner of your proposal, how** 606 **would you present the proposal in another way?**

607 Lorem ipsum dolor sit amet, consectetur adipiscing elit. Etiam lobortis facilisis sem.
 608 Nullam nec mi et neque pharetra sollicitudin. Praesent imperdiet mi nec ante. Donec
 609 ullamcorper, felis non sodales commodo, lectus velit ultrices augue, a dignissim nibh lectus
 610 placerat pede. Vivamus nunc nunc, molestie ut, ultricies vel, semper in, velit. Ut porttitor.
 611 Praesent in sapien. Lorem ipsum dolor sit amet, consectetur adipiscing elit. Duis fringilla
 612 tristique neque. Sed interdum libero ut metus. Pellentesque placerat. Nam rutrum augue
 613 a leo. Morbi sed elit sit amet ante lobortis sollicitudin. Praesent blandit blandit mauris.
 614 Praesent lectus tellus, aliquet aliquam, luctus a, egestas a, turpis. Mauris lacinia lorem sit
 615 amet ipsum. Nunc quis urna dictum turpis accumsan semper.

616 **A8.1 What are the weaknesses of your proposal?**

617 Lorem ipsum dolor sit amet, consectetur adipiscing elit. Etiam lobortis facilisis sem.
 618 Nullam nec mi et neque pharetra sollicitudin. Praesent imperdiet mi nec ante. Donec
 619 ullamcorper, felis non sodales commodo, lectus velit ultrices augue, a dignissim nibh lectus
 620 placerat pede. Vivamus nunc nunc, molestie ut, ultricies vel, semper in, velit. Ut porttitor.



De La Salle University

621 Praesent in sapien. Lorem ipsum dolor sit amet, consectetur adipiscing elit. Duis fringilla
622 tristique neque. Sed interdum libero ut metus. Pellentesque placerat. Nam rutrum augue
623 a leo. Morbi sed elit sit amet ante lobortis sollicitudin. Praesent blandit blandit mauris.
624 Praesent lectus tellus, aliquet aliquam, luctus a, egestas a, turpis. Mauris lacinia lorem sit
625 amet ipsum. Nunc quis urna dictum turpis accumsan semper.



De La Salle University

626

627

Appendix B

USAGE EXAMPLES



The user is expected to have a working knowledge of \LaTeX . A good introduction is in [Oetiker et al., 2014]. Its latest version can be accessed at <http://www.ctan.org/tex-archive/info/lshort>.

B1 Equations

The following examples show how to typeset equations in \LaTeX . This section also shows examples of the use of `\gls{ }` commands in conjunction with the items that are in the `notation.tex` file. **Please make sure that the entries in `notation.tex` are those that are referenced in the \LaTeX document files used by this Thesis. Please comment out unused notations and be careful with the commas and brackets in `notation.tex`.**

In (B.1), the output signal $y(t)$ is the result of the convolution of the input signal $x(t)$ and the impulse response $h(t)$.

$$y(t) = h(t) * x(t) = \int_{-\infty}^{+\infty} h(t - \tau) x(\tau) d\tau \quad (\text{B.1})$$

Other example equations are as follows.

$$\begin{bmatrix} V_1 \\ I_1 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} A & B \\ C & D \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} V_2 \\ I_2 \end{bmatrix} \quad (\text{B.2})$$

$$\frac{1}{2} < \left[\text{mod} \left(\left\lfloor \frac{y}{17} \right\rfloor 2^{-17\lfloor x \rfloor - \text{mod}(\lfloor y \rfloor, 17)}, 2 \right) \right], \quad (\text{B.3})$$

$$|\zeta(x)^3 \zeta(x + iy)^4 \zeta(x + 2iy)| = \exp \sum_{n,p} \frac{3 + 4 \cos(ny \log p) + \cos(2ny \log p)}{np^{nx}} \geq 1 \quad (\text{B.4})$$



641

The verbatim \LaTeX code of Sec. B1 is in List. B.1.

Listing B.1: Sample \LaTeX code for equations and notations usage

```

1 The following examples show how to typeset equations in \LaTeX.
2
3 In~\eqref{eq:conv}, the output signal \gls{not:output_sigt} is the
  result of the convolution of the input signal \gls{not:input_sigt}
  and the impulse response \gls{not:ir}.
4
5 \begin{eqnarray}
6   y\left( t \right) = h\left( t \right) * x\left( t \right)=\int_{-\infty}^{+\infty}h\left( t-\tau \right)x\left( \tau \right) \mathrm{d}\tau
7   \label{eq:conv}
8 \end{eqnarray}
9
10 Other example equations are as follows.
11
12 \begin{eqnarray}
13   \left[ \dfrac{V_{1}}{I_{1}} \right] =
14   \begin{bmatrix}
15     A & B \\
16     C & D
17   \end{bmatrix}
18   \left[ \dfrac{V_{2}}{I_{2}} \right]
19   \label{eq:ABCD}
20 \end{eqnarray}
21
22 \begin{eqnarray}
23   \{1\over 2\} < \left\lfloor \mathrm{mod}\right\left(\left\lfloor y \over 17\right\right\rfloor 2^{\{-17\lfloor x \rfloor - \mathrm{mod}(\lfloor y \rfloor, 17)\}},2\right)\right\rfloor,
24 \end{eqnarray}
25
26 \begin{eqnarray}
27   \left| \zeta(x)^3\zeta(x+iy)^4\zeta(x+2iy) \right| =
28   \exp\sum_{n,p}\frac{3+4\cos(ny\log p) +\cos(2ny\log p)}{n^p}\geq 1
29 \end{eqnarray}

```



B2 Notations

In order to use the standardized notation, the user is highly suggested to see the ISO 80000-2 standard [ISO, 2009]. The following were taken from `isomath-test.tex`.

Math alphabets

If there are other symbols in place of Greek letters in a math alphabet, it uses T1 or OT1 font encoding instead of OML.

<code>mathnormal</code>	$A, B, \Gamma, \Delta, \Theta, \Lambda, \Xi, \Pi, \Sigma, \Phi, \Psi, \Omega, \alpha, \beta, \pi, \nu, \omega, v, w, 0, 1, 9$
<code>mathit</code>	$A, B, \Gamma, \Delta, \Theta, \Lambda, \Xi, \Pi, \Sigma, \Phi, \Psi, \Omega, \textit{ff}, \textit{fi}, \beta, ^\circ, !, v, w, 0, 1, 9$
<code>mathrm</code>	$A, B, \Gamma, \Delta, \Theta, \Lambda, \Xi, \Pi, \Sigma, \Phi, \Psi, \Omega, \text{ff}, \text{fi}, \beta, ^\circ, !, v, w, 0, 1, 9$
<code>mathbf</code>	$\mathbf{A, B, \Gamma, \Delta, \Theta, \Lambda, \Xi, \Pi, \Sigma, \Phi, \Psi, \Omega, ff, fi, \beta, ^\circ, !, v, w, 0, 1, 9}$
<code>mathsf</code>	$A, B, \Gamma, \Delta, \Theta, \Lambda, \Xi, \Pi, \Sigma, \Phi, \Psi, \Omega, \text{ff}, \text{fi}, \beta, ^\circ, !, v, w, 0, 1, 9$
<code>mathtt</code>	$A, B, \Gamma, \Delta, \Theta, \Lambda, \Xi, \Pi, \Sigma, \Phi, \Psi, \Omega, \uparrow, \downarrow, \beta, ^\circ, !, v, w, 0, 1, 9$

New alphabets bold-italic, sans-serif-italic, and sans-serif-bold-italic.

<code>mathbfit</code>	$\mathbf{A, B, \Gamma, \Delta, \Theta, \Lambda, \Xi, \Pi, \Sigma, \Phi, \Psi, \Omega, \alpha, \beta, \pi, \nu, \omega, v, w, 0, 1, 9}$
<code>mathsf</code>	$A, B, \Gamma, \Delta, \Theta, \Lambda, \Xi, \Pi, \Sigma, \Phi, \Psi, \Omega, \alpha, \beta, \pi, \nu, \omega, v, w, 0, 1, 9$
<code>mathsfbfit</code>	$\mathbf{A, B, \Gamma, \Delta, \Theta, \Lambda, \Xi, \Pi, \Sigma, \Phi, \Psi, \Omega, \alpha, \beta, \pi, \nu, \omega, v, w, 0, 1, 9}$

Do the math alphabets match?

$\alpha x \alpha \omega \mathbf{a x \alpha \omega} \mathbf{a x \alpha \omega} \quad T C \Theta \Gamma T C \Theta \Gamma T C \Theta \Gamma$

Vector symbols

Alphabetic symbols for vectors are boldface italic, $\lambda = e_1 \cdot \mathbf{a}$, while numeric ones (e.g. the zero vector) are bold upright, $\mathbf{a} + \mathbf{0} = \mathbf{a}$.

Matrix symbols

Symbols for matrices are boldface italic, too:¹ $\mathbf{A} = \mathbf{E} \cdot \mathbf{A}$.

¹However, matrix symbols are usually capital letters whereas vectors are small ones. Exceptions are physical quantities like the force vector \mathbf{F} or the electrical field \mathbf{E} .

656 **Tensor symbols**

657 Symbols for tensors are sans-serif bold italic,

$$\boldsymbol{\alpha} = \boldsymbol{e} \cdot \boldsymbol{a} \quad \Longleftrightarrow \quad \alpha_{ijl} = e_{ijk} \cdot a_{kl}.$$

658 The permittivity tensor describes the coupling of electric field and displacement:

$$\boldsymbol{D} = \epsilon_0 \boldsymbol{\epsilon}_r \boldsymbol{E}$$



Bold math version

The “bold” math version is selected with the commands `\boldmath` or `\mathversion{bold}`

<code>mathnormal</code>	$A, B, \Gamma, \Delta, \Theta, \Lambda, \Xi, \Pi, \Sigma, \Phi, \Psi, \Omega, \alpha, \beta, \pi, \nu, \omega, v, w, 0, 1, 9$
<code>mathit</code>	$A, B, \Gamma, \Delta, \Theta, \Lambda, \Xi, \Pi, \Sigma, \Phi, \Psi, \Omega, \textit{ff}, \textit{fi}, \beta, ^\circ, !, v, w, 0, 1, 9$
<code>mathrm</code>	$A, B, \Gamma, \Delta, \Theta, \Lambda, \Xi, \Pi, \Sigma, \Phi, \Psi, \Omega, \text{ff}, \text{fi}, \beta, ^\circ, !, v, w, 0, 1, 9$
<code>mathbf</code>	$A, B, \Gamma, \Delta, \Theta, \Lambda, \Xi, \Pi, \Sigma, \Phi, \Psi, \Omega, \text{ff}, \text{fi}, \beta, ^\circ, !, v, w, 0, 1, 9$
<code>mathsf</code>	$\mathbf{A}, \mathbf{B}, \mathbf{\Gamma}, \mathbf{\Delta}, \mathbf{\Theta}, \mathbf{\Lambda}, \mathbf{\Xi}, \mathbf{\Pi}, \mathbf{\Sigma}, \mathbf{\Phi}, \mathbf{\Psi}, \mathbf{\Omega}, \text{ff}, \text{fi}, \beta, ^\circ, !, v, w, 0, 1, 9$
<code>mathtt</code>	$A, B, \Gamma, \Delta, \Theta, \Lambda, \Xi, \Pi, \Sigma, \Phi, \Psi, \Omega, \uparrow, \downarrow, \beta, ^\circ, !, v, w, 0, 1, 9$

New alphabets bold-italic, sans-serif-italic, and sans-serif-bold-italic.

<code>mathbfit</code>	$A, B, \Gamma, \Delta, \Theta, \Lambda, \Xi, \Pi, \Sigma, \Phi, \Psi, \Omega, \alpha, \beta, \pi, \nu, \omega, v, w, 0, 1, 9$
<code>mathsfit</code>	$A, B, \Gamma, \Delta, \Theta, \Lambda, \Xi, \Pi, \Sigma, \Phi, \Psi, \Omega, \alpha, \beta, \pi, \nu, \omega, v, w, 0, 1, 9$
<code>mathsfbfit</code>	$A, B, \Gamma, \Delta, \Theta, \Lambda, \Xi, \Pi, \Sigma, \Phi, \Psi, \Omega, \alpha, \beta, \pi, \nu, \omega, v, w, 0, 1, 9$

Do the math alphabets match?

$\alpha x \alpha \omega a x \alpha \omega a x \alpha \omega \quad TC\Theta\Gamma TC\Theta\Gamma TC\Theta\Gamma$

Vector symbols

Alphabetic symbols for vectors are boldface italic, $\lambda = e_1 \cdot a$, while numeric ones (e.g. the zero vector) are bold upright, $a + 0 = a$.

Matrix symbols

Symbols for matrices are boldface italic, too:² $\Lambda = E \cdot A$.

Tensor symbols

Symbols for tensors are sans-serif bold italic,

$$\alpha = e \cdot a \iff \alpha_{ijl} = e_{ijk} \cdot a_{kl}.$$

The permittivity tensor describes the coupling of electric field and displacement:

$$D = \epsilon_0 \epsilon_r E$$

²However, matrix symbols are usually capital letters whereas vectors are small ones. Exceptions are physical quantities like the force vector F or the electrical field E .



673 The verbatim L^AT_EX code of Sec. B2 is in List. B.2.

Listing B.2: Sample L^AT_EX code for notations usage

```

674 1 % A teststring with Latin and Greek letters::
675 2 \newcommand{\teststring}{%
676 3 % capital Latin letters
677 4 % A,B,C,
678 5 A,B,
679 6 % capital Greek letters
680 7 %\Gamma,\Delta,\Theta,\Lambda,\Xi,\Pi,\Sigma,\Upsilon,\Phi,\Psi,
681 8 \Gamma,\Delta,\Theta,\Lambda,\Xi,\Pi,\Sigma,\Phi,\Psi,\Omega,
682 9 % small Greek letters
683 10 \alpha,\beta,\pi,\nu,\omega,
684 11 % small Latin letters:
685 12 % compare \nu, \omega, v, and w
686 13 v,w,
687 14 % digits
688 15 0,1,9
689 16 }
690 17
691 18
692 19 \subsection*{Math alphabets}
693 20
694 21 If there are other symbols in place of Greek letters in a math
695 22 alphabet, it uses T1 or OT1 font encoding instead of OML.
696 23
697 24 \begin{eqnarray*}
698 25 \mbox{mathnormal} & & \& \& \teststring \\
699 26 \mbox{mathit} & & \& \& \mathit{\teststring} \\
700 27 \mbox{mathrm} & & \& \& \mathrm{\teststring} \\
701 28 \mbox{mathbf} & & \& \& \mathbf{\teststring} \\
702 29 \mbox{mathsf} & & \& \& \mathsf{\teststring} \\
703 30 \mbox{mathtt} & & \& \& \mathtt{\teststring} \\
704 31 \end{eqnarray*}
705 32 New alphabets bold-italic, sans-serif-italic, and sans-serif-bold-
706 33 italic.
707 34 \begin{eqnarray*}
708 35 \mbox{mathbfit} & & \& \& \mathbfit{\teststring} \\
709 36 \mbox{mathsf} & & \& \& \mathsf{\teststring} \\
710 37 \mbox{mathsf} & & \& \& \mathsf{\teststring} \\
711 38 \mbox{mathsf} & & \& \& \mathsf{\teststring} \\
712 39 \end{eqnarray*}
713 40 %
714 41 Do the math alphabets match?
715 42 $
716 43 \mathnormal {a x \alpha \omega}
717 44 \mathbfit {a x \alpha \omega}
718 45 \mathsf {a x \alpha \omega}
719 46 \quad
720 47 \mathsf {T C \Theta \Gamma}
721 48 \mathbfit {T C \Theta \Gamma}
722 49 \mathnormal {T C \Theta \Gamma}
723 50 $
724 51
725 52 \subsection*{Vector symbols}
726
727

```



```

728 53 Alphabetic symbols for vectors are boldface italic,  

729 54  $\vec{\lambda} = \vec{e}_1 \cdot \vec{a}$ ,  

730 55 while numeric ones (e.g. the zero vector) are bold upright,  

731 56  $\vec{a} + \vec{0} = \vec{a}$ .  

732 57  

733 58 \subsection*{Matrix symbols}  

734 59  

735 60 Symbols for matrices are boldface italic, too:%  

736 61 \footnote{However, matrix symbols are usually capital letters whereas  

737 62 vectors  

738 62 are small ones. Exceptions are physical quantities like the force  

739 63 vector  $\vec{F}$  or the electrical field  $\vec{E}$ .%  

740 64 }  

741 65  $\Lambda = E \cdot A$ .  

742 66  

743 67  

744 68 \subsection*{Tensor symbols}  

745 69  

746 70 Symbols for tensors are sans-serif bold italic,  

747 71  

748 72 [  

749 73 \tensorsym{\alpha} = \tensorsym{e} \cdot \tensorsym{a}  

750 74 \quad \Longleftrightarrow \quad  

751 75 \alpha_{ijl} = e_{ijk} \cdot a_{kl}.  

752 76 ]  

753 77  

754 78  

755 79 The permittivity tensor describes the coupling of electric field and  

756 80 displacement: [  

757 81  $D = \epsilon_0 \text{\tensorsym{\epsilon}}_{\text{\mathrm{r}}} E$ ]  

758 82  

759 83  

760 84  

761 85 \newpage  

762 86 \subsection*{Bold math version}  

763 87  

764 88 The ‘‘bold’’ math version is selected with the commands  

765 89 \verb+\boldmath+ or \verb+\mathversion{bold}+  

766 90  

767 91 {\boldmath  

768 92 \begin{eqnarray*}  

769 93 \mbox{\mathnormal} & & \teststring \\[0.5ex]  

770 94 \mbox{\mathit} & & \mathit{\teststring} \\[0.5ex]  

771 95 \mbox{\mathrm} & & \mathrm{\teststring} \\[0.5ex]  

772 96 \mbox{\mathbf} & & \mathbf{\teststring} \\[0.5ex]  

773 97 \mbox{\mathsf} & & \mathsf{\teststring} \\[0.5ex]  

774 98 \mbox{\mathtt} & & \mathtt{\teststring} \\[0.5ex]  

775 99 \end{eqnarray*}  

776 100 New alphabets bold-italic, sans-serif-italic, and sans-serif-bold-  

777 101 italic.  

778 102 \begin{eqnarray*}  

779 103 \mbox{\mathbfit} & & \mathbfit{\teststring} \\[0.5ex]  

780 104 \mbox{\mathsf fit} & & \mathsf fit{\teststring} \\[0.5ex]  

781 105 \mbox{\mathsf bfit} & & \mathsf bfit{\teststring} \\[0.5ex]  

782 106 \end{eqnarray*}  

783 107 %  

784 108 Do the math alphabets match?
```



```

785 108 $
786 109 \mathnormal {a x \alpha \omega}
787 110 \mathbf{it      {a x \alpha \omega}
788 111 \mathsfbf{it}{a x \alpha \omega}
789 112 \quad
790 113 \mathsfbf{it}{T C \Theta \Gamma}
791 114 \mathbf{fit    {T C \Theta \Gamma}
792 115 \mathnormal   {T C \Theta \Gamma}
793 116 $
794 117
795 118
796 119 \subsection*{Vector symbols}
797 120
798 121 Alphabetic symbols for vectors are boldface italic,
799 122 $\vec{\lambda}=\vec{e}_{\text{i}}\cdot\vec{a}$,
800 123 while numeric ones (e.g. the zero vector) are bold upright,
801 124 $\vec{a} + \vec{0} = \vec{a}$.
802 125
803 126
804 127
805 128
806 129 \subsection*{Matrix symbols}
807 130
808 131 Symbols for matrices are boldface italic, too:%
809 132 \footnote{However, matrix symbols are usually capital letters whereas
810 133 vectors
811 134 are small ones. Exceptions are physical quantities like the force
812 135 vector $\vec{F}$ or the electrical field $\vec{E}$.%
813 136 }
814 137 $\matrixsym{\Lambda}=\matrixsym{E}\cdot\matrixsym{A}.$
815 138
816 139
817 140 \subsection*{Tensor symbols}
818 141
819 142 Symbols for tensors are sans-serif bold italic,
820 143
821 144 \[
822 145     \tensorsym{\alpha} = \tensorsym{e}\cdot\tensorsym{a}
823 146     \quad \Longleftarrow \quad
824 147     \alpha_{ijl} = e_{ijk}\cdot a_{kl}.
825 148 \]
826 149
827 150 The permittivity tensor describes the coupling of electric field and
828 151 displacement: \[
829 152 \vec{D}=\epsilon_0\tensorsym{\epsilon}_{\mathrm{r}}\vec{E}\]
830 153 ]

```



B3 Abbreviation

This section shows examples of the use of \LaTeX commands in conjunction with the items that are in the `abbreviation.tex` and in the `glossary.tex` files. Please see List. B.3. **To lessen the \LaTeX compilation time, it is suggested that you use `\acr{ }` only for the first occurrence of the word to be abbreviated.**

Again please see List. B.3. Here is an example of first use: alternating current (ac). Next use: ac. Full: alternating current (ac). Here's an acronym referenced using `\acr` : hyper-text markup language (html). And here it is again: html. If you are used to the glossaries package, note the difference in using `\gls` : hyper-text markup language (html). And again (no difference): hyper-text markup language (html). Here are some more entries:

- extensible markup language (xml) and cascading style sheet (css).
- Next use: xml and css.
- Full form: extensible markup language (xml) and cascading style sheet (css).
- Reset again.
- Start with a capital. Hyper-text markup language (html).
- Next: Html. Full: Hyper-text markup language (html).
- Prefer capitals? Extensible markup language (XML). Next: XML. Full: extensible markup language (XML).
- Prefer small-caps? Cascading style sheet (CSS). Next: CSS. Full: cascading style sheet (CSS).
- Resetting all acronyms.
- Here are the acronyms again:
- Hyper-text markup language (HTML), extensible markup language (XML) and cascading style sheet (CSS).
- Next use: HTML, XML and CSS.
- Full form: Hyper-text markup language (HTML), extensible markup language (XML) and cascading style sheet (CSS).



- 861 • Provide your own link text: style sheet.

862 The verbatim \LaTeX code of Sec. B3 is in List. B.3.

Listing B.3: Sample \LaTeX code for abbreviations usage

```

1 Again please see List.~\ref{lst:abbrv}. Here is an example of first use:
   \acr{ac}. Next use: \acr{ac}. Full: \gls{ac}. Here's an acronym
   referenced using \verb| \acr |: \acr{html}. And here it is again: \
   acr{html}. If you are used to the \texttt{glossaries} package, note
   the difference in using \verb| \gls |: \gls{html}. And again (no
   difference): \gls{html}. Here are some more entries:
2
3 \begin{itemize}
4
5   \item \acr{xml} and \acr{css}.
6
7   \item Next use: \acr{xml} and \acr{css}.
8
9   \item Full form: \gls{xml} and \gls{css}.
10
11  \item Reset again. \glsresetall{abbreviation}
12
13  \item Start with a capital. \Acr{html}.
14
15  \item Next: \Acr{html}. Full: \Gls{html}.
16
17  \item Prefer capitals? \renewcommand{\acronymfont}[1]{\
   MakeTextUppercase{#1}} \Acr{xml}. Next: \acr{xml}. Full: \gls{xml}
   }.
18
19  \item Prefer small-caps? \renewcommand{\acronymfont}[1]{\textsc{#1}}
   \Acr{css}. Next: \acr{css}. Full: \gls{css}.
20
21  \item Resetting all acronyms.\glsresetall{abbreviation}
22
23  \item Here are the acronyms again:
24
25  \item \Acr{html}, \acr{xml} and \acr{css}.
26
27  \item Next use: \Acr{html}, \acr{xml} and \acr{css}.
28
29  \item Full form: \Gls{html}, \gls{xml} and \gls{css}.
30
31  \item Provide your own link text: \glslink{[textbf]css}{style}
32
33 \end{itemize}

```



B4 Glossary

This section shows examples of the use of `\gls{ }` commands in conjunction with the items that are in the `glossary.tex` and `notation.tex` files. Note that entries in `notation.tex` are prefixed with “not:” label (see List. B.4).

Please make sure that the entries in `notation.tex` are those that are referenced in the \LaTeX document files used by this Thesis. Please comment out unused notations and be careful with the commas and brackets in `notation.tex` .

- Matrices are usually denoted by a bold capital letter, such as A . The matrix’s (i, j) th element is usually denoted a_{ij} . Matrix I is the identity matrix.
- A set, denoted as S , is a collection of objects.
- The universal set, denoted as \mathcal{U} , is the set of everything.
- The empty set, denoted as \emptyset , contains no elements.
- The cardinality of a set, denoted as $|S|$, is the number of elements in the set.

The verbatim \LaTeX code for the part of Sec. B4 is in List. B.4.

Listing B.4: Sample \LaTeX code for glossary and notations usage

```

1 \begin{itemize}
2
3   \item \Glspl{matrix} are usually denoted by a bold capital letter,
      such as  $\mathbf{A}$ . The  $\gls{matrix}$ ’s  $(i, j)$ th element is
      usually denoted  $a_{ij}$ .  $\gls{matrix}$   $\mathbf{I}$  is the
      identity  $\gls{matrix}$ .
4
5   \item A set, denoted as  $\gls{not:set}$ , is a collection of objects.
6
7   \item The universal set, denoted as  $\gls{not:universalSet}$ , is the
      set of everything.
8
9   \item The empty set, denoted as  $\gls{not:emptySet}$ , contains no
      elements.
10
11   \item The cardinality of a set, denoted as  $\gls{not:cardinality}$ , is
      the number of elements in the set.
12
13 \end{itemize}
```




877 **B5 Figure**

878 This section shows several ways of placing figures. PDFL^AT_EX compatible files are PDF,
879 PNG, and JPG. Please see the `figure` subdirectory.

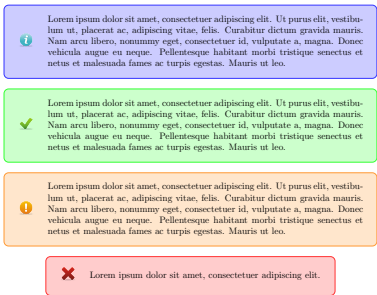


Fig. B.1 A quadrilateral image example.



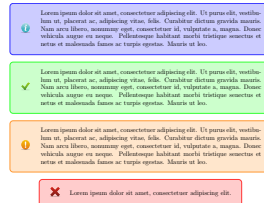
880 Fig. B.1 is a gray box enclosed by a dark border. List. B.5 shows the corresponding
881 \LaTeX code.

Listing B.5: Sample \LaTeX code for a single figure

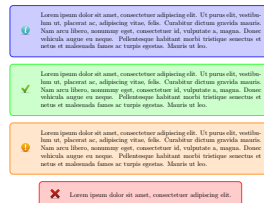
```
1 \begin{figure}[!htbp]
2   \centering
3   \includegraphics[width=0.5\textwidth]{example}
4   \caption{A quadrilateral image example.}
5   \label{fig:example}
6 \end{figure}
7 \cleardoublepage
8
9 Fig.~\ref{fig:example} is a gray box enclosed by a dark border. List.~\
  ref{lst:onefig} shows the corresponding  $\text{\LaTeX}$  \ code.
10 \end{figure}
```



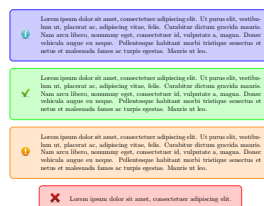
De La Salle University



(a) A sub-figure in the top row.



(b) A sub-figure in the middle row.

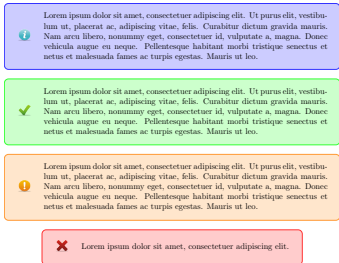


(c) A sub figure in the bottom row

Listing B.6: Sample L^AT_EX code for three figures on top of each other

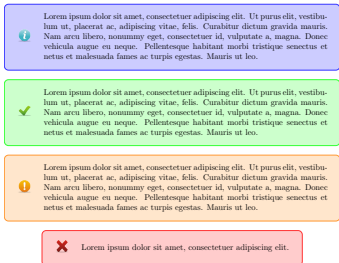
```
1 \begin{figure}[!htbp]
2 \centering
3 \subbottom[A sub-figure in the top row.]{
4 \includegraphics[width=0.35\textwidth]{example}
5 \label{fig:top}
6 }
7 \vfill
8 \subbottom[A sub-figure in the middle row.]{
9 \includegraphics[width=0.35\textwidth]{example}
10 \label{fig:mid}
11 }
12 \vfill
13 \subbottom[A sub-figure in the bottom row.]{
14 \includegraphics[width=0.35\textwidth]{example}
15 \label{fig:botm}
16 }
17 \caption{Figures on top of each other}
18 \label{fig:tmb}
19 \end{figure}
```

B. Usage Examples



(a) A sub-figure in the upper-left corner.

(b) A sub-figure in the upper-right corner.



(c) A sub-figure in the lower-left corner.

(d) A sub-figure in the lower-right corner

Fig. B.3 Four figures in each corner. See List. B.7 for the corresponding \LaTeX code.

Listing B.7: Sample L^AT_EX code for the four figures

```

1 \begin{figure}[!htbp]
2 \centering
3 \subbottom[A sub-figure in the upper-left corner.]{
4 \includegraphics[width=0.45\textwidth]{example}
5 \label{fig:upprleft}
6 }
7 \hfill
8 \subbottom[A sub-figure in the upper-right corner.]{
9 \includegraphics[width=0.45\textwidth]{example}
10 \label{fig:uppright}
11 }
12 \vfill
13 \subbottom[A sub-figure in the lower-left corner.]{
14 \includegraphics[width=0.45\textwidth]{example}
15 \label{fig:lowerleft}
16 }
17 \hfill
18 \subbottom[A sub-figure in the lower-right corner]{
19 \includegraphics[width=0.45\textwidth]{example}
20 \label{fig:lowright}
21 }
22 \caption{Four figures in each corner. See List.\ref{lst:fourfigs} for
23 the corresponding \LaTeX \ code.}
24 \label{fig:fourfig}
25 \end{figure}

```



882

B6 Table

883

This section shows an example of placing a table (a long one). Table B.1 are the triples.

TABLE B.1 FEASIBLE TRIPLES FOR HIGHLY VARIABLE GRID

Time (s)	Triple chosen	Other feasible triples
0	(1, 11, 13725)	(1, 12, 10980), (1, 13, 8235), (2, 2, 0), (3, 1, 0)
2745	(1, 12, 10980)	(1, 13, 8235), (2, 2, 0), (2, 3, 0), (3, 1, 0)
5490	(1, 12, 13725)	(2, 2, 2745), (2, 3, 0), (3, 1, 0)
8235	(1, 12, 16470)	(1, 13, 13725), (2, 2, 2745), (2, 3, 0), (3, 1, 0)
10980	(1, 12, 16470)	(1, 13, 13725), (2, 2, 2745), (2, 3, 0), (3, 1, 0)
13725	(1, 12, 16470)	(1, 13, 13725), (2, 2, 2745), (2, 3, 0), (3, 1, 0)
16470	(1, 13, 16470)	(2, 2, 2745), (2, 3, 0), (3, 1, 0)
19215	(1, 12, 16470)	(1, 13, 13725), (2, 2, 2745), (2, 3, 0), (3, 1, 0)
21960	(1, 12, 16470)	(1, 13, 13725), (2, 2, 2745), (2, 3, 0), (3, 1, 0)
24705	(1, 12, 16470)	(1, 13, 13725), (2, 2, 2745), (2, 3, 0), (3, 1, 0)
27450	(1, 12, 16470)	(1, 13, 13725), (2, 2, 2745), (2, 3, 0), (3, 1, 0)
30195	(2, 2, 2745)	(2, 3, 0), (3, 1, 0)
32940	(1, 13, 16470)	(2, 2, 2745), (2, 3, 0), (3, 1, 0)
35685	(1, 13, 13725)	(2, 2, 2745), (2, 3, 0), (3, 1, 0)
38430	(1, 13, 10980)	(2, 2, 2745), (2, 3, 0), (3, 1, 0)
41175	(1, 12, 13725)	(1, 13, 10980), (2, 2, 2745), (2, 3, 0), (3, 1, 0)
43920	(1, 13, 10980)	(2, 2, 2745), (2, 3, 0), (3, 1, 0)
46665	(2, 2, 2745)	(2, 3, 0), (3, 1, 0)
49410	(2, 2, 2745)	(2, 3, 0), (3, 1, 0)
52155	(1, 12, 16470)	(1, 13, 13725), (2, 2, 2745), (2, 3, 0), (3, 1, 0)
54900	(1, 13, 13725)	(2, 2, 2745), (2, 3, 0), (3, 1, 0)
57645	(1, 13, 13725)	(2, 2, 2745), (2, 3, 0), (3, 1, 0)
60390	(1, 12, 13725)	(2, 2, 2745), (2, 3, 0), (3, 1, 0)
63135	(1, 13, 16470)	(2, 2, 2745), (2, 3, 0), (3, 1, 0)
65880	(1, 13, 16470)	(2, 2, 2745), (2, 3, 0), (3, 1, 0)
68625	(2, 2, 2745)	(2, 3, 0), (3, 1, 0)
71370	(1, 13, 13725)	(2, 2, 2745), (2, 3, 0), (3, 1, 0)
74115	(1, 12, 13725)	(2, 2, 2745), (2, 3, 0), (3, 1, 0)
76860	(1, 13, 13725)	(2, 2, 2745), (2, 3, 0), (3, 1, 0)
79605	(1, 13, 13725)	(2, 2, 2745), (2, 3, 0), (3, 1, 0)
82350	(1, 12, 13725)	(2, 2, 2745), (2, 3, 0), (3, 1, 0)
85095	(1, 12, 13725)	(1, 13, 10980), (2, 2, 2745), (2, 3, 0), (3, 1, 0)
87840	(1, 13, 16470)	(2, 2, 2745), (2, 3, 0), (3, 1, 0)
90585	(1, 13, 16470)	(2, 2, 2745), (2, 3, 0), (3, 1, 0)
93330	(1, 13, 13725)	(2, 2, 2745), (2, 3, 0), (3, 1, 0)
96075	(1, 13, 16470)	(2, 2, 2745), (2, 3, 0), (3, 1, 0)
98820	(1, 13, 16470)	(2, 2, 2745), (2, 3, 0), (3, 1, 0)
101565	(1, 13, 13725)	(2, 2, 2745), (2, 3, 0), (3, 1, 0)
104310	(1, 13, 16470)	(2, 2, 2745), (2, 3, 0), (3, 1, 0)
107055	(1, 13, 13725)	(2, 2, 2745), (2, 3, 0), (3, 1, 0)
109800	(1, 13, 13725)	(2, 2, 2745), (2, 3, 0), (3, 1, 0)
112545	(1, 12, 16470)	(1, 13, 13725), (2, 2, 2745), (2, 3, 0), (3, 1, 0)
115290	(1, 13, 16470)	(2, 2, 2745), (2, 3, 0), (3, 1, 0)
118035	(1, 13, 13725)	(2, 2, 2745), (2, 3, 0), (3, 1, 0)
120780	(1, 13, 16470)	(2, 2, 2745), (2, 3, 0), (3, 1, 0)
123525	(1, 13, 13725)	(2, 2, 2745), (2, 3, 0), (3, 1, 0)

Continued on next page



Continued from previous page

Time (s)	Triple chosen	Other feasible triples
126270	(1, 12, 16470)	(1, 13, 13725), (2, 2, 2745), (2, 3, 0), (3, 1, 0)
129015	(2, 2, 2745)	(2, 3, 0), (3, 1, 0)
131760	(2, 2, 2745)	(2, 3, 0), (3, 1, 0)
134505	(1, 13, 16470)	(2, 2, 2745), (2, 3, 0), (3, 1, 0)
137250	(1, 13, 13725)	(2, 2, 2745), (2, 3, 0), (3, 1, 0)
139995	(2, 2, 2745)	(2, 3, 0), (3, 1, 0)
142740	(2, 2, 2745)	(2, 3, 0), (3, 1, 0)
145485	(1, 12, 16470)	(1, 13, 13725), (2, 2, 2745), (2, 3, 0), (3, 1, 0)
148230	(2, 2, 2745)	(2, 3, 0), (3, 1, 0)
150975	(1, 13, 16470)	(2, 2, 2745), (2, 3, 0), (3, 1, 0)
153720	(1, 12, 13725)	(2, 2, 2745), (2, 3, 0), (3, 1, 0)
156465	(1, 13, 13725)	(2, 2, 2745), (2, 3, 0), (3, 1, 0)
159210	(1, 13, 13725)	(2, 2, 2745), (2, 3, 0), (3, 1, 0)
161955	(1, 13, 16470)	(2, 2, 2745), (2, 3, 0), (3, 1, 0)
164700	(1, 13, 13725)	(2, 2, 2745), (2, 3, 0), (3, 1, 0)



885 List. B.8 shows the corresponding \LaTeX code.

Listing B.8: Sample \LaTeX code for making typical table environment

```

886 1 \begin{center}
887 2 {\scriptsize
888 3 \begin{tabularx}{\textwidth}{p{0.1\textwidth}|p{0.2\textwidth}|p{0.5\textwidth}}
889 4 \caption{Feasible triples for highly variable grid} \label{tab:triple_
890 5 grid} \\
891 6 \hline
892 7 \textbf{Time (s)} &
893 8 \textbf{Triple chosen} &
894 9 \textbf{Other feasible triples} \\
895 10 \hline
896 11 \endfirsthead
897 12 \multicolumn{3}{c}{\textit{Continued from previous page}} \\
898 13 \hline
899 14 \hline
900 15 \textbf{Time (s)} &
901 16 \textbf{Triple chosen} &
902 17 \textbf{Other feasible triples} \\
903 18 \hline
904 19 \endhead
905 20 \hline
906 21 \multicolumn{3}{r}{\textit{Continued on next page}} \\
907 22 \hline
908 23 \endfoot
909 24 \hline
910 25 \endlastfoot
911 26 \hline
912 27
913 28 0 & (1, 11, 13725) & (1, 12, 10980), (1, 13, 8235), (2, 2, 0), (3, 1, 0) \\
914 29 & 2745 & (1, 12, 10980) & (1, 13, 8235), (2, 2, 0), (2, 3, 0), (3, 1, 0) \\
915 30 & 5490 & (1, 12, 13725) & (2, 2, 2745), (2, 3, 0), (3, 1, 0) \\
916 31 & 8235 & (1, 12, 16470) & (1, 13, 13725), (2, 2, 2745), (2, 3, 0), (3, 1, 0) \\
917 32 & 10980 & (1, 12, 16470) & (1, 13, 13725), (2, 2, 2745), (2, 3, 0), (3, 1, 0) \\
918 33 & 13725 & (1, 12, 16470) & (1, 13, 13725), (2, 2, 2745), (2, 3, 0), (3, 1, 0) \\
919 34 & 16470 & (1, 13, 16470) & (2, 2, 2745), (2, 3, 0), (3, 1, 0) \\
920 35 & 19215 & (1, 12, 16470) & (1, 13, 13725), (2, 2, 2745), (2, 3, 0), (3, 1, 0) \\
921 36 & 21960 & (1, 12, 16470) & (1, 13, 13725), (2, 2, 2745), (2, 3, 0), (3, 1, 0) \\
922 37 & 24705 & (1, 12, 16470) & (1, 13, 13725), (2, 2, 2745), (2, 3, 0), (3, 1, 0) \\
923 38 & 27450 & (1, 12, 16470) & (1, 13, 13725), (2, 2, 2745), (2, 3, 0), (3, 1, 0) \\
924 39 & 30195 & (2, 2, 2745) & (2, 3, 0), (3, 1, 0) \\
925 40 & 32940 & (1, 13, 16470) & (2, 2, 2745), (2, 3, 0), (3, 1, 0) \\
926 41 & 35685 & (1, 13, 13725) & (2, 2, 2745), (2, 3, 0), (3, 1, 0) \\
927 42 & 38430 & (1, 13, 10980) & (2, 2, 2745), (2, 3, 0), (3, 1, 0)

```



```

940 43 41175 & (1, 12, 13725) & (1, 13, 10980), (2, 2, 2745), (2, 3, 0), (3, 1,
941      0) \\
942 44 43920 & (1, 13, 10980) & (2, 2, 2745), (2, 3, 0), (3, 1, 0) \\
943 45 46665 & (2, 2, 2745) & (2, 3, 0), (3, 1, 0) \\
944 46 49410 & (2, 2, 2745) & (2, 3, 0), (3, 1, 0) \\
945 47 52155 & (1, 12, 16470) & (1, 13, 13725), (2, 2, 2745), (2, 3, 0), (3, 1,
946      0) \\
947 48 54900 & (1, 13, 13725) & (2, 2, 2745), (2, 3, 0), (3, 1, 0) \\
948 49 57645 & (1, 13, 13725) & (2, 2, 2745), (2, 3, 0), (3, 1, 0) \\
949 50 60390 & (1, 12, 13725) & (2, 2, 2745), (2, 3, 0), (3, 1, 0) \\
950 51 63135 & (1, 13, 16470) & (2, 2, 2745), (2, 3, 0), (3, 1, 0) \\
951 52 65880 & (1, 13, 16470) & (2, 2, 2745), (2, 3, 0), (3, 1, 0) \\
952 53 68625 & (2, 2, 2745) & (2, 3, 0), (3, 1, 0) \\
953 54 71370 & (1, 13, 13725) & (2, 2, 2745), (2, 3, 0), (3, 1, 0) \\
954 55 74115 & (1, 12, 13725) & (2, 2, 2745), (2, 3, 0), (3, 1, 0) \\
955 56 76860 & (1, 13, 13725) & (2, 2, 2745), (2, 3, 0), (3, 1, 0) \\
956 57 79605 & (1, 13, 13725) & (2, 2, 2745), (2, 3, 0), (3, 1, 0) \\
957 58 82350 & (1, 12, 13725) & (2, 2, 2745), (2, 3, 0), (3, 1, 0) \\
958 59 85095 & (1, 12, 13725) & (1, 13, 10980), (2, 2, 2745), (2, 3, 0), (3, 1,
959      0) \\
960 60 87840 & (1, 13, 16470) & (2, 2, 2745), (2, 3, 0), (3, 1, 0) \\
961 61 90585 & (1, 13, 16470) & (2, 2, 2745), (2, 3, 0), (3, 1, 0) \\
962 62 93330 & (1, 13, 13725) & (2, 2, 2745), (2, 3, 0), (3, 1, 0) \\
963 63 96075 & (1, 13, 16470) & (2, 2, 2745), (2, 3, 0), (3, 1, 0) \\
964 64 98820 & (1, 13, 16470) & (2, 2, 2745), (2, 3, 0), (3, 1, 0) \\
965 65 101565 & (1, 13, 13725) & (2, 2, 2745), (2, 3, 0), (3, 1, 0) \\
966 66 104310 & (1, 13, 16470) & (2, 2, 2745), (2, 3, 0), (3, 1, 0) \\
967 67 107055 & (1, 13, 13725) & (2, 2, 2745), (2, 3, 0), (3, 1, 0) \\
968 68 109800 & (1, 13, 13725) & (2, 2, 2745), (2, 3, 0), (3, 1, 0) \\
969 69 112545 & (1, 12, 16470) & (1, 13, 13725), (2, 2, 2745), (2, 3, 0), (3,
970      1, 0) \\
971 70 115290 & (1, 13, 16470) & (2, 2, 2745), (2, 3, 0), (3, 1, 0) \\
972 71 118035 & (1, 13, 13725) & (2, 2, 2745), (2, 3, 0), (3, 1, 0) \\
973 72 120780 & (1, 13, 16470) & (2, 2, 2745), (2, 3, 0), (3, 1, 0) \\
974 73 123525 & (1, 13, 13725) & (2, 2, 2745), (2, 3, 0), (3, 1, 0) \\
975 74 126270 & (1, 12, 16470) & (1, 13, 13725), (2, 2, 2745), (2, 3, 0), (3,
976      1, 0) \\
977 75 129015 & (2, 2, 2745) & (2, 3, 0), (3, 1, 0) \\
978 76 131760 & (2, 2, 2745) & (2, 3, 0), (3, 1, 0) \\
979 77 134505 & (1, 13, 16470) & (2, 2, 2745), (2, 3, 0), (3, 1, 0) \\
980 78 137250 & (1, 13, 13725) & (2, 2, 2745), (2, 3, 0), (3, 1, 0) \\
981 79 139995 & (2, 2, 2745) & (2, 3, 0), (3, 1, 0) \\
982 80 142740 & (2, 2, 2745) & (2, 3, 0), (3, 1, 0) \\
983 81 145485 & (1, 12, 16470) & (1, 13, 13725), (2, 2, 2745), (2, 3, 0), (3,
984      1, 0) \\
985 82 148230 & (2, 2, 2745) & (2, 3, 0), (3, 1, 0) \\
986 83 150975 & (1, 13, 16470) & (2, 2, 2745), (2, 3, 0), (3, 1, 0) \\
987 84 153720 & (1, 12, 13725) & (2, 2, 2745), (2, 3, 0), (3, 1, 0) \\
988 85 156465 & (1, 13, 13725) & (2, 2, 2745), (2, 3, 0), (3, 1, 0) \\
989 86 159210 & (1, 13, 13725) & (2, 2, 2745), (2, 3, 0), (3, 1, 0) \\
990 87 161955 & (1, 13, 16470) & (2, 2, 2745), (2, 3, 0), (3, 1, 0) \\
991 88 164700 & (1, 13, 13725) & (2, 2, 2745), (2, 3, 0), (3, 1, 0) \\
992 89 \end{tabularx}
993 90 }
994 91 \end{center}

```



996 **B7 Algorithm or Pseudocode Listing**

997 Table B.2 shows an example pseudocode. Note that if the pseudocode exceeds one page, it
998 can mean that its implementation is not modular. List. B.9 shows the corresponding \LaTeX
999 code.

TABLE B.2 CALCULATION OF $y = x^n$

Input(s):	
n	: n th power; $n \in \mathbb{Z}^+$
x	: base value; $x \in \mathbb{R}^+$
Output(s):	
y	: result; $y \in \mathbb{R}^+$

```
Require:  $n \geq 0 \vee x \neq 0$ 
Ensure:  $y = x^n$ 
1:  $y \leftarrow 1$ 
2: if  $n < 0$  then
3:    $X \leftarrow 1/x$ 
4:    $N \leftarrow -n$ 
5: else
6:    $X \leftarrow x$ 
7:    $N \leftarrow n$ 
8: end if
9: while  $N \neq 0$  do
10:  if  $N$  is even then
11:     $X \leftarrow X \times X$ 
12:     $N \leftarrow N/2$ 
13:  else  $\{N \text{ is odd}\}$ 
14:     $y \leftarrow y \times X$ 
15:     $N \leftarrow N - 1$ 
16:  end if
17: end while
```

Listing B.9: Sample L^AT_EX code for algorithm or pseudocode listing usage

```

1 \begin{table}[!htbp]
2   \caption{Calculation of  $y = x^n$ }
3   \label{tab:calcxn}
4   {\footnotesize
5     \begin{tabular}{lll}
6       \hline
7       \hline
8       {\bfseries Input(s):} & & \\
9       $n$ & : & $n$th power; $n$ \in \mathbb{Z}^{+}$ \\
10      $x$ & : & base value; $x$ \in \mathbb{R}^{+}$ \\
11      \hline
12      {\bfseries Output(s):} & & \\
13      $y$ & : & result; $y$ \in \mathbb{R}^{+}$ \\
14      \hline
15      \hline
16      \\
17    \end{tabular}
18  }
19  \begin{algorithmic}[1]
20    {\footnotesize
21      \REQUIRE $n \geq 0$ \vee $x \neq 0$
22      \ENSURE $y = x^n$
23      \STATE $y \leftarrow 1$
24      \IF{$n < 0$}
25        \STATE $X \leftarrow 1 / x$
26        \STATE $N \leftarrow -n$
27      \ELSE
28        \STATE $X \leftarrow x$
29        \STATE $N \leftarrow n$
30      \ENDIF
31      \WHILE{$N \neq 0$}
32        \IF{$N$ is even}
33          \STATE $X \leftarrow X \times X$
34          \STATE $N \leftarrow N / 2$
35        \ELSE[$N$ is odd]
36          \STATE $y \leftarrow y \times X$
37          \STATE $N \leftarrow N - 1$
38        \ENDIF
39      \ENDWHILE
40    }
41  \end{algorithmic}
42 \end{table}

```



B8 Program/Code Listing

List. B.10 is a program listing of a C code for computing Fibonacci numbers by calling the actual code. Please see the `code` subdirectory.

Listing B.10: Computing Fibonacci numbers in C (./code/fibo.c)

```

1 /* fibo.c -- It prints out the first N Fibonacci
2 *           numbers.
3 */
4
5 #include <stdio.h>
6
7 int main(void) {
8     int n;          /* Number of fibonacci numbers we will print */
9     int i;          /* Index of fibonacci number to be printed next */
10    int current;     /* Value of the (i)th fibonacci number */
11    int next;        /* Value of the (i+1)th fibonacci number */
12    int twoaway;     /* Value of the (i+2)th fibonacci number */
13
14    printf("How many Fibonacci numbers do you want to compute? ");
15    scanf("%d", &n);
16    if (n<=0)
17        printf("The number should be positive.\n");
18    else {
19        printf("\n\n\tI\t\tFibonacci(I)\t\n\t===== \n");
20        next = current = 1;
21        for (i=1; i<=n; i++) {
22            printf("\t%d\t\t\t%d\n", i, current);
23            twoaway = current+next;
24            current = next;
25            next = twoaway;
26        }
27    }
28 }
29
30 /* The output from a run of this program was:
31
32 How many Fibonacci numbers do you want to compute? 9
33
34      I      Fibonacci(I)
35      =====
36      1         1
37      2         1
38      3         2
39      4         3
40      5         5
41      6         8
42      7        13
43      8        21
44      9        34
45
46 */

```



1003

List. B.11 shows the corresponding \LaTeX code.

Listing B.11: Sample \LaTeX code for program listing

```
1 List.~\ref{lst:fib_c} is a program listing of a C code for computing  
   Fibonacci numbers by calling the actual code. Please see the \verb|  
   code | subdirectory.
```



B9 Referencing

Referencing chapters: This appendix is in Appendix B, which is about examples in using various \LaTeX commands.

Referencing sections: This section is Sec. B9, which shows how to refer to the locations of various labels that have been placed in the \LaTeX files. List. B.12 shows the corresponding \LaTeX code.

Listing B.12: Sample \LaTeX code for referencing sections

```
1 Referencing sections: This section is Sec.~\ref{sec:ref}, which shows
   how to refer to the locations of various labels that have been
   placed in the \LaTeX \ files. List.~\ref{lst:refsec} shows the
   corresponding \LaTeX \ code.
```

Lorem ipsum dolor sit amet, consectetur adipiscing elit. Etiam lobortis facilisis sem. Nullam nec mi et neque pharetra sollicitudin. Praesent imperdiet mi nec ante. Donec ullamcorper, felis non sodales commodo, lectus velit ultrices augue, a dignissim nibh lectus placerat pede. Vivamus nunc nunc, molestie ut, ultricies vel, semper in, velit. Ut porttitor. Praesent in sapien. Lorem ipsum dolor sit amet, consectetur adipiscing elit. Duis fringilla tristique neque. Sed interdum libero ut metus. Pellentesque placerat. Nam rutrum augue a leo. Morbi sed elit sit amet ante lobortis sollicitudin. Praesent blandit blandit mauris. Praesent lectus tellus, aliquet aliquam, luctus a, egestas a, turpis. Mauris lacinia lorem sit amet ipsum. Nunc quis urna dictum turpis accumsan semper.



B9.1 A subsection

Referencing subsections: This section is Sec. B9.1, which shows how to refer to a subsection. List. B.13 shows the corresponding \LaTeX code.

Listing B.13: Sample \LaTeX code for referencing subsections

```
1 Referencing subsections: This section is Sec.~\ref{sec:subsec}, which
  shows how to refer to a subsection. List.~\ref{lst:refsub} shows the
  corresponding \LaTeX \ code.
```

Lorem ipsum dolor sit amet, consectetur adipiscing elit. Etiam lobortis facilisis sem. Nullam nec mi et neque pharetra sollicitudin. Praesent imperdiet mi nec ante. Donec ullamcorper, felis non sodales commodo, lectus velit ultrices augue, a dignissim nibh lectus placerat pede. Vivamus nunc nunc, molestie ut, ultricies vel, semper in, velit. Ut porttitor. Praesent in sapien. Lorem ipsum dolor sit amet, consectetur adipiscing elit. Duis fringilla tristique neque. Sed interdum libero ut metus. Pellentesque placerat. Nam rutrum augue a leo. Morbi sed elit sit amet ante lobortis sollicitudin. Praesent blandit blandit mauris. Praesent lectus tellus, aliquet aliquam, luctus a, egestas a, turpis. Mauris lacinia lorem sit amet ipsum. Nunc quis urna dictum turpis accumsan semper.



B9.1.1 A sub-subsection

Referencing sub-subsections: This section is Sec. B9.1.1, which shows how to refer to a sub-subsection. List. B.14 shows the corresponding \LaTeX code.

Listing B.14: Sample \LaTeX code for referencing sub-subsections

```
1 Referencing sub-subsections: This section is Sec.\ref{sec:subsubsec},
   which shows how to refer to a sub-subsection. List.\ref{lst:
   refsubsub} shows the corresponding \LaTeX \ code.
```

Lorem ipsum dolor sit amet, consectetur adipiscing elit. Etiam lobortis facilisis sem. Nullam nec mi et neque pharetra sollicitudin. Praesent imperdiet mi nec ante. Donec ullamcorper, felis non sodales commodo, lectus velit ultrices augue, a dignissim nibh lectus placerat pede. Vivamus nunc nunc, molestie ut, ultricies vel, semper in, velit. Ut porttitor. Praesent in sapien. Lorem ipsum dolor sit amet, consectetur adipiscing elit. Duis fringilla tristique neque. Sed interdum libero ut metus. Pellentesque placerat. Nam rutrum augue a leo. Morbi sed elit sit amet ante lobortis sollicitudin. Praesent blandit blandit mauris. Praesent lectus tellus, aliquet aliquam, luctus a, egestas a, turpis. Mauris lacinia lorem sit amet ipsum. Nunc quis urna dictum turpis accumsan semper.



B10 Index

For key words or topics that are expected (or the user would like) to appear in the Index, use `\index{key}`, where `key` is an example keyword to appear in the Index. For example, Fredholm integral and Fourier operator of the following paragraph are in the Index.

If we make a very large matrix with complex exponentials in the rows (i.e., cosine real parts and sine imaginary parts), and increase the resolution without bound, we approach the kernel of the Fredholm integral equation of the 2nd kind, namely the Fourier operator that defines the continuous Fourier transform.

List. B.15 is a program listing of the above-mentioned paragraph.

Listing B.15: Sample \LaTeX code for Index usage

```
1 If we make a very large matrix with complex exponentials in the rows (i.
  e., cosine real parts and sine imaginary parts), and increase the
  resolution without bound, we approach the kernel of the \index{
  Fredholm integral} Fredholm integral equation of the 2nd kind,
  namely the \index{Fourier} Fourier operator that defines the
  continuous Fourier transform.
```



B11 Adding Relevant PDF Pages (e.g. Standards, Datasheets, Specification Sheets, Application Notes, etc.)

Selected PDF pages can be added (see List. B.16), but note that the options must be tweaked. See the manual of `pdfpages` for other options.

Listing B.16: Sample \LaTeX code for including PDF pages

```
1 \includepdf[pages={8-10},%  
2 offset=3.5mm -10mm,%  
3 scale=0.73,%  
4 frame]  
5 {./reference/Xilinx2015-UltraScaleArchitectureOverview.pdf}
```



Virtex UltraScale FPGA Feature Summary

Table 6: Virtex UltraScale FPGA Feature Summary

	VU065	VU080	VU095	VU125	VU160	VU190	VU440
Logic Cells	626,640	780,000	940,800	1,253,280	1,621,200	1,879,920	4,432,680
CLB Flip-Flops	716,160	891,424	1,075,200	1,432,320	1,852,800	2,148,480	5,065,920
CLB LUTs	358,080	445,712	537,600	716,160	926,400	1,074,240	2,532,960
Maximum Distributed RAM (Mb)	4.8	3.9	4.8	9.7	12.7	14.5	28.7
Block RAM/FIFO w/ECC (36Kb each)	1,260	1,421	1,728	2,520	3,276	3,780	2,520
Total Block RAM (Mb)	44.3	50.0	60.8	88.6	115.2	132.9	88.6
CMT (1 MMCM, 2 PLLs)	10	16	16	20	30	30	30
I/O DLLs	40	64	64	80	120	120	120
Fractional PLLs	5	8	8	10	15	15	0
Maximum HP I/Os ⁽¹⁾	468	780	780	780	650	650	1,404
Maximum HR I/Os ⁽²⁾	52	52	52	104	52	52	52
DSP Slices	600	672	768	1,200	1,560	1,800	2,880
System Monitor	1	1	1	2	3	3	3
PCIe Gen3 x8	2	4	4	4	5	6	6
150G Interlaken	3	6	6	6	8	9	0
100G Ethernet	3	4	4	6	9	9	3
GTH 16.3Gb/s Transceivers	20	32	32	40	52	60	48
GTY 30.5Gb/s Transceivers	20	32	32	40	52	60	0

Notes:

1. HP = High-performance I/O with support for I/O voltage from 1.0V to 1.8V.
2. HR = High-range I/O with support for I/O voltage from 1.2V to 3.3V.



Virtex UltraScale Device-Package Combinations and Maximum I/Os

Table 7: Virtex UltraScale Device-Package Combinations and Maximum I/Os

Package ⁽¹⁾⁽²⁾⁽³⁾	Package Dimensions (mm)	VU065	VU080	VU095	VU125	VU160	VU190	VU440
		HR, HP GTH, GTY	HR, HP GTH, GTY	HR, HP GTH, GTY	HR, HP GTH, GTY	HR, HP GTH, GTY	HR, HP GTH, GTY	HR, HP GTH, GTY
FFVC1517	40x40	52, 468 20, 20	52, 468 20, 20	52, 468 20, 20				
FFVD1517	40x40		52, 286 32, 32	52, 286 32, 32				
FLVD1517	40x40				52, 286 40, 32			
FFVB1760	42.5x42.5		52, 650 32, 16	52, 650 32, 16				
FLVB1760	42.5x42.5				52, 650 36, 16			
FFVA2104	47.5x47.5		52, 780 28, 24	52, 780 28, 24				
FLVA2104	47.5x47.5				52, 780 28, 24			
FFVB2104	47.5x47.5		52, 650 32, 32	52, 650 32, 32				
FLVB2104	47.5x47.5				52, 650 40, 36			
FLGB2104	47.5x47.5					52, 650 40, 36	52, 650 40, 36	
FFVC2104	47.5x47.5			52, 364 32, 32				
FLVC2104	47.5x47.5				52, 364 40, 40			
FLGC2104	47.5x47.5					52, 364 52, 52	52, 364 52, 52	
FLGB2377	50x50							52, 1248 36, 0
FLGA2577	52.5x52.5						0, 448 60, 60	
FLGA2892	55x55							52, 1404 48, 0

Notes:

1. Go to [Ordering Information](#) for package designation details.
2. All packages have 1.0mm ball pitch.
3. Packages with the same last letter and number sequence, e.g., A2104, are footprint compatible with all other UltraScale architecture-based devices with the same sequence. The footprint compatible devices within this family are outlined. See the [UltraScale Architecture Product Selection Guide](#) for details on inter-family migration.



Virtex UltraScale+ FPGA Feature Summary

Table 8: Virtex UltraScale+ FPGA Feature Summary

	VU3P	VU5P	VU7P	VU9P	VU11P	VU13P
Logic Cells	689,640	1,051,010	1,379,280	2,068,920	2,147,040	2,862,720
CLB Flip-Flops	788,160	1,201,154	1,576,320	2,364,480	2,453,760	3,271,680
CLB LUTs	394,080	600,577	788,160	1,182,240	1,226,880	1,635,840
Max. Distributed RAM (Mb)	12.0	18.3	24.1	36.1	34.8	46.4
Block RAM/FIFO w/ECC (36Kb each)	720	1,024	1,440	2,160	2,016	2,688
Block RAM (Mb)	25.3	36.0	50.6	75.9	70.9	94.5
UltraRAM Blocks	320	470	640	960	1,152	1,536
UltraRAM (Mb)	90.0	132.2	180.0	270.0	324.0	432.0
CMTs (1 MMCM and 2 PLLs)	10	20	20	30	12	16
Max. HP I/O ⁽¹⁾	520	832	832	832	624	832
DSP Slices	2,280	3,474	4,560	6,840	8,928	11,904
System Monitor	1	2	2	3	3	4
GTY Transceivers 32.75Gb/s	40	80	80	120	96	128
PCIe Gen3 x16 and Gen4 x8	2	4	4	6	3	4
150G Interlaken	3	4	6	9	9	12
100G Ethernet w/RS-FEC	3	4	6	9	6	8

Notes:

1. HP = High-performance I/O with support for I/O voltage from 1.0V to 1.8V.

Virtex UltraScale+ Device-Package Combinations and Maximum I/Os

Table 9: Virtex UltraScale+ Device-Package Combinations and Maximum I/Os

Package (1)(2)(3)	Package Dimensions (mm)	VU3P	VU5P	VU7P	VU9P	VU11P	VU13P
		HP, GTY	HP, GTY	HP, GTY	HP, GTY	HP, GTY	HP, GTY
FFVC1517	40x40	520, 40					
FLVF1924	45x45					624, 64	
FLVA2104	47.5x47.5		832, 52	832, 52	832, 52		
FHVA2104	52.5x52.5 ⁽⁴⁾						832, 52
FLVB2104	47.5x47.5		702, 76	702, 76	702, 76	624, 76	
FHVB2104	52.5x52.5 ⁽⁴⁾						702, 76
FLVC2104	47.5x47.5		416, 80	416, 80	416, 104	416, 96	
FHVC2104	52.5x52.5 ⁽⁴⁾						416, 104
FLVA2577	52.5x52.5				448, 120	448, 96	448, 128

Notes:

1. Go to [Ordering Information](#) for package designation details.
2. All packages have 1.0mm ball pitch.
3. Packages with the same last letter and number sequence, e.g., A2104, are footprint compatible with all other UltraScale devices with the same sequence. The footprint compatible devices within this family are outlined.
4. These 52.5x52.5mm overhang packages have the same PCB ball footprint as the corresponding 47.5x47.5mm packages (i.e., the same last letter and number sequence) and are footprint compatible.



Appendix C

PUBLICATION LIST AND AWARD

Journal

1. ...

2. ...

Conference

1. ...

2. ...



De La Salle University

1068

Others

1069

1. ...

1070

2. ...

1071

Award

1072

1. ...

1073

2. ...



Appendix D VITA



Paul Vince A. Abe is currently pursuing Bachelor of Science Degree in Computer Engineering at De La Salle University-Manila. His role in the group is the Domain Expert. Along with his extensive ability in correlating needed topics in specifying both the strengths and projected weaknesses of the project, he contributes mainly in creating the knowledge pool of the group.



Dan Paulo E. Amado is currently pursuing Bachelor of Science Degree in Computer Engineering at De La Salle University-Manila. His role in the group is the Master Programmer. With his adept skills in computer programming, he functions as the brain of the project, as he provides the main idea along with its purpose it serves. His research interests include mountaineering, agriculture, and robotics.



Joanna Katherine U. Mirida is currently pursuing Bachelor of Science Degree in Computer Engineering at De La Salle University-Manila. With her keen sight for details, she provides constructive criticisms as to where the group will set rooms for further improvements and necessary corrections from established ideas. Her research interest include biomedical engineering, nanotechnology, and energy management systems.



INDEX

1091	Fourier operator, 51
1092	Fredholm integral, 51