Keyword-Driven Framework for Selenium and Protractor

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Keyword-Driven Frameworks

The original Keyword Driven Framework few columns

- * **Summary**: brief description of the step
- * Target: name of the Web Page object/element, like "Link" or "Input"
- * **Action**: name of the action, which will be performed on Target Element such as click, open browser, input text etc.
- * **Data**: any value which is needed by the Object to perform any action, like text value for input field

http://toolsqa.com/selenium-webdriver/keyword-driven-framework/introduction/

Keyword-Driven Frameworks

Advantages from taking Keyword Driven Framework approach:

Less Technical Expertise: manual testers or non technical testers can easily write test scripts

Easy To Understand: With no coding is exposed, the test flow is easy to read and understand. Keywords & actions are descriptive. The implementation detail of the script is hidden from the users

Early Start: One can start building Keyword Driven test cases immediately defering technically challenging tasks to a later stage. Keyword steps are quick to map from requirements documentation or manual test steps.

Re-usability: Stable and powerful Execution Engine in Keyword Driven Framework encourage code re-usability.

Automation: Excel file is (a lot) easier to produce by a recording tool than a full blown program.

Keyword-Driven Frameworks

The original Keyword Driven Framework [suggests] (http://toolsqa.com/selenium-webdriver/keyword-driven-framework/introduction/) identifying only four columns

- * __Summary__: *a brief description of the step*
- * __Target__: *the name of the Web Page object/element, like "Link" or "Input"*
- * __Action__: *name of the action, which will be performed on Target Element such as click, open browser, input text etc.*
- * __Data__: *any value which is needed by the Object to perform any action, like text value for input field



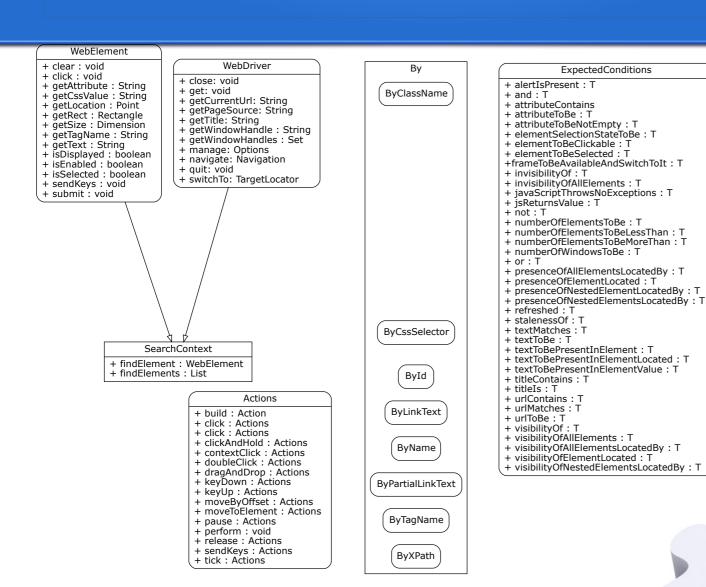
Programming quiz, part I

```
import org.openqa.selenium.WebDriver;
WebDriver driver = new ChromeDriver();
WebDriverWait wait = new WebDriverWait(driver, 10);
// open the start page
driver.get("http://www.store.demoga.com");
// go to login page
driver.findElement(By.xpath("//*[@id='account']/a")).click();
wait.until( driver -> driver.getCurrentUrl().matches(
 "http://store.demoga.com/products-page/your-account/"));
// log in
driver.findElement(By.id("log")).sendKeys("testuser 3");
driver.findElement(By.id("pwd")).sendKeys("Test@123");
driver.findElement(By.id("login")).click();
// confirm the error message is displayed
String errorMessage = wait.until(
       ExpectedConditions.visibilityOf(driver.findElement(
       By.cssSelector("#ajax loginform > p.response")))).getText();
assertThat(errorMessage, notNullValue());
assertThat(errorMessage, containsString("The password you entered is incorrect"));
driver.quit();
```

Programming quiz, part II

```
import io.webfolder.cdp.*;
Launcher launcher = new Launcher();
SessionFactory factory = launcher.launch();
Session session = factory.create();
// navigate to start screen
session.navigate("http://www.store.demoga.com");
// go to login page
session.click("#account > a");
session.waitUntil(s -> s.getLocation().matches("http://store.demoga.com/products-page/your-account/"));
// log in
session.focus("#log");
session.sendKeys("testuser 3");
session.focus("#pwd").sendKeys("Test@123");
executeScript(session, "function(){this.click();}", "#login");
// confirm the error message is displayed
List<String> errMsg = session.getObjectIds(
  "//*[contains (text(), \"The password you entered is incorrect\")]");
assertTrue(errMsg.size() > 0);
session.stop();
session.close();
```

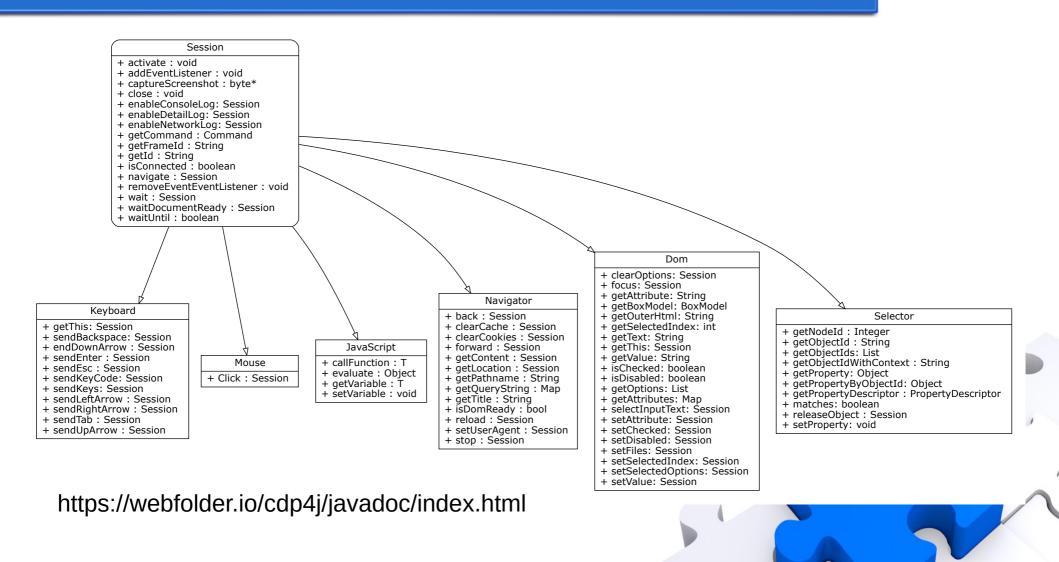
Core Selenium Class Hierarchy



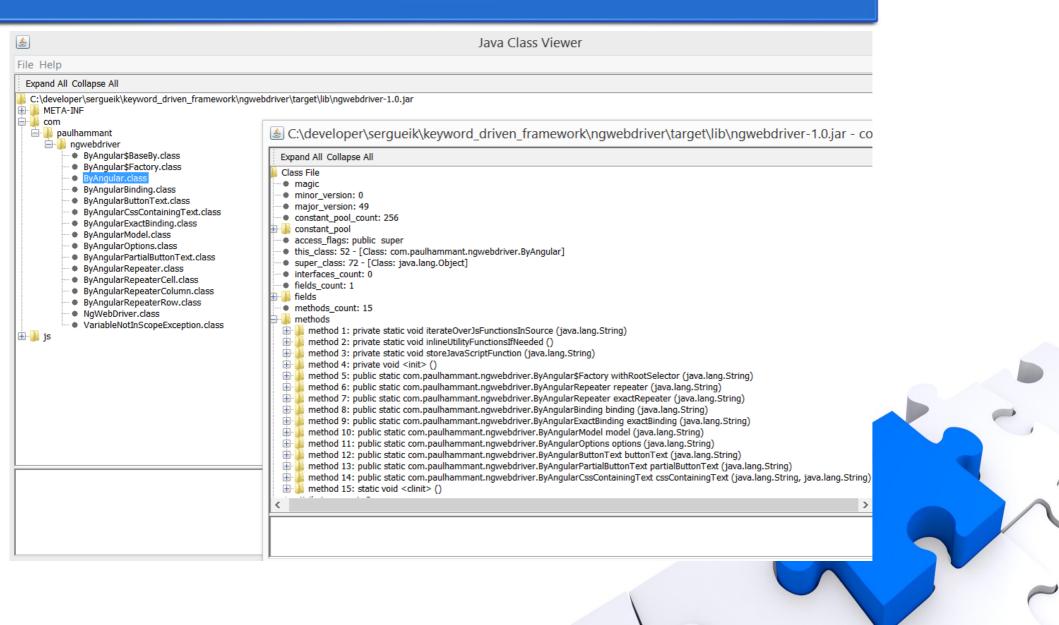


https://seleniumhq.github.io/selenium/docs/api/java/

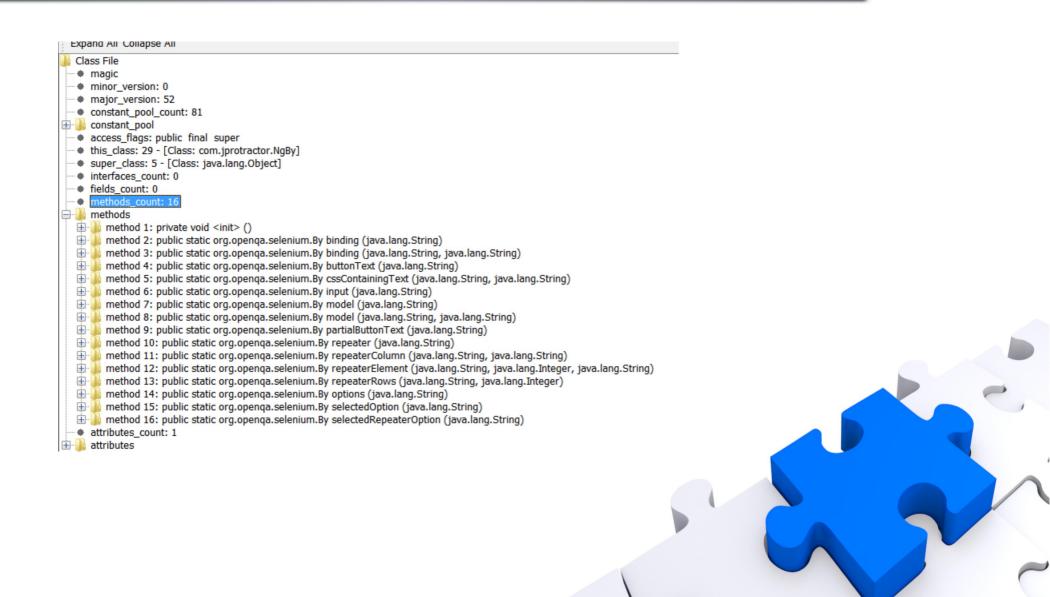
CDP Class Hierarchy



Java Protractor Wrapper Methods



Alernative Java Protractor Wrapper Methods



TestCase, core Selenium

	Α	В	C	D	E	F	G	Н	1
1	Keyword	param1	param2	param3	param4	param5	param6	param7	status
2	CREATE_BROWSER								Passed
3	GOTO_URL	http://www.seleniumeasy.com/test/						1	Passed
4	clickLink	css	#navbar-brand-centered > ul:nth-child(1) > li:nth-child(1) > a						Passed
5	CLICK_LINK	text	Simple Form Demo						Passed
6	SET_TEXT	css	#user-message			hello			Passed
7	GET_TEXT	css	#user-message						Passed
8	GET_ATTR	css	#user-message			outerHTML			Passed
9	getElementAttribute	css	#user-message			value			Passed
10	CLOSE_BROWSER								Passed

Each core Selenium locator accepts a *single* input argument of a specific *type*



Test Case, Protractor

A	В	С	D	E	F	G	Н	I
Keyword	param1	param2	param3	param4	param5	param6	param7	status
CREATE_BROWSER								Passed
GOTO_URL	http://juliemr.github.io/protractor-demo/							Passed
SET_TEXT	model	first			40			Passed
SET_TEXT	model	second			2			Passed
GET_ATTR	options	value for (key, value) in operators			innerHTML			Passed
CLICK_BUTTON	buttontext	Go!						Passed
GET_TEXT	binding	latest						Passed
CLOSE_BROWSER								

Protractor alows test operate the very same language (attibutes) as Angular Web developer used when designing the page by finding elements by their *binding*, *model*, *repeater* etc.

It also provides Angular agnostic methods like *buttonText*, *cssContainingText*

Test Case, Protractor

	A	В	C	D	Е	F	G	Н	I
1	Keyword	param1	param2	param3	param4		param6	param7	status
2	CREATE_BROWSER								
3	GOTO_URL	http://amitava82.github.io/angular-multiselect/							
4	VERIFY_TAG	model	selectedCar			am-multiselect			
5	CLICK_BUTTON	buttontext	Select Some Cars						
6	WAIT							1000	
7	VERIFY_TEXT	repeaterElement	i in items	2	i.label	Honda			
8	CLICK_LINK	repeaterElement	i in items	1	i.label				
9	CLICK_LINK	repeaterElement	i in items	0	i.label				
10	WAIT							1000	
11	VERIFY_TEXT	css	am-multiselect > div > button			There are 2 car(s) selected			
12	CLOSE_BROWSER								

Protractor locates repeated elements relying on Angular attributes the individual elements and groups of elements were created on the web page by MVC. When the target element belongs to a set, additional coordinates are required to identify the set and the position of the member

Implementation



Keyword proceccing through Java Reflection

```
private static Map<String, String> methodTable = new HashMap<>();
   static {
    methodTable.put("CLICK_BUTTON", "clickButton");
 private static final Class<?> _class = Class.forName("Keyword Library class");
public static void callMethod(String keyword,
                              Map<String, String> params;
  // for static methods
   class.getMethod(methodTable.get(keyword), Map.class).invoke(null,
                                                                        params);
  // for instance methods
   class.getMethod(methodTable.get(keyword),
Map.class).invoke( _class.newInstance(), _params);
```

Loading Steps from Excel or OpenOffice spreadsheet

```
List<Object[]> steps = utils.createDataFromExcel2003(testCase);
   // utils.createDataFromExcel2007(testCase);
   // utils.createDataFromOpenOffice(testCase);

for (int step = 0; step < steps.size(); step++) {
   Object[] row = steps.get(step);
   Map<String, String> data = new HashMap<>();
   String keyword = (String) row[0];
   for (int col = 1; col < row.length; col++) {
      data.put(String.format("param%d", col), row[col].toString());
   }
   KeywordLibrary.callMethod(keyword, data);
}</pre>
```

Keyword method implementanion

```
provate static WebDriver driver;
private static NgWebDriver ngDriver;
private static WebElement element;
private static String status;
private static String result;
public static void clickButton(Map<String, String> params) {
  element = _findElement(params);
  if (element != null) {
    highlight(element);
    element.click();
    status = "Passed";
  } else {
    status = "Failed";
```

Extracting arguments from params map

```
public static void verifyText(Map<String, String> params) {
  boolean flag = false;
  expectedText = params.get("param5");
  element = _findElement(params);
  if (element != null) {
    highLight(element);
    flag = element.getText().equals(expectedText);
  }
  if (flag)
    status = "Passed";
  else
    status = "Failed";
}
```

Find element using Selenium and Protractor

```
private static WebElement findElement(Map<String, String> params) {
  strategy = params.get("param1");
  if (!strategies.containsKey(strategy)) {
   throw new RuntimeException("Unknown strategy: " + strategy);
  value = params.get("param2");
  if (params.containsKey("param3")) {
   row = params.get("param3");
  if (params.containsKey("param4")) {
    column = params.get("param4");
  if (params.containsKey("param5")) {
    containedText = params.get("param5");
  if (params.containsKey("param6")) {
    taqName = params.get("param6");
```

Supported Locator Strategies

```
private static Map<String, Method> strategies = new HashMap<>();
  strategies.put("css",
    By.class.getMethod("cssSelector", String.class));
  strategies.put("id",
    By.class.getMethod("id", String.class));
 strategies.put("binding",
    NgBy.class.getMethod("binding", String.class));
  strategies.put("repeaterColumn",
    NgBy.class.getMethod("repeaterColumn", String.class,
   String.class));
  strategies.put("repeaterElement",
    NgBy.class.getMethod("repeaterElement", String.class,
    Integer.class, String.class));
 strategies.put("repeaterRow",
                           methodMissing);
```

Phony method

```
// phony method
Method methodMissing = null;
try {
  @SuppressWarnings("rawtypes")
  Constructor<Method> methodConstructor = Method.class
   .getDeclaredConstructor(new Class[{ String.class,
      String.class });
  methodConstructor.setAccessible(true);
  methodMissing = (Method) methodConstructor.newInstance();
} catch (NoSuchMethodException
         IllegalAccessException
         InstantiationException
         IllegalArgumentException
        InvocationTargetException e) {
    System.out.println(e.toString()); // slurp
```

Find element using Selenium and Protractor, contd.

```
WebElement element = null;
  switch (strategy) {
    case "binding":
      _element = ngDriver.findElement(NgBy.binding(value));
      break:
    case "css":
      element = driver.findElement(By.cssSelector(value));
      break:
   case "repeaterRow":
    case "repeaterRows":
      element = ngDriver.findElement(NgBy.repeaterRows(
                value, row);
      break;
   return element;
```

Find element extending Selenium and Protractor, contd.

```
case "text":
 // Option 1: construct XPath selector
Map<String, String> newParams = new HashMap<>();
   newParams.put("param1", "xpath");
   newParams.put("param2", String.format(
     "//%s[contains(normalize-space(text()),'%s')]",
          (tagName != null) ? tagName : "*", value));
 element = findElement(newParams);
 // Option 2: use Java streams/filter
if (tagName != null) {
   element = driver.findElements(
      By.tagName(tagName)).stream().filter(
       o -> o.getText().contains(value))
       .findFirst().get();
 break:
```

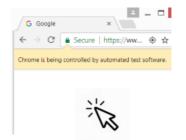
Finding elements with explicit wait

```
switch (strategy) {
  case "css":
     locator = By.cssSelector(selectorValue);
     break;
timeout = (long) (Float.parseFloat(params.get("param7")));
_wait = new WebDriverWait(driver, timeout);
_element = _wait.until(new ExpectedCondition<WebElement>() {
    @Override
     public WebElement apply(WebDriver d) {
       Optional<WebElement> e = d.findElements(locator)
                                  .stream()
                                  .findFirst();
       if (e.isPresent()) // log some debugging info
           logger.debug("find using strategy: " + strategy +
           " => " + e.get().getAttribute("outerHTML"));
       return (e.isPresent()) ? e.get() :
                        (WebElement) null;
```

Element Recorder Flow

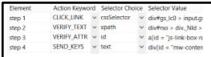


```
// If the content of the content of
```











@Test
public void invali
// go to login p
driver.findEleme
wait.until(driv



Flow explained

- The <u>Toolbar</u> launches the <u>Browser</u> and lets it navigate to the target <u>page</u>
- The <u>Tooolbar</u> injects into the browser the Javascript <u>Snippet</u>, which attaches itself to <u>Mouse Events</u> (like <u>Selenium IDE</u>)
- After a Mouse Event is fired, helper functions are generate the CSS, Xpath locators, extracts various attibutes of the Target Element in a similar fashion Firebug works.
- The <u>Toolbar</u> continueously checks if the <u>Target Element</u> information is ready for pickup and when so, loads it, similar to how Selenium Wait works.
- The process repeats for the next Element in question.
- After the information about all elements was collected,
 the <u>Toolbar</u> generates the <u>Excel Flow</u> and/or the
 <u>QA Test Program</u> utilizing a template(s)

Resources

- https://github.com/angular/protractor
- https://github.com/bbaia/protractor-net
- https://github.com/paul-hammant/ngWebDriver
- https://github.com/caarlos0/jProtractor
- https://github.com/henrrich/jpagefactory
- https://github.com/sergueik/SKDF
- https://github.com/dzharii/swd-recorder
- https://github.com/sergueik/SWET
- https://github.com/ealves/protractor-recorder
- https://github.com/hanthomas/protractor-recorder
- https://github.com/dzharii/swd-recorder
- https://github.com/sergueik/powershell_selenium_plugin