Main Title

Prof. Dr. John Doe Departamento de Automática

Date



Main Title

Prof. Dr. John Doe Departamento de Automática

Date



Outline

Introduction

Section 1

Section 2

Section 3

Content

Figures

Chart

Some LATEX Examples
Tables
Mathematics

Introduction

- Your introduction goes here!
- Use itemize to organize your main points.
 - up to 3 text levels with itemize
 - Indents increase level by level, font size decreases
 - Should you require more levels, use description instead of itemize.
 - Note: Please try not to write too much copy onto your slides.



Version - backgroundcolour skin



Version - backgroundcolour green





- Especially for pictures like x-ray
- Enter explanation text e.g. what can be seen in the picture

Departamento de Automática

Content

Title, subtitle and content Enter subtitle here

Enter text, charts, pictures, ... here



Figures

- You can upload a figure (JPEG, PNG or PDF) using the files menu.
- To include it in your document, use the includegraphics command (see the comment below in the source code).



Figura 1: Caption goes here.

Sample Chart

Insert charts as images







Two Columns

- Left column for content
 - Can contain text, charts, pictures, ...

- Right column for content
 - Can contain text, charts, pictures, ...



Comparison

Headline for left column

- Left column for content
 - Can contain text, charts, pictures, ...

Headline for right column

- Right column for content
 - Can contain text, charts, pictures, ...



Blocks

Block

Some examples of commonly used commands and features are included, to help you get started.

Example Block

Some examples of commonly used commands and features are included, to help you get started.

Alert Block

Some examples of commonly used commands and features are included, to help you get started.



Tables

Item	Quantity
Widgets	42
Gadgets	13

Cuadro 1: An example table.



Some LATEX Examples

Readable Mathematics

Let X_1, X_2, \ldots, X_n be a sequence of independent and identically distributed random variables with $\mathsf{E}[X_i] = \mu$ and $\mathsf{Var}[X_i] = \sigma^2 < \infty$, and let

$$S_n = \frac{X_1 + X_2 + \dots + X_n}{n} = \frac{1}{n} \sum_{i=1}^{n} X_i$$

denote their mean. Then as n approaches infinity, the random variables $\sqrt{n}(S_n - \mu)$ converge in distribution to a normal $\mathcal{N}(0, \sigma^2)$.