

① a) Transformando o sistema na matriz de coeficientes A:

$$A = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 3 & -1 \\ 5 & 2 & 2 \\ 0 & 6 & 8 \end{bmatrix} \text{ utilizando a regra das linhas:}$$

$$\alpha_1 = \frac{3 + (-1)}{1} = 2$$

$$\alpha_2 = \frac{5 + 2}{2} = \frac{7}{2} = 3,5$$

$$\alpha_3 = \frac{0 + 6}{8} = \frac{6}{8} = \frac{3}{4} = 0,75$$

Para $\alpha = \max(2; 3,5; 0,75) \rightarrow \alpha = 3,5$

Nesse caso $\alpha > 1$, porém, não é possível confirmar que o sistema converge ou não converge, pois, a maioria diz que, caso $\alpha < 1$, o sistema converge, porém, a recíproca não é verdadeira.

e) Permutando as duas primeiras equações obtemos a matriz:

$$B = \begin{bmatrix} 5 & 2 & 2 \\ 1 & 3 & -1 \\ 0 & 6 & 8 \end{bmatrix} \text{ Pela regra das linhas:}$$

$$\alpha_1 = \frac{2 + 2}{5} = \frac{4}{5} = 0,8$$

$$\alpha_2 = \frac{1 + 1}{3} = \frac{2}{3} = 0,666$$

$$\alpha_3 = \frac{0 + 6}{8} = \frac{6}{8} = 0,75$$

como $\alpha = \max(0,8; 0,666; 0,75) = 0,8 < 1$

Podemos dizer que o sistema é convergente //

② Alteramos a matriz dos coeficientes do sistema:

$$A = \begin{bmatrix} 10 & 1 & -1 \\ 2 & 10 & 8 \\ 7 & 1 & 10 \end{bmatrix} \quad \text{Pela critério de Daxsenfeld}$$

$$B_1 = \frac{1 + 1}{10} = 2/10 = 1/5 = 0,2$$

$$B_2 = \frac{(1/5)2 + 8}{10} = 0,84$$

$$B_3 = \frac{(0,2)7 + (0,84)1}{10} = 0,224$$

$$B = \max(0,2; 0,84; 0,224) = 0,84 < 1$$

Portanto o sistema é convergente para a método de Gauss-Seidel

er) Transformamos o sistema em função iterativa:

$$x_1^{(k+1)} = \frac{10 - x_2^{(k)} + x_3^{(k)}}{10}$$

$$x_2^{(k+1)} = \frac{20 - 2x_1^{(k+1)} - 8x_3^{(k)}}{10}$$

$$x_3^{(k+1)} = \frac{30 - 7x_1^{(k+1)} - x_2^{(k+1)}}{10}$$

p 1ª: Para $X^0 = [0,7; -1,6; 0,6]^T$ e $\varepsilon = 10^{-2}$

$$X_1^{(1)} = \frac{10 - (-1,6) + 0,6}{10} = 1,22$$

$$X_2^{(1)} = \frac{20 - (2 \cdot 1,22) - (8 \cdot 0,6)}{10} = \frac{20 - 2,44 - 4,8}{10} = 1,276$$

$$X_3^{(1)} = \frac{30 - (7 \cdot 1,22) - 1,276}{10} = \frac{30 - 8,54 - 1,276}{10} = 2,0184$$

calculando a distância relativa:

$$D_n = \frac{\|X^{(1)} - X^{(0)}\|_\infty}{\|X^{(1)}\|_\infty} =$$

$$X^{(1)} - X^{(0)} = \begin{bmatrix} 1,22 - 0,7 \\ 1,276 + 1,6 \\ 2,0184 - 0,6 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 0,52 \\ 2,876 \\ 1,4184 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\|X^{(1)} - X^{(0)}\|_\infty = \max(0,52; 2,876; 1,4184) = 2,876$$

$$\|X^{(1)}\|_\infty = \max(1,22; 1,276; 2,0184) = 2,0184$$

$$D_n = \frac{2,876}{2,0184} \approx 1,425 > 10^{-2} \text{ continua a iteração}$$

Para $X^{(1)} = [1,22 ; 1,276 ; 2,0184]^T$

$$X_1^{(2)} = \frac{10 - (1,276) + 2,0184}{10} = 1,07424$$

$$X_2^{(2)} = \frac{20 - (2 \cdot 1,07424) - (8 \cdot 2,0184)}{10} = 0,170432$$

$$X_3^{(2)} = \frac{30 - (7 \cdot 1,07424) - 0,170432}{10} = 2,2309888$$

$$D_n = \frac{\|X^{(2)} - X^{(1)}\|_{\infty}}{\|X^{(2)}\|_{\infty}} ; \quad X^{(2)} - X^{(1)} = \begin{bmatrix} 1,07424 - 1,22 \\ 0,170432 - 1,276 \\ 2,2309888 - 2,0184 \end{bmatrix} =$$

$$\|X^{(2)} - X^{(1)}\|_{\infty} = 1,105568$$

$$\|X^{(2)}\|_{\infty} = 2,2309888$$

$$D_n = \frac{1,105568}{2,2309888} \approx 0,495 > 10^{-2}$$

continua
a iteração

$$\begin{bmatrix} -0,14576 \\ -1,105568 \\ 0,2125888 \end{bmatrix}$$

3^a. Para $X^{(2)} = [1,07424 ; 0,170432 ; 2,2309888]^T$

$$X_1^{(3)} = \frac{10 - 0,170432 + 2,2309888}{10} = 1,20605568$$

$$X_2^{(3)} = \frac{20 - (2 \cdot 1,20605568) - (8 \cdot 2,2309988)}{10} = -0,026002176$$

$$X_3^{(3)} = \frac{30 - (7 \cdot 1,20605568) - (-0,026002176)}{40} = 3,844638758$$

$$D_n = \frac{\|X^{(3)} - X^{(2)}\|_{\infty}}{\|X^{(3)}\|_{\infty}}$$

$$X^{(3)} - X^{(2)} = \begin{bmatrix} 1,20605568 - 1,07424 \\ -0,026002176 - 0,170432 \\ 3,844638758 - 2,2309988 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 0,13181568 \\ -0,196434176 \\ 1,610649958 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\|X^{(3)} - X^{(2)}\|_{\infty} = 1,610649958$$

$$\|X^{(3)}\|_{\infty} = 3,844638758$$

$$D_n = \frac{1,610649958}{3,844638758} \approx 0,419 > 10^{-2} \text{ continua a itera\c{c}\~ao.}$$

4ª:

$$\text{para } X_0^{(3)} = [1,20605568; -0,026002176; 3,844638758]$$

$$X_1^{(4)} = \frac{10 - (-0,026002176) + 3,844638758}{10} = 1,386764093$$

$$X_2^{(4)} = \frac{20 - (2 \cdot 1,386764093) - (8 \cdot 3,844638758)}{10} = -1,350663825$$

$$X_3^{(4)} = \frac{30 - (7 \cdot 1,386764093) - (-1,350663825)}{10} = 2,164331517$$

$$D_n = \frac{\|X^{(4)} - X^{(3)}\|_\infty}{\|X^{(4)}\|_\infty}$$

$$X^{(4)} - X^{(3)} = \begin{bmatrix} 1,386764093 - 1,20605568 \\ -1,350663825 + 0,026002176 \\ 2,164331517 - 3,841638758 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 0,180708413 \\ -1,324661649 \\ -1,677307241 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\|X^{(4)} - X^{(3)}\|_\infty = 1,677307241$$

$$\|X^{(4)}\|_\infty = 2,164331517$$

$$D_n = \frac{2,164331517 - 1,677307241}{2,164331517} \approx 0,224 > 10^{-2}$$

$$5^\circ: X_1^{(5)} = \frac{10 - (-1,350663825) + 2,164331517}{10}$$

$$= 1,348499534$$

$$X_2^{(5)} = \frac{20 - (2 \cdot 1,348499534) - (8 \cdot 2,164331517)}{10}$$

$$= -0,0011651204$$

$$X_3^{(5)} = \frac{30 - (7 \cdot 1,348499534) - (-0,0011651204)}{10}$$

$$= 2,056166838$$

$$D_1 = \frac{\|X^{(5)} - X^{(4)}\|_{\infty}}{\|X^{(5)}\|_{\infty}} =$$

$$X^{(5)} - X^{(4)} = \begin{bmatrix} 1,348499534 - 1,386764093 \\ -0,0011651204 + 1,350663825 \\ 2,056166838 - 2,164331517 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} -0,038264559 \\ 1,349498705 \\ -0,108164679 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\|X^{(5)} - X^{(4)}\|_{\infty} = 1,349498705$$

$$\|X^{(5)}\|_{\infty} = 2,056166838$$

$$D_1 = \frac{1,349498705}{2,056166838} \approx 0,656 > 10^{-2}$$

$$6^a: \text{ Para } X^{(5)} = [-1,348499534; -0,0011651204; 2,056166838]^T$$

$$X_1^{(6)} = \frac{10 - (-0,0011651204) + 2,056166838}{10}$$

$$= 1,205733196$$

$$X_2^{(6)} = \frac{20 - (2 \cdot 1,205733196) - (8 \cdot 2,056166838)}{10}$$

$$= 0,11391989$$

$$X_3^{(6)} = \frac{30 - (7 \cdot 1,205733196) - 0,11391989}{10}$$

$$= 2,144594774$$

$$D_n = \frac{\|X^{(6)} - X^{(5)}\|_{\infty}}{\|X^{(6)}\|_{\infty}}$$

$$X^{(6)} - X^{(5)} = \begin{bmatrix} 1,205733196 - 1,348999539 \\ 0,11391989 + 0,0011651204 \\ 2,144594774 - 2,056166838 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} -0,142766338 \\ 0,11508501 \\ 0,088427936 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\|X^{(6)} - X^{(5)}\|_{\infty} = 0,142766338$$

$$\|X^{(6)}\|_{\infty} = 2,144594774$$

$$D_n = \frac{0,142766338}{2,144594774} \approx 0,0666 \rightarrow 10^{-2}$$

$$7^a: \text{ Para } X^{(6)} = [1,205733196; 0,11391989; 2,144594774]$$

$$X_1^{(7)} = \frac{10 - 0,11391989 + 2,144594774}{10} = 1,203067488$$

$$X_2^{(7)} = \frac{20 - (2 \cdot 1,203067488) - (8 \cdot 2,144594774)}{10}$$

$$= 0,043710693$$

$$X_3^{(7)} = \frac{30 - (7 \cdot 1,203067488) - 0,043710693}{10}$$

$$= 2,15348169$$

$$D_1 = \frac{\|X^{(7)} - X^{(6)}\|_{\infty}}{\|X^{(7)}\|_{\infty}}$$

$$X^{(7)} - X^{(6)} = \begin{bmatrix} 1,203067488 - 1,205733196 \\ 0,043710683 - 0,11391989 \\ 2,15348169 - 2,144594774 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} -0,002665708 \\ -0,070209207 \\ 0,008886916 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\|X^{(7)} - X^{(6)}\|_{\infty} = 0,070209207$$

$$\|X^{(7)}\|_{\infty} = 2,15348169$$

$$D_1 = \frac{0,070209207}{2,15348169} \approx 0,0326 > 10^{-2}$$

$$8^a: \text{ Para } X^{(7)} = [1,203067488; 0,043710683; 2,15348169]^T$$

$$x_1^{(8)} = \frac{10 - 0,043710683 + 2,15348169}{10} = 1,210977101$$

$$x_2^{(8)} = \frac{20 - (2 \cdot 1,210977101) - (8 \cdot 2,15348169)}{10}$$

$$= 0,035019227$$

$$x_3^{(8)} = \frac{30 - (7 \cdot 1,210977101) - 0,035019227}{10}$$

$$= 2,149814107$$

$$D_n = \frac{\|X^{(8)} - X^{(7)}\|_{\infty}}{\|X^{(8)}\|_{\infty}}$$

$$X^{(8)} - X^{(7)} = \begin{bmatrix} 1,210977101 - 1,203067488 \\ 0,035019227 - 0,043710683 \\ 2,148814107 - 2,15398169 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 0,007909613 \\ -0,008691456 \\ -0,004667583 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\|X^{(8)} - X^{(7)}\|_{\infty} = 0,008691456$$

$$\|X^{(8)}\|_{\infty} = 2,148814107$$

$$D_n = \frac{0,008691456}{2,148814107} \approx 0,00405 < 10^{-2} //$$

Portanto

$$S: \begin{cases} x_1 \approx 1,210977101 \\ x_2 \approx 0,035019227 \\ x_3 \approx 2,148814107 // \end{cases}$$

