Simple Model By Hand

```
In [126]:
           1 import pandas as pd
           pd.set_option("max_colwidth", None)
           4 import pycaret
           5 import numpy as np
           6 import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
           7 from pycaret.classification import *
           8 | from sklearn.model_selection import train_test_split
           9 from sklearn.metrics import accuracy_score
           10
           11 from functions.homebrew import *
           12 import numpy as np
          13 import pandas as pd
          14
          15 | from sklearn.linear_model import LogisticRegression
          16 | from sklearn.discriminant_analysis import LinearDiscriminantAnalysis as LDA, QuadraticDiscriminantAnalysis as QDA
          17 from sklearn.naive_bayes import GaussianNB
           18 from sklearn.neighbors import KNeighborsClassifier
           19 from sklearn.preprocessing import StandardScaler
           20 from sklearn.model_selection import train_test_split, cross_val_score
           21 from sklearn.metrics import accuracy_score
           22 from tadm import tadm
           23 from itertools import combinations
           24 import pickle
          25 import os
           27 # If you're using statsmodels or ISLP for specific tasks, keep these imports
           28 import statsmodels.api as sm
           29 # Assuming ISLP and homebrew are custom modules specific to your project
           30 from ISLP import load_data, confusion_table
           31 from ISLP.models import ModelSpec as MS, summarize, contrast
           32 import statsmodels.api as sm
           33 from scipy import stats
```

Helper Functions

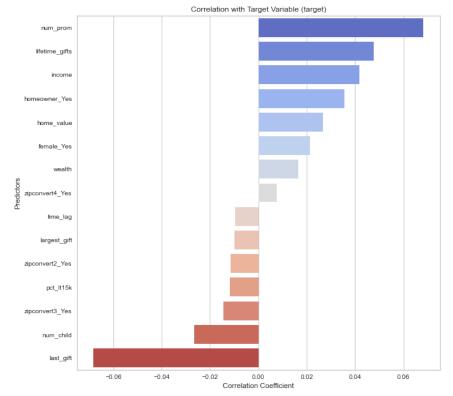
```
In [127]:
            1 def convert_confusion_matrix(df, name):
            3
                    Converts a confusion matrix dataframe into a format with columns for model name, TP, TN, FP, FN.
            4
            5
                    df (pd.DataFrame): Confusion matrix dataframe with multi-index (Truth, Predicted) and columns [0, 1].
             6
            9
                    pd.DataFrame: Reformatted dataframe with model evaluation metrics.
           10
                    # Extracting the values from the confusion matrix
           11
           12
                    tn, fp, fn, tp = df.iloc[0, 0], df.iloc[0, 1], df.iloc[1, 0], df.iloc[1, 1]
           13
                    acc = (tp + tn) / (tp + tn + fp + fn)
                    prec = tp / (tp + fp)
           14
                   recall = tp / (tp + fn)
f1 = 2 * ((prec * recall)/(prec + recall))
           15
           16
                    # Creating a new dataframe with the desired format
           17
                    metrics_df = pd.DataFrame({
           18
                        "name": name,
           19
                        "tp": [tp],
           20
                        "tn": [tn],
           21
           22
                        "fp": [fp],
           23
                        "fn": [fn],
                        'acc': acc,
           24
                        'prec': prec,
'recall': recall,
           25
           26
                        'f1': f1
           27
           28
                   })
           29
           30
                    return metrics_df
In [128]:
            1 def format_results(df):
                    df = np.where(df == 1, 'Donor', 'No Donor')
             3
                    return df
```

LOAD DATA

```
In [140]: 1 df = pd.read_csv('./data/df.csv').drop('Unnamed: 0', axis=1)
```

VIF

```
In [142]:
            dummies = pd.get_dummies(df, drop_first=True)
            kept, removed = remove_high_vif_features(X=dummies.drop('target_No Donor', axis=1), y=dummies['target_No Donor'], vif_threshol
            4 print('REMOVED:', removed)
          REMOVED: ['avg_fam_inc', 'months_since_donate', 'zipconvert5_Yes', 'med_fam_inc', 'avg_gift']
In [144]: 1 kept['target'] = (df['target'] == 'Donor').astype(int)
In [145]:
            1 train = kept[kept['type_train'] ==1]
            2 dev = kept[(kept['type_test'] == 0) & (kept['type_train'] == 0)]
            3 test = kept[kept['type_test'] ==1]
In [154]:
            1 # for data in [train, dev, test]:
                     data.drop('type_train', inplace = True, axis = 1)
data.drop('type_test', inplace = True, axis = 1)
            4 test = test.drop('target',axis = 1)
In [174]:
            1 def cor_bars(df):
                   corr = df.corr()
            3
                   # Isolating the column that represents the correlation with the target variable
                   target_corr = corr['target'].sort_values(ascending=False)
            6
                   # Removing the target variable from itself to avoid a perfect correlation display
                   target_corr = target_corr.drop(labels=['target'])
            8
                   # Plotting the correlations for visual representation
           10
                   plt.figure(figsize=(10, 10))
           11
                   sns.barplot(x=target_corr.values, y=target_corr.index, palette='coolwarm')
           12
                   plt.title('Correlation with Target Variable (target)')
                   plt.xlabel('Correlation Coefficient')
           13
           14
                   plt.ylabel('Predictors')
           15
                   plt.show()
           16 cor_bars(train)
```



Logistic Regression

```
In [155]:
           1 for col in kept.columns:
           2
                  print(col)
          num child
          income
          wealth
          home_value
          pct_lt15k
          num_prom
          lifetime_gifts
          largest gift
          last_gift
          time_lag
          zipconvert2_Yes
          zipconvert3_Yes
          zipconvert4_Yes
          homeowner_Yes
          female_Yes
          type_test
          type_train
          target
In [156]: 1 results df = pd.DataFrame()
In [157]:
           1 # Selecting features and target variable for training data
            2 X_train = train.drop(['target'], axis =1 )
            3 y_train = train['target']
           4 X_test = dev.drop(['target'], axis = 1)
            5 y_test = dev['target']
             # Fitting Logistic regression model
           8 glm = sm.GLM(y_train, X_train, family=sm.families.Binomial())
             glm = glm.fit()
          10
          11 | # Summarizing results
          12 # print(results.summary())
           1 log_preds = (glm.predict(X_test) >= 0.5).astype(int)
In [158]:
           2 log_acc = accuracy_score(log_preds, y_test)
           3 print(log_acc)
           4
           5 d = confusion_table(log_preds,y_test)
           6 results_df = pd.concat([results_df,convert_confusion_matrix(d, 'Logistic Regression')])
           8 log_test_preds = (glm.predict(test) >= 0.5).astype(int)
           9 log_test_preds = format_results(log_test_preds)
          10
          11 | save_df = pd.DataFrame(log_test_preds, columns=['values'])
          12 save_df.to_csv('./preds/log.csv', index=False)
          0.53
          LDA
```

0.5483333333333333

QDA.

0.49

KNN

```
In [161]: 1 df['type']
Out[161]: 0
                  train
                  train
          2
                    dev
                  train
          3
          4
                  train
          3115
                   test
          3116
                   test
          3117
                   test
          3118
                   test
          3119
                   test
          Name: type, Length: 3120, dtype: object
In [162]:
           1 knn1 = KNeighborsClassifier(n_neighbors=1)
            2 knn1.fit(X_train, y_train)
           3 knn1_pred = knn1.predict(X_test)
           4 knn1_acc = accuracy_score(knn1_pred,y_test)
           6 print(knn1_acc)
           8 d = confusion_table(knn1_pred, y_test)
           9 | results_df = pd.concat([results_df,convert_confusion_matrix(d, 'KNN')])
           10
          11 knn1_test_preds = (knn1.predict(test) >= 0.5).astype(int)
          12 knn1_test_preds = format_results(knn1_test_preds)
          13
          save_df = pd.DataFrame(knn1_test_preds, columns=['values'])
          15 save_df.to_csv('./preds/knn1.csv', index=False)
```

0.501666666666667

NB

```
In [163]:
          1 nb = GaussianNB()
           3 nb_preds = nb.predict(X_test)
           4 nb_acc = accuracy_score(nb_preds,y_test)
           6 print(nb_acc)
           7 save_df = pd.DataFrame(nb_preds, columns=['values'])
           8 save_df.to_csv('./preds/nb.csv', index=False)
          10 d = confusion_table(nb_preds, y_test)
          11 results_df = pd.concat([results_df,convert_confusion_matrix(d, 'Naïve Bayes')])
          12
          13 nb_test_preds = (nb.predict(test) >= 0.5).astype(int)
          14 | nb_test_preds = format_results(nb_test_preds)
          15
          save_df = pd.DataFrame(nb_test_preds, columns=['values'])
          17 save_df.to_csv('./preds/nb.csv', index=False)
```

0.501666666666667

```
In [1]: 1 # results_df
```

```
In [168]:
           1 test_acc = { # these are from running on the website
                   'log': 0.5333333,
                   'lda': 0.5583333,
            4
                   'qda': 0.525,
            5
                   'knn': 0.475,
            6
7 }
                   'nb': 0.5166667,
In [169]: 1 results_df['test_acc'] = test_acc.values()
In [170]: 1 results_df
Out[170]:
                       name tp tn fp fn
                                                  acc
                                                         prec
                                                                recall
                                                                           f1 test_acc
           0 Logistic Regression 167 151 145 137 0.530000 0.535256 0.549342 0.542208 0.533333
                        LDA 163 166 149 122 0.548333 0.522436 0.571930 0.546064 0.558333
                       QDA 26 268 286 20 0.490000 0.083333 0.565217 0.145251 0.525000
                        KNN 148 153 164 135 0.501667 0.474359 0.522968 0.497479 0.475000
```

Naïve Bayes 38 263 274 25 0.501667 0.121795 0.603175 0.202667 0.516667