

AND 444 ✓
BUS 343 Dirty Derivatives Problems

— LOTS OF
CHAIN RULE
PRODUCT RULE
QUOTIENT RULE

Find the partial derivatives to the following problems with respect to x.

1. $f(x,y) = x^3 y^2 \cdot \cos(e^{x^2 y^3})$

2. $f(x,y) = \frac{7}{3} [\sin(\ln(x^4 y^2)) \cdot e^{xy^3}]^3$

3. $f(x,y) = \ln(\ln(x^4 y \cdot e^{x^5 y^3}))$

4. $f(x,y) = 5 [\sin(\sin(x^5 y^4 \cdot \sin(x)))]^3$

5. $f(x,y,z) = e^{x^2 y^2 z^2} \cdot \cos(\ln(x^3 y^2 z^2))$

6. $f(x,y) = 6 [\ln(3x^2 y) \cdot \sin(4 \frac{1}{y} x^3)]^4$

NOTE: ONE OF THE SIX SOLUTIONS HAS A MISTAKE... CAN YOU FIND IT?

BUS 343 Dirty Derivatives Problems - Answers

Find the partial derivatives to the following problems with respect to x.

1. $f(x,y) = x^3 y^2 \cdot \cos(e^{x^2 y^3})$

$$g(x,y) = x^3 y^2$$

$$h(i) = \cos(i)$$

$$i(j) = e^j$$

$$j(x,y) = x^2 y^3$$

$$f(x,y) = \underbrace{g(x,y)}_{\text{PRODUCT RULE}} \cdot \underbrace{h(i(j(x,y)))}_{\text{CHAIN RULE}}$$

NOW EVALUATE:

$$\frac{df}{dx} = g \cdot \frac{dh}{di} + h \cdot \frac{dg}{dx} = g \cdot \frac{dh}{di} \cdot \frac{di}{dj} \cdot \frac{dj}{dx} + h \cdot \frac{dg}{dx}$$

SUB IN FORMULAS + X AND Y

$$\frac{df}{dx} = f(x,y)_x = x^3 y^2 \cdot (-\sin(e^{x^2 y^3})) \cdot (e^{x^2 y^3}) + \cos(e^{x^2 y^3}) \cdot 3x^2 y^2$$

$$2. f(x,y) = \frac{7}{3} [\sin(\ln(x^4 y^2)) \cdot e^{xy^3}]^3$$

$$f(x,y) = g(\underbrace{h(i(j(x,y)))}_{\text{PRODUCT RULE}} \cdot \underbrace{k(m(x,y))}_{\text{CHAIN RULE}})$$

$$j(x,y) = x^4 y^2$$

$$i(j) = \ln(j)$$

$$h(i) = \sin(i)$$

$$m(x,y) = xy^3$$

$$k(m) = e^m$$

$$g(h,k) = \frac{7}{3} [h \cdot k]^3$$

NOW EVALUATE:

$$\frac{df}{dx} = 7[h \cdot k]^2 \cdot \left[h \cdot \frac{dk}{dm} \cdot \frac{dm}{dx} + k \cdot \frac{dh}{di} \cdot \frac{di}{dj} \cdot \frac{dj}{dx} \right]$$

NOW SUB IN X AND Y:

$$f(x,y)_x = \frac{df}{dx} =$$

$$= 7[\sin(\ln(x^4 y^2)) \cdot e^{xy^3}]^2 \cdot [\sin(\ln(x^4 y^2)) \cdot e^{xy^3} \cdot y^3 + e^{xy^3} \cdot \cos(\ln(x^4 y^2)) \cdot \frac{1}{x^4 y^2} \cdot 4x^3 y^2]$$

$$3. f(x,y) = \ln(\ln(x^4y \cdot e^{x^5y^3}))$$

$$g(x,y) = x^4y$$

$$j(i,g) = \ln(g \cdot i)$$

$$h(x,y) = x^5y^3$$

$$k(j) = \ln(j)$$

$$i(h) = e^h$$

~~$$f(x,y) = \ln(\ln(x^4y \cdot e^{x^5y^3}))$$~~

~~$$f(x,y) = \ln(\ln(x^4y \cdot e^{x^5y^3}))$$~~

$$f(x,y) = k(j(g(x,y) \cdot i(h(x,y))))$$

$\xleftarrow{\text{CHAIN RULE}} \quad \xleftarrow{\text{CHAIN RULE}} \quad \xleftarrow{\text{PRODUCT RULE}}$

NOW EVALUATE:

$$\begin{aligned} \frac{df}{dx} &= \frac{df}{dk} \cdot \frac{dk}{dj} \cdot \frac{dj}{dx} = \frac{df}{dk} \cdot \frac{dk}{dj} \cdot \left(g \cdot \frac{di}{dh} \cdot \frac{dh}{dx} + i \cdot \frac{dg}{dx} \right) \\ &= \frac{1}{j} \cdot \frac{1}{g \cdot i} \cdot (g \cdot e^h \cdot 5x^4y^3 + e^h \cdot 4x^3y) \end{aligned}$$

SUBSTITUTE IN X AND Y:

$$\begin{aligned} &= \frac{1}{\ln(x^4y \cdot e^{x^5y^3})} \cdot \frac{1}{x^4y \cdot e^{x^5y^3}} \cdot (x^4y \cdot e^{x^5y^3} \cdot 5x^4y^3 + e^{x^5y^3} \cdot 4x^3y) \\ &= \frac{x^4y \cdot e^{x^5y^3} \cdot 5x^4y^3 + e^{x^5y^3} \cdot 4x^3y}{\ln(x^4y \cdot e^{x^5y^3}) \cdot x^4y \cdot e^{x^5y^3}} \end{aligned}$$

$$4. f(x,y) = 5[\sin(\sin(x^5y^4 \cdot \sin(x)))^3]$$

$$f(g) = 5g^3$$

$$i(j,k) = j \cdot k$$

$$g(h) = \sin(h)$$

$$j(x,y) = x^5y^4$$

$$h(i) = \sin(i)$$

$$K(x) = \sin(x)$$

$$f(x,y) = g(\underbrace{h(\underbrace{j(x,y) \cdot K(x)}_{\text{PRODUCT RULE}})}_{\text{CHAIN RULE}})$$

NOW EVALUATE:

$$\frac{df}{dx} = \frac{df}{dg} \cdot \frac{dg}{dh} \cdot \frac{dh}{di} \cdot \frac{di}{dx} = \frac{df}{dg} \cdot \frac{dg}{dh} \cdot \frac{dh}{di} \cdot \left(j \cdot \frac{dK}{dx} + K \cdot \frac{dj}{dx} \right)$$

$$= 15[\sin(\sin(x^5y^4 \cdot \sin x))]^2 \cdot \cos(\sin(x^5y^4 \cdot \sin x)) \\ \cdot \cos(x^5y^4 \cdot \sin x) \\ \cdot (x^5y^4 \cos x + 5x^4y^4 \sin x)$$

$$5. f(x, y, z) = e^{x^2 y^2 z^2} \cdot \cos(\ln(x^3 y^2 z^2))$$

$$f(h, i) = h \cdot i \quad i(k) = \cos(k)$$

$$h(j) = e^j \quad k(g) = \ln(g)$$

$$j(x, y, z) = x^2 y^2 z^2 \quad g(x, y, z) = x^3 y^2 z^2$$

$$f(x, y, z) = f(h(j(x, y, z)) \cdot i(k(g(x, y, z))))$$

NOW EVALUATE:

$$\begin{aligned} \frac{df}{dx} &= h \cdot \frac{di}{dk} \cdot \frac{dk}{dg} \cdot \frac{dg}{dx} + i \cdot \frac{dh}{dj} \cdot \frac{dj}{dx} \\ &= e^{x^2 y^2 z^2} \cdot (-\sin(\ln(x^3 y^2 z^2))) \cdot \frac{1}{x^3 y^2 z^2} \cdot 3x^2 y^2 z^2 \\ &\quad + \cos(\ln(x^3 y^2 z^2)) \cdot e^{x^2 y^2 z^2} \cdot 2xy^2 z^2 \end{aligned}$$

$$6. f(x,y) = 6 \left[\ln(3x^2y) \cdot \sin\left(4\frac{1}{y}x^3\right) \right]^4$$

$$g(x,y) = 3x^2y \quad j(i) = \sin(i)$$

$$h(g) = \ln(g)$$

$$K(h,j) = h \cdot j$$

$$i(x,y) = 4\frac{1}{y}x^3$$

$$f(K) = 6K^4$$

$$f(x,y) = \overbrace{K \left(\underbrace{h(g(x,y))}_{\text{CHAIN RULE}} \cdot \underbrace{j(i(x,y))}_{\text{CHAIN RULE}} \right)}^{\text{PRODUCT RULE}}$$

NOW EVALUATE

$$\begin{aligned} \frac{df}{dx} &= \frac{df}{dK} \cdot \left[h \cdot \frac{dj}{di} + j \frac{dh}{dg} \right] = \frac{df}{dK} \cdot \left[h \cdot \frac{dj}{di} \cdot \frac{di}{dx} + j \frac{dh}{dg} \cdot \frac{dg}{dx} \right] \\ &= 24K^3 \left[h \cdot \cos(i) \cdot 12\frac{1}{y}x^2 + j \cdot \left(\frac{1}{y}\right) \cdot 6xy \right] \end{aligned}$$

SUBSTITUTE IN X AND Y:

$$\begin{aligned} \frac{df}{dx} &= 24 \left[\ln(3x^2y) \cdot \sin\left(4\frac{1}{y}x^3\right) \right]^3 \cdot \\ &\quad \left[\ln(3x^2y) \cdot \cos\left(4\frac{1}{y}x^3\right) \cdot 12\frac{1}{y}x^2 + \sin\left(4\frac{1}{y}x^3\right) \cdot \frac{1}{3x^2y} \cdot 6xy \right] \end{aligned}$$

