

## 1. Wizard People Dear Reader?

A = she's a witch

B = not receiving a letter

$$P(A) = 0.75$$

$$P(!A) = 1 - P(A) = 0.25$$

$$P(B|A) = 0.03$$

$$P(B|!A) = 0.99$$

P(B) is not given so we must solve for it

$$P(B) = P(B|A)P(A) + P(B|!A)P(!A)$$

$$= 0.03 \cdot 0.75 + 0.99 \cdot 0.25$$

$$= 0.0225 + 0.2475$$

$$= 0.27$$

$$P(A|B) = \frac{P(A) \cdot P(B|A)}{P(B)} = \frac{0.75 \cdot 0.03}{0.27} = 0.0833 = 8.33\%$$

$$P(A|B) = 0.0833$$

## 2. Chocolate Frogs

$$\text{Amount of frogs to buy: } \frac{30}{30} + \frac{30}{29} + \frac{30}{28} + \dots + \frac{30}{1}$$

$$E(x) = \sum_{n=0}^{29} \frac{30}{(30-n)} = 119.849614 \approx 120$$

↑ hermione cannot buy a fraction of a frog

## 3. Hat Problem

S = Slytherin

E = Evil

P(S) is not given so we must solve for it

$$P(S) = P(S|E)P(E) + P(S|!E) \cdot P(!E)$$

$$= 1.00 \cdot 0.10 + 0.20 \cdot 0.90$$

$$= 0.28$$

$$P(S|E) = 1.00$$

$$P(S|!E) = 0.2$$

$$P(E) = 0.10$$

$$P(!E) = 0.90$$

$$P(E|S) = \frac{P(E) \cdot P(S|E)}{P(S)} = \frac{0.10 \cdot 1.00}{0.28} = 0.3571 = 35.71\%$$

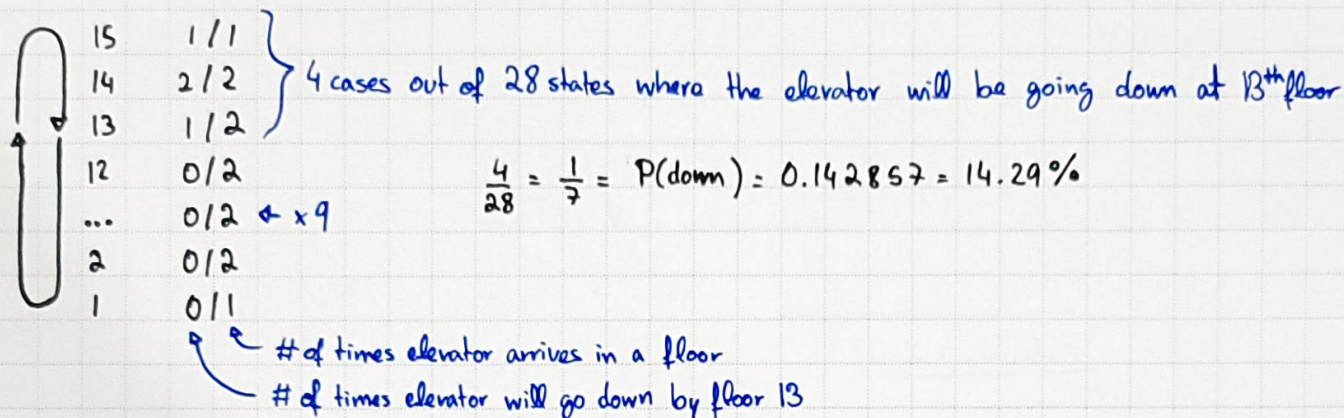
$$P(E|S) = 0.3571$$



## 4. Dumblevator

Assumptions: At 1st floor elevator always goes up  
 " 15th " " " " down.

At any moment the elevator is equally likely to be in any floor going either direction

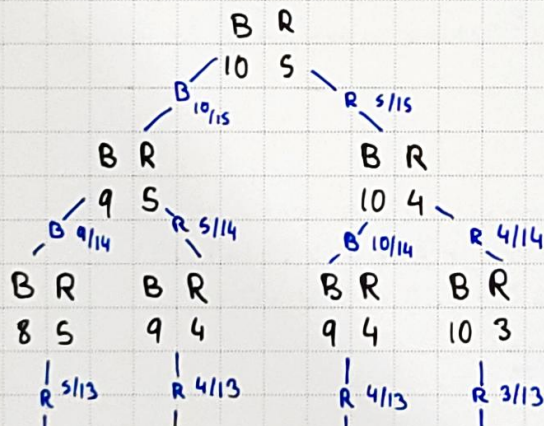


$$P(\text{down}) = 0.142857$$

## 5. Urn While You Learn

$$B = 10$$

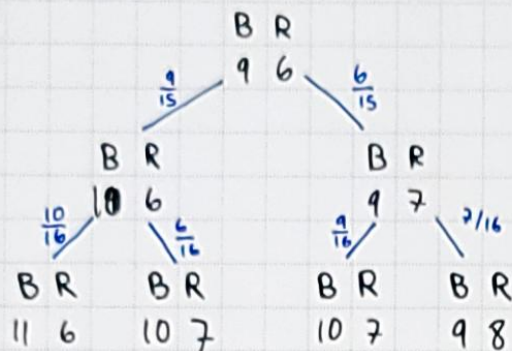
$$R = 5$$



$$\left(\frac{5}{13} \cdot \frac{9}{14} \cdot \frac{10}{15}\right) + \left(\frac{4}{13} \cdot \frac{5}{14} \cdot \frac{10}{15}\right) + \left(\frac{4}{13} \cdot \frac{10}{14} \cdot \frac{5}{15}\right) + \left(\frac{3}{13} \cdot \frac{4}{14} \cdot \frac{5}{15}\right) = 0.\overline{33} = 33.33\%$$

$$P(\text{3rd draw is red}) = 0.\overline{33}$$

## 6. Pólya's Urn



$$B = 11\left(\frac{10}{16} \cdot \frac{9}{15}\right) + 10\left(\frac{6}{16} \cdot \frac{9}{15}\right) + 10\left(\frac{9}{16} \cdot \frac{6}{15}\right) + 9\left(\frac{7}{16} \cdot \frac{6}{15}\right) = 10.2$$

$$R = 6\left(\frac{10}{16} \cdot \frac{9}{15}\right) + 7\left(\frac{6}{16} \cdot \frac{9}{15}\right) + 7\left(\frac{9}{16} \cdot \frac{6}{15}\right) + 8\left(\frac{7}{16} \cdot \frac{6}{15}\right) = 6.8$$

$$E[\text{Red}] = 6.8$$

$$E[\text{Blue}] = 10.2$$

→ Expected values of Red and Blue balls.

## 7. Arithmancy

$$p(x) = \frac{1}{n} \rightarrow \text{each outcome is equally likely}$$

$$E[X] = \sum_x x \cdot p(x) = \frac{1}{n} + \frac{2}{n} + \frac{3}{n} + \dots + \frac{n}{n}$$

$$= \frac{1}{n} (1 + 2 + 3 + \dots + n) \rightarrow \sum_{k=1}^n k = \frac{n(n+1)}{2}$$

$$= \frac{1}{n} \cdot \frac{n(n+1)}{2} = \frac{n+1}{2}$$

$$E[X] = \frac{n+1}{2}$$

## 8. Birthday Attack

$$P(n \text{ students are born in different days}) = \frac{365-0}{365} \cdot \frac{365-1}{365} \cdot \frac{365-2}{365} \cdot \dots \cdot \frac{365-n}{365}$$

using python script:

total = 1

for x in range 40:

total \*= (365-x)/365

print total

> 0.108768

The probability no students in Hermione's 40-person classroom share a birthday is of 0.108768 or 10.87%.