Machine Learning from Data: Homework 3 - Probabilities

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Question 1

Given a random sample $\{x_1, x_2, ..., x_n\}$, derive the maximum likelihood estimator \hat{p} of the Binomial distribution.

$$B(x,p) = \binom{n}{x} p^x (1-p)^{n-x}$$

We first want to calculate the likelihood:

$$L = P(x_1, ...x_n \mid p) = \prod_{i=1}^n P(x_i \mid p)$$

$$= \prod_{i=1}^n \binom{n}{x_i} p^{x_i} (1-p)^{1-x_i}$$

$$= \prod_{i=1}^n p^{x_i} (1-p)^{1-x_i} \prod_{i=1}^n \binom{n}{x_i}$$

$$= p^{\sum_{i=1}^n x_i} (1-p)^{n-\sum_{i=1}^n x_i} \prod_{i=1}^n \binom{n}{x_i}$$

From the likelihood we calculate the log-likelihood:

$$ln(L) = ln(p^{\sum_{i=1}^{n} x_i} (1-p)^{n-\sum_{i=1}^{n} x_i} \prod_{i=1}^{n} \binom{n}{x_i})$$

$$= ln(p^{\sum_{i=1}^{n} x_i}) + ln((1-p)^{n-\sum_{i=1}^{n} x_i}) + ln(\prod_{i=1}^{n} \binom{n}{x_i})$$

$$= ln(p) \sum_{i=1}^{n} x_i + ln(1-p)(n-\sum_{i=1}^{n} x_i) + \sum_{i=1}^{n} ln(\binom{n}{x_i})$$

We will take the derivative in respect to p our given value:

$$\frac{\partial [ln(L)]}{\partial p} = \frac{\partial [ln(p)\sum_{i=1}^{n} x_i]}{\partial p} + \frac{\partial [ln(1-p)(n-\sum_{i=1}^{n} x_i)]}{\partial p}$$
$$= \frac{\sum_{i=1}^{n} x_i}{p} - \frac{(n-\sum_{i=1}^{n} x_i)}{1-p}$$

To find the a maximum we set the derivative to 0 obtaining:

$$\frac{\sum_{i=1}^{n} x_i}{\hat{p}} - \frac{n - \sum_{i=1}^{n} x_i}{1 - \hat{p}} = 0$$

$$(1 - \hat{p}) \sum_{i=1}^{n} x_i - \hat{p}(n - \sum_{i=1}^{n} x_i) = 0$$

$$\sum_{i=1}^{n} x_i - \hat{p} \sum_{i=1}^{n} x_i - \hat{p}n + \hat{p} \sum_{i=1}^{n} x_i = 0$$

$$\sum_{i=1}^{n} x_i - \hat{p}n + = 0$$

$$\hat{p}n = \sum_{i=1}^{n} x_i$$

Thus we obtain:

$$\hat{p} = \frac{\sum_{i=1}^{n} x_i}{n}$$

Question 2

A student wants to know her chances to pass and fail an exam if she studies and if she doesn't study. From last year's results, she sees that P(Pass) = 60%. She also found out that $P(Studied \mid Pass) = 95\%$, $P(Studied \mid Failed) = 60\%$. You can assume that every student either studied or didn't study, and either passed or failed.

$$P(Failed) = 1 - P(Pass) = 1 - 0.6 = 0.4$$

$$P(Studied) = P(Studied \mid Pass)P(Pass) + P(Studied \mid Failed)P(Failed)$$

$$= 0.95 \cdot 0.6 + 0.6 \cdot 0.4 = 0.81$$

$$P(\overline{Studied}) = 1 - P(Studied) = 1 - 0.81 = 0.19$$

$$P(\overline{Studied} \mid Pass) = 1 - P(Studied \mid Pass) = 1 - 0.95 = 0.05,$$

a.

What is her probability of passing the exam if she studies?

$$P(Pass|Studied) = \frac{P(Studied \mid Pass)P(Pass)}{P(Studied)} = \frac{0.95 \cdot 0.6}{0.81} = 0.7037$$

b.

What is her probability of passing if she doesn't study?

$$P(Pass \mid \overline{Studied}) = \frac{P(\overline{Studied} \mid Pass)P(Pass)}{P(\overline{Studied})} = \frac{0.05 \cdot 0.6}{0.19} = 0.1578$$

Question 3

Find 3 random variables X, Y, C such that:

- a) $X \perp Y \mid C$
- b) X and Y are not independent
- c) X, Y are integers such that $3 \le X, Y \le 9$ and C is binary.
- d) The following conditions hold:

i.
$$P(1 \le X, \le 5) = 0.4$$

ii.
$$P(1 \le Y, \le 5) = 0.4$$

iii.
$$P(C=0) = 0.3$$

Z is a random variable with the following distribution:

$$P(Z=2) = \frac{1}{7}$$

$$P(Z=3) = \frac{3}{7}$$

$$P(Z=5) = \frac{3}{7}$$

$$X = ZC + 6$$

$$Y = \lfloor Z(1 - C) \rfloor + 6$$

$$C \sim B(1, 0.7)$$

Question 4

The probability of Wolt arriving on time is 0.75.

a.

What is the probability of having 2 on-time meals in a week (7 days)?

$$X \sim B(7, 0.75)$$

 $P(X = 2) = {7 \choose 2} \cdot 0.75^2 \cdot (1 - 0.75)^{7-2} = {7 \choose 2} \cdot 0.75^2 \cdot 0.25^5 = 21 \cdot 0.5625 \cdot 0.25^5$

b.

0.000976 = 0.01154

What is the probability of having at least 4 on-time meals in a week?

$$P(X \ge 4) = 1 - P(X \le 3) = 1 - 0.07056 = 0.92944$$

c.

A company of 100 employees recorded the number of on-time meals they had during a particular week and averaged their results. What do you expect the value of that average to be?

Let
$$X_i \sim B(7, 0.75)$$
,

$$Y = \sum_{i=1}^{100} X_i \sim B(7 * 100, 0.75)$$

Now we take the average as follows:

$$E(\frac{Y}{100}) \stackrel{linearity}{=} \frac{E(Y)}{100} \stackrel{\text{binomial formula}}{=} \frac{7*100*0.75}{100} = 5.25$$