# Persona

A persona represents a typical fictitious person which is based on perceived knowledge of a real user, an example of the kind of person who would interact with it. The concept of person based on idea - an effective system is designed for a specific person

Unlike the **actor**, a persona is not a role which people play. A persona is different because it describes a typical instance of an actor. In a use case model, Customer is an actor while in persona we would describe several different types of customers from the system's usage perspective.

A typical persona may have following attributes:

## Personal

- Name
- Age
- Location
- Photo
- Brief Bio
- Personality on sliding scales
  - Extrovert and Introvert
  - Data driven and Intuition
  - Thinking and Feeling
  - Judging and Perceiving
  - o Etc.
- Technology Awareness

## Interaction with the system

- Usage pattern with the system Seldom, often, always on
- Understanding of system (as a user): Maestro, OK, Naïve
- Motivations to interact with the system Monetary, fear, emergency, growth, time saving, social interaction, etc.
- Frustrations while interacting with the system: Download speed, age load time, long forms, difficult password, password changes frequently, etc.
- Goals after interaction with the system: Better resume, ease in work, organized accounts, etc.

To identify personas for a system, following steps may be helpful:

# 1. Identify the users

Ref: http://agileanswer.blogspot.com

- a. Questions
  - Who are the users?
  - How many users are there?
  - How do they interact with the system?
- b. Methods Used
  - Quantitative data collection

# 2. Building a hypothesis

- a. Questions
  - What is the difference among various users
- b. Methods Used
  - Grouping of users

## 3. Verifications

- a. Questions
  - Data collection for personas
  - Data collection for situations and scenarios
- Methods Used
  - i. Quantitative data collection

# 4. Finding Patterns

- a. Questions
  - Is initial grouping sufficient?
  - Is there any groups?
  - Are all groups equally important?
- b. Methods Used
  - Categorization

# 5. Constructing Personas

- a. Questions
  - Characteristics of the personas
- b. Methods Used
  - Categorization

## 6. Defining Situations

- a. Questions
  - What are the needs of this persona?
  - What are the situations?
- b. Methods Used
  - Data analysis for situations and needs

## 7. Validation and Buy-in

- a. Questions
  - Do you know someone like this?
- b. Methods Used
  - Review of personas written

## 8. Dissemination of Personas

- a. Questions
  - How personas can be shared with stakeholders?
- b. Methods Used

- Communication
- 9. Creating Scenarios
  - c. Questions
    - In a given scenario, with a given goal, what happens if a persona uses the system?
  - d. Methods Used
    - Narration to create scenario
    - System analysis
- 10. Go to step-1 to create new personas on regular basis (or as and when new knowledge is discovered)

