```
/* USER CODE BEGIN Header */
/* WBBDAN003 and PLLTHI032 Prac 2 code for EEE3096S: Embedded Systems 2*/
/**
* @file : main.c
* @brief: Main program body
*****************************
* @attention
* Copyright (c) 2023 STMicroelectronics.
* All rights reserved.
* This software is licensed under terms that can be found in the LICENSE file
* in the root directory of this software component.
* If no LICENSE file comes with this software, it is provided AS-IS.
/* USER CODE END Header */
/* Includes -----*/
#include "main.h"
/* Private includes -----*/
/* USER CODE BEGIN Includes */
#include <stdint.h>
#include "stm32f0xx.h"
/* USER CODE END Includes */
```

```
/* Private typedef -----*/
/* USER CODE BEGIN PTD */
typedef uint8_t flag_t;
/* USER CODE END PTD */
/* Private define -----*/
/* USER CODE BEGIN PD */
// Definitions for SPI usage
#define MEM_SIZE 8192 // bytes
#define WREN 0b00000110 // enable writing
#define WRDI 0b00000100 // disable writing
#define RDSR 0b00000101 // read status register
#define WRSR 0b00000001 // write status register
#define READ 0b00000011
#define WRITE 0b00000010
//For flag use
#define FALSE 0
#define TRUE 1
/* USER CODE END PD */
```

```
/* Private macro -----*/
/* USER CODE BEGIN PM */
/* USER CODE END PM */
/* Private variables -----*/
TIM_HandleTypeDef htim16;
/* USER CODE BEGIN PV */
// TODO: Define any input variables
static uint8_t patterns[] = {0b101010101, 0b01010101, 0b11001100, 0b00110011, 0b11110000,
0b00001111};
int addressToRead=0;
// Flags to control Push Button Interactions
flag_t PB_Pressed = FALSE;
flag_t PB_Held_Down = FALSE;
/* USER CODE END PV */
/* Private function prototypes -----*/
void SystemClock_Config(void);
static void MX_GPIO_Init(void);
static void MX_TIM16_Init(void);
```

```
/* USER CODE BEGIN PFP */
void EXTIO_1_IRQHandler(void);
void TIM16_IRQHandler(void);
static void init_spi(void);
static void write_to_address(uint16_t address, uint8_t data);
static uint8_t read_from_address(uint16_t address);
static void delay(uint32_t delay_in_us);
void displayPatternLED(uint8_t displayPattern);
void CheckPB(void);
/* USER CODE END PFP */
/* Private user code -----*/
/* USER CODE BEGIN 0 */
// Displays an 8-bit binary number pattern on the 8 LEDs (PB0-PB7)
void displayPatternLED(uint8_t displayPattern){
for (uint8_t j = 0; j < 8; j++){
if (displayPattern & (1 << j)) {</pre>
else {
```

// Checks the GPIO pin connected to the push button and sets the PB_Pressed flag true

```
// if the GPIO pin was pulled low
void checkPB(void) {
if (HAL_GPIO_ReadPin (Button0_GPIO_Port, Button0_Pin) == GPIO_PIN_RESET) {
if (PB_Held_Down == FALSE) {
PB_Pressed = TRUE;
} else PB_Held_Down = FALSE;
// Checks the flags that are set by the push button and executes functions based on combinations of flag
values
void checkFlag(void) {
if ((PB_Pressed == TRUE)&&(PB_Held_Down == FALSE)) {
if (_HAL_TIM_GET_AUTORELOAD(&htim16) == (1000 -1)) {
// TIM16->ARR = 500 - 1; //Alternate option of accessing and setting the ARR register for TIM16
__HAL_TIM_SET_AUTORELOAD(&htim16, (500 - 1));
else {
// TIM16->ARR = 1000 - 1;
__HAL_TIM_SET_AUTORELOAD(&htim16, (1000 - 1));
```

```
PB_Pressed = FALSE;
PB_Held_Down = TRUE;
/* USER CODE END 0 */
* @brief The application entry point.
* @retval int
*/
int main(void)
/* USER CODE BEGIN 1 */
/* USER CODE END 1 */
/* MCU Configuration----*/
/* Reset of all peripherals, Initializes the Flash interface and the Systick. */
/* USER CODE BEGIN Init */
/* USER CODE END Init */
```

```
/* Configure the system clock */
/* USER CODE BEGIN SysInit */
/* USER CODE END SysInit */
/* Initialize all configured peripherals */
/* USER CODE BEGIN 2 */
// TODO: Start timer TIM16
// TODO: Write all "patterns" to EEPROM using SPI
int currentAddress = 0b0;
for (int i = 0; i < sizeof(patterns); i++) {</pre>
currentAddress += 8;
```

```
/* USER CODE END 2 */
/* Infinite loop */
/* USER CODE BEGIN WHILE */
while (1)
/* USER CODE END WHILE */
/* USER CODE BEGIN 3 */
// TODO: Check button PA0; if pressed, change timer delay
// Loops through the fucntions that handle push button interactions
/* USER CODE END 3 */
/**
* @brief System Clock Configuration
* @retval None
void SystemClock_Config(void)
```

```
while(LL_FLASH_GetLatency() != LL_FLASH_LATENCY_0)
/* Wait till HSI is ready */
while(LL_RCC_HSI_IsReady() != 1)
LL_RCC_SetAHBPrescaler(LL_RCC_SYSCLK_DIV_1);
LL_RCC_SetSysClkSource(LL_RCC_SYS_CLKSOURCE_HSI);
/* Wait till System clock is ready */
while(LL_RCC_GetSysClkSource() != LL_RCC_SYS_CLKSOURCE_STATUS_HSI)
/* Update the time base */
if (HAL_InitTick (TICK_INT_PRIORITY) != HAL_OK)
```

```
* @brief TIM16 Initialization Function
* @param None
* @retval None
static void MX_TIM16_Init(void)
/* USER CODE BEGIN TIM16_Init 0 */
/* USER CODE END TIM16_Init 0 */
/* USER CODE BEGIN TIM16_Init 1 */
/* USER CODE END TIM16_Init 1 */
htim16.Init.Prescaler = 8000-1;
htim16.Init.CounterMode = TIM_COUNTERMODE_UP;
htim16.Init.Period = 1000-1;
htim16.Init.ClockDivision = TIM_CLOCKDIVISION_DIV1;
htim16.Init.AutoReloadPreload = TIM_AUTORELOAD_PRELOAD_ENABLE;
```

```
if (HAL_TIM_Base_Init(&htim16) != HAL_OK)
/* USER CODE BEGIN TIM16_Init 2 */
/* USER CODE END TIM16_Init 2 */
* @brief GPIO Initialization Function
* @param None
* @retval None
static void MX_GPIO_Init(void)
LL_EXTI_InitTypeDef EXTI_InitStruct = {0};
LL_GPIO_InitTypeDef GPIO_InitStruct = {0};
/* USER CODE BEGIN MX_GPIO_Init_1 */
/* GPIO Ports Clock Enable */
LL_AHB1_GRP1_EnableClock(LL_AHB1_GRP1_PERIPH_GPIOB);
```

```
/**/
/**/
/**/
/**/
/**/
LL_GPIO_ResetOutputPin(LED4_GPIO_Port, LED4_Pin);
/**/
/**/
LL_GPIO_ResetOutputPin(LED6_GPIO_Port, LED6_Pin);
/**/
LL_GPIO_ResetOutputPin(LED7_GPIO_Port, LED7_Pin);
```

```
/**/
/**/
LL_GPIO_SetPinPull(Button0_GPIO_Port, Button0_Pin, LL_GPIO_PULL_UP);
/**/
LL_GPIO_SetPinMode(Button0_GPIO_Port, Button0_Pin, LL_GPIO_MODE_INPUT);
/**/
EXTI_InitStruct.Mode = LL_EXTI_MODE_IT;
/**/
GPIO_InitStruct.Mode = LL_GPIO_MODE_OUTPUT;
GPIO_InitStruct.Pull = LL_GPIO_PULL_NO;
LL_GPIO_Init(LED0_GPIO_Port, &GPIO_InitStruct);
/**/
```

```
GPIO_InitStruct.Mode = LL_GPIO_MODE_OUTPUT;
GPIO_InitStruct.Pull = LL_GPIO_PULL_NO;
/**/
GPIO_InitStruct.Pull = LL_GPIO_PULL_NO;
LL_GPIO_Init(LED2_GPIO_Port, &GPIO_InitStruct);
/**/
GPIO_InitStruct.Pull = LL_GPIO_PULL_NO;
/**/
GPIO_InitStruct.Pin = LED4_Pin;
GPIO_InitStruct.Mode = LL_GPIO_MODE_OUTPUT;
```

```
GPIO_InitStruct.Pull = LL_GPIO_PULL_NO;
LL_GPIO_Init(LED4_GPIO_Port, &GPIO_InitStruct);
/**/
GPIO_InitStruct.Pull = LL_GPIO_PULL_NO;
/**/
GPIO_InitStruct.Mode = LL_GPIO_MODE_OUTPUT;
GPIO_InitStruct.Pull = LL_GPIO_PULL_NO;
/**/
GPIO_InitStruct.Mode = LL_GPIO_MODE_OUTPUT;
GPIO_InitStruct.Speed = LL_GPIO_SPEED_FREQ_LOW;
GPIO_InitStruct.Pull = LL_GPIO_PULL_NO;
```

```
/* USER CODE BEGIN MX_GPIO_Init_2 */
/* USER CODE END MX_GPIO_Init_2 */
/* USER CODE BEGIN 4 */
// Initialise SPI
static void init_spi(void) {
// Clock to PB
RCC->AHBENR |= RCC_AHBENR_GPIOBEN; // Enable clock for SPI port
// Set pin modes
GPIOB->MODER |= GPIO_MODER_MODER13_1; // Set pin SCK (PB13) to Alternate Function
GPIOB->MODER |= GPIO_MODER_MODER14_1; // Set pin MISO (PB14) to Alternate Function
GPIOB->MODER |= GPIO_MODER_MODER15_1; // Set pin MOSI (PB15) to Alternate Function
GPIOB->MODER |= GPIO_MODER_MODER12_0; // Set pin CS (PB12) to output push-pull
GPIOB->BSRR |= GPIO_BSRR_BS_12; // Pull CS high
// Clock enable to SPI
SPI2->CR1 |= SPI_CR1_BIDIOE; // Enable output
SPI2->CR1 |= (SPI_CR1_BR_0 | SPI_CR1_BR_1); // Set Baud to fpclk / 16
SPI2->CR1 |= SPI_CR1_MSTR; // Set to master mode
```

```
SPI2->CR2 |= SPI_CR2_FRXTH; // Set RX threshold to be 8 bits
SPI2->CR2 |= SPI_CR2_SSOE; // Enable slave output to work in master mode
SPI2->CR2 |= (SPI_CR2_DS_0 | SPI_CR2_DS_1 | SPI_CR2_DS_2); // Set to 8-bit mode
SPI2->CR1 |= SPI_CR1_SPE; // Enable the SPI peripheral
// Implements a delay in microseconds
static void delay(uint32_t delay_in_us) {
volatile uint32_t counter = 0;
delay_in_us *= 3;
for(; counter < delay_in_us; counter++) {</pre>
__asm("nop");
_asm("nop");
// Write to EEPROM address using SPI
static void write_to_address(uint16_t address, uint8_t data) {
uint8_t dummy; // Junk from the DR
// Set the Write Enable latch
GPIOB->BSRR |= GPIO_BSRR_BR_12; // Pull CS low
*((uint8_t^*)(\&SPI2->DR)) = WREN;
while ((SPI2->SR & SPI_SR_RXNE) == 0); // Hang while RX is empty
```

```
GPIOB->BSRR |= GPIO_BSRR_BS_12; // Pull CS high
// Send write instruction
GPIOB->BSRR |= GPIO_BSRR_BR_12; // Pull CS low
*((uint8_t*)(&SPI2->DR)) = WRITE;
while ((SPI2->SR & SPI_SR_RXNE) == 0); // Hang while RX is empty
// Send 16-bit address
*((uint8_t*)(&SPI2->DR)) = (address >> 8); // Address MSB
while ((SPI2->SR & SPI_SR_RXNE) == 0); // Hang while RX is empty
*((uint8_t^*)(\&SPI2->DR)) = (address); // Address LSB
while ((SPI2->SR & SPI_SR_RXNE) == 0); // Hang while RX is empty
// Send the data
*((uint8_t^*)(\&SPI2->DR)) = data;
while ((SPI2->SR & SPI_SR_RXNE) == 0); // Hang while RX is empty
GPIOB->BSRR |= GPIO_BSRR_BS_12; // Pull CS high
```

```
// Read from EEPROM address using SPI
static uint8_t read_from_address(uint16_t address) {
uint8_t dummy; // Junk from the DR
// Send the read instruction
GPIOB->BSRR |= GPIO_BSRR_BR_12; // Pull CS low
*((uint8_t^*)(\&SPI2->DR)) = READ;
while ((SPI2->SR & SPI_SR_RXNE) == 0); // Hang while RX is empty
// Send 16-bit address
*((uint8_t*)(&SPI2->DR)) = (address >> 8); // Address MSB
while ((SPI2->SR & SPI_SR_RXNE) == 0); // Hang while RX is empty
*((uint8_t^*)(\&SPI2->DR)) = (address); // Address LSB
while ((SPI2->SR & SPI_SR_RXNE) == 0); // Hang while RX is empty
// Clock in the data
*((uint8_t^*)(\&SPI2->DR)) = 0x42; // Clock out some junk data
while ((SPI2->SR & SPI_SR_RXNE) == 0); // Hang while RX is empty
GPIOB->BSRR |= GPIO_BSRR_BS_12; // Pull CS high
```

```
return dummy; // Return read data
// Timer rolled over
void TIM16_IRQHandler(void)
// Acknowledge interrupt
// TODO: Change to next LED pattern; output 0x01 if the read SPI data is incorrect
uint8_t displayPattern = read_from_address(addressToRead*8);
uint8_t failedPattern = 0x01;
//***** TO SIMULATE FAIL - UNCOMMENT LINE BELOW ********
// displayPattern += 1;
if (patterns[addressToRead]==displayPattern) {
//display pattern on LEDs
else {
//display 0x01;
```

```
if (addressToRead>=5) {
else addressToRead++;
/* USER CODE END 4 */
* @brief This function is executed in case of error occurrence.
* @retval None
*/
void Error_Handler(void)
/* USER CODE BEGIN Error_Handler_Debug */
/* User can add his own implementation to report the HAL error return state */
while (1)
/* USER CODE END Error_Handler_Debug */
#ifdef USE_FULL_ASSERT
```

```
* @brief Reports the name of the source file and the source line number
* where the assert_param error has occurred.
* @param file: pointer to the source file name
* @param line: assert_param error line source number
* @retval None
*/
void assert_failed(uint8_t *file, uint32_t line)
{
/* USER CODE BEGIN 6 */
/* User can add his own implementation to report the file name and line number,
ex: printf("Wrong parameters value: file %s on line %d\r\n", file, line) */
/* USER CODE END 6 */
}
#endif /* USE_FULL_ASSERT */
```