## ISO 14064-1:2018(E)

	REPORTING COMPANY Person or Entity responsible for the report Reporting period covered		CONTACT MM/DD/YYYY	То	MM/DD/YYYY							
	Organizational boundaries Reporting boundaries	Attached do Attached do	cument	10	, 55,							
	Reporting boundaries	Attached do	20хх				Hydrofluoro-					
M	ISSIONS	Notes	CO <sub>2</sub> e			Nitrous	carbons (weighted carb	Perfluoro-	Sulfur	Nitrogen		
			TOTAL	Carbon dioxide		oxide	average)	(weighted	hexafluoride	trifluoride	Quantitative	Qualitativ
			(Tonnes p.a.) GWP	(CO <sub>2</sub>	Methane (CH <sub>4</sub> )	(N <sub>2</sub> O) 265	(HFCs) aver 5 000	4 000	(SF <sub>6</sub> ) 23 500	(NF <sub>3</sub> ) 16 100	uncertainty	uncertaint
1	Category 1 : Direct GHG emissions and removals in tonnes $CO_2e$ (1)		83 205	83 050	149	6	0	0	0	0		
1.1	Direct emissions from stationary combustion		2 050	2 050		0	0	0	0	0	7%	
1.2	Direct emissions from mobile combustion Direct process emissions and removals arise from industrial		81 005	81 000	5	0	0	0	0	0	7%	
1.3	processes		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		
1.4	Direct fugitive emissions arise from the release of greenhouse gases in anthropogenic systems		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		
	Direct emissions and removals from Land Use, Land Use			_								
1.5	Change and Forestry		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		
Dire	ct emissions in tonnes of CO <sub>2</sub> from biomass		718	718								
	Indirect Emissions in tonnes CO <sub>2</sub> e (2)	s/ns[*]	4 157 450									
	Cotonomy 2 - Indicate CMC emissions from imported energy											
2	(3)		70 000									
2.1	Indirect emissions from imported electricity Indirect emissions from imported energy		60 000 10 000								15% 10%	
2											10%	
-	Category 3 : Indirect GHG emissions from transportation Emissions from Upstream transport and distribution for		614 950									
3.1	goods		153 200									С
3.2	Emissions from Downstream transport and distribution for goods		320 000									В
3.3	ľ											С
3.4	Emissions from Employee commuting includes emissions Emissions from Client and visitor transport	NS	12 200									·
3.5	Emissions from Business travels		129 550									В
4	Category 4: Indirect GHG emissions from products used by organization		3 372 500									
4.1	Emissions from Purchased goods		3 202 500									D
1.2 1.3	Emissions from Capital goods Emissions from the disposal of solid and liquid waste		125 000 45 000									D D
4.4	Emissions from the use of assets	NS										
4.5	Emissions from the use of services that are not described in the above subcategories (consulting, cleaning, maintenance,	NS										
	mail delivery, bank, etc.)											
	Category 5: Indirect GHG emissions associated with the use of products from the organization		100 000									
6.1	Entrates and the second		400.000									В
6.2	Emissions or removals from the use stage of the product Emissions from downstream leased assets	NS	100 000									
6.3 6.4	Emissions from end of life stage of the product Emissions from investments	NS NS										
6		NS										
	Category 6: Indirect GHG emissions from other sources											
REI	MOVALS (4)											
Dire	ct removals in tonnes CO₂e		100	100	0	0	0	0	0	0		С
STC	DRAGE (5), (6), (7)											
Γota	I storage as of year end in tonnes CO <sub>2</sub> e		10	10	0	0	0	0	0	0		С
CAI	RBON FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (8)											
	Total Renewable Electricity purchased in kWh		575 000	kWh	Market based er	mission facto	ors compliant w	ith ISO 140	64-1 Annex	E		
	Renewable Electricity purchased in kWh with contractual											
	instruments compliant with ISO 14064-1 Annex E		150 000	kWh	13 gC	O₂e/kWh		1,9 t	CO <sub>2</sub> e	See attached	document	
	Renewable Electricity purchased in kWh with contractual											
	instruments compliant with ISO 14064-1 Annex E		45 000	kWh	6 gC	O <sub>2</sub> e/kWh		0,2 t	CO <sub>2</sub> e	See attached	document	
	Renewable Electricity purchased in kWh with contractual	375 000										
	instruments compliant with ISO 14064-1 Annex E	373 000	180 000	kWh	15 gC	O₂e/kWh		2,7 t	CO <sub>2</sub> e	See attached	document	
	Renewable Electricity purchased in kWh with contractual instruments not compliant with ISO 14064-1Annex E											
	criteria		200 000	kWh								
	Offsets from GHG Scheme AA in tonnes CO <sub>2</sub> e		95 000	CO₂e								
	Credits from GHG Scheme BB in tonnes CO₂e		125 000	-								
Oth	er related information											
		annos CO = = =	annual races					attach - 2	la auma +			
	Performance tracking (emissions and removals by metric, e.g. t Base year GHG emissions, removals, and stocks; and adjustmen		annuai revenue)					attached d attached d				
	Disclosure of most significant sources, sinks, and reservoirs						See	attached d	locument			
	Statements of emissions (CO <sub>2</sub> e) per unit of relevant uniits							attached d				
								accounted 0	ocument.			
	Statement of emission reduction initiatives Significancy criteria						See	attached d				
							See	attached d attached d				

## Key

- (1) Category 1 (direct emission) is subdivided in accordance with the recommendations of Annex B.
- (2) Indirect emissions are subdivided in accordance with the recommendations of  $\underbrace{Annex\ B}$  and are fully compatible with standards requirements.

- (3) This category may include transmission and distribution emissions.
- (4) This document does not provide any recommendations or requirements for removal subdivision.
- (5) Storage is not addressed in this document (no recommendation or requirements). Reporting this category is optional.
- (6) The storage category includes GHGs in sinks and reservoirs. These may also be considered "pools" of carbon as opposed to "fluxes" of carbon. Carbon stored in soil can be considered "geologic," or, at the reporter's option, this category may be further subdivided.
- (7) Reporters may include in this category GHGs stored in refrigeration equipment and stocks of fuel, as well as carbon stored in products (e.g. wood furniture).
- (8) If reported, carbon financial instruments are neither added nor subtracted from the organization inventory in accordance with <u>9.3.3</u>.

NOTE These are the only fixed parts of the framework. The labelling of entries under each of these categories is a matter of choice by the reporting organization, although adherence to International Standards and good accounting practices is encouraged.

Figure F.1 — Illustrative template to provide a framework for reporting